

A N N U A L R E P O R T
OF
THE C O M M I S S I O N E R S
FOR
ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF
THE POOR IN IRELAND,
INCLUDING
THE TWENTY-FIFTH REPORT UNDER THE 10 & 11 VIC., c. 90,
AND
THE TWENTIETH REPORT UNDER THE 14 & 15 VIC., c. 68;
WITH
APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



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1872.

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ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
COMMISSIONERS
FOR
ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE
POOR IN IRELAND,
INCLUDING
THE TWENTY-FIFTH REPORT UNDER THE 10 & 11 VIC., c. 90,
AND
THE TWENTIETH REPORT UNDER THE 14 & 15 VIC., c. 68.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN POYNTZ EARL SPENCER, K.G.,
&c., &c., &c.,

Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

Poor Law Commission Office,
Dublin, 30th March, 1872.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

WE, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, submit to your Excellency this the Twenty-fifth Annual Report of our proceedings under the Acts in force for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland.

1. We submit, in the first place, in continuation of similar returns in previous Annual Reports, a summary of weekly returns of persons relieved in the workhouse and out of the workhouse for fifty-two weeks, from the week ended 25th February, 1871, to the week ended 17th February, 1872, both inclusive; and we give, in illustration of these and previous returns, the two indoor and outdoor relief diagrams,* so as to afford a comparison of the fluctuations which have occurred in each year for the last seven years.

* See diagrams facing page 42.

Summary of Weekly Returns of

SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Persons relieved in Unions in Ireland, from the week

Week ended Saturday	Returns in the Workhouse.										Average Cost per Head for Maintenance (exclusive of clothing).	No. in the Month per Week.	Weekly rate of Mortality per 1,000.			
	Able-bodied.			Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.									
	Males	Females	Total	Healthy Children under 12 years of age.	Poor Patients	Other Cases	Total	Males aged 12 and upwards.	Females aged 12 and upwards.	Total						
1871.																
Feb. 25.	2,336	5,836	7,893	11,890	1,136	16,359	17,933	5,645	6,284	19,859	51,927	2 7	213 41			
Mar. 4.	2,567	5,472	7,739	11,485	1,061	16,681	17,702	5,837	6,269	19,616	51,471	2 7	214 42			
11.	2,386	5,482	7,765	11,457	1,008	16,697	17,145	5,540	7,002	12,842	51,810	2 7	223 43			
18.	2,369	5,303	7,550	11,246	1,039	16,139	17,160	5,505	7,003	11,108	51,064	2 7	223 43			
25.	2,315	5,164	7,279	10,032	1,033	16,476	17,907	5,387	6,881	12,308	50,063	2 7	213 43			
April 1.	2,025	4,988	7,013	12,711	1,041	16,215	17,935	5,206	6,732	12,009	48,780	2 7	249 50			
8.	1,970	4,883	6,853	12,555	1,018	16,894	16,895	5,193	6,031	11,814	48,118	2 7	232 48			
15.	1,930	4,662	6,792	11,545	1,041	16,901	16,942	5,176	6,552	11,738	48,008	2 7	243 51			
22.	1,803	4,874	6,741	12,704	1,037	16,030	17,117	5,189	6,449	11,604	47,970	2 8	237 49			
29.	1,789	4,778	6,567	12,395	1,013	15,829	16,862	5,118	6,421	11,389	47,293	2 7	214 45			
May 6.	1,690	4,867	6,527	12,187	992	15,595	16,529	5,094	6,450	11,844	46,816	2 7	182 39			
13.	1,613	4,444	6,056	11,913	1,016	15,256	16,171	5,039	6,253	11,529	45,029	2 7	197 43			
20.	1,563	4,307	5,862	11,808	1,056	15,081	16,107	4,948	6,203	11,398	45,076	2 7	214 47			
27.	1,516	4,289	5,884	11,145	976	15,055	16,042	4,985	6,173	11,158	44,793	2 6	183 42			
June 3.	1,466	4,273	5,735	11,536	982	14,909	15,853	4,913	6,117	11,030	44,257	2 7	183 44			
10.	1,402	4,178	5,647	11,571	919	14,812	15,793	4,864	6,063	10,949	43,871	2 7	187 43			
17.	1,401	4,062	5,504	11,480	878	14,738	15,616	4,799	6,081	10,879	43,504	2 7	154 35			
24.	1,402	4,041	5,530	11,437	893	14,489	15,343	4,787	6,078	10,809	43,173	2 7	164 36			
July 1.	1,445	4,042	5,457	11,271	828	14,331	15,162	4,906	6,088	10,893	42,829	2 7	180 42			
8.	1,467	4,062	5,458	11,228	827	14,339	15,157	4,733	6,033	10,789	42,542	2 7	183 33			
15.	1,451	3,930	5,370	11,313	896	14,233	15,181	4,783	6,118	10,634	42,059	2 7	147 35			
22.	1,417	3,832	5,255	10,962	814	14,234	15,048	4,714	6,023	10,605	42,067	2 7	144 34			
29.	1,409	3,719	5,188	10,861	817	14,295	15,012	4,653	6,018	10,671	41,072	2 7	143 34			
Aug. 5.	1,415	3,759	5,167	10,762	919	14,008	14,977	4,544	5,930	10,704	41,279	2 7	195 33			
12.	1,339	3,598	4,584	10,581	891	13,891	14,042	4,507	5,958	10,289	40,662	2 7	137 29			
19.	1,295	3,434	4,730	10,341	798	13,565	14,437	4,465	5,833	10,189	39,988	2 7	127 32			
26.	1,207	3,421	4,728	10,212	719	13,630	14,279	4,417	5,892	10,286	39,005	2 7	149 38			
Sept. 2.	1,263	3,441	4,724	10,247	753	13,394	14,261	4,441	5,873	10,213	39,634	2 7	133 34			
9.	1,337	3,585	4,552	10,344	753	13,683	14,335	4,455	5,900	10,355	39,937	2 7	148 37			
16.	1,339	3,567	4,966	10,327	759	13,555	14,263	4,497	6,003	10,499	40,107	2 7	147 42			
23.	1,407	3,775	5,385	10,359	741	13,298	14,139	4,498	6,010	10,508	40,239	2 7	134 37			
30.	1,401	3,793	5,426	10,484	749	13,654	14,204	4,333	6,054	10,487	40,991	2 7	169 42			
Oct. 7.	1,511	3,761	5,462	10,613	759	13,669	14,233	4,548	6,063	10,681	41,038	2 7	174 42			
14.	1,541	4,095	5,820	10,682	759	13,735	14,057	4,663	6,179	10,729	41,488	2 8	166 32			
21.	1,597	4,070	5,889	10,744	813	13,711	14,094	4,662	6,228	10,887	41,354	2 8	143 34			
28.	1,633	4,080	5,718	10,734	813	13,721	14,046	4,741	6,329	11,080	42,078	2 8	168 38			
Nov. 4.	1,734	4,216	5,982	10,828	821	13,888	14,710	4,830	6,289	11,216	42,767	2 8	156 36			
11.	1,718	4,321	6,050	11,967	795	14,188	14,984	4,930	6,494	11,454	43,564	2 9	157 36			
18.	1,831	4,454	6,185	11,351	890	14,704	15,274	5,003	6,584	11,694	44,434	2 9	197 44			
25.	1,943	4,406	6,553	11,483	901	14,223	15,430	5,170	6,664	11,834	45,500	2 9	219 45			
Dec. 2.	1,928	4,297	6,694	11,767	1,007	14,751	15,783	5,209	6,707	11,946	46,160	2 9	238 51			
9.	2,025	4,524	6,916	11,885	1,037	14,983	16,022	5,271	6,708	12,729	46,898	2 7	273 58			
16.	1,935	4,505	6,897	12,009	1,073	15,032	16,110	5,279	6,683	12,340	47,166	2 9	203 54			
23.	2,130	4,682	7,055	12,049	1,085	14,699	15,781	5,275	6,772	12,147	47,025	2 9	276 52			
30.	2,194	4,698	7,152	12,152	1,113	14,082	16,300	5,278	6,780	12,158	47,709	2 9	253 53			
1872.																
Jan. 6.	2,205	5,197	7,462	12,421	1,003	15,654	16,555	5,463	6,810	12,303	48,738	2 10	294 60			
13.	2,305	5,281	7,547	12,703	1,125	15,800	17,083	5,526	6,928	12,457	49,892	2 9	317 62			
20.	2,305	5,229	7,614	12,731	1,001	15,156	17,427	5,528	6,986	12,580	50,472	2 9	329 65			
27.	2,402	5,332	7,739	12,827	1,206	14,371	17,617	5,570	7,061	12,683	50,864	2 9	315 62			
Feb. 3.	2,418	5,282	7,799	12,928	1,316	16,846	17,909	5,604	7,046	12,844	51,265	2 9	318 61			
10.	2,426	5,212	7,741	12,937	1,385	16,820	18,008	5,672	6,982	12,584	51,357	2 9	311 63			
17.	2,423	5,385	7,897	12,897	1,248	16,610	17,864	5,394	7,007	12,501	51,322	2 9	315 62			

In-door and Out-door Relief.

11

ended 25th February, 1871, to the week ended 17th February, 1872, both inclusive.

										Out-door Relief.									
No. of Persons included in the following Classes, who were educated by the Workhouse under the old and new system, &c., &c.										No. of Persons under-treatment in Hospitals not connected with the Workhouse, who have been sent there by the Guardians, under the old & new Yrs., &c., or by the old & new Yrs., &c., or by the old & new Yrs., &c.									
No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Convalescent Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.		No. of Patients under sec. 2 of 18 & 26 Vict., &c.			
From Cases.		Other Cases.		From Cases.		Other Cases.		Total.		In Poor Hous.		In other Hos.		Blind.		Deaf and Dumb.		No. of Cases.	
From Cases.		Other Cases.		From Cases.		Other Cases.		Total.		In Poor Hous.		In other Hos.		Blind.		Deaf and Dumb.		No. of Cases.	
44	212	207	3	16	17	23	12	500	270	12,039	23,544	86	167	703	733	1,438	21,145	77,589	
38	223	261	3	16	18	25	11	500	276	12,725	23,566	89	182	708	730	1,448	25,153	77,139	
32	212	241	3	16	12	25	12	500	277	12,796	23,600	78	147	710	746	1,456	23,303	77,230	
38	209	247	4	11	18	26	14	196	279	12,789	23,670	80	155	710	748	1,478	25,198	76,780	
34	188	203	3	11	14	27	12	200	280	12,641	23,651	68	132	720	746	1,470	26,073	75,621	
38	186	222	3	11	14	23	11	202	281	12,186	22,511	75	138	720	745	1,474	24,113	73,627	
38	188	253	3	6	9	35	14	203	285	12,356	22,749	76	155	722	752	1,484	24,388	73,017	
35	189	218	4	8	13	23	11	208	288	12,386	22,690	76	129	727	757	1,494	24,322	73,846	
29	191	239	7	10	17	18	8	203	289	12,324	22,704	76	133	726	759	1,493	24,333	73,881	
25	197	256	3	8	13	22	7	204	294	12,404	22,829	73	126	718	769	1,407	24,452	72,383	
27	193	230	3	9	12	15	8	204	294	12,445	22,796	76	117	733	770	1,502	24,618	71,448	
44	185	225	3	10	22	13	13	203	293	12,485	22,794	68	112	734	768	1,502	24,658	70,459	
49	184	233	4	10	14	26	12	204	296	12,473	22,828	68	112	733	768	1,501	24,213	69,887	
50	190	240	4	9	13	24	11	203	293	12,483	22,865	63	109	733	771	1,504	24,273	69,397	
58	188	243	4	9	13	27	12	207	294	12,563	22,823	66	99	735	774	1,513	24,428	69,923	
41	203	205	4	9	13	24	14	208	298	12,630	22,910	56	93	742	773	1,517	24,530	68,927	
39	183	224	5	6	11	29	19	203	281	12,721	23,010	57	100	744	775	1,519	24,629	68,571	
13	188	216	6	8	14	27	11	203	280	12,819	23,162	56	104	748	776	1,604	24,799	68,488	
24	201	234	3	8	13	23	11	204	282	12,867	23,282	60	113	759	777	1,523	24,864	68,214	
21	203	229	4	8	12	41	15	208	285	12,984	23,245	66	131	757	779	1,536	24,918	67,296	
18	194	212	4	9	13	25	10	204	284	12,915	23,226	63	138	754	777	1,531	24,882	67,875	
12	201	213	5	10	15	33	13	206	278	12,867	23,101	58	110	751	772	1,523	24,704	67,341	
10	197	212	5	9	14	37	10	204	286	12,801	23,168	58	115	753	779	1,530	24,802	67,088	
16	196	211	5	6	11	34	10	205	284	12,864	23,070	56	109	768	781	1,539	24,518	65,692	
16	188	204	4	9	9	27	9	205	285	12,556	23,215	50	103	757	783	1,542	24,168	65,137	
15	187	208	7	6	13	24	10	205	285	12,558	21,787	43	97	754	786	1,529	23,160	65,605	
12	181	193	3	12	22	23	11	205	288	12,083	21,305	38	91	757	788	1,545	23,289	65,078	
15	191	208	4	7	11	20	9	205	289	11,920	21,137	47	95	756	789	1,547	22,778	65,940	
11	193	204	5	7	15	27	7	203	285	12,071	21,268	44	73	758	781	1,544	23,291	65,372	
13	189	208	6	7	18	24	7	203	289	12,040	21,345	53	94	743	782	1,549	22,885	65,647	
17	191	208	4	9	18	28	8	203	287	12,974	21,359	43	98	733	799	1,553	23,001	65,737	
20	191	211	5	8	15	23	8	206	292	12,923	21,283	38	78	759	788	1,547	22,903	64,927	
20	188	208	7	9	14	26	8	206	291	12,905	20,945	33	63	753	794	1,547	22,518	64,133	
13	184	203	8	8	13	28	7	205	289	12,970	21,069	38	56	755	796	1,550	22,565	64,489	
20	191	211	4	7	11	33	7	207	292	13,118	21,354	34	59	754	794	1,548	22,861	65,381	
16	190	200	4	8	3	23	8	210	292	12,191	21,345	29	60	755	791	1,530	22,907	64,987	
12	204	218	5	7	10	25	7	210	292	12,346	21,313	46	78	792	792	1,531	23,145	64,680	
12	210	229	4	4	8	24	7	211	299	12,382	21,054	38	76	793	793	1,526	23,577	67,260	
17	207	224	3	3	5	25	9	212	293	12,363	21,945	39	63	759	791	1,530	23,587	68,025	
24	216	242	3	4	7	28	9	210	290	12,415	22,399	40	64	768	795	1,553	23,293	67,744	
27	206	235	3	6	9	28	9	210	292	12,790	22,036	44	69	767	791	1,542	24,273	70,971	
22	213	241	4	7	11	24	9	210	293	13,011	23,176	39	64	766	793	1,547	24,777	71,218	
44	217	261	6	7	11	24	8	209	293	12,871	23,617	40	50	757	783	1,540	24,212	73,932	
38	204	202	4	10	14	23	8	209	294	13,367	24,061	38	53	757	788	1,545	23,641	73,196	
47	213	253	6	9	13	23	8	209	293	13,317	23,980	40	74	754	793	1,535	23,260	73,576	
26	172	208	3	12	15	27	9	208	296	13,422	24,445	49	85	745	798	1,532	26,066	75,843	
26	220	226	2	16	18	29	9	210	299	13,172	25,046	45	103	747	797	1,534	26,717	74,342	
24	251	265	4	10	14	24	9	210	296	14,047	25,793	49	117	744	794	1,539	25,438	74,455	
27	231	258	3	11	14	23	10	210	296	14,375	26,374	56	116	750	794	1,534	26,034	74,427	
55	256	253	2	10	12	22	8	210	297	14,271	26,549	74	135	757	797	1,544	26,219	80,021	
68	246	214	3	11	14	23	9	211	295	14,439	26,747	80	124	754	798	1,542	26,615	80,118	
65	242	208	3	13	16	22	11	209	293	14,206	26,819	67	100	750	790	1,540	26,430	80,323	

2. The following tables represent in figures the maximum, minimum, and average daily numbers shown in each diagram for the whole series of seven years:—

RELIEF IN WORKHOUSE.

—	Maximum Numbers.	Date.	Minimum Numbers.	Date.	Average Daily Number.
1865-66,	63,069	25 February, 1865	44,696	2 September, 1865	52,121
1866-67,	59,205	9 February, 1867	42,745	1 September, 1866	50,241
1867-68,	62,170	8 February, 1868	44,849	7 September, 1867	53,917
1868-69,	61,944	14 March, 1868	46,839	23 August, 1868	55,757
1869-70,	59,024	6 March, 1869	43,657	4 September, 1869	50,364
1870-71,	55,962	26 February, 1870	41,701	20 August, 1870	47,910
1871-72,	51,927	25 February, 1871	39,606	26 August, 1871	45,338

OUT-DOOR RELIEF.

—	Maximum Numbers.	Date.	Minimum Numbers.	Date.	Average Daily Number.
1865-66,	12,503	11 March, 1865	8,003	7 October, 1865	10,040
1866-67,	10,016	9 February, 1867	9,349	13 October, 1866	12,305
1867-68,	10,466	15 February, 1868	11,975	28 September, 1867	14,940
1868-69,	10,874	20 February, 1869	14,217	3 October,	16,982
1869-70,	22,520	18 February, 1870	15,299	2 October, 1869	18,296
1870-71,	25,363	18 February, 1871	18,947	1 October, 1870	21,474
1871-72,	20,490	17 February, 1872	22,665	7 October, 1871	22,552

3. These statistics, illustrated by the Indoor Relief Diagram, show a further decrease in the number of inmates of workhouses which on the 17th February, 1872, was less by 1,211 than the number at the corresponding date in the preceding year 1871, and less by 5,438 than the corresponding number in 1870. The difference between the present and preceding years has in the latter portion of the series of weeks been declining in consequence of the epidemic of small-pox; and at the latest date previous to the date of this Report the difference between 1871 and 1872 was only 931.

4. The number of persons receiving out-door relief has further increased from 25,363 to 28,490 in the course of the fifty-two weeks comprised in the table. In paragraphs 3 and 4 of our Report of 1869 we have entered fully into the considerations which oblige us to disregard any ordinary increase or decrease of out-door relief as indicative of the state of the population, and to look exclusively to the increase or decrease of the number of inmates of workhouses.

5. The number of children out at nurse has increased in the last twelve months from 1,428 to 1,540. On this subject we beg to refer to the views expressed in paragraphs 5, 6, 7, and 8 of our last Annual Report.

6. The following table exhibits the progress of the relief of "persons disabled from labour," &c., since 1857, in comparison with the other two classes for which out-relief is legalized by 1st section of 10 Vic. cap. 31.

RETURN showing the Number of Persons in receipt of Out-door Relief under the 1st Section of 10th Vic., cap. 31, on the last Saturday of February in each year from 1857 to 1872.

YEAR.	Persons per- manently disabled from labour by reason of old age, infirmity, or bodily or mental defect.		Widows having two or more legitimate children dependent on them.		Persons being disabled from labour by reason of severe sickness or serious accident.		Total.	
	CASES.	PERSONS.	CASES.	PERSONS.	CASES.	PERSONS.	CASES.	PERSONS.
1857,	395	541	34	129	181	425	611	1,096
1858,	424	566	79	253	320	623	823	1,642
1859,	413	579	53	197	201	682	777	1,448
1860,	492	728	87	361	454	1,004	1,133	2,093
1861,	1,197	1,517	175	688	961	2,568	2,833	4,713
1862,	1,031	2,180	293	1,035	1,369	3,217	3,834	6,502
1863,	2,680	3,541	414	1,584	1,559	3,924	4,993	9,949
1864,	9,990	12,825	485	1,929	1,808	4,482	5,294	10,316
1865,	5,367	4,338	695	2,353	2,005	5,322	6,068	12,013
1866,	5,545	4,369	696	2,771	1,915	4,670	6,158	11,810
1867,	4,666	6,024	920	5,684	2,621	6,758	9,319	16,465
1868,	5,471	7,026	1,075	4,390	2,802	6,809	9,348	16,323
1869,	5,016	7,472	1,157	4,038	2,632	5,503	8,605	16,863
1870,	6,092	8,913	1,388	5,045	3,045	7,363	11,220	21,326
1871,	7,069	9,746	1,360	5,829	3,369	7,919	12,618	23,544
1872,	9,226	11,231	1,463	6,347	5,814	9,492	14,603	27,010

The increase of out-door relief shown in this table, viz., from 23,544 last year to 27,010, amounting to 3,466 persons, is thus distributed—the permanently infirm class, 1,485; the widows 518; and the temporarily disabled by sickness or accident 1,463; the increase of the widow class being only one-third of the increase of each of the other two classes.

7. We here subjoin a tabular statement showing the number of "night-lodgers," a term corresponding to "casuals" in England for the past twelve months, in continuation of a similar table in last Report.

RETURN of NIGHT-LODGERS or CASUALS relieved.

Week ended	Number relieved during the week,				Number in Workhouse at close of week.			
	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.		Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	
			Total.	Total.			Total.	Total.
4th March, 1871, .	992	293	293	1,553	122	45	55	226
1st April, 1871, .	978	271	223	1,472	127	47	32	206
2nd May, 1871, .	373	267	284	1,476	95	40	39	166
3rd June, 1871, .	962	268	216	1,386	111	34	34	179
1st July, 1871, .	810	342	298	1,429	85	31	21	137
5th August, 1871, .	800	339	302	1,441	106	29	37	166
2nd September, 1871, .	800	275	235	1,310	86	33	26	145
7th October, 1871, .	819	286	196	1,281	97	33	39	149
4th November, 1871, .	891	251	247	1,380	113	34	41	188
2nd December, 1871, .	779	253	236	1,261	87	39	45	171
6th January, 1872, .	819	212	163	1,199	120	31	36	167
3rd February, 1872, .	994	231	234	1,459	161	42	42	245
2nd March, 1872, .	1,143	235	245	1,683	191	49	57	269

Comparing this with the return for last year the numerical

force of this troublesome class of applicants appears to be now nearly stationary in Ireland.

8. As part of the statistics which are brought up very nearly to the date of this Report, the following table exhibits in the accustomed form:

**CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH IN WORKHOUSES, FROM 5TH FEBRUARY, 1871,
TO 3RD FEBRUARY, 1872.**

CLASSIFICATION OF DEATHS.	In the four Workhouses.													Previous Year.	
	5th March.	1st April.	2nd April.	3rd May.	2nd June.	3rd July.	1st Aug.	16th Sept.	14th Oct.	11th Nov.	25th Dec.	2nd Jan.	3rd Feb.	Total.	
Age, -	507	173	145	140	123	106	94	102	96	94	105	121	196	1,910	2,274
Apoxy, -	9	9	4	3	4	7	2	4	5	3	8	4	8	32	37
Asthma, -	6	10	5	10	5	2	2	3	2	3	13	16	14	100	132
Atrphy, -	71	65	68	63	64	60	55	71	59	55	55	58	111	933	666
Brain Disease, -	40	39	28	23	24	22	18	25	18	20	31	37	42	376	377
Cancer, -	13	12	12	14	13	10	17	11	19	14	17	26	18	105	189
Childbirth, -	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	2	-	3	-	6	16	16	16
Cholera, -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	12
Consumption, -	79	80	82	78	96	67	62	52	47	57	75	77	95	933	845
Convulsions, -	14	16	17	12	10	8	13	12	8	9	10	10	15	154	212
Croup, -	2	3	2	1	1	2	-	1	2	-	4	3	-	32	24
Diarrhoea, -	43	40	35	28	32	22	26	21	26	31	20	42	42	414	471
Dysentery, -	28	25	20	27	28	16	18	20	20	21	23	25	38	226	373
Dyspepsia, -	6	11	11	4	10	6	6	6	8	6	9	8	6	57	123
Epilepsy, -	1	1	1	-	2	2	1	1	2	2	5	1	1	18	35
Fever, -	6	6	6	5	3	6	4	6	4	1	2	7	6	69	74
Gangrene, -	57	50	72	68	49	47	54	38	42	38	53	57	47	628	680
Heart Disease, -	40	38	32	27	28	32	26	20	30	31	24	33	36	404	354
Hooping Cough, -	4	6	12	2	6	1	3	1	2	3	2	1	12	26	73
Inflammation or other disease of															
bowels, -	9	17	17	17	12	17	10	9	12	18	10	26	28	268	131
Kidneys, -	15	12	12	13	7	10	8	11	8	11	11	13	18	149	83
Liver, -	3	17	10	9	10	18	12	13	8	9	15	11	7	142	93
Lungs, -	142	169	151	127	131	69	65	66	73	73	129	129	224	1,555	1,736
Menstruation, -	7	16	19	3	1	-	-	-	-	2	5	3	1	47	69
Paralysis, -	25	34	34	21	25	18	22	24	25	21	36	35	51	384	352
Pleurisy, -	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	2	13	23
Rheumatism, -	4	9	7	5	5	3	3	7	4	5	4	7	10	72	72
Scarlatina, -	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	6	7	3	4	2	47	81
Sore Throat, -	13	15	12	9	11	12	10	11	9	15	15	5	17	155	127
Small-Pox, -	8	8	4	6	8	5	5	11	12	34	65	123	184	462	13
Ulcer, -	8	8	14	12	13	10	4	9	2	8	15	15	17	130	83
Other Diseases, -	54	59	49	36	35	31	14	26	32	24	34	28	37	358	769
Total, -	937	969	926	782	638	610	553	557	627	616	584	1,125	1,268	10,583	-
Previous year,	1,217	1,133	944	817	672	629	567	640	574	608	801	384	1,225	-	10,639

The total number of deaths in the workhouses in the fifty-two weeks comprised in the table has been 10,583. In the corresponding table in the last Annual Report the total number of deaths was 10,639, which, compared with the present numbers shows a decrease of 56 deaths and a decrease of 385, compared with the number in the preceding year.

The number of deaths by fever is 673 in comparison with 630 in the previous year, and with 774 in the year preceding.

It will be seen that no less than 462 deaths from small-pox have taken place in the workhouse hospitals of Ireland in the course of the year 1871-72 in comparison with only one single case recorded in our last Report for the year 1869-70, and with no more than 13 in the year 1870-71.

9. The whole number of deaths by small-pox registered in

Ireland in the year 1871 is now known to be 647, in comparison with 32 in 1870.

The present serious epidemic of small-pox will be dealt with in the Medical Branch of this Report; but in paragraph 13 of our last Report we alluded to the erroneous belief in the existence of a legal system of quarantine among the authorities at some points of the Irish and British coasts as interfering with the landing and proper treatment of small-pox patients in vessels coming into harbour. We give in the appendix some further correspondence bearing on this subject and illustrating the false impressions which still appear to prevail regarding it.*

In the same appendix will be found correspondence which took place regarding a proposal of the Mayor and Town Council of Cork to establish a small-pox quarantine as against vessels carrying coal from Newport in South Wales or elsewhere to the Cove of Cork.†

In this correspondence it was shown that the system of quarantine adopted in 1871 to prevent the importation of cholera from foreign infected ports was not applicable to an epidemic of small-pox existing in Great Britain for the purpose of preventing its extension to Ireland. We regret to have to observe that the erroneous impressions prevailing on this subject obtained publicity and professional sanction‡ in Dublin in the form of a complaint that no such measures were taken by the Government to prevent the introduction of small-pox as were taken in the year 1869 to prevent the introduction of the cattle plague.

It needs very little reflection to see that a disease which, like small-pox, lies dormant in the system from twelve to sixteen days after the contagion has been caught could not be prevented by any means whatever in the nature of quarantine from crossing the channel into Ireland, where a continuous stream of passenger traffic is going on daily and nightly at several points of the coast in a passage of only a few hours duration. With equal reason, and with equal chance of success, quarantine might be established between one town and another in the same Island.

It will be in your Excellency's recollection that one source of danger of the introduction of small-pox from Great Britain into Ireland in the beginning of the year 1871 was pointed out by us on the 3rd of March, and a suggestion made to the effect that removals under the removal laws should cease to take place from large towns, like London, Liverpool, and Glasgow to Ireland, which suggestion was communicated by your Excellency's command to the Secretary of State for the Home Department, and was sent forward to the Local Government Board in England, and to the Board of Supervision in Scotland.

The Local Government Board felt and admitted the reasonableness of this proposal, and it was, we presume, at its instance that the Select Vestry of Liverpool at once voluntarily suspended the removals to Ireland, as they had before done in 1866 during an invasion of cholera. This suspension took place on the 23rd

* Appendix A, II., page 44.

† Appendix A, II., page 51.

‡ Dublin Journal of Medical Science, February, 1872.

March, 1871, and continued from that date until the 16th October following.

The Board of Supervision in Scotland observed in reply to the same proposal that no appreciable advantage could result from a suspension of Irish removals, so long as the ordinary passenger and commercial traffic between Scotland and Ireland remained uninterrupted. This remark is certainly borne out by the ascertained fact that in the year 1870 and the first half year of 1871 no less than 38 cases of small-pox are known to have been imported into Ireland from Liverpool, and 17 from Glasgow and Greenock. At the same time the Commissioners submit that there is a substantial difference between the voluntary transit of Her Majesty's subjects which cannot be prevented without an infringement of personal freedom, and the forcible deportation of paupers by a process of arrest and imprisonment which might easily be suspended with advantage and resumed at pleasure.

Moreover, there is a peculiar danger attending the class of persons who are the subjects of removal orders from large towns like Liverpool and Glasgow, and who before applying for relief, and perhaps subsequently to receiving it, may be presumed to have lived in the worst localities and were liable to contract there contagious disease, and to be sent over with the disease upon them undetected.

On this subject some correspondence, which will be found in the appendix, has taken place with the Liverpool Select Vestry regarding the removal to Ireland of tramps who come to that town from other parts of England with the purpose of obtaining conveyance to Ireland free of charge to themselves.*

10. The parochial authorities in Scotland continue to remove dangerous lunatics, hand-cuffed, from Scotch lunatic asylums to Irish workhouses. Recent instances of this practice are given in the appendix; and we may here observe that they are regarded in Ireland with feelings of great dissatisfaction.†

11. We conclude the series of recent statistics by repeating with one additional year the table showing the number of persons assisted by Boards of Guardians to emigrate, and the cost incurred for that purpose in each year, that is to say, for now twenty-two years past ended on the 25th of March.

* Appendix A, III., p. 55.

† Appendix A, V., p. 77.

EMIGRATION under the Act 12 & 13 Vic. c. 104, sec. 26, dated 1 Aug. 1849.

Period.	Amount authorized to be expended by Sealed Commissions.	Number of Persons assisted to Emigrate.			
		Men.	Women.	Children under 18 years of age.	Total.
Aug., 1849, to 25 Mar., 1851,	£ 11,151 14 11	561	1,244	787	2,592
Year ended 25 March, 1852,	21,010 5 4½	730	2,644	932	4,336
" " 1853,	14,517 0 11½	452	2,218	1,115	3,325
" " 1854,	12,446 17 6	403	1,362	596	2,001
" " 1855,	24,368 5 2½	159	2,847	738	3,754
" " 1856,	3,618 6 9	64	363	408	850
" " 1857,	2,719 15 1	76	363	363	692
" " 1858,	4,177 10 12	58	469	302	829
" " 1859,	2,555 16 6	37	270	180	487
" " 1860,	1,729 19 2	45	178	141	364
" " 1861,	1,465 19 11	44	178	125	347
" " 1862,	329 17 4	12	72	38	122
" " 1863,	2,439 10 3	41	317	139	497
" " 1864,	4,770 4 5	123	301	345	569
" " 1865,	2,518 17 11	98	315	438	846
" " 1866,	3,425 9 11	100	360	600	1,120
" " 1867,	2,923 10 0	65	238	459	763
" " 1868,	1,983 9 6	71	263	485	819
" " 1869,	1,858 13 9	71	205	439	715
" " 1870,	1,939 12 5	48	219	449	717
" " 1871,	2,268 9 11	53	226	422	701
" " 1872,	2,693 3 10	34	223	539	596
Total,	£ 125,610 10 9	3,442	14,915	10,365	28,722

12. We now proceed to the statistics arising out of the audited accounts of unions for the year ended 29th September, 1871.

We deal in the first place with that part of the union expenditure which relates exclusively to the relief of the poor, of which the following table affords an abstract for all Ireland for the year ended 29th September, 1871, in comparison with that for the year which ended on the same date in 1870:—

Year ended with September,	Net Annual Value,	Poor Rate lodgments,	Poor Relief Expenditure during the Year.					Number relieved,					
			In-Maintenance and Clothing	Out-Belief,	Cost of Relief in Work and Deaf and Dumb Asylums and Eastern Dispensaries,	Balances and Ratios of Officers,	All other Ex- penses,	Total,	In Work- houses,	Out- door,	In Work- houses and Deaf and Dumb Asylums,	Total,	
1871,	£ 11,333,284	£ 729,053	£ 382,568	£ 69,765	£ 7,228	£ 117,914	£ 108,200	£ 685,668	220,310	56,416	£ 606	987,459	
1870,	£ 11,183,606	£ 723,935	£ 381,384	£ 53,181	£ 7,096	£ 113,657	£ 106,664	£ 686,202	230,429	53,385	£ 412	984,856	
Increase, Decrease,	£ 55,582	-	681	10,583	-	4,237	-	17,466	-	2,531	-	54	-
	-	14,392	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,919	-	-	5,364	

An increase of expenditure has taken place under the head of In-maintenance, amounting to £682, notwithstanding that a considerable decrease, amounting to 4,919, has taken place in the total numbers receiving relief in the workhouse, and that the table on page 19 shows that the average daily number in the workhouse had decreased to the extent of 3,181. This increased expenditure arises from the considerable increase which has taken place in the cost of provisions, a comparison of several of the tables in the present with those of last year's Report showing such increase to

be about 2d. per head per week for each person relieved. An increase of £4,357 has taken place under the head of Salaries and Rations of Officers, a portion of which increase is also accounted for by the increased price of provisions. But the most marked increase is that under the head of Out-door Relief, namely, £10,563, arising from the continuous increase in the numbers to whom such relief is extended, as previously referred to in par. 6.

13. The following is a tabulated account of admissions to the workhouse during the last year, in comparison with those of the thirteen preceding years:—

TABLE,

Year ended with Septem- ber number,	Number of Persons in Work- houses at the com- mencement of the Year,	Number of Persons admitted during the Year,					Number of Persons admitted in the Work- houses during the Year,	Total number of Persons relieved in the Work- houses during the Year,	Number of Deaths in the Work- houses during the Year.			
		Number admitted in Sickness,				Total number admitted in Sickness,						
		Suffering from Fever or other dangerous Diseases,	Suffering under other Diseases,	Suffering from Accidental Injury,	Number admitted who were not sick.							
1858,	39,528	11,104	32,880	2,531	47,515	87,386	124,013	2,454	177,203	9,235		
1859,	34,526	8,563	32,860	2,107	44,360	70,334	114,594	2,376	153,706	8,979		
1860,	35,266	9,107	31,655	2,925	47,598	83,312	132,900	2,648	179,549	9,677		
1861,	36,294	9,268	30,378	2,217	49,863	116,833	186,693	2,433	203,422	10,556		
1862,	41,285	11,183	44,835	2,525	55,304	165,453	223,007	2,815	267,907	12,744		
1863,	45,181	14,429	44,507	2,431	61,967	178,270	240,187	2,977	288,385	13,393		
1864,	49,337	15,187	45,327	2,390	61,084	181,157	212,723	2,859	251,147	12,705		
1865,	48,935	18,410	41,498	2,583	62,391	139,025	201,386	2,731	232,170	12,228		
1866,	44,357	13,033	38,127	2,365	54,483	120,144	186,587	2,689	232,104	11,541		
1867,	47,378	11,703	43,175	2,433	57,312	115,825	211,207	2,654	238,339	13,553		
1868,	45,513	11,209	41,236	2,564	55,607	160,254	240,843	2,597	268,933	11,570		
1869,	47,775	9,976	41,692	2,441	54,919	181,356	285,977	2,410	233,563	11,247		
1870,	46,612	8,123	39,984	2,510	49,749	128,386	188,135	2,282	230,623	10,397		
1871,	42,275	8,718	38,212	2,610	49,340	131,402	191,062	2,198	225,530	10,860		

It will be observed from the above that a slight decrease has taken place in the total number admitted in sickness during the year. A considerable increase, however, has taken place under the head of Fever and other dangerous contagious diseases and cases of Accidental Injury, the number of cases under these heads having risen from 8,153 and 2,510 to 8,718 and 2,610 respectively.

14. The following is a statement of the result of the Weekly Summaries of Indoor Relief, showing the average daily number of recipients of relief for each of the twenty years ending 29th September, 1871:—

[TABLE,

Average Daily Number in receipt of Relief during the year, Average Number of Deaths per Week, and Rate of Mortality.

Year ended 25th Sept.	Estimated Popu- lation,	Able-bodied,			Sick in Workhouse Hospital.			All other Classes,			Total Rel. in Work- house, Instit.	Deaths in Work- house, during week,	Average weekly Rate of Mortality from 1st to 2nd Inst.	Percentage of Deaths to Population	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Persons.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.					
1852.	6,472,907	14,918	27,333	42,251	15,961	3,918	22,888	56,596	4,488	7,615	12,163	156,821	451	9.7	2.69
1853.	6,295,328	10,669	20,591	31,260	27,744	2,936	20,410	52,230	2,994	6,887	10,739	159,449	585	9.0	3.06
1854.	6,135,343	7,114	18,322	25,426	25,894	2,167	18,820	51,936	2,383	5,643	8,221	95,199	394	3.2	1.64
1855.	6,057,359	5,048	14,090	19,134	21,842	2,062	18,334	40,297	2,853	5,954	7,927	75,251	287	3.5	1.30
1856.	6,077,283	3,076	10,929	14,264	25,869	1,318	16,429	17,597	2,450	4,645	7,195	62,528	295	3.2	1.04
1857.	6,047,452	2,807	7,743	10,570	17,392	1,264	15,176	16,440	2,234	4,197	6,361	50,625	179	3.5	0.94
1858.	6,012,523	2,312	7,123	9,433	14,366	1,108	14,830	18,947	2,119	4,015	6,444	46,790	180	3.9	0.78
1859.	6,005,113	1,865	5,892	7,756	11,811	274	13,893	14,776	2,241	4,088	5,359	40,389	154	3.8	0.67
1860.	5,988,320	1,367	6,068	7,237	11,216	194	13,694	14,556	2,278	4,288	7,530	41,271	184	4.5	0.93
1861.	5,758,264	2,504	6,426	8,922	12,207	1,082	14,345	15,377	3,139	6,231	8,386	45,184	399	4.5	0.73
1862.	5,794,674	3,026	8,310	11,349	14,917	1,202	16,133	17,303	3,586	6,651	10,807	52,668	344	4.5	0.93
1863.	5,782,711	3,227	8,589	11,425	16,358	1,270	16,301	18,476	4,645	6,601	11,390	57,510	357	4.4	1.91
1864.	5,721,516	2,842	7,670	10,189	16,178	1,654	16,745	18,400	4,706	6,722	11,418	54,225	344	4.5	0.99
1865.	5,673,503	2,240	6,657	9,197	15,229	1,024	16,382	18,205	3,639	6,686	11,215	53,917	357	4.3	0.85
1866.	5,582,635	2,212	6,873	8,082	14,278	1,397	15,672	17,024	4,411	6,477	10,888	40,280	232	4.4	0.99
1867.	5,581,193	2,307	6,124	8,440	15,260	1,237	15,994	15,741	4,819	6,058	11,273	53,184	188	4.8	0.94
1868.	5,542,385	2,405	6,123	10,624	13,196	15,593	16,229	5,334	7,094	12,428	53,090	221	4.1	0.97	
1869.	5,536,317	3,172	5,829	8,964	15,344	1,926	15,558	16,283	2,332	6,962	12,331	52,217	216	4.1	0.94
1870.	5,516,674	5,223	5,270	7,207	13,620	945	15,344	16,293	5,234	6,028	11,202	49,186	208	4.1	0.89
1871.	5,409,739	3,832	4,591	6,433	12,082	323	15,663	15,384	5,021	6,628	11,493	45,000	153	4.2	0.85

15. The following is a statement of the Parliamentary Grant for Medical and Educational purposes, and of its distribution for the year ended 25th March, 1871:—

Amount Claimed and Granted for the Year.			
	£	s.	d.
Medical purposes,	· · ·	· · ·	64,280 17 0
Educational purposes,	· · ·	· · ·	7,563 15 7
Total,	· · ·	· · ·	71,844 12 7

The total amount claimed and allowed under the Parliamentary Grant for the year ended March, 1871, namely, £71,844 12s. 7d., is £1,835 1s. 4d. in excess of the claim for the previous year, and arises chiefly from increases of salary.

[STATEMENT.]

16. STATEMENT of the Annual Collection and Expenditure of Poor Rates for twenty years, ended on the 29th September, 1871; showing the Net Annual Value of Property rated, the Amount of Poor Rate collected, and the Expenditure under the Poor Relief and Medical Charities Act, &c., for each year ended 29th September, from 1852 to 1871, inclusive.

Year ended 29th Sep- tember,	Net Annual Value of Property rated,	Amount of Poor Rate collected,	Expenditure for Relief of the Poor.					Total Poor Relief Expen- diture,	Expen- diture under Local Government and Medical Charities Act.	Expen- diture under the Sanitary Act.	Total Expen- diture, under the Local Government and Medical Charities Act.	Pounds of the Expen- diture on Valuations.			
			In-Mil- itaries.	Out-door Relief.	Salaries and Wages of Officers.	Other Expenses. of Officers.	Total Poor Relief Expen- diture.								
1852, -	11,172,596	1,069,635	317,435	4,2917	133,752	227,153	883,297	54,289	587,556	162,122	2	1,869,073	1,114		
1853, -	11,268,015	1,019,493	446,036	4,2920	130,304	185,464	785,718	80,160	874,133	179,839	-	1,033,987	1,104		
1854, -	11,465,555	925,134	463,638	3,713	127,417	165,162	706,152	80,707	840,859	71,525	-	921,514	1,4		
1855, -	11,565,466	885,194	439,942	4,2921	119,033	127,862	615,269	88,398	774,647	14,226	-	783,873	1,24		
1856, -	13,761,574	723,904	258,943	2,245	112,203	102,399	576,250	90,236	688,636	4,440	-	671,666	1,114		
1857, -	11,677,018	315,383	290,035	2,412	102,745	101,047	458,889	90,460	589,349	1,418	-	350,765	1,14		
1858, -	12,091,564	523,365	266,070	3,135	87,566	90,467	457,178	92,725	549,930	340	-	550,543	1,0		
1859, -	12,213,620	523,055	234,302	3,239	93,505	82,365	413,712	89,396	513,048	566	-	513,614	0,11		
1860, -	12,280,920	509,290	272,682	3,514	82,844	83,491	454,581	104,217	558,778	57	-	450,823	0,10		
1861, -	12,442,510	582,546	227,570	9,075	94,448	84,681	516,769	104,501	621,459	24	-	621,474	0,10		
1862, -	12,567,466	686,716	373,216	14,750	95,502	95,231	578,789	108,835	615,647	12	117	-	615,776	0,11	
1863, -	12,623,330	723,943	319,737	18,372	86,222	110,650	695,901	109,206	715,167	25	1,311	-	716,523	0,114	
1864, -	12,754,584	744,894	305,732	21,473	97,654	110,666	586,465	114,985	711,370	-	633,22,166	-	734,219	0,12	
1865, -	12,935,163	748,422	265,100	25,335	99,402	119,632	600,549	117,639	712,398	-	714,13,566	-	731,352	0,114	
1866, -	12,910,926	748,757	371,363	29,748	101,613	106,107	611,831	116,316	728,147	-	491,12,892	-	13,297	1,16	
1867, -	13,045,725	762,644	418,289	40,975	106,633	111,769	676,776	118,118	794,934	-	1,401,12,778	15,108	293	1,03	
1868, -	13,117,769	849,070	456,822	44,765	108,758	117,171	707,556	121,565	829,921	-	50,000,12,459	3,562	-	87,935	1,132
1869, -	13,135,699	813,630	408,258	48,184	111,061	113,554	675,881	125,718	793,902	-	2,458,12,425	3,298	-	817,772	1,04
1870, -	13,183,806 ^a	753,245	301,084	59,181	113,467	113,670	668,202	120,326	790,138	-	1,666,12,903	3,235	-	815,973	1,24
1871, -	13,239,394	729,053	382,566	63,744	117,024	113,584	615,630	125,065	820,673	-	1,782,12,835	4,845	-	840,135	1,84

* All sums due from Unions in Ireland under the Consolidated Annuities Act had been levied and paid over before the close of the year 1852; there will be no further sum therefore in our under this head in future years.

Hence it will be seen that the total disbursement of poor-rates for all purposes, viz., relief, medical relief, burial grounds, registration of births, deaths, and marriages, and sanitary measures was in 1870 £815,973, and the amount of poor-rate collected £753,345, the expenditure making a poundage of 1s. 2½d. in the pound on the valuation. In 1871 the expenditure was £840,135, or 1s. 3½d. in the pound, and the poor-rate collected only £739,053, the difference between the expenditure and collection being, to a great extent, covered by the Parliamentary Grant for Medical and Educational purposes.

17. The following four tables present some details for the eight years last past, which may be regarded with interest as showing the progressive operation of recent amendments of the law:—

REPAYMENT OF RELIEF.

Year ended 29th September,	From Paupers relieved by way of Loan.	From Poor Persons, under 6 & 7 Vict., a. 35, and 35 & 36 Vict., &c. 33.	From Constabulary Patients.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1864, . .	843 0 2	189 2 1	185 17 1	1,160 7 4
1865, . .	804 3 9	292 3 5	181 19 4	1,228 6 6
1866, . .	817 9 4	324 9 10	150 12 7	1,292 11 9
1867, . .	906 10 10½	357 17 1	145 5 6	1,409 19 5½
1868, . .	909 5 4	387 12 0	157 14 7	1,454 11 11
1869, . .	1,043 4 9	411 13 2	157 7 4	1,617 5 3
1870, . .	1,216 4 8	392 11 1	195 14 10	1,804 10 7
1871, . .	1,246 1 3	300 13 1	235 11 3	1,482 5 7

EXPENDITURE IN OUT-DOOR RELIEF.

Year ended 29th September,	In Money.	In Kind.	Cost of Orphans and Deserted Children, under 55 of 35 & 36 Vict., &c. 33.	Total.
			£ s. d.	
1864, . .	16,108 10 3	4,347 6 6	1,015 18 6	21,472 15 3
1865, . .	17,516 12 2	5,541 0 83	1,977 5 9	25,534 18 72
1866, . .	20,320 3 5	6,055 4 34	2,772 17 6½	29,748 5 3
1867, . .	30,423 11 12	6,294 11 0	3,367 1 7½	40,075 3 9½
1868, . .	33,858 2 24	7,131 15 2	3,795 12 1	44,785 9 4½
1869, . .	39,014 12 44	5,926 2 24	4,143 12 8	48,184 7 3
1870, . .	45,431 3 2	6,445 9 63	7,304 13 44	59,181 6 14
1871, . .	53,225 16 3	7,633 1 83	8,885 4 8	69,744 2 7½

MAINTENANCE IN ASYLUMS AND EXTERN HOSPITALS.

Year ended 29th September,	In Blind Asylums.	In Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Patients in Extern Hospitals.	Total.
			£ s. d.	
1864, . .	2,444 0 0	1,551 14 10	1,690 14 5	5,684 9 3
1865, . .	2,317 3 9	1,752 17 3	2,618 2 3	6,688 3 3
1866, . .	2,436 8 9	1,640 2 9	1,779 13 2	6,176 4 8
1867, . .	2,538 12 11	2,512 5 5	1,092 12 8	6,143 11 0
1868, . .	2,458 11 1	3,065 10 5	755 19 1	6,260 0 7
1869, . .	2,427 1 7	3,545 5 5	720 1 2	6,695 6 2
1870, . .	2,349 6 10	3,720 6 9	736 10 7	7,006 4 2
1871, . .	2,203 8 8	4,059 18 2	664 11 4	7,227 18 2

*EXPENDITURE UNDER THE SANITARY ACTS.

Year ended 29th September.	Under Sewage Utilisation Act.	Under Nuisance Removal Acts.	Under Disease Prevention Acts.	Total.
1867, . . .	£ 1,579 19 6	2,020 6 10	16,717 2 6½	15,108 8 10½
1868, . . .	1,434 18 11	2,260 5 4	276 13 4	3,962 5 7
1869, . . .	1,475 5 7	1,601 12 6	209 6 7	3,286 4 8
1870, . . .	1,367 5 9	1,780 0 0	174 12 9	3,231 16 6
1871, . . .	2,325 17 2	2,021 0 7	—	4,044 17 9

18. We here continue from last Report a form of table exhibiting for the last twenty-two years—the whole period, in fact, subsequent to the famine—the per-centages in each successive year of the several classes of workhouse inmates as compared with the whole number—

CLASSIFIED RETURN of the Number of Inmates of Workhouses in Ireland, on the first Saturday of January; and the per-centages of the several classes on the total Number of Inmates.

First Saturday of January.	Inmates not in Hospital				Number in Hospital	Per-centages on Total Number.					
	Able- bodied Males.	Able- bodied Females.	Children under 12 years of age.	Other classes.		Able- bodied Males.	Able- bodied Females.	Children under 12 years of age not in Hospital.	Other classes not in Hospital.	In Hospital.	
4 Jan., 1851	29,178	40,718	91,589	14,057	26,522	205,504	19.7	20.1	44.4	6.8	14.0
3 " 1852	16,194	37,613	76,562	11,854	20,075	169,548	8.6	22.4	45.5	7.0	15.3
1 " 1853	13,291	30,058	62,844	10,875	21,206	138,754	9.6	23.9	44.7	7.8	15.8
2 " 1854	9,329	11,334	45,792	8,750	22,359	104,694	8.8	20.3	40.9	8.4	21.6
6 " 1855	6,107	10,307	24,294	8,205	20,186	85,296	7.3	19.1	49.2	9.8	22.0
1 " 1856	4,669	12,792	27,253	7,317	18,329	72,347	6.4	19.9	27.7	10.7	22.2
3 " 1857	3,812	9,832	19,177	6,043	16,971	56,183	6.4	16.8	24.8	12.0	33.0
2 " 1858	2,901	8,343	15,629	5,382	16,095	49,398	5.8	16.0	31.7	18.0	32.6
1 " 1859	2,947	6,909	12,122	5,447	15,253	41,599	5.1	15.2	29.2	14.8	31.0
7 " 1860	2,184	6,791	11,707	5,127	16,929	43,218	5.2	19.7	37.1	17.4	34.7
5 " 1861	2,623	7,199	12,755	5,475	15,755	47,359	5.5	16.5	36.8	17.9	33.2
4 " 1862	2,486	8,194	16,222	5,811	17,403	55,168	6.3	16.7	27.6	17.8	31.5
2 " 1863	4,036	5,644	16,750	11,153	18,421	60,038	6.7	15.1	27.3	18.6	30.7
2 " 1864	2,518	8,091	17,170	11,884	18,253	59,807	6.1	14.9	28.7	19.8	30.5
7 " 1865	2,363	8,084	16,563	12,194	12,346	60,408	5.7	13.5	28.9	20.3	32.5
6 " 1866	2,301	6,895	15,494	11,501	17,045	56,425	5.3	12.7	28.5	21.1	32.4
9 " 1867	2,015	7,298	15,731	11,601	17,502	54,930	5.6	13.2	28.7	21.3	31.3
4 " 1868	2,594	7,089	16,955	10,061	16,729	56,668	5.1	12.5	30.0	22.9	30.5
2 " 1869	2,332	7,065	16,044	13,159	16,810	55,834	5.1	12.4	29.8	23.1	29.5
1870	2,095	6,338	15,058	14,172	16,800	63,587	5.0	11.8	28.1	20.7	31.4
1871	2,403	5,870	13,824	12,365	16,852	50,825	4.9	11.0	26.6	24.3	32.2
6 " 1872	2,365	5,337	13,621	12,303	16,583	48,738	4.6	10.7	25.3	20.2	34.0

19. It has fallen to our lot in the course of the past year to be obliged to exercise once more the power of dissolving the Board of Guardians of a union, and of appointing instead paid officers to discharge the duties of the Board, and manage the business of the union. This power, which during the famine period was exercised in no less than forty-three cases, had not been used for more than twenty years, and the occasion for using it once more arose in the Millstreet Union, which is situate in the county of Cork. There were not, as in the cases of the famine period, any material difficulties to contend with in the management of the business of Millstreet Union. But the Board, consisting of fourteen ex-officio and the same number of elected Guardians, absolutely ceased to meet, the legal quorum of three having failed to be obtained no

* This table embraces, for the year 1857, the extra expenditure during the last epidemic of cholera.

less than nine times in the course of twelve weeks, and after a long series of remonstrances addressed both to the Board collectively and to its members individually, it appeared with sufficient distinctness that, with one solitary exception, no member of the Board would willingly attend the weekly meetings. This person, an elected Guardian for one of the electoral divisions, had been from the time of his election a constant attendant at the weekly meetings, and so exercised his functions that after a certain lapse of time he and the Clerk of the Union had the board-room week after week entirely to themselves. We shall not enter into the particulars of that course of conduct of the elected Guardian which produced such a strange result, nor are we perhaps wholly acquainted with them, but we must say that the other members of the Board who abandoned the performance of their duty for a reason like this, did not act in a proper spirit, or aequit themselves creditably as guardians of the poor. At all events, we could not take upon ourselves the responsibility of permitting the interests of the ratepayers and the poor to remain without some form of legal management while the remedy was in our hands under provisions of the Legislature expressly enacted to meet such a contingency. The order of dissolution, and the correspondence which immediately preceded it will be found in the Appendix.* The order bears date 11th October, 1871, and still remains in force. The Vice-Guardians were warmly welcomed by the ratepayers, especially by those resident in Millstreet, at whose request they at once took in hand a project for providing both the workhouse and the town of Millstreet with a permanent supply of pure and wholesome water, that which hitherto it has been necessary to use being contaminated by sewage. This project had been for a long time under the consideration of the dissolved Board of Guardians, but they took no effectual steps in the matter. Two sources of supply having been pointed out, situate at about equal distance, little more than a mile from the town, the Vice-Guardians obtained from Dr. Cameron, public analyst in Dublin, a comparison of their respective qualities and acted upon his opinion, which was decisively in favour of one of the samples. Eight hundred pounds, the necessary cost of conveying this water by pipes to the workhouse, and to four fountains to be constructed equidistant from each other in the town, have been borrowed from the Public Works Loan Commissioners on the security of the rates, and the works are now in progress; and until this salutary business has been accomplished, we shall not entertain the question of recalling the Vice-Guardians from Millstreet and reconstituting the Board of Guardians for the purpose of again committing to its hands the management of the affairs of the union. We have entered into these particulars about the water supply, because they are suggestive of one of the modes of action by which the superintending authority in the administration of the Public Health Acts may be enabled to accomplish effectually the execution of necessary works; and at this time when the legislature has that subject under consideration, it seems not out of season to show an example of the successful working of the machinery referred to.

* Appendix A, VI., page 82.

PROCEEDINGS under the MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT, IRELAND (14th and 15th Vic., cap. 68); the Act of 1858, "To make further provision for the Practice of Vaccination in Ireland;" and the Act of 1863, "To further extend and make compulsory the Practice of Vaccination in Ireland."

20. We now proceed to submit to your Excellency the Report of our proceedings for the last year under the above-mentioned Acts of Parliament.

In the last line of the subjoined table is given a summary of the relief afforded under the Medical Charities Act for the year ended September 30th, 1871, in each Province and in all Ireland, distinguishing as usual the cases attended at the patients' homes from those attended at the Dispensaries; and also for the purpose of exhibiting the changes in the amount and description of relief afforded yearly, a similar summary for each of the nine previous years.

The comparison of the numbers for the two last years in this table shows, for the first time since the enactment of the Medical Charities Act in 1851, a diminution in the number of patients of both classes, both of those attended at their own homes and of those attended at the Dispensary stations, in all the provinces of Ireland. Of Dispensary cases, for the last compared with the previous year, there has been a decrease in Ulster of 8,192 cases, in Munster of 6,686, in Leinster of 12,451, and in Connaught of 6,404. Of domiciliary cases there has been a decrease for the latter year of 4,913 cases in Ulster, of 2,143 in Munster, of 762 in Leinster, and of 1,596 in Connaught;—giving for the whole of Ireland a decrease of 33,733 Dispensary cases and of 9,416 of those attended at the patients' homes.

The detailed statement of the expenses incurred in carrying the Medical Charities Act into execution in each Dispensary district, as required by the 20th section of the Act, and also the detail of the medical relief afforded in each district will be found in the Appendix.*

* Appendix D, No. 2, page 288.

SUMMARY of the NUMBER of CASES of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded under the MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.

Period.	Parishes or Urban.			Parishes or Minster.			Parishes or Lesters.			Parishes or Cottenham.			Total for Ireland.		
	Dispensary Visiting Tickets.	Total.	Visiting Tickets.	Dispensary Tickets.	Total.	Visiting Tickets.	Dispensary Tickets.	Total.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	Dispensary Tickets.	Total.	
Year ended 30th Sept., 1852.]	(1.)	(2.)	(3.)	(4.)	(5.)	(6.)	(7.)	(8.)	(9.)	(10.)	(11.)	(12.)	(13.)	(14.)	(15.)
141,675	50,611	192,286	239,009	55,246	273,257	217,978	59,538	275,441	81,690	17,501	99,191	60,456	179,233	80,179	
Year ended 30th Sept., 1853.]	156,110	55,291	208,411	236,334	56,846	283,182	225,725	63,159	288,834	85,518	17,721	103,239	697,937	192,529	830,616
Year ended 30th Sept., 1854.]	148,981	58,853	207,344	220,947	60,633	280,580	223,959	61,659	285,649	87,141	17,211	104,352	601,638	147,797	888,335
Year ended 30th Sept., 1855.]	157,056	58,509	196,295	212,438	60,773	274,611	201,739	63,156	254,865	82,882	19,915	102,797	635,336	202,333	837,669
Year ended 30th Sept., 1856.]	128,510	53,232	178,762	184,709	55,651	210,431	187,363	62,321	249,305	73,587	18,011	91,690	509,562	191,235	700,797
Year ended 30th Sept., 1857.]	120,979	52,733	173,712	184,716	55,950	210,295	194,820	65,443	260,263	72,747	17,554	90,901	572,722	191,680	764,402
Year ended 30th Sept., 1858.]	125,638	53,051	178,709	191,985	54,476	246,462	189,095	58,308	246,495	70,064	17,229	96,093	581,084	183,155	767,759
Year ended 30th Sept., 1859.]	128,383	50,688	187,571	183,463	55,856	229,319	190,176	62,395	252,571	77,346	18,130	95,366	579,530	185,737	775,297
Year ended 30th Sept., 1860.]	127,974	59,928	187,896	182,408	57,813	240,221	192,438	64,864	257,316	78,230	20,601	98,991	581,224	203,260	784,424
Year ended 30th Sept., 1861.]	119,782	55,009	174,731	175,722	55,683	231,390	150,091	64,102	244,103	71,366	19,905	80,991	547,491	153,784	741,275

21. The next table gives the expenditure on medical relief under the Medical Charities Act in each province and for all Ireland in each of the last ten years ended September 29th, including, in addition to the original Medical Charities expenditure, the expense incurred in carrying out the Vaccination Acts, by which separate remuneration was awarded to the Dispensary Medical Officers for successful vaccinations, and a new expenditure rendered necessary for the provision of vaccinating stations, in addition to the Dispensary stations where vaccination is procurable continuously. At the vaccinating stations, of which two or more have been provided in each Dispensary district, in spring and autumn each year the Medical Officers attend to vaccinate all applicants.

MEDICAL CHARITIES EXPENDITURE, Years ended 29th September.

Year.	Ulster.	Munster.	Leinster.	Connaught.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£
1862,	28,929	31,991	31,748	14,190	106,868
1863,	29,676	32,269	32,663	14,593	109,206
1864,	31,264	34,387	34,135	16,118	114,905
1865,	31,492	34,923	34,782	15,841	117,038
1866,	31,149	34,464	34,439	16,243	116,315
1867,	32,020	35,341	34,685	15,872	118,118
1868,	34,017	35,431	36,401	16,135	121,665
1869,	34,625	35,646	36,624	16,825	123,718
1870,	36,464	37,586	38,130	17,635	129,536
1871,	36,881	38,862	41,151	18,111	135,006

The figures for the two last years in this table show an increased total expenditure for 1871 compared with 1870 of £5,069, nearly half of which, viz., £2,336, has been occasioned by the existing epidemic of small-pox, the panic caused by which has created an increase of applications for vaccination, and among the adult population a quite exceptional number of applications for re-vaccination, whereby the vaccination fees of the Dispensary Medical Officers have been increased from £6,384 for 1870 to £8,720 for 1871. A large proportion of the increased expenditure has fallen on Leinster, viz., £3,021. In Munster the increase has been £1,176, in Ulster, £417, and in Connaught £455. The disproportionate increase of expenditure in Leinster is also mainly attributable to the epidemic, which has hitherto more especially prevailed in this province.

22. The next table sets forth a comparative statement for the two years ended September 29th of the items of the general expenditure under the usual heads.

	1870.	1871.
1. Medicines and medical appliances,	£23,767	£25,420
2. Rent of Dispensary buildings,	7,383	7,563
3. Books, forms, stationery, printing, and advertising,	2,694	1,166
4. Salaries of ¹ Medical Officers,	77,917	80,725
{ Apothecaries,	2,362	2,503
5. Fuel, porters, and incidental expenses,	8,765	10,001

Expenses under Vaccination Act:-

6. Vaccination fees and other expenses:-

Fees to Medical Officers,	6,384	8,720
Other expenses,	7,563	9,073
	£129,536	£135,006

Under the first head in the above table there appears a decrease of expenditure for 1871 compared with 1870 on Medicines and Medical Appliances of £287. This decrease is in accordance with the above-mentioned diminution in the number of applicants for Dispensary relief in 1871. Under the head of Books, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising there has been a considerable decrease of expenditure, viz., £1,528. This item in 1870 was raised above the usual average by the expense incurred in that year in providing the new books and forms required by the Revised General Rules and Regulations for the Management of the Dispensaries of November 1869. The present expenditure under this head is rather under the average of late years. The item, Rent of Dispensary Buildings, shows the small increase of £210. The usual increase under Salaries of Medical Officers, which has occurred every year since the establishment of the present system of Dispensary relief, amounts for 1871 compared with 1870 to £2,949, and is rather greater than the corresponding increase for 1870, which was £2,558. Under the head of Fuel, Porters, and Incidental Expenses the expenditure for 1871 has been £1,238 above that of the previous year—an increase for which we are unable to assign any satisfactory explanation. The considerable increase of expense for 1871 in carrying out the Vaccination Acts, amounting to £2,487, results from the considerable increase during that year of vaccinations of children born since 1864, together with the large increase of applications for vaccination by persons born before that year, and the quite exceptional number of applicants for re-vaccination occasioned by the panic.

The average poundage on the Poor-Law Valuation of Ireland, now amounting to £13,239,394, to provide for the above-mentioned total expenditure, was 2⁴⁴d., which is slightly higher than that for the year before, viz., 2³⁶d.

23. The alterations which have been effected during the past year in the Dispensary arrangements have been very inconsiderable. In the Gort Union, the Ballindereen Dispensary District, which was much above average both in area and population, was divided into the Kinvara and Ardrahan Districts, with a medical officer for each, the services of the apothecary of the former Ballindereen Dispensary District being dispensed with.

24. In the course of the year, skilled midwives to attend on midwifery cases so long as the course of the labour is natural, were appointed in ten additional dispensary districts. Although these most useful appointments, of which there are now 178, increase from year to year, we think it is much to be regretted that they are not generally adopted by the dispensary committees.

25. The numbers of members of Committees of Management have been increased in 23 dispensary districts.

26. Since the date of the last Annual Report, fifteen Dispensary Medical Officers have been superannuated under the Poor Law Medical Officers Superannuation Act. With few exceptions, the

Guardians have awarded in all such cases two-thirds of the salaries as retiring allowance, the highest award permitted by the Act.

27. The next table sets forth the progress of the vaccination of the poor under the Medical Charities Act alone, from September 30th, 1853, to the same date 1858, and also the strikingly beneficial effects of the Acts for the promotion of vaccination in Ireland of the Acts of Lord Naas and Sir Robert Peel of 1858 and 1863; the former awarding payment in addition to their salaries to the Medical Officers for successful vaccinations, and the latter making compulsory the vaccination of children born in 1864 or subsequently. The large increase in the annual number of vaccinations recorded in this table—from 43,332 in the first year in the table to 140,220 for the last but one—may fairly be attributed to successful legislation, with the exception of 1856, in which year the numbers nearly doubled those of the year before, owing to panic caused by the epidemic of small-pox of 1855–56. The great increase in the numbers of vaccinations for the year ended September 30th, 1871, viz., 36,669, is also mainly owing to the panic occasioned by the far severer epidemic now prevailing.

TABLE.

Year ended Sept. 30th,	Number of Cases of Vaccination	Year ended Sept. 30th,	Number of Cases of Vaccination
1853,	43,332	1863,	106,510
" " 1854,	52,844	" " 1864,	191,610
" " 1855,	46,711	" " 1865,	169,142
" " 1856,	84,131	" " 1866,	137,124
" " 1857,	47,855	" " 1867,	125,741
" " 1858,	54,984	" " 1868,	131,426
" " 1859,	140,412	" " 1869,	125,672
" " 1860,	167,305	" " 1870,	140,320
" " 1861,	90,269	" " 1871,	179,889
" " 1862,	89,883		

28. The next table exhibits the progress of vaccination by the Dispensary Medical Officers under the Compulsory Vaccination Act, for the last seven years; and shows the continuous decline yearly, except for the last year, in the number of persons vaccinated who were exempt from the operation of that Act. In the Annual Report for last year, we had occasion to express the satisfaction we experienced on account of the large increase of vaccination among children born since 1863. We said—"The comparison of the two last years affords very gratifying evidence of the progress of vaccination during the year ended September 30th, 1870. It shows indeed the usual decrease of vaccinations among the population born before January, 1864, amounting to 2,597 cases; but whereas in last year's Report we had to lament a decrease in Ulster of infant vaccinations amounting to 1,642, and but an inconsiderable increase in the other provinces, there has been, on the contrary, a considerable increase for the last year in all the provinces—viz., in Ulster an increase of 5,226 cases, in Munster of 3,575, in Leinster of 4,388, and in Connaught of 4,006; thus giving for all Ireland the highly gratifying result of an increase

of 17,145 cases of infant vaccinations." The table below shows for the last year not only a further increase of vaccinations of children subject to compulsory vaccination of 3,996, but, instead of the steady decrease year by year of the numbers vaccinated among those exempt from compulsory vaccination that has taken place since 1863, there has been the extraordinary increase for the year ended September 30th, 1871, of 35,673 cases. The explanation of this quite exceptional demand for the vaccination of children above seven years of age, and of adults, and for the re-vaccination of adults, which has contributed considerably to the increase in question, is to be found in the panic caused by the present small-pox epidemic. Accordingly it is remarkable that more than half of the increase,—viz., 18,741 cases—have occurred in Leinster, in which hitherto the disease has been more alarmingly prevalent than in the other provinces. There were in Leinster for the previous year only 995 vaccinations of persons born before 1864. In Ulster the vaccinations of the same class of cases have risen from 1,548 for 1870 to 8,953 for 1871; in Munster, from 1,491 for 1870 to 7,943 in 1871; and in Connaught, from 1,129 in 1870 to 4,204 in 1871. Thus the total number of vaccinations for the last year in the table, compared with the year before shows an increase of 39,669 vaccinations, 3,996 of which were those of children of seven years of age or under. The ascertained fact to which we have drawn attention formerly, that three-fourths of the entire mortality caused by small-pox falls upon children under five years old, makes manifest the great importance of early vaccination; and with the view to procure information on this important point, we requested the Dispensary Medical Officers, in making their vaccination returns for last year, to state the numbers of children vaccinated by them who were under one year old. We have accordingly learned that in 1871, of 44,897 children under eight years old vaccinated in Ulster, 37,663 were under one year old; in Munster, of 37,798 of the children under eight years, 30,018 were under one year old; in Leinster, of 31,943 of the former class, 24,486 were under one year; and in Connaught, of 24,415 children vaccinated under eight years, 17,246 were in their first year;—giving for all Ireland 109,413 infants vaccinated in their first year, out of the 139,053 vaccinated under eight years old. Notwithstanding this high proportion of early vaccination, so great is its importance, that we are earnestly desirous to urge the Guardians to use every effort to procure the vaccination of all children born within the year, in the first six months of their lives, by promptly enforcing against parents who neglect to have their children vaccinated within that time, the penalty imposed on defaulters by the Compulsory Vaccination Act.

The table gives a summary of the vaccinations performed by the Dispensary Medical Officers for seven years ending September 30th, 1871. The cases of persons born before 1864, and exempt from compulsory vaccination, and those of children born since January, 1864, and subject to compulsory vaccination, are registered separately in columns 1 and 2.

TABLE

PROVINCES.	No. of Cases of Vaccination performed during the year ended Sept. 30, 1865.			PROVINCES.	No. of Cases of Vaccination performed during the year ended Sept. 30, 1866.			
	Cases of Children born since 1st Jan., 1864.	Other Cases.	Total.		Cases of Children born since 1st Jan., 1864.	Other Cases.	Total.	
	1.	2.	3.		1.	2.	3.	
Ulster, . . .	33,271	10,437	51,708	Ulster, . . .	36,008	8,704	44,712	
Munster, . . .	26,410	20,678	47,088	Munster, . . .	28,463	8,094	37,457	
Leinster, . . .	24,011	17,696	41,697	Leinster, . . .	23,236	6,620	29,856	
Connacht, . . .	13,468	15,181	28,649	Connacht, . . .	16,833	8,176	25,109	
Total, Ireland, 1865, . . .	97,100	71,902	169,142	Total, Ireland, 1866, . . .	104,730	32,394	137,124	
PROVINCES.	No. of Cases of Vaccination performed during the year ended Sept. 30, 1867.			PROVINCES.	No. of Cases of Vaccination performed during the year ended Sept. 30, 1868.			
	Cases of Children born since 1st Jan., 1864.	Other Cases.	Total.		Cases of Children born since 1st Jan., 1864.	Other Cases.	Total.	
	1.	2.	3.		1.	2.	3.	
Ulster, . . .	35,792	8,917	44,709	Ulster, . . .	41,095	8,429	44,523	
Munster, . . .	30,509	6,456	36,965	Munster, . . .	32,068	4,231	36,234	
Leinster, . . .	22,600	5,782	28,382	Leinster, . . .	23,672	2,036	27,707	
Connacht, . . .	17,572	4,143	21,715	Connacht, . . .	19,845	3,058	22,903	
Total, Ireland, 1867, . . .	107,673	18,258	125,741	Total, Ireland, 1868, . . .	118,613	12,813	131,436	
PROVINCES.	No. of Cases of Vaccination performed during the year ended Sept. 30, 1869.			PROVINCES.	No. of Cases of Vaccination performed during the year ended Sept. 30, 1870.			
	Cases of Children born since 1st Jan., 1864.	Other Cases.	Total.		Cases of Children born since 1st Jan., 1864.	Other Cases.	Total.	
	1.	2.	3.		1.	2.	3.	
Ulster, . . .	30,451	9,436	41,887	Ulster, . . .	44,577	1,548	46,225	
Munster, . . .	32,782	9,226	35,000	Munster, . . .	36,357	1,491	37,848	
Leinster, . . .	25,784	1,165	26,959	Leinster, . . .	30,122	965	31,117	
Connacht, . . .	19,895	1,913	21,808	Connacht, . . .	23,901	1,129	25,030	
Total, Ireland, 1869, . . .	117,912	7,760	125,672	Total, Ireland, 1870, . . .	138,657	5,163	140,220	
PROVINCES.	No. of Cases of Vaccination performed during the year ended Sept. 30, 1871.			Total, Ireland, 1864, . . .	25,354	160,456	191,810	
	Cases of Children born since 1st Jan., 1864.	Other Cases.	Total.		1865,	37,160	169,142	
	1.	2.	3.		1866,	104,730	32,394	137,124
Ulster, . . .	44,297	8,953	53,230		1867,	107,473	18,268	125,741
Munster, . . .	37,798	7,943	45,741		1868,	118,613	12,813	131,436
Leinster, . . .	31,943	19,736	51,679		1869,	117,912	7,760	125,672
Connacht, . . .	24,415	4,204	26,619		1870,	135,057	5,163	140,220
Total, Ireland, 1871, . . .	130,653	40,636	179,889		1871,	139,653	40,636	179,889

We can draw no conclusion from the figures in the two tables for the two last years in regard to the ordinary operation of the Compulsory Vaccination Act, which hitherto, with the exception of 1869, has been so satisfactory, because the effect of the small-pox panic completely masks the operation of the Act; but it is at least gratifying to find that the numbers of children under eight years old vaccinated during the last exceed those for the year before in each province, giving a total increase for the whole country of 4,000 cases. There is good reason to believe that the small increase in cases of this class for the last year compared with the extraordinary increase of vaccinations among those exempt from the compulsory vaccination (viz. 35,673, the total number of persons of this class vaccinated the year before having been only 5,163) is to be explained by the fact that we are approaching a complete vaccination of the children born within the year. The number of children whose births were registered by the Registrar-General for the year ended September 30th, 1871, was 151,159, and the vaccinations under the Compulsory Vaccination Act for the same year were 139,053. It is true that of this number many must have been children between one and eight years of age whose parents had neglected to have them vaccinated in their first year; but it is also to be borne in mind that a large number of the 151,159 children would have died in their first year, or would have been vaccinated by private practitioners.

29. The two next tables exhibit the numbers of deaths occasioned by small-pox in the workhouse hospitals yearly from February, 1865 to February, 1872; the number of cases of small-pox treated by the Dispensary Medical Officers in each year of the eight, ending September 30th, 1871; and the numbers of deaths from small-pox registered by the Registrar-General in each quarter of the years 1864-71 inclusive. We have as usual to express our obligations to the Registrar-General for furnishing to us the return for the last quarter in anticipation of its publication.

DEATHS IN WORKHOUSES from SMALL-POX and NUMBER of CASES of SMALL-POX treated by DISPENSARY MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Deaths in Workhouses from Small-pox,		Number of Cases of Small-pox treated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	
PERIOD. 22 Weeks ended	Number of Deaths.	PERIOD. 22 Weeks ended	Number of Cases.
11th February, 1865,	145	30th September, 1864,	1,265
10th February, 1866,	59	30th September, 1865,	2,000
9th February, 1867,	9	30th September, 1866,	579
8th February, 1868,	5	30th September, 1867,	105
6th February, 1869,	9	30th September, 1868,	155
5th February, 1870,	1	30th September, 1869,	27
4th February, 1871,	13	30th September, 1870,	51
3rd February, 1872,	462	30th September, 1871,	773

REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S RETURNS.

DEATHS FROM SMALL-POX registered in IRELAND, during dates undermentioned.

Year.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Total.
1864	274	244	171	165	854
1865	122	110	53	62	347
1866	106	47	25	9	187
1867	7	5	4	4	20
1868	6	9	3	1	19
1869	8	9	2	1	20
1870	2	2	6	92	32
1871	38	67	101	441	647

30. In paragraph 42 of the Report for 1871, we stated that the marked increase of cases of small-pox, and of deaths caused by it, recorded in these tables for 1870 proved clearly that the epidemic which had previously prevailed severely in many places in Great Britain had reached this country by importation, especially from Liverpool, South Wales, and Glasgow. Many cases were specified in which such importation was clearly traced, and many more such cases have since been reported by the Dispensary Medical Officers. In the absence of any epidemic visitation of small-pox from 1863, when the Compulsory Vaccination Act was passed, to 1870; the deaths from small-pox in the workhouse hospitals were reduced from 145 in 1864 to 1 in 1869; and the numbers of cases treated by the Dispensary Medical Officers were reduced from 1,965 for 52 weeks ended September 30th, 1864 to 27 for 52 weeks ended September 30th, 1869. The second table affords the same evidence, recording the reduction of deaths registered from small-pox for all Ireland from 854 in 1864 to 20 in 1869. In last year's Report we had to announce that the existing epidemic had gained footing in Ireland, and it has now acquired, both in the number of cases and the virulence of the disease, a character of very unusual severity in late years. The contrast between the numbers of deaths and cases quoted above for 1869, and the corresponding numbers for the last year in these tables affords distressing evidence of the truth of this statement. The deaths from small-pox in the workhouse hospitals for that year having been 462, the cases treated by the Dispensary Medical Officers, 773, and the deaths recorded by the Registrar-General from the same disease, 647.

It is painful to contemplate the loss of life occasioned by any of the preventable diseases; but more especially is this true in regard to small-pox, against which we possess an antidote in successful infant vaccination and successful re-vaccination about puberty (to the importance, not to say the necessity of which, the experience of the present epidemic has borne strong evidence) which, with a near approach to certainty, either secures against the attack of the disease or deprives it of its fatal character; not to mention the partial or total loss of sight, the loss of hearing, the development of scrofulous disease, and the ruin of the general health, which so often occur as the consequences of the disease when contracted by the unprotected.

31. In former Reports we have adverted to the motives which should induce all persons responsible for carrying out the Compulsory Vaccination Act to use every effort to secure the effective vaccination of the children born each year; but assuredly a motive more powerful than any of those formerly urged is to be found in the consideration of the deplorable loss of life and other evils which have already been caused by the present visitation of small-pox, and which will certainly be largely added to before the epidemic entirely subsides, together with the reflection that as regards the children under eight years of age, the calamity might have been nearly entirely prevented by the stringent enforcement of the excellent provisions of the Compulsory Vaccination Act. The wellascertained fact, moreover, should be borne in mind, that in those exceptional cases in which vaccination does not protect absolutely from the attack of small-pox, it seldom fails to mitigate the disease and prevent a fatal result. We are informed by one of our Medical Inspectors, Dr. King, that in the course of the present epidemic in the Cork Union, of 232 cases treated in the Union Hospital, the disease had been fatal in 32 of 100 unvaccinated patients, while only 3 deaths occurred among 132 who had been more or less perfectly vaccinated, a result in complete accordance with the uniform experience of the medical profession on this point. The outbreak and progress of the epidemic in Cork is described in Dr. King's Reports, which will be found in the Appendix.*

32. The returns of the numbers of cases of fever, scarlatina, and small-pox attended by the Dispensary Medical Officers for the year ended September 30th, 1871, show an inconsiderable decrease of cases of fever for this year compared with the year before from 15,744 to 15,574 cases. A considerable decrease in the number of cases of scarlatina has taken place during the same year from 7,424 for 1870 to 6,760 for 1871. The commencement of the small-pox epidemic in 1870 is declared by the increase in the number of cases for the year ended September 30th, 1870, to 51 from 27 for the year before, and its occurrence in various parts of the country is shown by the returns for the succeeding year, giving the serious increase to 773 cases. Of these cases 375 occurred in Leinster, 337 in Ulster, 30 in Munster, and 31 in Connaught;—proving that up to the end of last September the epidemic had hardly reached the two latter provinces.

33. Towards the middle of 1871, alarm having arisen from the fact that Asiatic cholera had appeared in several of the ports of the Baltic and Black Seas, between which and ports in Great Britain and Ireland considerable commercial intercourse exists, and from dread of consequent importation of the disease from some of the infected quarters, the Privy Council in England and your Excellency in Council in Ireland issued orders subjecting all ships arriving from any infected port to quarantine, and prescribing the duties of the masters of such ships, and of the nuisance authorities within whose jurisdiction such vessels might come, in regard to the treatment of persons on board labouring under cholera, and the

* Appendix C, II., p. 188.

disinfection of the vessels, and everything capable of communicating infection. On several occasions subsequently your Excellency directed that information received from the President of the Local Government Board in respect to the foreign ports in which cholera was prevalent should be communicated to us, and this information was at once transmitted to the Boards of Guardians affected by the Irish Order in Council. Soon after, however, the disease subsiding on the Continent, all apprehension of its invasion was at an end, and in no instance has it come to our knowledge that occasion has arisen to put the Order in Council in force.

34. On small-pox showing itself as an epidemic at Belfast, we lost no time in warning the Boards of Guardians of the adjacent populous unions of their danger, and in calling upon them to provide beforehand separate hospital accommodation for small-pox patients, so as to isolate any such cases as very probably might arise from intercourse with Belfast.—See Circular in Appendix.* We have systematically adopted a similar course in the cases of individual unions throughout Ireland in which small-pox made its appearance sporadically either by importation or otherwise.

The Boards of Guardians, almost without exception, attended promptly to these warnings, and with the aid and advice of their workhouse Medical Officers prepared themselves for the reception of small-pox patients, by making arrangements not likely to expose inmates of workhouses to any risk of contagion. The facility afforded by the ample margin of accommodation which generally exists in the unions in Ireland was necessarily of much value herein, especially in regard to the detention of convalescents until the danger of their spreading contagion had gone by.

In the dispensary practice cases would often occur in which the patients or their friends resisted all inducements to avail themselves of resort to the hospital, and on these occasions it fell to the duty of the Medical Officer to cause every precaution to be taken which could be taken against the spread of the disease, by isolating the case as far as practicable, by the free use of disinfecting processes, and, finally, by taking advantage of the popular alarm to vaccinate or revaccinate the residents.

These precautions have been attended by success in the greater part of Ireland, for there are very few unions in which the disease has become epidemic, although a considerable number have been visited by sporadic cases. Up to the date of 17th February last, the weekly returns of deaths in the union workhouses show 126 unions without any death by small-pox during the preceding fifty-two weeks; sixteen unions with only 1 death, and twelve in which the number of deaths has not exceeded 6. The remaining unions, being those in which the epidemic has been most severely felt, are the two Dublin Unions, Cork, Belfast, Antrim, Drogheda, Dundalk, Rathdown, and Wexford. Limerick has to this date escaped the epidemic.

35. In Dublin, as your Excellency is aware, the hospitals ordinarily open to the reception and treatment of dangerous contagious disease are not in connexion with the administration of the Poor

* Appendix A, I., No. 1, page 49.

Law, and the two Duhlin Unions therefore form exceptions to the hospital system maintained elsewhere from the poor rate throughout Ireland. Some of the Duhlin hospitals, as the Hardwicke, Cork-street, Meath, &c., are maintained wholly or in part by Parliamentary grant, while others, as Sir Patrick Dun's and the Mater Misericordiae, are supported partly from endowment and partly from private subscriptions.

Under ordinary circumstances, therefore, the treatment of contagious disease in Duhlin is not undertaken by the Poor Law authorities, but the latter are able to obtain admission to hospitals not under their own control for all contagious cases arising within the scope of their jurisdiction.

As soon, however, as the present epidemic began to show itself unmistakeably in Duhlin, we instructed our Inspector, Mr. Robinson, to urge upon each of the Duhlin Boards the necessity of immediately providing hospital accommodation for small-pox patients, which should be under their own control; and this was promptly effected in both Unions in the manner described in Mr. Robinson's Reports, which will be found in the Appendix.* In neither Union was that important adjunct to a contagious hospital, a convalescent department, unprovided for; so that from the commencement the patients have remained under medical authority until they could return to their homes without danger of giving contagion to their families or neighbours.

36. Correspondence, which is placed in the Appendix, shows beyond question the dangerous character of hospitals for contagious disease which are not provided with convalescent accommodation.[†] In epidemics, whether of small-pox, typhus, typhoid, or scarlatina, a pressure on the space for patients under treatment often causes the discharge of convalescents too soon after cure; and in small-pox, the most contagious of all diseases when not kept off by vaccination, this danger becomes greatly intensified as the epidemic advances towards its climax.

Regarded in its character as a protection from the spread of contagion, the convalescent ward should, for all practical purposes, be in connexion with the hospital itself; for thus only can the patients discharged from the wards for treatment be kept effectually under medical authority—detained, in fact, until pronounced safe.

In addition to the Hardwicke and Cork-street Fever Hospitals, Sir Patrick Dun's and the Mater Misericordiae, as already mentioned, opened small-pox wards, as did also the City of Duhlin Hospital, the Meath and Dr. Steevens' Hospitals; but none of these appear to have been provided with sufficient convalescent accommodation to meet their requirements. In the two Duhlin Workhouse Small-pox Hospitals ample accommodation of this nature was provided from the commencement; and these two hospitals, therefore, have served the primary purpose of places of treatment, of isolation, and cure, without the danger of propagating the disease by discharging their convalescents too soon.

* Appendix C, III., page 195.

† Appendix C, IV., page 197.

37. The share of the burthen of the Dublin epidemic borne by the two Dublin Workhouse Hospitals will be seen from the following figures, abstracted from Mr. Robinson's weekly Reports of the progress of the epidemic. The total number treated in nine hospitals from 18th November up to the 23rd March, was 2,541; of which number, 1,152 were treated in the Workhouse Hospitals and 1,389 in the other seven hospitals. For such of the patients as are sent into the latter hospitals by poor law officers, the Guardians pay the cost of treatment and maintenance. The medical officers of the dispensary districts in Dublin and the suburbs were at the same time actively engaged in meeting the force of the epidemic, and most of the patients admitted into the various hospitals were sent there by them; but a large proportion were unwilling to go, and were therefore treated at their own homes.

The following two tables exhibit, the first of them the extent of the action of the Dispensaries, and the second that of the hospitals, in weekly summaries kept up from the 25th November, 1871, to the 23rd March, 1872; and it must be borne in mind that all those sent into hospital by the Dispensary Medical Officers are repeated in the Hospital Returns.

RETURN of the NUMBER of CASES of SMALL-POX treated in the CITY DISPENSARY DISTRICTS of NORTH and SOUTH DUBLIN UNIONS, from the Week ended Saturday, 25th November, 1871, to the Week ended Saturday, 23rd March, 1872.

Week Ended Saturday,	No. of Cases remaining under treatment at commencement of the Week,	No. of New Cases registered during the Week,	Total of two preceding Columns.	No. of Cases sent to Hospital during the Week.	No. of Cases discharged from treatment during the Week not included in Col. 4.	No. of Deaths during the Week while under charge of Dispensary Medical Officers.	Total of three preceding Columns.	No. of Cases remaining under treatment at close of the Week, being the difference between Cols. 3 & 7.
								1.
1871.								
November 25, .	16	63	79	19	19	4	35	44
December 2, .	44	103	147	64	51	4	79	68
" 9, .	68	72	143	38	45	5	35	55
" 16, .	55	142	197	67	28	1	106	91
" 23, .	91	194	915	55	58	5	118	97
" 30, .	97	132	229	64	62	8	124	95
1872.								
January 6, .	96	112	208	41	43	8	92	116
" 13, .	116	123	239	80	57	5	112	127
" 20, .	127	122	249	50	66	7	123	126
" 27, .	126	114	240	45	69	7	121	119
February 3, .	119	133	252	59	57	7	123	129
" 10, .	129	137	266	55	58	13	126	140
" 17, .	140	125	275	60	78	2	145	130
" 24, .	120	152	292	70	68	6	149	138
March 2, .	133	113	252	49	60	11	120	139
" 9, .	132	138	270	61	63	10	119	131
" 16, .	131	196	326	50	72	7	169	169
" 23, .	160	119	278	54	83	9	148	131

RETURN of the NUMBER of CASES of SMALL-POX treated in HOSPITALS in DUBLIN from the Week ended Saturday, 25th November, 1871, to the Week ended Saturday, 23rd March, 1872.

Week Ended Saturday.	No. of Cases under treatment at the end of previous Week.	Admitted into Hospital during the Week.			Total of Columns 1 and 4.	Discharged during the Week.	Died during the Week.	Remaining under treatment on Saturday Night.
		Sent in by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	Sent in by other Persons.	Total Admitted during the Week.				
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
1871.								
November 25.	108	24	37	61	169	29	10	130
December 2.	130	55	62	117	247	49	18	119
" 9.	180	39	61	100	260	50	22	208
" 16.	206	52	86	140	348	60	19	260
" 23.	269	64	87	151	428	88	23	304
" 30.	384	65	77	162	646	85	26	585
1872.								
January 6.	335	73	73	146	481	104	24	343
" 13.	343	84	83	157	510	131	39	369
" 20.	369	48	73	132	551	102	40	329
" 27.	359	66	78	144	568	141	27	388
February 3.	335	56	66	142	477	112	31	324
" 10.	334	46	58	134	468	100	26	340
" 17.	340	53	67	120	460	105	22	323
" 24.	333	57	92	150	483	129	22	322
March 2.	322	54	82	137	450	111	27	321
" 9.	221	72	66	128	459	122	20	317
" 16.	315	105	70	178	652	137	39	316
" 23.	316	80	57	137	653	98	24	336

38. The following tables show in a similar form the progress of the epidemic in Belfast from 2nd December, 1871, as recorded in the Weekly Returns of the Dispensary Districts in Belfast Union, and also as recorded in the returns from Belfast Union Fever Hospital from 25th November, 1871 to the 23rd March, 1872.

RETURN of the NUMBER of CASES of SMALL-POX treated in BELFAST UNION FEVER HOSPITAL from the Week ended Saturday the 2nd December, 1871, to the Week ended Saturday, 23rd March, 1872.

Week Ended Saturday.	No. of Cases under treatment at the end of previous Week.	Admitted into Hospital during the Week.			Total of Columns 1 and 4.	Discharged during the Week.	Died during the Week.	Remaining under treatment on Saturday Night.
		Sent in by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	Sent in by other Persons.	Total Admitted during the Week.				
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
1871.								
December 2.	128	-	-	35	163	25	6	127
" 9.	127	21	-	21	168	24	7	117
" 16.	117	21	-	21	138	24	3	109
" 23.	109	63	-	61	150	29	9	112
" 30.	112	54	-	54	166	15	9	142
1872.								
January 6.	142	31	-	81	173	31	18	124
" 13.	124	45	-	48	172	27	10	140
" 20.	140	29	-	29	162	26	10	135
" 27.	135	24	-	24	125	20	7	132
February 3.	132	12	-	12	164	35	3	104
" 10.	106	25	-	23	129	24	3	102
" 17.	102	12	-	12	114	18	8	98
" 24.	88	10	-	10	98	23	3	72
March 2.	72	8	-	8	80	10	3	67
" 9.	47	11	-	11	78	25	2	63
" 16.	55	10	-	10	65	8	2	53
" 23.	55	4	-	4	57	14	1	42

RETURN of the NUMBER of CASES of SMALL-POX treated in the DISPENSARY DISTRICTS of BELFAST UNION, from the Week ended Saturday, 25th November, 1871, to the Week ended Saturday, 23rd March, 1872.

Week Ended Saturday.	No. of Cases remaining under treatment at commencement of the Week.	No. of New Cases registered during the Week.	Total of two preceding Columns.	No. of Cases sent to Hospital during the Week.	No. of Cases discharged from treatment during the Week, not included in Col. 4.	No. of Deaths during the Week while under charge of Dispensary Medical Officer.	Total of three preceding Columns.	No. of Cases remaining under treatment at close of the Week, being the difference between Col. 3 & 7.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
1871.								
November 25, .	80	25	55	16	11	4	31	26
December 2, .	24	24	48	12	11	3	27	21
" 9, .	21	19	40	7	11	1	19	21
" 16, .	21	26	46	11	14	1	26	20
" 23, .	20	32	52	14	12	-	28	26
" 30, .	26	21	47	15	14	4	31	16
1872.								
January 6, .	16	29	45	16	9	-	26	29
" 13, .	20	39	59	18	17	2	37	22
" 20, .	22	15	37	11	17	1	23	6
" 27, .	5	15	20	4	9	4	10	13
February 3, .	13	19	32	5	6	1	12	20
" 10, .	20	21	41	6	11	4	21	20
" 17, .	20	11	31	2	10	-	13	18
" 24, .	18	12	30	4	14	3	21	9
March 2, .	9	9	18	4	9	-	13	6
" 9, .	5	5	10	2	3	-	5	5
" 16, .	5	5	10	2	3	1	7	5
" 23, .	5	2	6	2	-	-	2	3

The cases sent to hospital by the Dispensary Medical Officers were all sent to the Belfast Workhouse Fever Hospital.

It will be seen with satisfaction that the epidemic has been gradually declining for the last twelve weeks in Belfast; and that on the 23rd March the number remaining under treatment in the Hospital was only 42 in comparison with 142 on the 30th December; also that the deaths for several weeks past have not exceeded an average of 2. We may derive from the precedent of Belfast some hope that the Dublin epidemic will shortly decline in a similar manner, though we cannot unfortunately affirm at the present date that the decrease in the number of cases or deaths has actually yet begun.

DEPARTMENTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

39. In the 39th paragraph of our Annual Report for 1869, we mentioned that the duty of auditing the accounts of lunatic asylums in Ireland had been transferred to the Auditors of Poor Law Unions, the number of Auditors having at the same time been increased from four to five. By an Act of the last session of Parliament the auditing of the accounts of the municipal authorities of most of the towns in Ireland has been now added to the duties of the Poor Law Auditors. We have not as yet asked for any increase of the number of these officers on account of this accession of duty, but we apprehend that before long we shall find it necessary to do so.

40. It may not be out of season if we conclude the present Report to Your Excellency with a short *résumé* of the history of the administration of the Poor Law since its introduction in 1838. From 1838 until 1847 the administration was carried on under the English Poor Law Commission, and one of those Commissioners resided permanently in Ireland until 1843, when two assistant Commissioners were substituted under a delegation of authority to conduct the business of the department in Dublin. In 1845 this arrangement was superseded, and a fourth member was added to the English Commission, who took charge of the Poor Law administration in Ireland.

During the whole of this time relief in the workhouse was the only form of relief permitted by the law; but in 1847, two years after the commencement of the Irish famine, out-door relief was made legal under certain restrictions, and the connexion with the English Commission at the same time ceased; a separate Irish Commission being established, consisting of a Chief Commissioner, the Chief Secretary and Under Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, aided by the services of an Assistant Commissioner, who, in the absence of the Chief Commissioner, was invested with his powers and duties.

This continued until 1851, when the Medical Charities Act was passed. The Commission was then increased from one to three paid members in addition to the two ex-officio members, the office of Assistant Commissioner being abolished, and in this form it exists to the present day.

The changes made in the law from time to time, as well as the course pursued in the administration of relief to the poor, are to be found recorded in detail in thirty-three Annual Reports submitted to Parliament, from 1839 to the present year inclusive. The salient points are the building of 131 workhouses, which were completed in 1844, the year before the first potato blight; the Relief Extension Act of 1847; the additional workhouses built for the thirty-two new unions established in 1850-51; the passing of the Medical Charities Act in that year; and, finally, the fluctuations in the number of paupers, and the amount of expenditure from 1850-51 to 1871-72, a period commencing when the abnormal state of things which existed during the famine period had passed away.

The periodical fluctuations will be found exhibited with sufficient distinctness in the tables given in this Report at pages 19, 20, and 22 respectively. For the year ended 29th September, 1852, the relief expenditure, excluding the medical charities, was £883,267, the average daily number of in-door poor being 166,821. In 1859 these figures had decreased to £413,712 as the relief expenditure, and to 40,380 as the average daily number of in-door poor; that is to say, the expenditure was reduced little more than 50 per cent., while the pauperism had decreased 75 per cent. The explanation is, that in the first place the cost of in-maintenance was greater in 1859 than in 1852, the proportion of inmates relieved through sickness had increased, the dietaries for both sick and healthy were more liberal, and the establishment charges could not be diminished in direct proportion to the number relieved. Comparing 1859 with 1871, the average daily number of inmates has

increased by 5,625, or nearly 14 per cent.; but the expenditure in relief has increased by £271,956, or nearly 66 per cent. This disproportion arises in much the same way as that above described, that is to say, from the further increased cost of in-maintenance, which in 1859 was £234,202, and in 1871 382,566—amount of increase £148,364; from increase in salaries of officers, £23,919; from increase in other expenses, £33,168; and finally, from an increase of out-door relief of £66,505. The out-door relief, which in the year 1850 was £120,773, dispensed to an average daily number of more than 100,000 persons, had in 1856 diminished to £2,245, dispensed to an average daily number of 886 persons. Since 1856 the out-door relief has continuously increased and is now £69,744 per annum, dispensed to an average daily number of 23,400 persons.

This rapid increase of expenditure on relief purposes it is fair to observe has taken place concurrently with the maintenance of the Electoral Division system of rating; and it is our conviction that the proposed change to Union rating would have a salutary effect in checking the progress of any expenditure which may, perhaps, be unnecessary.

41. The total accommodation in the 163 workhouses in Ireland is reckoned at 150,000, or about three times the amount of the average daily number relieved; but this number is much greater at one season of the year than another; it is liable also to sudden increase by failure of crops or outbreak of epidemic disease, either local or general. Considering how much the secure and successful working of the system of relief in Ireland depends upon the sufficiency of workhouse accommodation; considering also how important it is to health and comfort that each of these establishments should at all times possess an unoccupied margin of space not only as a whole, but in each of its classified departments, the present margin of two-thirds, which may in a single calamitous season be seriously reduced or even wholly annihilated, ought not, in our opinion, to be regarded in any other light than as a most favourable and fortunate circumstance, so long as it lasts, in the administration of the Irish Poor Law.

The ownership of the workhouses is vested in the Poor Law Commission, and the Board of Guardians in each case possess a right of occupancy only under the Commissioners as proprietors of the legal estate. The cost of purchasing the land and of erecting the buildings was defrayed in the first instance from the Imperial Exchequer, and made repayable from the poor-rates of the union by equal instalments spread over twenty years, without interest for the first ten years. Repayment of these instalments was actually made in very few cases; and towards the close of the famine period £1,321,366 was due from Irish Unions to the Exchequer under the head of Workhouse Loans. There were at this time other debts, chiefly famine debts, due to the Exchequer from Irish counties, baronies, half-baronies, and townlands, which amounted to a total of £3,722,355. It was determined to consolidate these debts and to charge each of the 60,760 townlands in Ireland with its own proper share, payable by instalments

spread over different periods according to the exigencies of the case. This work was accomplished with great labour, and the poor-rate became the medium for payment of the annual instalments, a special poundage in respect thereof being included in every rate on the townland, which when collected became the property of the Electoral Division comprising it, and the Electoral Division thereafter lay under the obligation to pay the collective debt of all its townlands to the Imperial Treasury.

For about two years these instalments were duly paid, and would have continued to be so, but in the year 1853 the Government remitted the remainder of the debt; and from that date it will be found to disappear from the accounts of the Union expenditure as detailed in the Annual Reports. The result of these operations has been to leave the proprietorship of the workhouses as it was before; that is to say, vested in the Commissioners; subject to a constructive right of occupancy by the Board of Guardians in each case, and free from all debt and incumbrance.

There is only one exception to this state of affairs, and that is the case of the Clonmel Union, in the county of Tipperary, which possesses one of the finest workhouses in Ireland, but which, unfortunately, was obliged to borrow the cost of erecting it from private sources, the fund at the command of the Exchequer Loan Commissioners being at that time (1851) exhausted.

Memorials from Clonmel Union praying to be placed on the same footing as the other Unions in Ireland, have been addressed to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, but without effect hitherto.

We have the honour to be,

Your Excellency's very obedient, faithful servants,

A. POWER.
HARTINGTON.
T. H. BURKE.
J. M'DONNELL, M.D.
R. M. BELLEW.

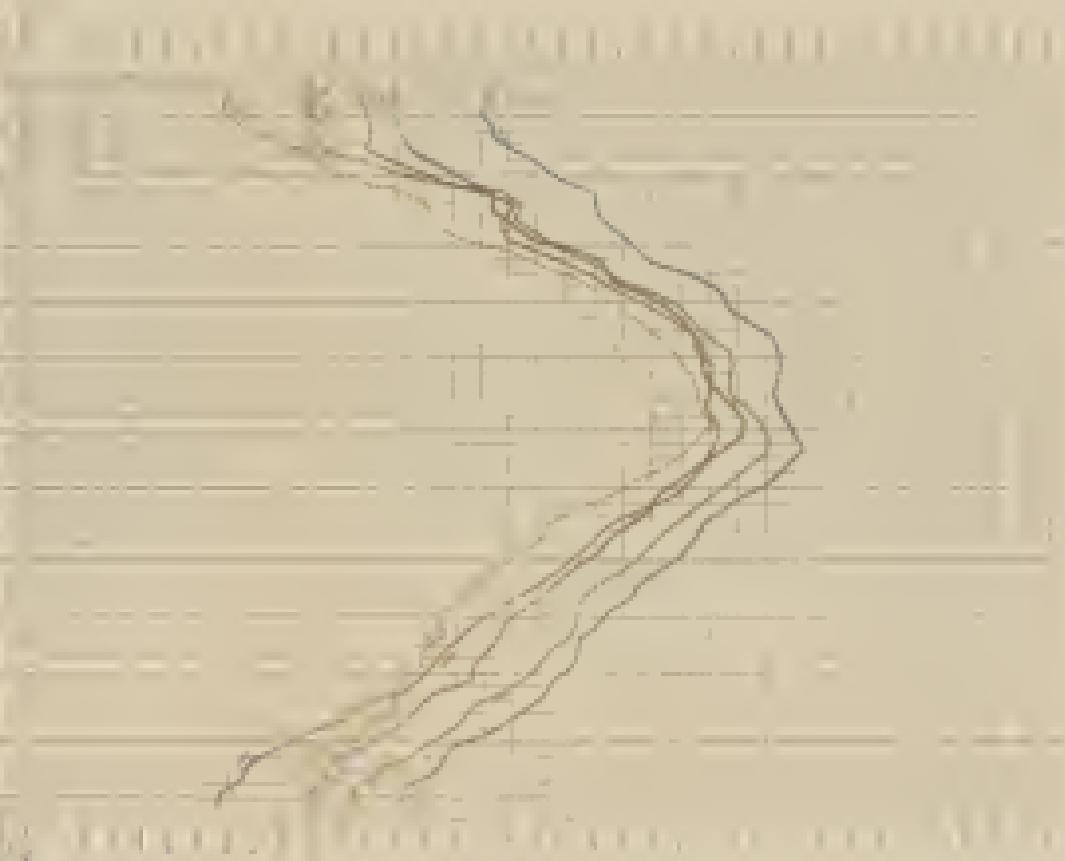
DIAGRAM

Diagram showing the effect of varying the

amount of ammonium sulphate on the

rate of growth of

the plant.



DIAGRAM

Diagram illustrating the effect of the variation of the parameter α on the solution of the differential equation
 $y' = \frac{y}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$. The figure shows three curves corresponding to different values of α : $\alpha = 0.5$, $\alpha = 1.0$, and $\alpha = 1.5$.
The horizontal axis is labeled x and the vertical axis is labeled y . The curves are symmetric about the vertical axis.





APPENDIX.

APPENDIX A.

CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTION AND CORRESPONDENCE UNDER THE POOR LAW ACTS.

I.—CIRCULARS.

No. 1.—PROVISION of SMALL-POX WARDS.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
Sir,
9th December, 1870.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to inform the Board of Guardians of Union that small-pox exists now at Belfast, and that cases have occurred in which it appears to have been communicated from Belfast to towns in the neighbourhood.

It has been found that when small-pox is treated in the general wards of a workhouse fever hospital, great danger is incurred of its spreading; and the Commissioners are anxious that special wards for the treatment of small-pox should be found ready for the protection of every Workhouse in which it may possibly hereafter make its appearance.

The Guardians will therefore have the goodness to take into immediate consideration the propriety of providing two separate wards for male and female patients. Much mischief is known to have arisen from the absence of such preparation when the disease has suddenly been admitted, or made its appearance in a Workhouse.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk, Union.

No. 2.—DUTIES of CLERKS of UNIONS under "THE JURIES (IRELAND) ACT, 1871."

"JURIES (IRELAND) ACT."

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
Sir,
12th October, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state that as some additional duties devolve upon Clerks of Unions and Poor Rate Collectors under the provisions of "The Juries (Ireland) Act, 1871," (34 & 35 Vic., c. 71), they have thought it advisable to furnish to you, for your information and that of the Board of Guardians, extracts from the Act in question, comprising

those sections which relate to the duty of Clerks of Unions and Poor Rate Collectors, and the remuneration to be allowed for those duties.

Extracts from the Act are accordingly forwarded to you herewith.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 3.—GRANT FOR MEDICAL AND EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
Sir,
23rd October, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith a form to be filled up and returned to this office, duly certified, as soon as the expenses chargeable on the parliamentary grant for medical and educational purposes in Unions in Ireland for the half-year ended the 29th September last, shall have been accurately ascertained.

The statement, as already pointed out, should comprise only those items which correspond to those included in the estimate on which the grant was made, viz.:—

1. The actual salary which became due to each Medical Officer and Apothecary (if any) for the half-year.
2. The actual cost during the half-year of medicine and medical and surgical appliances, not, however, including therein the cost of stimulants, such as wines and spirits.
3. The actual salary which became due to each schoolmaster and schoolmistress for the half-year, but not including under this head the cost of rations.

These particulars to be given separately for each dispensary district and for the Workhouse, and care must be taken that no other expenses than those above mentioned are included.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

II.—CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT OF A SUPPOSED LEGAL SYSTEM OF QUARANTINE AS AFFECTING INTERCOURSE BETWEEN PORTS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND PORTS IN IRELAND.

INISHOWEN UNION.

No. 1.—LETTER from Dr. SPROULLE, Medical Officer of Moville Dispensary District, to Mr. R. HAMILTON, Poor Law Inspector.

Sir,
Moville, 8th May, 1871.

I beg to report that I visited the ship *Unawina* now in quarantine in Lough Foyle, off Moville, on Saturday the 6th May inst., and also to-day. There are as you are already aware two cases of small-pox on board. In so far the disease does not appear to extend itself to the other members of the crew, which, as a preventive, have all been carefully re-vaccinated with good fresh lymph. On making inquiry as to the origin of the disease, I find that in the house in which the man first attacked lodged before joining the ship there was a person ill of small-pox, and that the second man labouring under the disease was in the habit of occasionally lying in the other man's "bunk," from the time he joined

the ship up to the time when the disease presented itself. The ship was seven days at sea, when the person first attacked complained of being ill, and the captain put about for this port the moment he saw by the rash what the illness had resulted in. The second man sickened four days after the symptoms of illness first presented themselves in the other case. The man first attacked is now quite convalescent; the disease is of a very mild and mitigated character in his case, and he mentions the extraordinary fact that this is his third attack of small-pox. In the other case the disease is of a very severe confluent character; the disease has now arrived at its most dangerous period, and for the next three days it will be impossible to say how it may terminate.

As I informed you in my last communication, the captain quite refused the offered services of the relieving officer when he visited the ship for the purpose of offering to have the men removed to the workhouse hospital, but you will see by the enclosed letters that he changed his mind. I showed the letter to Captain Salwey, District Commander of Coast-guards, who wrote to the captain saying that it would be impossible for him to permit the landing of any person from his ship, much less those labouring under disease. The captain requested me to continue in attendance on the men, not as dispensary but private patients. Should any other case occur on board, I shall immediately report the circumstance.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

THOMAS W. SPROULLE.

R. Hamilton, esq., Poor Law Inspector.

ENCLOSURE IS NO. 1.

Dr. SPROULLE.

Moville Roads,

May 5th, 1871.

DEAR SIR,

I am desirous to land the two men who are now suffering from small-pox on board of the *Urania* and placing them in some hospital, thereby preventing any unnecessary delay to the ship and expense to my owners. If you will kindly inform me if this can be accomplished, you will greatly oblige your obedient servant,

BENJ. MINTA, Master, Barque *Urania*.

Doctor Sproule has shown me your letter, hoping that probably it could be complied with, but I assure you it is quite impossible, the quarantine laws are so stringent and imperative that they must be complied with. It cannot be granted according as you wish.

J. FITZPATRICK, Station Officer.

No. 2.—REPORT from Mr. R. HAMILTON to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Strabane, May 20, 1871.

In reference to previous correspondence respecting an outbreak of small-pox on board a vessel lying off Moville, in Lough Foyle, I have the honour to forward a report from the medical officer of the district, from which you will observe one of the sailors first attacked has died, and that a third case has occurred, but Dr. Sproule does not apprehend further spread of the disease.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

R. HAMILTON.

The Poor Law Commissioners, Dublin.

ENCLOSURE in No. 2.—LETTER from Dr. SPROULLE.

Sir,

Moville, 18th May, 1871.

I have to report the occurrence of a third case of small-pox on board the barque *Usanima* still lying off Moville, and would have reported the case sooner but that I have been watching it with great interest, inasmuch as it has occurred in one of the crew (the cook) whom I had carefully re-vaccinated, and who had on his arm at the time the disease manifested itself (the eighth day of the re-vaccination) two most perfect vaccine vesicles in every way as perfect as those usually seen on the arms of infants. The premonitory fever was rather smart, and the eruption began to appear at the end of the second day on the face and neck. On the third day there was an increase in the number of papules on the face, neck, and arms, to which the eruption has limited itself. On to-day (the fifth day of the rash) the pustules are still fewer in number, quite distinct, and very few of them presenting the well-marked characteristics of the small-pox pustule; and those first appearing are now beginning to form black crusts in the centre and die away, and the man is so well that he could resume his work, if allowed. This favourable state of the case may, I think, be most fairly attributed to the prophylactic effects of the re-vaccination, which not only thus mitigated the disease, but very nearly put out the variolous poison evidently existing in the man's constitution at the time of his re-vaccination, and had the latter been earlier performed it would, I have no doubt, have altogether prevented the appearance of the disease.

The poor man who had the disease in the confluent form died on the sixteenth day of his illness, and was, at the instance of the coast-guard authorities, buried out at sea. The rest of the crew still healthy, and all means have been adopted for the cleaning and disinfecting of the vessel. I do not apprehend any further spread of the disease.

I am, sir, yours faithfully,

THOS. W. SPROULLE.

R. Hamilton, esq., Poor Law Inspector.

No. 3.—LETTER from Dr. BROWNE, Officer of Health for the City of Derry.

GENTLEMEN,

Londonderry, May 2, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that I was called on this morning by Mr. Benjamin Minta, master of the barque *Usanima*, who, when on his voyage from North Shields to New York with a cargo of iron, put back to this port, in consequence of supposed small-pox having made its appearance among his crew. With him I at once proceeded to Moville,—sixteen miles distant, where the barque lies, and found two of the sailors suffering from variolæ, viz., V. Ludovic Bernard, aged twenty-one, a Norwegian, who was attacked on the 25th April, and John McDonald, aged twenty-five, a native of Prince Edward's Island, who sickened on the 27th April.

Bernard has the eruption all over him, but in a distinct form. McDonald is not so generally covered, but the pustules, especially on the face, are so close as to be nearly confluent. His throat is somewhat but not severely affected.

In neither of the patients is there much fever, and neither of them has a detectable cicatrix from vaccination.

I examined every person on board the barque, who, exclusive of the two sick men, but, including the master, his wife and child, are fifteen in number; and finding three of the crew without satisfactory marks of vaccination, I at once vaccinated them.

I then gave minute directions about having the barque, as well as the patients' clothes, bedding, &c., thoroughly disinfected by means of carbolic

acid, sulphurous acid vapour, and lime-washing, and undertook to retain medical charge of the vessel and crew.

The barque is in strict quarantine, and is not to hold communication with any other ship or the shore, except through myself or the Coast-guard station, with which I have arranged a system of signals to be used in case of emergency.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM BROWNE, M.D.,
Officer of Health for City of Derry.

The Poor Law Commissioners, Dublin.

P.S.—I have neglected to mention that the barque arrived at Moville yesterday.

No. 4.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to Dr. BROWNE.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
22nd May, 1871.

SIR,

Adverting to your letter of the 2nd inst., relating to the cases of small-pox on board the barque *Unanima*, lying off Moville, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland request that you will be good enough to state by what authority quarantine has been established in Lough Foyle, so as to prevent communication between a ship containing cases of small-pox and the shore.

One of the patients on board the *Unanima* having died after landing had been refused by the commanding officer of coast-guards, it is important to the Commissioners to understand by what authority quarantine is supposed to exist in Lough Foyle, and they will feel obliged by your informing them of any ground for that supposition which may be known to you.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To W. Browne, esq., m.d., Officer of Health,
Londonderry.

No. 5.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to Mr. HAMILTON.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
23rd May, 1871.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland acknowledge the receipt of your report of the 20th inst., forwarding a communication from Dr. Sproule, the medical officer of the Moville Dispensary District, relating to the cases of small-pox which have occurred on board the barque *Unanima* at present lying off Moville. The Commissioners at the same time forward for your information a copy of a letter which they have addressed to Dr. Browne, the officer of health for the city of Derry, relating to the course adopted in this case of regarding the vessel as in quarantine, and the Commissioners have to state that they do not believe that any such thing as quarantine exists on any part of the coast of Ireland, nor could exist, except by an order of the Lord Lieutenant in Council.

The coast-guard officer who prevented the landing of the small-pox patients from the *Unanima*, when the captain was desirous to land them, has therefore incurred a most serious responsibility, as one of the men

subsequently died on board ship, and it is doubtful to the Commissioners whether an inquest ought not to have been held.

The Commissioners request that you will be so good as to report to them the name and address of the officer in question.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To R. Hamilton, esq.,
Poor Law Inspector, Dungannon.

No. 6.—LETTER from Dr. BROWNE to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Londonderry, 25th May, 1871.

Absence from home has been the cause of my not sooner replying to your letter of the 22nd inst.

I now beg to inform you that on her first arrival the barque *Unanima* was ordered into quarantine by the chief officer of the coast-guard station at Moville, and that I did not in any way interfere in this matter further than to suggest arrangements for facilitating communication with the shore.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM BROWNE,
Officer of Health for City of Derry.

The Poor Law Commissioners, Dublin.

No. 7.—REPORT from Mr. R. HAMILTON, Poor Law Inspector.

GENTLEMEN,

Strabane, July 1, 1871.

In returning the accompanying correspondence on the subject of the quarantine placed on the barque *Unanima* while lying off Moville, in Lough Foyle, I have the honour to inform you that on the 20th ult. I heard Captain Salwey had returned to his district.

On the 21st I wrote asking him to fix a day for a personal interview, and he replied he could not meet me before the 1st of July. I accordingly met him this day.

He was courteous in his manner, and appeared to be anxious to afford every information as to the authorities under which he acted.

The title of the instructions referred to is "Special Instructions for the Coast-guard of the United Kingdom," dated 1866, signed by the then Lords of the Admiralty, and addressed to the respective captains, commanders, and officers of the coast-guard.

Captain Salwey stated that in placing the *Unanima* under quarantine he acted under chapter 23, page 86, of these instructions, and in carrying out the quarantine he acted under the "Queen's Regulations" and "Admiralty Instructions for the Government of the Naval Service."

Evidently the attention of the coast-guard has never been drawn to the Sanitary Act of 1866.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

The Poor Law Commissioners, Dublin.

R. HAMILTON.

No. 8.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY
of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
10th July, 1871.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland deem it their duty to bring under the consideration of his Excellency the Lord Justice the following statement relating to the barque *Unanima*, from North Shields to New York, which put back with small-pox on board, and arrived in Lough Foyle on the 1st May last.

Mr. Hamilton, the Inspector in charge of the district, having learnt that on the arrival of the ship application had been made for medical assistance, and having reason to believe that there was small-pox on board, directed the Relieving Officer to proceed to the ship, taking with him the Medical Officer, and to explain to the captain the particulars of the existing arrangements for affording medical relief in the district ; and, in the event of its being considered necessary to remove any of the patients to the Union Fever Hospital, to make the necessary arrangements for that purpose. The Relieving Officer accordingly visited the ship, in company with the Medical Officer, on the 2nd May, and found that there were two cases of small-pox on board ; but the captain declined any assistance from him, stating that he had obtained the services of Dr. Browne from Derry.

Dr. Browne, who is Officer of Health for the city of Derry, also reported the case to the Commissioners, stating that the barque was in strict quarantine, and was not to hold communication with any other ship or the shore, except through himself or the coast guard station.

On the 5th May the captain applied to the coast guard officer for permission to land the two men who were suffering from small-pox ; and this application appears to have been supported by Dr. Sproule, the Dispensary Medical Officer, who was then at the request of the captain, in attendance on the cases ; but the request was peremptorily refused in the following terms :—

"Dr. Sproule has shown me your letter, hoping that possibly it could be complied with, but I assure you it is quite impossible. The quarantine laws are so stringent and imperative that they must be complied with. It cannot be granted according to your wish."

On the 18th May Dr. Sproule reported that a third case had occurred on board, and that one of the two men first attacked had died, and at the instance of the coast guard had been buried out at sea.

The Commissioners have, in vain, endeavoured to ascertain by what authority quarantine was established, as above described, in Lough Foyle. They wrote to Dr. Browne, who was first in charge of the cases, and he informed them in reply that on her first arrival, the barque *Unanima* was ordered into quarantine by the chief officer of the coast guard station at Moville, and that he (Dr. Browne) did not in any way interfere in the matter, further than to suggest arrangements for facilitating communication with the shore. Mr. Hamilton, Poor Law Inspector, has since had an interview with Captain Salwey, Inspecting Commander of coast guards at Moville, who referred to instructions entitled "Special Instructions for the Coast Guards of the United Kingdom," dated 1866, signed by the then Lords of the Admiralty, and addressed to the respective captains, commanders, and officers of the coast guard. Captain Salwey stated that in placing the *Unanima* under quarantine, he acted

under chapter 23, page 86, of these instructions; and that in carrying out the quarantine, he acted under the "Queen's Regulations" and "Admiralty Instructions for the government of the Naval Service."

The Commissioners, after inquiry, cannot discover that in the last of the documents referred to by Captain Salwey, there was any instruction which gave him to understand that he had any authority to prevent a person in small-pox on board ship in the Foyle from being landed; but they have not the means of reference to the instructions issued to coast guard officers in 1866. As one of the cases on board the *Unamima* terminated fatally, the question of the conduct of the coast guard appears to the Commissioners to assume a very serious complexion, and they have therefore laid the particulars before the Government for such further action as may be thought necessary. The Commissioners at the same time desire to refer to paragraph 13 in their last Annual Report, in which reference is made to the subject of quarantine and the misunderstanding which appears to prevail in regard to it.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To T. H. Burke, esq., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

No. 9.—LETTER from the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENLEMAN,

Dublin Castle,
29th September, 1871.

Referring to your letter of the 10th July last relative to the coast guard at Lough Foyle having prevented the landing from the barque *Unamima* of certain men who were suffering from small-pox, I am directed by the Lords Justices to acquaint you that their Excellencies having caused inquiry to be made in the matter, find that the barque in question was placed in quarantine by the inspecting commander of coast guard (it is believed after consultation with the collector of customs at Londonderry) under a misapprehension of his duty, he not being aware that small-pox is not one of the diseases the presence of which on board a ship renders her liable to quarantine.

I am to add that in order to guard against the recurrence of such misunderstanding, instructions have been issued by the Admiralty to the coast guard with regard to vessels liable to quarantine.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

T. H. BURKE.

The Poor Law Commissioners, Custom House.

LONDONDERRY UNION.

No. 10.—LETTER from the MAYOR of DERRY to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT, referred to the COMMISSIONERS for REPORT.

SIR,

Londonderry,
3rd October, 1871.

With reference to the Order in Council, dated 9th August, 1871, regarding infectious diseases on board ship, the introductory portion of that proclamation appears to be very full, but his Excellency's order seemed to be entirely confined to cholera.

Yesterday it was discovered by the Officer of Health that there was a case of small-pox on board; the man was immediately removed to the hospital at the Union Workhouse, after which the Medical Officer sent some of his assistants to purify the ship, who were met by the master thereof, who declined to permit them to enter his vessel for such a purpose.

The matter was brought before the magistrates and also a large committee of the Corporation, and neither of these bodies could see what authority they had to punish the master.

I have therefore to request the advice of the Law Officers of the Crown how to proceed in such a case. Can we, under the provisions of the 6th of George 4th, c. 781 or must we await the extension of his Excellency's order to small-pox and other infectious diseases?

Waiting your instructions,

I have, &c.,

PITT SKIPTON, Mayor of Derry.

To T. H. Burke, esq.

No. 11.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER
SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

9th October, 1871.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland return herewith the file of papers referred to them on the 6th instant with a request for their opinion and report in regard to a letter from the Mayor of Derry, from which it appears that a question has arisen as to whether the Order in Council of the 9th August last applies to the case of a vessel arriving with small-pox on board; and in reference thereto the Commissioners have the honour to state for the information of their Excellencies the Lord Justices, that the authorities at Londonderry appear to have been mistaken in attempting to deal with a case of small-pox under the Privy Council Order, which refers to cholera only.

It would be quite in vain, at this time, to attempt to keep small-pox out of the country by any measure of quarantine, and, probably, any attempt to do so at an earlier period would not have been attended with success when the disease was prevalent at Glasgow and Liverpool, and at other places on the western coast of Great Britain, inasmuch as the passage by steamer is only of a few hours duration, while the usual time of incubation of small-pox is about fourteen days.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Thomas H. Burke, esq., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

CORK UNION.

No. 12.—LETTER from the TOWN CLERK of CORK to the UNDER
SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT—referred to the COMMISSIONERS for their OPINION.

Town Clerk's Office, 7, South Mall, Cork,

SIR,
5 January, 1872.

The attention of the Mayor has been called to the fact that Newport is very much affected with small-pox. Two colliers belonging to Messrs. Sutton of this city, coal merchants, left Newport some time since, and

are now weather-bound at New Milford. The captain of one of them (*the Ocean*) is now laid up with that disease. The captain of the other (*the Perilla*) died of the disease. A vessel recently arrived from Newport, in Cork Harbour and the captain was removed to Hospital in Queenstown suffering from small-pox. Under these circumstances the Mayor begs to suggest that the quarantine laws be enforced and made applicable to all vessels from Newport, otherwise there is much danger of the disease spreading in this city where several cases are now under treatment.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

ALEX. MACCARTHY, jun., Town Clerk.

The Under Secretary, Dublin Castle.

No. 13.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

SIR,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
9th January, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland acknowledge the receipt of a file of papers referred to them on the 8th instant containing a letter from the Town Clerk of Cork, in which he refers to the prevalence of small-pox at Newport, South Wales, and suggests that the quarantine laws be enforced in regard to vessels arriving at Cork Harbour from Newport, in order to meet the danger of a probable spread of the disease in the city, and in reference thereto the Commissioners have the honour to state for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, that they doubt the applicability of any system of quarantine to the disease of small-pox, which usually undergoes a period of incubation of about fourteen days before it makes its appearance.

With regard to the particular case in question, that of the city of Cork, the provision made for treatment in a hospital at Queenstown of cases on board ship in which the disease was developed, preserved the city from an outbreak of small-pox during nearly the whole of the year, 1871, but it was at length introduced there by a sailor who took it at Newport, and on whom it broke out after his return to Cork, when he refused to be taken into hospital.

Quarantine provisions like those provided against cholera could not prevent persons having the disease latent in them in this way, landing and spreading it.

As regards the city of Dublin, to which reference is made in the papers, there is this additional reason for doubting the value of quarantine at present, that the disease which, it is believed, travelled by land down the eastern coast from Belfast, is now present in every quarter of the city, and in most of the suburbs.

It appears to the Commissioners that what is most wanted in regard to small-pox is an effectual power of compelling the individual patient to go to hospital, and a power of detention until the danger of spreading the contagion has ceased.

The file of papers is returned herewith.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Thomas H. Burke, esq., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

No. 14.—LETTER from the LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT—referred to the COMMISSIONERS for their OBSERVATIONS.

Local Government Board, Whitehall, S.W.

SIR,

10th January, 1872.

I am directed by the Local Government Board to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 6th instant, in which, by direction of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, you transmit to the Board a copy of a letter from the Town Clerk of Cork, reporting the existence of small-pox at Newport (South Wales) and the danger of its propagation by colliers arriving thence in Cork Harbour, and suggesting also that the quarantine laws be enforced and applicable to all vessels from Newport. The attention of the Board is further drawn to the fact that small-pox prevails to an alarming extent in Dublin, and that grave apprehensions are entertained as to the aggravation of the disease by the expected arrival of a fleet of colliers now weather-bound in England.

I am directed to state that the Board have considered the suggestions in your letter, but they desire to point out that neither the Quarantine Act nor the 52nd section of the 29 and 30 Vic., cap. 90, referred to by you, has ever been applied to small-pox or any other current contagious disease in the United Kingdom, neither would it be practicable, as the Board are advised, to issue under the above quoted section of the Act any general regulations applying to coasting vessels, which should be capable of satisfactorily meeting the danger to which your letter refers.

It appears to the Board that the only practicable method of dealing with the evil to which attention has been directed is the plan of local action, under section 29 of the Sanitary Act, 1866, and they would, therefore, desire that the attention of the Lord Lieutenant should be directed to the provisions of this section. The Act is the same as that referred to in your letter.

The Board consider that the prompt provision of ample hospital accommodation for small-pox cases at each threatened port is the first thing to be attended to, as no regulation can be conceived to be operative at any port which does not presuppose the existence of such accommodation.

The Board think it right to direct the attention of His Excellency to section 68 of the 29 and 30 Vic., cap. 90, which provides that all powers relating to the execution of the Act, and by the Act vested in the Privy Council in England shall, with regard to the execution of the Act in Ireland in all cases not therein expressly provided for, be vested in the Lord Lieutenant in Council in Ireland.

I am, &c.,

JOHN LAMBERT, Secretary.

To T. H. Burke, esq., &c.,
Dublin Castle, Dublin.

No. 15.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER
SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

SIR,
Poor Law Commission Office, Duhlin,
13th January, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland return to you herewith the letter from the Local Government Board, referred to them, for any observations they might wish to make thereon on the subject of a suggestion made by the Mayor of Cork that the quarantine laws be enforced and made applicable to all vessels from Newport (South Wales), which is stated to be very much affected with small-pox.

The only observation which the Commissioners wish to make upon the letter relates to the paragraph in which the attention of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant is directed to the 29th section of the Sanitary Act, 1866.

That section empowers a nuisance authority, with the sanction of the Lord Lieutenant in Council, "to lay down rules for the removal to any hospital, to which such authority is entitled to remove patients, and for keeping in hospital so long as may be necessary persons brought within their district by any ship or boat who are infected with any dangerous and infectious disorder."

The Commissioners are not aware whether this section has any practical operation in England, but in Ireland generally the treatment of infectious diseases in hospital is conducted by the Poor Law Boards, who are not usually the nuisance authority in seaport towns, and it would not be expedient that this function should be assumed by the nuisance authority in such places.

The city of Dublin is exceptional in this respect; there are in addition to Poor Law Hospitals, many hospitals supported by parliamentary grant, by private subscriptions, or otherwise, which are not under the control of any Poor Law authority; but even in regard to these the Corporation, which is the nuisance authority in Dublin, is not entitled, so far as the Commissioners are aware, to remove patients to hospital, and probably is not exercising any such authority at present.

If, however, the Corporation should by arrangement with any of the Dublin hospitals, not being Poor Law hospitals, entitle themselves to remove patients to such hospitals, it would then be in a situation to "lay down rules" under section 29 of the Sanitary Act.

With regard to the paragraph of the letter of the Local Government Board, in which the prompt provision of ample hospital accommodation is recommended, the Commissioners desire to assure his Excellency that the necessary steps to provide sufficient accommodation for small-pox patients on the outbreak of that disease in any Union are taken by them from time to time as occasion demands. The Guardians of Unions in Ireland are well acquainted with their duties in this respect, and have generally evinced great readiness in promptly meeting every emergency of the kind referred to.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To T. H. Burke, esq., &c.,
Duhlin Castle.

III.—CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT OF REMOVALS FROM PLACES IN ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND WHERE SMALL-POX PREVAILS TO IRELAND, AND AS TO THE REMOVAL OF TRAMPS FROM LIVERPOOL.

No. 1.—LETTER from the HOME OFFICE to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT—referred to the COMMISSIONERS for their information.

Sir,

Whitehall, 21st March, 1871.

I am directed by Mr. Secretary Bruce to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th instant, transmitting a copy of a letter from the Irish Poor Law Commissioners as to the suspension of the removal of Irish paupers from Great Britain to Ireland during the prevalence of small-pox in those places from which such removals most frequently take place;* and I am to inform you that Mr. Bruce has communicated with the Poor Law Board upon the subject, and to transmit to you, herewith, to be laid before the Lord Lieutenant, a copy of their reply to his communication.

I am, &c., &c.,

HENRY WINTERBOTHAM.

T. H. Burke, esq., &c., &c.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

LETTER from the POOR LAW BOARD in ENGLAND to the SECRETARY OF STATE for the HOME DEPARTMENT.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
17th March, 1871.

Sir,
I am directed by the Poor Law Board to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th instant, in which, by direction of Mr. Secretary Bruce, you transmit a communication from the Irish Poor Law Commissioners suggesting the suspension of the removal of poor persons to Ireland during the present prevalence of small-pox in those places from which such removals frequently take place, and you request the opinion of the Board upon the proposal.

In reply the Board direct me to explain that they do not possess any power which enables them to suspend the removal of poor persons from England to Ireland. They are, however, disposed to consider that, having regard to the prevalence at the present time of small-pox in some of the principal unions and towns from which such removals most frequently take place, it might be prudent if the authorities were to abstain at present from effecting such removals.

The Board will accordingly bring the subject under the notice of the several Boards of Guardians of such places.

As regards removals from Glasgow Mr. Secretary Bruce is, no doubt, aware that any communication upon the subject to the authorities of that place should be made by the Board of Supervision in Scotland.

The enclosures which accompanied your letter are returned herewith.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed), JOHN HINCHIN, Secretary.

The Hon. A. F. O. Liddell, &c., &c.,
Home Office, Whitehall.

* See Annual Report for 1871, page 135.

No. 2.—LETTER from the HOME OFFICE to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT—referred to the COMMISSIONERS for their information.

SIR,

Whitehall, 29th March, 1871.

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 25th instant, and with reference to the communication from this department of the 21st instant, I am directed by Mr. Secretary Bruce to transmit to you, to be laid before his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the accompanying copy of the reply which has been received from the Board of Supervision, together with the enclosure contained therein, relative to the proposal of the Irish Poor Law Commissioners to suspend the removal of poor persons to Ireland from Great Britain during the prevalence of small-pox.

I am, &c.,

A. F. O. LIDDELL.

T. H. Burke, esq., Irish Office.

ENCLOSURES in foregoing LETTER.

(a.)—LETTER from the BOARD OF SUPERVISION to the HOME OFFICE.

SIR,

Board of Supervision, Edinburgh,
27th March, 1871.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st instant transmitting a copy of a letter from the Irish Poor Law Commissioners, which suggests the suspension of the removal of poor persons to Ireland from Great Britain during the prevalence of small-pox in those places from which such removals most frequently take place, and requesting the opinion of the Board of Supervision thereon, with special reference to the Port of Glasgow.

I am directed by the Board of Supervision to state, for the information of Mr. Secretary Bruce, that they are of opinion that they have no power to suspend the removal of poor persons from Scotland to Ireland, the power of removal being vested by statute in the Parochial Boards exclusively. But as the exercise of that power is left to the discretion of the Parochial Boards, the Board have no doubt that any recommendation which might be made upon the subject by the Home Secretary or the Board of Supervision would receive their attentive consideration. If such a recommendation should be made, it would probably be equitable and advisable to intimate that the cost of maintaining in Scotland those paupers against whom warrants of removal are obtained, and who are not removed, will be defrayed by the Irish Government during the period of suspension.

I am, however, directed to state further that it does not appear to the Board that the suspension suggested by the Irish Poor Law Commissioners would be of any appreciable value unless it were accompanied by a total cessation of intercourse between Great Britain and Ireland, the liability of paupers to contract and convey the disease of small-pox not being greater than that of the ordinary population of the country.

With reference to the port of Glasgow in particular, the Board have to state that small-pox has not yet prevailed in the city of Glasgow to any alarming or serious extent, and the local authority there has all along taken active measures of a precautionary and preventive nature regarding it. In order to furnish Mr. Secretary Bruce with the most recent information upon this subject, the Board communicated on the 23rd instant with Dr. Gairdner, the Medical Officer in Glasgow under the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1867; and I am directed to transmit herewith a copy of the reply, dated the 24th instant, from Dr. Dunlop, the Assistant Medical Officer. It will be observed from Dr. Dunlop's letter that the total number of deaths from small-pox in Glasgow from November last to the 24th instant, has been only 77, or about one in every 5,128 of the popu-

lation according to the census of 1861; whereas the returns of the Registrar-General of England show a total of 2,003 deaths from small-pox in London from the week ending 17th January to the week ending 18th March (both inclusive), or about one in every 1,400 of the population according to the census of 1861.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed) JOHN SKELTON, Secretary.

Henry Winterbotham, esq.,
Home Office, Whitehall, London.

(b)—LETTER from the MEDICAL OFFICER in GLASGOW under the Public Health Act to the BOARD of SUPERVISION.

Sanitary Department Chambers,

1, Montrose-street, Glasgow,

24th March, 1871.

Sir,

I am directed by Dr. Gairdner to acknowledge receipt of your note of 23rd instant, requesting information in regard to the epidemic of small-pox; and in reply, I take the liberty of enclosing the following extract from the Medical Report of the Officer of Health, submitted to the Health Committee of the Police Board at its meeting on Monday last.

"During the fortnight ending Saturday, the 18th current, there were reported 74 cases of small-pox, as against 120 in the previous two weeks; and to-day there are 124 cases of small-pox under hospital treatment, and 22 treated at home—in all, 146. Of the 124 cases of small-pox in hospital, 82 were vaccinated and 42 unvaccinated.

"Since the month of November last, when the epidemic may be said to have commenced, till the end of February, 328 cases of small-pox and 77 deaths were known to this department; but, as every death from small-pox is known to us, and every recovery from the same disease is not known, it would follow that a calculation of the mortality from small-pox in the city based upon these figures would be fallacious. Taking, however, the rate of the mortality in the small-pox wards of the Fever Hospital, Parliamentary Road, which is between 12 and 13 per cent., or 1 in 8 or 1 in 7, as the general rate over the city, then these 77 deaths represent at least 600 cases of small-pox.

"From information derived from Dr. Russell, it is observed that during January and February there were 157 cases of small-pox admitted into the Parliamentary Road Hospital, and of these, sixty-nine were unvaccinated and nineteen died (27·5 per cent.), and eighty-eight were vaccinated and three died (3·4 per cent.). Of these vaccinated persons who died, all were adult males—one aged 24, with two very imperfect vaccine marks; one aged 27, with one good vaccine mark; and one aged 32, with a distinct but indifferent mark.

"The vaccination stations of the Board have now been in operation for two weeks, and during that time 2,115 persons have had their arms, &c., carefully examined; and of these, 310 have been vaccinated, 160 being children, 150 being adults, young men and women. The house to house visitation in infected localities, and in tenements where an unvaccinated population may be expected to be found, is being attended with considerable success, many having no objections to submit to the operation when it is brought without any trouble and expense to them—to their very homes."

It may be mentioned in conclusion that to prevent the spread of small-pox among seamen at the harbour, arrangements are being made, with consent of the local marine board, for the re-vaccination of all applicants at the port of Glasgow.

I am, &c.,

(Signed) JAMES DUNLOP, M.D.,
Assistant Medical Officer.

To John Skelton, esq., Secretary,
Board of Supervision.

No. 3.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the CHIEF SECRETARY
of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

My Lord,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
28th November, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state, for the information of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, that they have received a copy of a warrant for the removal of a man named Matthew M'Guire from the parish of Liverpool to the Cavan Union, together with replies to queries respecting the circumstances under which the pauper was removed; and from which it appears that the pauper had resided for five or six years in London, and had come as a tramp to Liverpool; that he was relieved for two days in Liverpool Workhouse previously to being sent to Ireland; and he states that he designedly sought relief in Liverpool in order to get sent to Ireland.

The Commissioners, in the Appendix to their last Annual Report, adverted to the practice which existed in Liverpool of persons applying for relief to the authorities there for the purpose of getting sent to Ireland, and being detained in the Workhouse until there is a hatch of them to be sent over to any particular place, and probably this is one of such cases.*

The Commissioners at the same time wish to state that they entertain no doubt that this practice of the Liverpool authorities has been one of the many sources from which the small-pox contagion in Ireland proceeded, two instances at least having come to their knowledge of the disease having been imported in this way, and both at a time when Ireland was comparatively free from it.

By order,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

The Marquis of Hartington, M.P., &c.,
Duhlin Castle.

No. 4.—LETTER from the HOME OFFICE to the UNDER SECRETARY
of the LORD LIEUTENANT, referred to the COMMISSIONERS for
their information.

SIR,
Whitehall, 12th January, 1872.

With reference to your letter of the 2nd ultimo, I am directed by Mr. Secretary Bruce to transmit to you herewith, to be laid before the Lord Lieutenant, the enclosed copy of a letter which has been addressed to the Local Government Board by the Clerk to the Select Vestry of the Parish of Liverpool, with reference to the possible danger of spreading the contagion of small-pox alleged to exist by the Irish Poor Law Board, owing to the removal from that parish of Irish paupers back to Ireland.

I am, &c.,

A. F. O. LIDDELL.

To the Under Secretary, Duhlin Castle.

*See Annual Report for 1871, page 23.

ENCLOSURE in No. 4.—LETTER from the SELECT VESTRY of the PARISH of LIVERPOOL to the LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

My LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

Liverpool, 22nd December, 1871.

I am instructed by the Select Vestry of this parish to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 12th instant, relative to the removal from this parish to the Cavan Union of a pauper named Matthew McGuire.

This man was admitted to the vagrant department of the Workhouse upon the 19th October last, his statement then being that he had been in Liverpool but one day. He was, in consequence of his age (he being entered as 65 years old), relieved from the labour task ordinarily required from vagrants, and was discharged from the department in the usual way. He applied for re-admission, and was admitted upon the 20th October, and again upon the 22nd, the 23rd, and the 24th days of the same month. Upon his discharge from the vagrant wards upon the morning of the 25th October, he applied for relief to the Relieving Officer; and as it was clear that the man was destitute and not able-bodied, he was offered an order for the Workhouse. This he accepted, and entered the house on the same day. He was located in the aged men's division of the Workhouse, where he remained until the 13th November, the day upon which he was removed to Ireland. It will thus be seen that his chargeability extended over a period of twenty-six days instead of two days, as alleged. The Select Vestry are quite at a loss to know the grounds upon which this man's removal can be complained of. At first sight it seems that the complaint is founded upon the statement that the removal was effected only two days after he first became chargeable, but from a subsequent passage in the Commissioners' letter the practice of "detaining paupers in the Workhouse until there is a hatch of them to be sent over to any particular place" appears to be the subject of complaint.

That Irish paupers very frequently come to Liverpool for the express purpose of being removed to Ireland, the Select Vestry know only too well; and if the Poor Law Commissioners of Ireland will state how this is to be prevented, or how, when they have come, such paupers are to be dealt with other than by sending them home or keeping them altogether, the Select Vestry will gratefully accept the information.

As regards the alleged detention of paupers, it is only necessary to state that the Select Vestry have no power to detain any pauper for the purpose stated.

It is true that the removal of a pauper is sometimes delayed in order that it may be seen if other cases arise requiring removal to the same place; but this, the Select Vestry submit, is perfectly justifiable.

Through the reiterated complaints of the Irish authorities, the law was so altered as to require that in all cases paupers removed should be accompanied to their place of destination by an officer; and it has consequently become necessary, either that the number of removing officers should be largely increased, or that the work should be so regulated as that the one journey of the officer should be utilized to the fullest extent. The Select Vestry have chosen to adopt the latter alternative, and they fail to see that the course they have taken affords any reasonable ground of complaint to the Irish authorities.

The statement that the action of the Liverpool authorities has conduced to the spread of small-pox in Ireland, the Select Vestry feel to be particularly ungracious, and they will be glad to be furnished with the particulars of the "two instances" referred to by the Commissioners. The fact is that during the prevalence of the small-pox epidemic in Liverpool, the Select Vestry voluntarily suspended removals to Ireland upon this very account. From the 23rd March last (the date of the resolution of suspension) to the 20th October (when the suspension was removed) no Irish removals were made from this parish; and during the period named no fewer than 440 cases (i.e., families) were admitted to the Workhouse as Irish removable poor, many of which are still chargeable. Since the resumption of the removals thirty-three cases have been removed, and the average period of chargeability previous to removal has, on these cases, been fifty-seven days.

The Select Vestry cannot but consider that the complaint in this case, as well as other complaints equally unreasonable, forms part of a systemized plan for arousing a feeling against these removals with the evident object of inducing Parliament to withdraw the powers now possessed by English and Scotch Boards

of Guardians—powers which it is believed it is, for the protection of English ratepayers, absolutely necessary to retain.

Two accidental facts may be stated in connexion with this particular case. One is that Maguire expressed no wish here to be removed to Cavan—in fact, he objected to go there, as he wanted to go to Dublin; the other is that during the small-pox epidemic, no case of small-pox occurred in the Workhouse itself, nor was a single case treated in the Workhouse, the Small-pox Hospitals being, as the Board are aware, some miles distant from the Workhouse.

I have, &c.,

(Signed),

H. J. HAGGER.

The Local Government Board,
Whitehall, London.

For the purposes of future reference, it is thought to be desirable to direct attention here to a letter of even date herewith, respecting the case of Mary Keating.*

No. 5.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Sir,

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
20th March, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland return to you herewith the file of papers referred to them, relating to the case of Matthew McGuire, a person 65 years of age, who after five or six years residence in London, made his way as a tramp to Liverpool and applied there for relief, as he states, for the purpose of being removed to Ireland.

This case was brought under the notice of His Excellency by the Commissioners in their letter of the 28th November, 1871, and there appears to have been some misapprehension in dealing with it as a complaint against the Select Vestry of Liverpool, and especially on the part of the Select Vestry in replying to it as a complaint preferred against them in regard to their administration of the English law of removal to Ireland.

It is necessary, in order to make the matter clear, to refer to events which occurred some time since. On the 3rd December, 1869, a person named Joseph Wilson, was received into the Fever Hospital of Belfast Workhouse. The account which he gave of himself was, that he had tramped from Dublin to Belfast, having slept night after night at four Workhouses in succession of the following unions, Balrothery, Drogheda, Dundalk, and Newry; arriving at Belfast on the 25th November. Falling ill, he applied to the Relieving Officer on the 1st December following, for admission to the Workhouse Hospital, and was admitted on the 3rd December with an eruption on him, pronounced at once to be small-pox. This was precisely 15 days after he had left Liverpool for Dublin. When questioned as to where and how he took the contagion of small-pox, he could not assign any probable way of having caught it, except that he had slept in Liverpool Workhouse the night before he came over to Dublin, where he arrived on the 18th November, and after sleeping a night there in a lodging-house, resumed his journey on tramp to Belfast. There was no small-pox in Dublin at this time.

This was the first case of small-pox which had occurred at Belfast for many months, that town as well as the rest of Ireland possessing at that time almost total immunity from the disease.

Shortly after Wilson's case, two other cases broke out in the Belfast

* See No. 11, page 65.

Workhouse, and were treated in the Fever Hospital, and the first spread of small-pox, as an epidemic in Belfast, from which town it has never since been absent, was occasioned at this time by convalescent patients from the Workhouse Fever Hospital, carrying the disease with them into the town.

Notwithstanding the out-break at Belfast, and its subsequent spread to Dundalk and Drogheda, the rest of Ireland, including Dublin, continued free from small-pox during the year 1870, with the exception of certain cases directly traceable to importation, the number of deaths in that year not having exceeded in the whole 32. But early in 1871 there was reason to apprehend, from the increasing number of cases imported, the approach of that epidemic which caused no less than 647 deaths in that year, and is at this time causing a very much greater annual rate of mortality. The known cases of imported small-pox from Liverpool in the year 1870, and the first half of 1871, were 38, and from Glasgow in the same period, 17.

On the 9th February, 1871, the Select Vestry of Liverpool applied for, and obtained an order, removing John Green, a youth of 18, then an inmate for seven days of the Brownlow Hill Workhouse, to Dublin. He arrived in charge of an officer on the 10th February, and slept that night in North Dublin Workhouse, and the next three successive nights he slept in the Workhouses of Balrothery, Drogheda, and Ardee Unions. In the last he became ill, and broke out in small-pox on the 17th February, just 14 days after the time when he became an inmate of Liverpool Workhouse.

Upon this case the Commissioners founded their representation to His Excellency of the 4th March, 1871, recommending that if practicable, a suspension of removal orders from Great Britain to Ireland should be effected in towns such as London, Liverpool, and Glasgow, in which small-pox was then epidemic, and from which removals to Ireland were very frequently taking place. By His Excellency's command this proposal was communicated, through the Home Department, to the Local Government Board in England, and to the Board of Supervision in Scotland. By a letter of the Local Government Board, dated 17th March, the Commissioners were apprised that the Local Government Board considered that it had no authority to effect the arrangement in question, but they would suggest the expediency of suspending the removals to the Boards of Guardians of the places referred to.

No further communication was made to the Commissioners on this subject, nor were they made aware in any way that the Select Vestry of Liverpool had adopted, on the 23rd March following, the suggestion, and had suspended the removal of paupers to Ireland from that date to the 20th October, when the suspension was removed.

On the 15th November following, Matthew Maguire was removed under warrant from Liverpool to Cavan, to which place, having been born there, he was properly removable; and the representation of this case to the notice of His Excellency had no reference to the propriety of his removal, or the manner in which he was removed, but was sent as an additional example and proof of what was then only imperfectly known in this country, namely, that an extensive practice prevailed, of Irish persons in a low rank of life in England, coming to Liverpool, and applying for relief there in order to obtain by legal process of removal conveyance to Ireland without cost to themselves.

In the letter of the Select Vestry, the great frequency of these cases is admitted, and the question is asked, how they can be prevented, and how, when they have come to Liverpool, such persons are to be dealt

with otherwise than by sending them home or keeping them altogether. The answer to this question appears to be, that if the system of removal did not exist no persons would come to Liverpool and seek relief there in order to be conveyed free of expense to Ireland; so clear it is that the existence of the law of the removal itself is the cause of this great inconvenience to the Poor Law Authorities at Liverpool, and of this part of the danger of contagious diseases, such as cholera and small-pox, and probably also typhus-fever, being conveyed from Liverpool to Ireland. The Commissioners have now to repeat, that there was nothing to complain of in this particular case of removal from Liverpool, and that the attention of His Excellency was called to it merely as an additional instance of a system of practice, dangerous to this country, arising out of the Removal Law.

It does not appear desirable that any further correspondence should take place with the Liverpool Vestry on this matter. Whatever may be necessary for their vindication in the case, will be effected by the publication of their letter, and of this reply to it, in the appendix to the Annual Report of the Commissioners to His Excellency, which is now in course of preparation.

By Order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To T. H. Burke, esq.,
Dublin Castle.

No. 6.—EXTRACT from MINUTES of PROCEEDINGS of the BOARD of GUARDIANS of SOUTH DUBLIN UNION, on Thursday 9th NOVEMBER, 1871.

MASTER'S REPORT.

That on yesterday morning, at 9 a.m., he admitted on Removal Warrant from Brownlow Hill Workhouse, a woman named Mary Keating, who was near her confinement, and who stated to the Doctor at Brownlow Hill Workhouse, "she did not know the moment she would be confined." She appeared to be in labour when presented at the gate, and was confined in six hours after her admission.

Referred to Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 7.—WARRANT of REMOVAL.

To the Select Vestry of the Parish of Liverpool, in the Borough of Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster, being the Guardians of the Poor of the said Parish, and to the Guardians of the Poor of the South Dublin Union, in the County of Dublin in Ireland.

Borough of Liverpool, to wit.

At a petty session of Her Majesty's justices of the peace for the borough of Liverpool, holden in and for the said borough, at the police court, in the said borough, on the 7th day of November, 1871, before us, the undersigned, Her Majesty's justices of the peace for the said borough.

Whereas complaint is now made by the Select Vestry of the parish of Liverpool, in the borough of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, as Guardians of the Poor of the said parish, that Mary Keating hath become and is now chargeable to the said parish of Liverpool. And whereas the said Mary Keating having been brought before us, and application having been made to us in petty sessions assembled, by Edward Aris, an

officer of the said Select Vestry on their behalf, we have made due examination on oath, and find that the said Mary Keating is of the reputed age of twenty-nine years, and was born in Ireland, in the parish or townland of Rathfarnham, in the county of Dublin, now contained in the said union of South Dublin, and she hath not a settlement in England, and is not otherwise exempt from removal from the said parish of Liverpool; and we have seen the said Mary Keating, and are satisfied that she is in such a state of health as not to be liable to suffer bodily or mental injury by the removal to Ireland.

These are therefore to require you, the said Select Vestry of the said parish of Liverpool, as such Guardians as aforesaid, to cause the said Mary Keating to be safely conveyed to the said union of South Dublin, and to be delivered at the workhouse of such union.

Given under our hands and seals at the sessions aforesaid.

(Signed),

HENRY DUCKWORTH.

HENRY C. BELOE.

No. 8.—STATEMENT made by MARY KEATING in reply to inquiries on admission at the SOUTH DUBLIN WORKHOUSE.

Name of pauper removed—Mary Keating; aged twenty-nine.

1. Date of warrant or copy? (Send copy if received)?—7th November, 1871.
2. Date of embarkation?—7th November, 1871.
3. Name of the port at which the embarkation took place?—Liverpool.
4. How sent, as a deck passenger or otherwise?—Second cabin.
5. When and by whom delivered at the workhouse?—8th November, 1871; Edward Aris, Assistant Removing Officer.
6. How long is it since the pauper left Ireland?—Ten weeks.
7. Where was the pauper born in Ireland? (Giving, if possible, the name of the parish, and the name of the townland.)—Rathfarnham, county Dublin, South Dublin Union.
8. What was the pauper's last place of residence in Ireland? (Giving, if possible, the name of the parish, and the name of the townland.)—Sandymount-strand, Dublin, South Dublin Union.
9. How long had the pauper resided in such place before leaving Ireland?—Five years.
10. Where was the pauper residing in England or Scotland when she became chargeable? (Give the name of the union, and also of the parish or township, if possible.)—5, Halbert-street, Park-road, Brownlow-hill Workhouse.
11. How long had she resided there?—Four weeks.
12. If less than three years, give as accurately as possible the particulars of previous residence for at least three years, stating in all cases, if possible, the name of the union, and of the parish or township.—Six weeks in workhouse.

Mary Keating states she went to the Brownlow Hill Workhouse about six weeks ago, as she believed she was near her confinement. On the morning of the 7th inst. she told the doctor that she was then ill, and asked that she would not be removed, as she could not tell the moment she would be confined. She was in labour when she arrived, and was confined in six hours after her admission.

No. 9.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of GUARDIANS.

SIR,

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
15th November, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have had before them the minute of the Board of Guardians of South Dublin Union of the 9th inst., referring to them the report of the master of the workhouse, relating to the admission on the 8th inst. of a woman named Mary Keating on her removal from Liverpool Workhouse, the woman appearing to be in labour when presented at the gate, and having been confined in six hours after her admission.

The Commissioners have also had before them a copy of the Warrant of Removal, dated the 7th inst., and of the statement made by Mary Keating on her admission to the South Dublin Workhouse, in which she states that on the morning of the 7th instant (the day on which the Removal Warrant was obtained, and the removal effected), she told the doctor that she was then ill, and asked that she might not be removed, as she could not tell the moment she would be confined.

In reference to this case, the Commissioners have to observe that the woman's statement that she believed herself to be on the eve of her confinement at the time of removal, and that she stated herself to be so to the Medical Officer of Liverpool, is corroborated by the subsequent fact that she was actually in labour when presented at the gate of the workhouse, and assuming her statement to be correct, she ought not to have been removed by the authorities at Liverpool until after her confinement.

The Commissioners will bring the case, like other previous cases, under the notice of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of South Dublin Union.

No. 10.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

SIR,

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
16th November, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have the honour to forward, for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the accompanying copy of papers relating to the case of a poor woman named Mary Keating, aged 29 years, who was removed under warrant, dated the 7th inst., from the parish of Liverpool to the workhouse of South Dublin Union, where she arrived on the 8th inst., being then in labour, and where she gave birth to a child in six hours after her admission.

The object of the Commissioners in submitting this case to His Excellency is that the Liverpool authorities may be afforded an opportunity of explanation.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Under Secretary of His Excellency the
Lord Lieutenant, Dublin Castle,

No. 11.—LETTER from the HOME OFFICE to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT, referred to the COMMISSIONERS for their information.

Sir,

Whitehall, 13th January, 1872.

With reference to your letter of the 21st November last, I am directed by Mr. Secretary Bruce to transmit to you herewith, as received from the Local Government Board, the accompanying copy of a letter, together with enclosures, from the Select Vestry of the parish of Liverpool, on the subject of the removal of Mary Keating from that parish to the South Dublin Union. And I am to request that you will lay the same before the Lord Lieutenant for His Excellency's directions thereon.

I am, &c.,

A. F. O. LIDDELL.

The Under Secretary, Dublin Castle.

ENCLOSURE in No. 11.—LETTER from the SELECT VESTRY of LIVERPOOL to the LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

Liverpool, 22nd December, 1871.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I am directed by the Select Vestry of this parish to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 4th instant relative to the removal, upon the 7th ultmo, from this parish to the South Dublin Union, of a pauper named Mary Keating.

I now beg to forward to you herewith the following documents, namely:—

1. Copy statement of pauper at her preliminary examination.
2. Copy of pauper's examination before the magistrates.
3. Copy statement made by Mary E. Platt, a pauper inmate of the Brownlow Hill Workhouse.
4. Statement of two officers present in court during pauper's examination.
5. Copy statement of the officer who effected the removal.
6. Copy statement of Medical Officer.

From these statements it appears clear that whatever Keating may now say to the contrary, she, whilst in Liverpool, did not believe her delivery to be so imminent as it afterwards proved to be, and the Select Vestry in corroborating of this view would simply direct attention to the statement made to two persons by the pauper, that if removed she would return to this neighbourhood, in order that her confinement might not take place in Dublin. The Select Vestry consider that this view quite agrees with the probabilities of the case, as they consider it in the highest degree improbable that their officers would remove a woman whose delivery was expected to take place in the course of a few hours, or even in the course of a day or two. To take no higher ground, they are confident that the trouble and annoyance that such an event as the delivery of a woman after a passage would cause to the officer making the removal, and the outcry against English "harshness" which would in that case inevitably follow, would be sufficient to prevent a removal being made under such circumstances.

Referring to the final paragraph of the Commissioners' letter, the Select Vestry have only to observe that the fact is that Irish Boards of Guardians are determined, so long as any removals of Irish poor are made, to represent themselves as injured parties in the matter, with the evident object by their pernicious complaints of inducing Parliament to repeal the existing law. Under these circumstances the Select Vestry think it only right to take this opportunity of pointing out to you that Liverpool has grievances in connexion with the chargeability of Irish poor far greater in extent than anything they have heard of as existing elsewhere. They content themselves upon the present occasion by naming two—first, there is the practice, of which the case of Mary Keating is

an instance of pregnant women coming over here from Ireland for the express purpose of being confined here. During the present year thirty-three women (twenty-one of them admitting themselves to be single) have been received into the workhouse as Irish removable cases, and have been confined within a short period of their admission—twenty-two of them within twenty-four hours. Many of these women avowed their object in coming to Liverpool to be as bere stated.

Another instance may be cited in the action of certain charitable organizations, notably, that of the Mendicity Societies of Dublin and other large towns. These frequently pay for the passage to Liverpool of persons in pauper circumstances, who become chargeable within a very short time of their arrival. It is often alleged, and the Select Vestry believe it to be true, though it is necessarily very difficult of proof that guardians and their officers do not scruple to avail themselves occasionally of these agencies to send upon one pretext or another Irish paupers to this country.

One such instance occurred during the present year in the case of this very South Dublin Union, and I am instructed to send to you herewith copy letter addressed to the Clerk to the Guardians upon that occasion. To that letter no reply has been received. The woman, in that case as a deserted woman, was irremovable, and she remained for nearly five months chargeable to the parish.

As regards the general question the Select Vestry wish to add that it is their desire that their officers should upon all occasions act strictly within the law bearing upon this matter, and should carry out its provisions with all reasonable regard for the feelings of the paupers. In proof of this they may state that there are constantly upon the Relief lists, both indoor and outdoor, of the parish families of removable Irish poor, whom there is no attempt made to remove because from special circumstances it is thought that the removal would press with great and peculiar hardship upon the families concerned.

I have the honour to be, my lords and gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) H. J. HAGGER.

For the purposes of future reference it is thought desirable to direct attention to another letter of even date herewith respecting the case of Matthew Maguire.*

The Local Government Board, Whitehall, London.

STATEMENTS referred to in foregoing LETTER.

1.—EXAMINATION of the undesignated PAUPER, taken the 19th day of October, 1871.

Mary Keating, a servant, aged twenty-nine, single, pregnant, says—I was born at Rathfarnham; I believe that I was christened at the Roman Catholic Chapel; I went to live in Dublin with my parents when I was very young, and when about fifteen I went to service and continued earning my living in various situations in various families in Dublin until I left it, and came to Liverpool about five weeks ago, and came to the sheds and then into the Workhouse. I should think my parents were born in Dublin; they were both Irish.

I came over here to be confined, because I did not want my people to know the state I was in.

I do not want to be sent back to Dublin. If I am sent I will come back again.

2.—BOROUGH of LIVERPOOL, to wit,

The examination of Mary Keating, taken on oath before us, the undersigned, two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in and for the said borough of Liverpool in Petty Sessions assembled this 7th day of November in the year of

* See No. 4, page 59.

our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, who on her oath saith that she hath become and is now chargeable to the parish of Liverpool in the said borough; that according to the best of her knowledge and belief she is about twenty-nine years of age, and was born in Ireland, in the parish or townland of Rathfarnham, in the county of Dublin, now contained in the South Dublin Union, in the county of Dublin, in Ireland aforesaid; that she hath not a settlement in England, and is not otherwise exempt from removal from the said parish of Liverpool, and that the said Mary Keating is in such a state of health as not to be liable to suffer any bodily or mental injury by removal to Ireland.

her
MARY + KEATING
mark.

Sworn the day and year first above written before us at Liverpool in the said borough.

(Signed), HENRY DUCKWORTH.
 HENRY C. BELOE.

3.—STATEMENT of MARY ELLEN PLATT

Says—I remember Mary Keating; she was in the class division; it is about ten weeks since she first came in; she was in about two weeks before I took much notice of her; she sat alongside of me; she told me she left her situation in Dublin to come to Liverpool, because she was pregnant, and she did not want to be confined in Dublin for fear of her parents getting to know the state she was in; she said her father and mother were living in Dublin, and that she had lived all her life in Dublin, and that was her native place; she also told me that she was about two months off her time; when she went out the first time, she was only out two days; a few days after she came in the second time she told me she was going to be passed home to Ireland, and that the pass-master asked her how far she was off her time, and that she told him about five weeks; the day she went to the Court she said, if she had known she would have gone out to prevent them sending her home; she said she would go to Ireland, and come back again and go to Toxteth Park Workhouse to be confined; she said when she got to Dublin she would try and find the father of her child, and get money from him to bring her back.

(Signed), MARY ELLEN PLATT.

18th December, 1871.

4.—STATEMENT of TWO OFFICERS.

We, the undersigned, James Alexander M'Innes and Edward Aris, officers in the employ of the select vestry of the parish of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, hereby severally and respectively declare that on the 7th day of November last, complaint was made to Henry Duckworth and Henry Christie Beloe, esquires, two of Her Majesty's justices of the peace in and for the borough of Liverpool, by the said select vestry of the chargeability to the said parish of one Mary Keating, and application was made to the said justices for an order for her removal to Ireland. That we, the said James Alexander M'Innes and Edward Aris were present when the said Mary Keating was examined by the said justices touching such removal. That the whole of her examination (copy of which is hereto annexed) was carefully and distinctly read over to her by Peter Lucas Stubbs, one of the clerks to the said justices, and that she appeared perfectly to understand the same. After the same had been read over to her she was asked by Mr. Stubbs, "Is it true?" she answered "Yes," and was thereupon sworn thereto.

Dated this 18th day of November, 1871.

(Signed), JAMES ALEXANDER M'INNES,
 EDWARD ARIS.

5.—STATEMENT of the OFFICER who effected the REMOVAL.

I, the undersigned, Edward Aris, an officer in the employ of the select vestry of the parish of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, hereby declare that on the 7th day of November last I removed Mary Keating, the person referred to in the order made by Henry Duckworth and Henry Christie Beloe, esquires, two of Her Majesty's justices of the peace for the borough of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, bearing date the 7th day of November last, from the Liverpool Workhouse to the South Dublin Union Workhouse, in Ireland. That I took her in a car from the Liverpool Workhouse to the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company's steamer, then lying in the Clarence Dock, on board of which she was provided with a cabin passage; that I saw her several times during the passage to Ireland, and that although she complained of sea sickness, she made no other complaint. That immediately on landing at Dublin, I took her to the workhouse of the South Dublin Union in a covered car. That at the time I removed her from the Liverpool Workhouse, I had no idea that she was near her confinement. That neither prior to her removal nor during the passage did the said Mary Keating state to me or in my hearing that she could not tell the moment she would be confined, or anything to that effect.

(Signed).

EDWARD ARIS.

16th December, 1871.

6.—STATEMENT OF MEDICAL OFFICER.

I, the undersigned, John Wilson Steele, doctor of medicine and Assistant Medical Officer of the Workhouse, Browall Hill, hereby declare that upon the 7th day of October last I examined Mary Keating, and considered her to be in a fit state of bodily health to undergo removal to Ireland; and I further declare that upon the occasion of my said examination, she, in reply to my question as to when she expected her delivery to take place, stated that she expected to be delivered in about a month from that time, but said she did not wish to go to Ireland, her reason being that she came over here to be confined in order to forego the shame of remaining at home in Ireland.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON STEELE, M.D.

21st December, 1871.
Copy LETTER to the GUARDIANS of the SOUTH DUBLIN UNION as to the case of MARGARET M'KENNA.

Sir,

Liverpool, 15th February, 1871.
Margaret M'Kenna.

I am instructed by the select vestry of this parish to inform you that this woman has become chargeable to the parish, and has made a statement which it is thought should, as a matter of courtesy, be communicated to your Board before other action (should it be thought desirable to proceed further) is taken in the matter.

Her statement in substance is that she was an inmate of the South Dublin Workhouse until the 6th instant; that upon that day, in pursuance of a former conversation she had had with the master of the Workhouse, Mr. John Hornett, she told him that she was ready to leave, he having previously promised to get her a pass to Liverpool from the Mendicity Society; that upon the evening of the 6th Mr. Cavan, Relieving Officer, took her from the Workhouse to the society's office, and after she had waited for some time, Mr. Cavan gave her a note which served as a passage ticket, and also gave her 2s. and a loaf. She arrived in Liverpool on Tuesday morning and became chargeable on Thursday.

The woman herself belongs to Ireland, and her husband, for whom, according to her statement, she came to look, also belongs to Ireland.

If this statement be correct, there can be no doubt that the woman has been irregularly removed to Liverpool, and that two of your officers have been cognizant of and have participated in the irregularity.

I am, &c.,
(Signed),

H. J. HAGGER

No. 12.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to Mr. ROBINSON, Poor Law Inspector.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
13th March, 1872.

SIR,

Referring to the case of Mary Keating, who was removed under warrant, dated 7th November last, from the parish of Liverpool to the Workhouse of South Dublin Union, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state that they wish to return the papers containing the explanation given by the select vestry of Liverpool regarding the case to the Chief Secretary's office, but before doing so they will be glad to receive the clerk's explanation as to the case of Margaret M'Kenna (which is referred to in the latter part of the letter from Mr. H. J. Hagger to the Local Government Board, dated the 22nd December last), both as to what is known by him regarding the particulars of that case, and whether the letter of the 15th February, 1871, was laid before the Board of Guardians, and if so, what was their action upon it.

The file of papers is forwarded to you herewith, and you will be good enough to return it with your report.

By order of the Commissioners,

E. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Henry Robinson, esq.,
Poor Law Inspector,
21, Cambridge-terrace, Kingstown.

No. 13.—REPORT from Mr. ROBINSON to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Kingstown, March 19, 1872.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 13th inst., in which you express a wish to receive an explanation from the Clerk of the South Dublin Union as to the case of a woman named Margaret M'Kenna (which is referred to in the latter part of the letter from Mr. H. T. Hagger to the Local Government Board, dated the 22nd of December last), both as to what is known by him regarding the particulars of that case, and whether the letter of the 15th February, 1871, was laid before the Board of Guardians, and if so, what was their action upon it.

I have had an interview with the Clerk of the Union and obtained an explanation in writing from him on the subject, together with reports from the assistant master of the Workhouse, and from Mr. Campbell, Relieving Officer, who probably is the person referred to in Mr. Hagger's letter as Mr. Cavan. Mr. Hornidge, who was Workhouse Master in February, 1871, and who is alluded to by Mr. Hagger as Mr. John Hornett, is not now alive.

From the documents forwarded to me by the clerk, which I enclose for your information, it appears that Margaret M'Kenna left the South Dublin Workhouse on the 14th of January, 1871, and not on the 6th of February, as stated by her in Liverpool, and consequently that more than three weeks elapsed between the time of her discharge from the South Dublin Workhouse and her application for relief in Liverpool.

Mr. Campbell denies having in any way assisted her to proceed to Liverpool.

The only excuse the Clerk of the Union can offer for omitting to lay Mr. Hagger's letter before the Board of Guardians, and to acknowledge its receipt is, that he gave the letter to the late Master of the Workhouse who did not return it, and that consequently the matter escaped his memory.

The papers forwarded to me with your communication of the 13th inst. are herewith returned.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

The Poor Law Commissioners,

HENRY ROBINSON.

ENCLOSURE in No. 13.

(a.)—LETTER from CLERK of SOUTH DUBLIN UNION to MR. ROBINSON.

South Dublin Union,
Clerk's Office, Board Room, James's-street,
16th day of March, 1872.

Sir,
With reference to the case of Margaret M'Kenan, on which you requested me to report, I beg leave to inform you that I have caused every inquiry in my power to be made, and now send you the annexed statements of the assistant master and relieving officer Campbell.

I have a distinct recollection of receiving Mr. Hagger's letter and handing it to Mr. Hornidge for explanation of the charges contained in it. I have made diligent and careful search for but cannot find the letter, nor do I find any entry of it on the minutes, and I can only account for this by the fact that the letter was never returned to me by Mr. Hornidge, and that, in consequence, the master unfortunately escaped my memory.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

Henry Robinson, esq.,
Poor Law Inspector.

GEORGE HEPBURN, Clerk of the Union.

(b.)—LETTER from MR. SULLIVAN, Assistant Master of the Workhouse.

Sir,
South Dublin Union,
16th March, 1872.

In reply to the annexed letter I have to state that there was no inmate of the name of Margaret M'Kenan discharged from the Workhouse on the 6th February, 1871, but a woman of that name, aged forty-five years, and who is described on the workhouse books as a widow, was discharged on the 14th January, 1871, having been an inmate from the 16th December, 1869; this is the only person of that name discharged during the months of January or February of that year. When leaving the Workhouse she gave as the address, she was going to 16, Liverpool-road. This would appear to contradict her statement that she went to the mendicity, accompanied by one of our relieving officers. I may mention that the committee of the Mendicity Institution entertain applications for the sending of poor people to their homes only on Tuesdays, and the 14th January, the day of her discharge from here, was on Saturday, so that if this be the same person, her application would not have been entertained till the 18th, that is four days after her discharge from the Workhouse.

The late master Mr. Hornidge never in any way to my knowledge assisted in the removal of inmates or persons who had been inmates to England or Scotland, nor was there any funds at his disposal for that purpose.

On the occasion when the correspondence took place on the subject, I distinctly recollect Mr. Hornidge and Mr. Campbell denying that they in any way assisted this woman in obtaining her passage to Liverpool.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

J. SULLIVAN, Assistant Master.

G. Hepburn, esq., Clerk of the Union.

(c.)—LETTER from MR. SAMUEL CAMPBELL, Relieving Officer.

16th March 1872.

SIR,

The only recollection I have of this woman Margaret McKeama is that about a year ago the late master, Mr. Hornidge, showed me a letter respecting her; the letter stated that he the late master sent her to Liverpool, and that I gave her a loaf of bread and 2s. in money, which both of us at the time denied, as I do now distinctly.

I never by any chance gave an inmate money on leaving this house, neither did I ever accompany any inmate from this house to procure a passage to Liverpool.

The following entry appears in my application and report-book under date 16th December, 1869:—Margaret McKeama, aged forty-five years, a widow, a charwoman, living at 45, James's-street, having a sore hand, was admitted provisionally on the above date by me.

SAMUEL J. CAMPBELL.

No. 14.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
21st March, 1872.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland return herewith the file of papers relating to the case of Mary Keating, a young single woman, nineteen years of age, who was brought from Liverpool, under warrant of removal, to the South Duhlin Workhouse, and was delivered of a full-grown child in six hours after her arrival.

She stated that she had been in service in Duhlin, and, becoming pregnant, had gone to Liverpool to be confined, so as to keep her disgrace from the knowledge of her friends; and that when it was proposed to remove her back to Dublin, she had told the authorities at Liverpool that she was expecting to be confined immediately.

The case was represented by the Commissioners to his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, expressly in order that the removing authorities at Liverpool might have the opportunity of giving an answer to these statements.

The select vestry of the parish of Liverpool, at whose instance the removal was ordered, and whose officers carried out the order, replied to the statements of Mary Keating by several depositions, which went to show that so far from stating at Liverpool that she was in expectation of immediate confinement, she told the officers and others that she was expecting that event in a month or five weeks; and that relying on this, they had taken steps for her removal without delay.

One of these depositions, made by Dr. Steele, the Medical Officer at Liverpool, states that Mary Keating made such a declaration to him

on the 7th October; and, as she was removed on the 7th November, this would so far support her story. But there is reason to suppose that the word "October" has been used in error for November, and that the young woman, whose object it was to be confined at Liverpool, deceived the officers as to the time when she was expecting it to take place.

The Commissioners would have willingly given publicity to this explanation at the time, but unfortunately it was conveyed in such a tone, accompanied by recrimination upon subjects having little or no connexion with the case of Mary Keating, that if it had been communicated at that time to the South Dublin Board, it would have probably resulted in a controversy neither relevant nor useful in any point of view.

The Select Vestry say that Liverpool has grievances in connexion with the chargeability of Irish poor, far greater in extent than anything they have heard of as existing elsewhere; and they complain, in the first place, that pregnant women come over from Ireland to be confined there, as exemplified in the case of Mary Keating. In the next place, they complain of the action of certain charitable organizations, and notably of the mendicity societies in Dublin and other large towns—paying the passage to Liverpool of persons in pauper circumstances, who become chargeable there in a short time after their arrival; and that Guardians and their officers do not scruple to avail themselves of these agencies to send upon one pretext or another paupers into England.

The example given in regard to this alleged practice is the case of Margaret McKenna, who appears to have stated to the authorities of Liverpool parish that she was an inmate of South Dublin Workhouse on the 6th February, 1871, the master of which, Mr. John Hornett, promised to get her a pass to Liverpool from the Mendicity Society, and that on the evening of the 6th February Mr. Cavan, Relieving Officer, took her from the Workhouse to the society's office, and gave her there a passage ticket, with 2s. and a loaf. She was admitted to the Liverpool Workhouse on the 9th February, and she stated that both herself and her husband, whom she went to England to look for, belonged to Ireland.

It appears upon inquiry from the Workhouse officers of South Dublin Union, that Margaret McKenna left the Workhouse on the 14th January, 1871, and not on the 6th February, and that more than three weeks therefore elapsed between the time of her discharge and the time of her application for relief at Liverpool.

Both Mr. Hornidge (not Hornett) the Master, and Mr. Campbell (not Cavan) the Relieving Officer, absolutely denied that they in any way assisted this woman in obtaining her passage to Liverpool; and from the character of those officers (the former of whom is now dead), the Commissioners place implicit reliance on their statements.

It is very likely that Margaret McKenna, presenting herself to the Dublin Mendicity Society as a woman whose husband was in England, and as being anxious to go there and join him, would obtain assistance for the purpose from that society; and there may be other charitable institutions and many charitable individuals in Dublin willing to expend the money at their command in the same manner. At the same time the Commissioners are able to affirm most confidently that no such expenditure from the poor-rate has ever taken place in Ireland without being disallowed by the auditor, and repayment of the amount rigidly enforced from those who expended it. It does not, however, seem reasonable to expect that either Liverpool or any other large town in the United Kingdom, could take effective measures in any way to protect itself against the occurrence of such cases as that of Mary Keating, or

such cases as that of Margaret M'Kenna, so long as persons are permitted to go of their own free will from one place to another for any lawful purpose; or, secondly, so long as benevolent individuals are not prevented by law from assisting persons desiring so to do, but unable to do so from want of funds. That Liverpool should, from her geographical position in relation to Ireland, be peculiarly exposed to such inconvenience, may, from one point of view, be a subject of regret; but, on the other hand, it must be allowed that she has enjoyed, and still enjoys, incalculable material advantages from her proximity to and connexion with the coasts of Ireland.

(By order.) B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To T. H. Burke, esq., &c., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

IV.—CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT OF THE REFUSAL OF THE AUTHORITIES AT MARYPORT TO ALLOW AN IRISH SEAMAN, SUFFERING FROM SMALL-POX, TO LAND AT THAT PLACE (IN CONTINUATION OF CORRESPONDENCE IN REPORT FOR 1871, APPENDIX A. III, P. 51.)

LETTER from the HOME OFFICE to the UNDER SECRETARY
of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

SIR,

Whitehall, 20th May, 1871.

Referring to your letter of the 17th February last, stating that in the opinion of the Irish Government the explanation given with respect to the refusal of the authorities at Maryport to render assistance to a seaman named George Ritchie, who was taken ill with small-pox on board the ship *Slaney* in that port, is unsatisfactory, I am directed by Mr. Secretary Brace to transmit to you herewith a report by Dr. Buchanan, of the Medical Department of the Privy Council, upon this case, and to state, for the information of the Irish Government, that the amendments of the law necessary to prevent the recurrence of similar scandals is under consideration.

I am, &c.,

A. F. O. LIDDELL.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

REPORT by Dr. BUCHANAN on the alleged misconduct or neglect of the Sanitary Authority at Maryport and its Officer, in the case of George Ritchie, a sailor, taken into that port suffering from small-pox.

In accordance with my instructions, I have visited Maryport, in Cumberland, and have inquiries into the circumstances under which, as alleged, a seaman named Ritchie, who was suffering from small-pox on board the ship *Slaney*, was not allowed to be landed at that port in December last.

I conducted my inquiry on April 18th, 1871, at the office of the harbour trustees; and there were present—J. P. Lenhouse, esq., chairman of the Board of Trustees; Mr. Barwise, clerk of the Board; Dr. Pearson and Mr. Johnstone,—the last two being the gentlemen concerning whose course of action question has arisen.

The *Slaney* was in harbour on my arrival at Newport on the evening of the

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17th, and the purpose of my inquiry was notified to the master, who, however, found himself obliged to leave Maryport early on the morning of the 28th, before the Inquiry began.

I read to the gentlemen present the papers relating to the case, and invited their comments upon the allegations therein made. Mr. Johnstone, the collector of customs, stated that he was satisfied that he had not, in the absence of an Order in Council, any duty of providing for a seaman sick of small-pox; but he believed that the local health authority had some duty of the kind. He had heard in general terms of Dr. Pearson's appointment as Medical Committee of the trustees, and understanding the question to be of a medical nature, he sent the master of the *Slaney* to Dr. Pearson, and considered that his functions were at an end. In this view of his duties I believe that Mr. Johnstone was essentially right, and that if he committed any error it was in referring the master to Dr. Pearson instead of to the clerk of the trustees, who legally is their proper representative.

Dr. Pearson, upon hearing the statements of the papers, positively denied that he had in any sense ordered the removal of the *Slaney*, but says that he did point out to the master that, medically speaking, there was need for the vessel being placed in quarantine, and that there was no provision for quarantine in Maryport. He made this statement, he alleges, as a medical practitioner knowing the town, and not as a public officer. He understands by quarantine the isolation of a ship having infectious disease on board. He states that he did not indicate Liverpool as the place to which the ship ought to have been taken, and he denies, and holds to be ridiculous as well as false, the allegation that he threatened the captain with any consequences if the sick sailor were landed. He did not visit the sick seaman, and was not, he says, requested to do so.

In view of this statement, a part of which had been anticipated in the inquiry before the Maryport magistrates, I pointed out that a public officer could not, unless he specially guaranteed himself, dissociate his private action from his action in his public capacity, and I then learnt that Dr. Pearson had not, and acted in the knowledge that he had not, in the sense which the papers in the case suggested, the functions of "Officer of Health" in Maryport.

The sanitary authority, both sewer and nuisance authority for the town is under a local Act, the board of trustees for the district and harbour of Maryport, and this Board, having at various times had occasion for the services of a medical practitioner to inspect nuisances, had retained Dr. Pearson to act as their officer as occasion arose, reserving to themselves and their other officers the initiation and conduct of all sanitary action, but calling in Dr. Pearson's services as they thought fit, and remunerating those services by a fee paid in the particular case.

The Chairman and Clerk of the Board assured me that it was no part of Dr. Pearson's duty as an officer of the Board to take cognizance of the health of the town, nor, unless specially summoned in writing, to be a party to any sanitary action which the Board might see fit to take.

The following are the proceedings relating to Dr. Pearson's appointment:—

1. At a committee meeting, November 15, 1869—

"Read letter from Dr. Pearson, dated November 15, 1869, being reply to a letter from the clerk, dated November 13, 1869, on the subject of the nuisance in Smith's yard in Fleming-square, stating that if the trustees will give him written authority to act as their Medical Officer in all cases in which the Inspector may require it, he will do so."

. "Resolved—That Dr. Pearson's letter be referred to the Board."

2. At a meeting of the trustees, December 15, 1869—

Dr. Pearson, at the request of the Board, attended the meeting, and explained that he wished to be appointed Medical Officer under the common seal of the trustees before he made any inspection of nuisances, and that his remuneration would be by fees, according to services rendered.

"Resolved—That Dr. Pearson be appointed Medical Officer, and that his appointment be sealed at the next Board meeting."

3. At a meeting of the trustees, January 11, 1870—

The clerk having prepared a document appointing Dr. Pearson the Medical Officer of the trustees, it was

"Resolved—That the common seal be affixed to the same, which was accordingly done in the presence of the meeting."

District of Maryport.

The trustees for the district and harbour of Maryport, in pursuance of the "Maryport Improvement and Harbour Act 1866," and the "Maryport District and Harbour Act, 1868," being the local authority charged with the jurisdiction over matters of common nuisance, do hereby appoint Joseph Pearson, of Maryport, M.N., their Medical Officer for the said district.

Given under the common seal of the said trustees the 11th day of January, 1870.

JOHN BARWIE, Clerk to the Trustees.

[*Common Seal.*]

It will be observed that this appointment of Dr. Pearson to be Medical Officer is not made in accordance with the 10th and 11th Vict., cap. 34, (incorporated with the "Maryport Local Act,") sec. 14 of which empowers the trustees to appoint, "subject to the approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State," a person of competent skill and experience, who shall be styled the "Officer of Health;" the duties of such officer being defined to be *inter alia* to ascertain the existence of disease, especially epidemics, and to point out the best means of checking the spread of such diseases; and such officer to be paid by "salary out of the rates."

Now, Dr. Pearson was not appointed an "officer of health" with these functions, but as the chairman and clerk of the trustees both testify, his duties were not to arise until he was specially called on in writing to advise in each particular case. His appointment was never submitted to the Secretary of State for approval, and it was arranged that payment was to be made to him, not by salary, as in the case of an officer of health, but only according as the Board saw fit to put his services into requisition.

I am therefore of opinion that thus far, for the purpose of dealing with such a case as that now under investigation, Dr. Pearson was in the position of any other medical practitioner in the town.

It is a matter for consideration however, in the next place, whether Dr. Pearson's connexion with the Board was not such as to require of him a general knowledge of the sanitary laws. If he had had such knowledge, it would be expected that upon application being made to him he would have referred the master of the *Slaney* to the chairman or clerk of the harbour trustees. Dr. Pearson appears, however, to know hardly anything of sanitary law, and certainly not to have been aware that the trustees, as sanitary authority, had any functions in respect of vessels in the harbour. The only action which he has taken since his appointment in January, 1870, has been on one occasion to examine and report in pursuance of a special minute of the trustees about the injury to health that might be produced by a particular nuisance. In the discharge of this duty no knowledge of the law was required, and Dr. Pearson has never on that or any other occasion, had to refer to the "Sanitary Act, 1860," under certain sections of which the powers of the sanitary authority in dealing with ships arise.

Meanwhile Dr. Pearson's appointment as Medical Officer to the trustees has doubtless led to a belief in the town that he had some general duties and powers, and public expectation has probably invested him with still more of such. In truth he appears to have had no powers, no duties but such as from time to time were given him in relation to particular cases, and neither to have had, nor to have supposed himself to have had, any general functions whatever.

It may be questioned whether Dr. Pearson should have allowed himself to be placed in the false position of having the title of Medical Officer while his duties were but those of occasional referee.

A part of the reference made to my Lords of the Council by the Home Secretary, is to advise whether in the case of the *Stanley* Dr. Pearson neglected his duty, and if so, whether any steps should be taken to mark the disapproval of the Secretary of State as to his conduct.

The foregoing part of the report will probably enable my Lords to decide on the answer to be given to the question.

The other reference made by the Home Secretary to my Lords is the more important one of advising what steps should be taken to prevent the recurrence of such a case as that under investigation, where the master of a vessel, having on board a person suffering from a dangerous infectious disease, can find on shore no place for the reception of such a case. This is a matter which concerns the whole kingdom. The difficulty that has arisen at Maryport has occurred elsewhere; and generally there are not at English ports any places, such as appear by the letter of January 21st of the Irish Poor Law Commissioners, to be universally available in Ireland, into which sick seamen can be taken for treatment.

Section 37 of the "Sanitary Act, 1866," gives to every sewer authority power "to provide for the use of the inhabitants within its district hospitals or temporary places for the reception of the sick;" and section 26 of the same Act enacts that, where such an hospital is provided, a justice may direct the removal to it "of any person suffering from any dangerous contagious or infectious disorder, being without proper lodging or accommodation, or lodged in a room occupied by more than one family, or being on board any ship or vessel."

It will be seen that the provision of such an hospital, important as for sanitary reasons it is in every health district, is of double importance in the case of seaport districts.

Unhappily, hardly any sewer authority has availed itself of the powers thus conferred on it; and Maryport, like other districts, has no such place for the reception of the sick. It is stated by the chairman and the clerk of the Board of Trustees, that since that body has had authority to provide such a place, no occasion for the exercise of its powers, in regard of persons brought by vessels, had arisen before that which is the subject of the present inquiry. If the case of Ritchie on board the *Stanley* had been represented to the clerk of the trustees, that gentleman would, he says, although he has no instructions to meet such a case, have summoned Dr. Pearson to consider with him the steps necessary to be taken, and would have prepared himself to advise the trustees as to their course of action.

It is evident, however, that the intention of the Legislature has been to confer on every sewer authority power to be prepared beforehand to meet the contingency of a case of dangerous infectious disease imported into its district, and not that it should think for the first time, when the contingency has actually occurred, of what ought to be done.

The steps to be taken to prevent the recurrence at Maryport and elsewhere of such a case as the present, and for insuring generally that there shall be provision for the due treatment in isolation of any person importing dangerous infectious disease, appear, therefore, to be, first, that the health authority should, in all such cases have some place for the reception and treatment of such disease; second, that the health authority should in all cases have a medical practitioner, with the full functions of an "officer of health," to take cognizance of occurrences affecting the health of the district, and to originate advice as to the proper way of meeting such occurrences. If these two wants had been supplied at Maryport, the events under investigation could not have occurred. But it is hardly to be hoped that action of the sort here indicated will be taken by local authorities, so long as the Legislature leaves it optional with them whether or not they shall incur the expenses therein involved.

(Signed)

GEORGE BUCHANAN.

Medical Department of the Privy Council
Office, May 3rd, 1871.

V.—CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT OF THE REMOVAL OF DANGEROUS LUNATICS FROM SCOTCH LUNATIC ASYLUMS TO IRISH WORKHOUSES.

No. 1.—REPORT from Mr. ROBINSON, Poor Law Inspector, to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Dublin, February 22nd, 1872.

I would beg to bring under your notice two cases of removal from the parish of Glasgow to this country; one case is that of a man named John Flinn, who has been removed to the South Dublin Union, and the other of a man named William Smith, who, with his three children, is now on his way to Castleblayney in charge of a removing officer.

On going into the South Dublin Workhouse this day, I observed these two men handcuffed together, and on making inquiry from the removing officer, who was there at the time, he informed me that they were both dangerous lunatics, and had been taken out of the lunatic asylum in Glasgow, and sent direct from that institution to Ireland. I also learned from him that he considered it necessary to restrain them with handcuffs in consequence of the information he obtained from the officers of the lunatic asylum regarding their dispositions, as they were described to him as dangerous and violent.

He also told me that the father of John Flinn and two brothers of William Smith reside in Scotland, and that the removal orders were obtained on the depositions of these persons.

The admission of John Flinn, having been reported by the master of the South Dublin Workhouse to the Board of Guardians at their meeting held this day, I advised them to apply for the depositions taken in the case, and to forward them, with the removal warrant, to you; if the Castleblayney Board of Guardians will adopt the same course in regard to William Smith, you will have all the particulars of both removals before you.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

HENRY ROBINSON.

The Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 2.—EXTRACT from MINUTES of PROCEEDINGS of the BOARD OF GUARDIANS of SOUTH DUBLIN UNION, on the 22nd February, 1872.

The master reported that a man named James Flinn certified as a dangerous lunatic was removed under warrant from the Glasgow Union to this Workhouse this morning, and that he has been placed in the lunatic department, and has asked his discharge, and that he requested the instructions of the Board.

Ordered.—That he be not discharged, but that steps be taken to have him committed as a dangerous lunatic, and that application be made to the Guardians of Glasgow Union for copies of the depositions and documents on which the removal order was obtained, pursuant to the 25th and 26th Vic., cap. 113, section 3, which the clerk is to send at once to the Poor Law Commissioners along with the removal warrant.

No. 3.—LETTER from the CLERK of the UNION to the
COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

South Dublin Union,
Clerk's Office, Board Room, James's-street,
27th February, 1872.

I have just received and now beg to forward herewith copy petition, medical certificate and deposition on which the removal order in the case of John Flinn was granted by the sheriff of Lanarkshire, referred to in the minutes of proceedings of 22nd, as also a copy of the removal order.*

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

GEORGE HEPBURN, Clerk of the Union.

The Poor Law Commissioners,
Poor Law Office, Custom House.

No. 4.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of
GUARDIANS.

SIR,

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
5th March, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 27th ult., forwarding copy of the depositions and other documents in the case of John Flinn, a lunatic pauper, who was removed under warrant, dated 20th ult., from the Gartnavel Lunatic Asylum, Glasgow, to the Workhouse of South Dublin Union; and in reference thereto the Commissioners desire to state that according to the view taken by the legal authorities in Scotland, removals of lunatics from Scotch Asylums to Irish Union Workhouses, are in accordance with the law authorizing removals from Scotland to Ireland; nor is there any appeal against such warrants of removal.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of South Dublin Union,
James's-street.

No. 5.—LETTER from the CLERK of the UNION to the
COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

South Dublin Union,
Clerk's Office, Board Room, James's-street,
8th day of March, 1872.

The Guardians have (in reference to your letter 5,746 of 5th inst.), respecting the case of John Flinn, directed that the documents and correspondence be laid before his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant and the Chief Secretary for Ireland, with request to induce Her Majesty's Government to alter the existing unjust law, and make such amendments therein as will operate justly towards the ratepayers of this country.

* The documents which accompanied this letter were returned to the Board of Guardians, who applied for them after the receipt of the Commissioners' letter of the 5th March with a view to laying correspondence before the Lord Lieutenant (see No. 5).

I have therefore to request that you will have the goodness to direct that the documents I forwarded to you in this matter be sent to me to enable me to carry out the order of the Board.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

GEO. HEPBURN, Clerk of the Union.

The Poor Law Commissioners, Custom House.

NOTE.—The documents were returned as requested.

No. 6.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of
GUARDIANS of CASTLEBLAYNEY UNION.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
24th February, 1872.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have received a report from their Inspector, Mr. Robinson, in which he states that on going into the Workhouse of South Dublin Union on the 22nd inst., he observed two men handcuffed together, and that on making inquiry concerning them, he found that they had been removed from Glasgow; and the removing officer informed him that they were both dangerous lunatics, and had been taken out of the lunatic asylum in Glasgow and sent direct from that institution to Ireland. The removing officer also stated that he considered it necessary to restrain them with handcuffs in consequence of the information he obtained from the officers of the lunatic asylum regarding their dispositions, as they were described to him as dangerous and violent.

One of these men, Wm. Smith, with his three children, was about to be taken on by the removing officer to Castleblayney. His brother resides in Scotland, and it was stated that the removal order was obtained on the deposition of the brother.

If the family have arrived at the Workhouse, the Commissioners presume that a copy of the removal order has been forwarded to the Board of Guardians; and the Commissioners recommend the Guardians to apply at once to the parochial authorities in Glasgow, on whose behalf the warrant was obtained, for a copy of the depositions on which it was granted, which they are bound by the 3rd sec. of the 25th & 26th Vic., c. 83, to furnish if applied for within three months from the date of the warrant.

The copy of the depositions and warrant should then be forwarded to the Commissioners, with any information that may be obtained regarding the facts of the case.

By order, &c.,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk, Castleblayney Union.

No. 7.—WARRANT for the REMOVAL of WM. SMITH and FAMILY from GLASGOW to CASTLEBLAYNEY.

To EBENEZER ADAMSON, Inspector of the Poor for the Parish of City Parish, Glasgow, and to the Guardians of the (Union or Parish) of Castleblayney.

ORDER FOR REMOVAL TO CASTLEBLAYNEY UNION, IRELAND.

Glasgow, 20th February, 1872.

I, Alexander Erskine Murray, Sheriff-Substitute of the county of Lanark, having considered the foregoing petition and certificate, and the depositions of the said James Smith, Hercules Smith, and Archibald Dempster; and having examined into the state of the health of the said William Smith, senior, find that the said William Smith, senior, is of the reputed age of 34 or 35 years; that the said William Smith, junior, Hannah Smith, and Christina Smith are of the reputed ages of 9 or 10, 7 or 8, and 5 or 6, respectively; find that the said William Smith, senior, was born in the parish of Ballybay, within the Union of Castleblayney, in Ireland; find that the said William Smith, senior, has become, and is now actually chargeable to the parochial board of the parish of Glasgow; and that the said William Smith, senior, has not acquired and retained a settlement in Scotland; find that none of the said persons would suffer bodily or mental injury by being removed as herein ordered; Therefore, I do hereby order that William Smith, senior, he removed with William Smith, junior, Hannah Smith, and Christina, his said children, and conveyed to, and delivered safely at, the Workhouse of the Union of Castleblayney, Ireland; and I do order you, the said Ebenezer Adamson, Inspector of Poor, to cause the said persons to be so safely conveyed and delivered.

(Signed), A. ERSKINE MURRAY.

No. 8.—DEPOSITIONS referred to in the WARRANT of REMOVAL.

Glasgow, 19th February, 1872.

Deposition of James Smith, 32 King-street, Calton, who being solemnly sworn, deposes that, I am an older brother of William Smith. He is about thirty-four years old, and was born in the parish of Ballybay, townland of Carnahoe, county Monaghan, Ireland. He first came over to Scotland when about three years old with his parents, but in two years they returned to Ireland and he came back about 1853. He first lived with me in Muslin-street, Bridgeton Barony Parish, one year, then in New-street, Calton, about a year or two, where he was learning his trade, then he was in lodgings in different places some time, till he got married to Mary Anne Gillard, and stopped in different places. The first place I remember of would be in Great Hamilton-street, (Barony Parish). The next place I remember was in Gallowgate City Parish, this was about two or three years after his marriage. He was only there some months. Then he went to Partick, and remained more than five years in it, Govan Parish. When he left Partick he came to West Campbell-street Barony Parish, and was there some months. Then he went to America for about a year, then he came back and stayed in Whitevale-street Barony Parish some months, then in Marlborough-street City Parish a few months. Then he went to Govan for a few months. Then he went to England for more than a

year. Then he and his wife were in lodgings for a few weeks till his wife got ill, and they being in King-street, Calton (south side of street), she was sent to Bamhill Poorhouse at the expense of Barony Parish, and died there. Then he lodged in different places a year, but not in Govan Parish, then married again a Mrs. McMahon, a widow. Then they lived in Hill-street City Parish scarcely a year, but for the last year and a half I don't know where he has been. He has four children by the first wife: Elizabeth, about twelve, William, about nine or ten, Hannah, about seven or eight, and Christina, about five or six, all born in Scotland. I don't know where the second wife is. He and she have been separated for more than a year. The children remained with him. All which is truth, as I shall answer to God. I know that he at present is living in Gartnavel at the expense of the City Parish. His eldest child is in service, and the other three are in the City Poorhouse, Truth.

(Signed), JAMES SMITH.
A. ERSKINE MURRAY.

Hercules Smith, brother of William Smith, residing at 58 King-street, Calton, sworn, deposes, William was born in Ballybay parish, county Monaghan, Ireland. I think the union is Castleblaney. I think his age is about thirty-five years, but I am not sure. He came to Scotland in 1853, after being away some years, after living in different places, he and his wife Mary Anne Gillard went to live in Partick, parish of Govan. They were fully five years there. When they left they came to West Campbell-street Barony Parish, and was there a few months; then he went to America for eighteen months, then he came and lived in E. John-street City Parish for a few months, then in Marlborough-street City Parish, a few months, then in Govan three or four months, then in England about one year, then in different places (but not in Govan parish) for a fortnight or so, when his wife died. He tossed about in different places for about a year, but not in Govan parish, and then married again and lived in Hill-street City Parish for less than a year, then getting ill he was sent to Gartnavel at the expense of the City Parish, who have also charge of his three younger children. The wife left him when he was ill, all which is truth.

(Signed), HERCULES SMITH.
A. ERSKINE MURRAY.

Archibald Dempster, inspector's clerk, City Parish, sworn, deposes, notice was given to the City Parish on 14th April, 1871, to remove William Smith from the central police office, he being supposed to be insane; he was removed to the poorhouse the same day, and on 24th April, 1871, sent to Gartnavel at the expense of the parish, under warrant, where he remains. His three younger children, Hannah, aged twelve, William, ten, and Christina, aged eight, are in the City Poorhouse, all which is truth, as I shall answer to God. We do not know anything about his second wife, or where she is.

(Signed), ARCHIBALD DEMPSTER.
A. ERSKINE MURRAY.

No. 9.—EXTRACT from MINUTES of PROCEEDINGS of the BOARD OF
GUARDIANS of CASTLEBLAYNEY UNION on the 6th March, 1872.

Read letter from the secretary of the Poor Law Board, Glasgow, enclosing a copy of the depositions in the case of the removal of William Smith from Glasgow to the Workhouse here.

Ordered that these depositions and the removal order be enclosed to the Commissioners in accordance with their request.

With regard to the removal of William Smith already referred to, it was resolved that, in the opinion of this Board, the course adopted was both harsh and illegal, and the Guardians hope the Commissioners will take such steps as will be most likely to prevent a recurrence of such a case. The Guardians feel that Captain Robinson is entitled to their thanks for promptly calling attention to the matter.

No. 10.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of GUARDIANS.

SIR,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
19th March, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have had before them the copy of the warrant of removal and of the depositions taken in the case of William Smith, a pauper lunatic, who, with his three children, was recently removed from Glasgow to the Workhouse of the Castleblayney Union, and with reference to the Guardians' resolution on the subject (a copy of which was entered on the minutes of their proceedings on the 6th inst.), the Commissioners have to state that according to the view taken by the legal authorities in Scotland, removals of lunatics from Scotch asylums to Irish workhouses are in accordance with the law authorizing removals from Scotland to Ireland, nor is there any appeal against such warrants of removal.

By order,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk, Castleblayney Union.

VI.—CORRESPONDENCE WITH THE GUARDIANS OF MILLSTREET UNION, PREVIOUSLY TO THE DISSOLUTION OF THE BOARD AND COPY ORDER OF DISSOLUTION.

No. 1.—LETTER ADDRESSED to each MEMBER of the BOARD of GUARDIANS INDIVIDUALLY.

SIR,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
28th August, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have to inform you that their attention has been drawn to the fact that there was not a sufficient number of Guardians present on the 17th inst. to form a board, and that they find on reference to the records of this department that, owing to the failure of Guardians to attend in a sufficient number to constitute a board, there was no meeting held on sixteen occasions during the present year, and that several of the Guardians, although resident in the Union, fail to attend.

The Commissioners wish to point out the importance of holding regular meetings each week for the discharge of the usual business of the Union, the proper and efficient management of the Workhouse, the necessary control of the paid officers of the Union, and the receipt and consideration of applications for relief from the sick and destitute poor. Punctual and constant attention to these objects will tend not only to the due and

effectual relief of the destitute poor in the Union who should be assured that they can, at least weekly, make known their wants to the Guardians, but to the interest of the ratepayers in an economical point of view.

By order, &c.,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

No. 2.—EXTRACT from GUARDIANS' MINUTES of 24th August,
1871.

Read letter from Poor Law Commissioners enclosing a communication from Mr. Cooper, wherein he complained of the water supply for the town of Millstreet, and drawing the attention of the Guardians to the immediate necessity of adopting either of the two plans mentioned by the County Surveyor for procuring the necessary supply.

A deputation of the inhabitants of the town of Millstreet waited on the Board for the purpose of urging them to adopt some means of supplying the inhabitants of the town with pure water. After some discussion, a report from the Medical Officer on the same subject was handed in. It was then resolved to direct the clerk to call on two persons named Daniel Murphy and Denis Horgan, who had claims on the stream of water running from Mount Leader to the Workhouse, with a view of getting them to surrender their right to the stream into the hands of the Guardians. He was also directed in case he succeeded to write to the County Surveyor for plans and estimates of the necessary works.

The Medical Officer's report was as follows :—

GENTLEMEN,

It may not be inconsistent with my duty as Medical Officer (with reference to the supplying of the town of Millstreet with pure water) to remind you that we are threatened by the danger of an outbreak of cholera. This scourge has made its appearance in some of the coasts of the Baltic, and it is now within a few days' easy sail of these shores. It would be wise to prepare in time against its arrival, and fortunately the means of protection from its ravages are available and efficacious if adopted; consisting especially and above all things in the supply for drinking and for culinary purposes of pure water, untainted with the leakage from privies or cesspools, house refuse, or any sort of filth. Cholera is not contagious in the same way that other zymotic diseases are, contact with persons suffering from typhus, small-pox, &c., is sufficient to communicate the disease, and the atmosphere surrounding the patients is rendered dangerous by the infections emanating from their persons; not so with cholera, the peculiarity of which is that the infecting matter exists only in the discharges from the bowels and stomachs of those attacked, and in such discharges alone the germ of cholera disease resides, which germ is disseminated by means of water. These are well ascertained facts, from which it follows that the perfect exclusion of all filth, excremental matter, and discharges from the sewers, of water supplies is indispensable as a precaution against and a certain means of checking the spread of this fatal disease; and it follows that it is incumbent on all local authorities during the prevalence of epidemic cholera to take care that " *Re alia*" supply of drinking water be pure and protected from all contamination; and happily you have it in your power in your locality to take the necessary precautions and effect a most desirable object by having conveyed in pipes from its mountain source pure unpolluted water to supply the town and workhouse.

I remain, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

JOHN LEADER, M.D.

No. 3.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of GUARDIANS.

SIR,

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
30th August, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland acknowledge the receipt of the minutes of proceedings of the Board of Guardians of the Millstreet Union on the 24th instant, containing an entry of their letter of the 3rd instant, drawing the attention of the Guardians to the necessity which exists for adopting measures to obtain a supply of water for the town of Millstreet and the Workhouse.

It appears from the minutes that a deputation of the inhabitants of the town waited on the Board for the purpose of urging them to adopt some steps for supplying the town with pure water; and that a report from Dr. Leader, Medical Officer, on the same subject was handed in, which was as follows—"It may not be inconsistent with my duty as Medical Officer to remind you that we are threatened by the danger of an outbreak of cholera. This scourge has made its appearance in some of the coasts of the Baltic, and it is now within a few days' easy sail of these shores. It would be wise to prepare in time against its arrival, and fortunately the means of protection from its ravages are available and efficacious, if adopted; consisting especially and above all things in the supply of pure water for drinking and for culinary purposes; and happily you have it in your power in your locality to take the necessary precautions and effect a most desirable object, by having conveyed in pipes from its mountain source pure unpolluted water to supply the town and Workhouse."

It seems that having read the Medical Officer's report, the Guardians passed a resolution directing the clerk to call on two persons who had claims on the stream of water running from Mount Leader to the Workhouse, with a view to getting them to surrender their right to the stream into the hands of the Guardians. He was also directed, in case he succeeded, to write to the county surveyor for plans and estimates of the necessary works.

The Commissioners fear that the steps adopted at the last meeting of the Guardians will not be effectual in procuring a supply of pure water for the Millstreet Workhouse and the town of Millstreet, so long needed and so long postponed; but they await the result of the instructions which have been given to the clerk.

In the meantime the Commissioners have under their serious consideration the constantly recurring default of the Guardians to meet as a Board for the execution of their duties; a failure to do so having occurred no less than sixteen times in the course of the present year.

At the present critical period the Commissioners feel that by the appointment of paid officers to perform the duties of the Guardians, they might possibly save the lives of many of the poor inhabitants destined to become the victims of cholera or other epidemic disease, if matters are allowed to proceed longer in the same course.

On the receipt of the minutes of the meeting of the Guardians which should take place to-morrow, the Commissioners will take this subject into further consideration.

By order, &c.,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Presiding Chairman, Board of
Guardians, Millstreet Union.

No. 4.—LETTER from W. H. MASSY, esq., J.P., to the
COMMISSIONERS.Mount Massy, Macroom,
31st August, 1871.

SIR,

In answer to letter of above No., I beg to say I reside about sixteen miles from Millstreet Workhouse, and consider it is more the duty of those who are close to it or are elected Guardians to attend than it is mine.

I am not aware that I am in any way called on to attend either; and must remark that the cause of the bad attendance of Guardians is simply that subjects day after day are brought forward there which to many of the Guardians are offensive and insulting, and are totally irrelevant to the Workhouse business or the administering of the Poor Laws; and I cannot but add that if the Poor Law Commissioners sanction, as they have to a certain extent, such irrelevant matter being entertained at Poor Law Boards, they should not be so ready to address such a letter to any individual such as the one I have received, as I do not conceive I am called on to attend if I do not choose so to do, as most assuredly I don't mean to as long as I see no way of preventing subjects being brought forward which should not.

I will say I do believe if a paid Guardian was appointed to the Millstreet Union, it would be a step in the right direction.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your very obedient servant,

W. HUTCHINSON MASSY.

B. Banks, esq., Chief Clerk,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin.

No. 5.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to Mr. HORSLEY, Poor
Law Inspector.Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
8th September, 1871.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you the accompanying papers relating to the frequent failures of the Guardians of the Millstreet Union to attend in a sufficient number to form a Board; and the Commissioners request that you will be good enough to report to them whether you see any other course for the Commissioners to adopt under the circumstances presented by this Union, than the dissolution of the Board of Guardians and the appointment of paid officers.

By order, &c.,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To S. Horsley, esq.,
Poor Law Inspector, Killarney.

No. 6.—REPORT from Mr. HORSLEY to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

September 9th, 1871.

In reply to your communication of the 8th instant, with enclosures, I beg to report that I think it may be desirable before taking the extreme step of dissolving the Board of Guardians of the already very heavily taxed Union of Millstreet, to make a last effort to bring the individual members of it to a sense of the heavy responsibility which they will incur towards their constituents, the ratepayers, if by wilfully

and persistently absenting themselves from the weekly meetings of the Board, they compel the Poor Law Commissioners, in the interests of the poor and the general ratepayers alike, to provide for the administration of the affairs of the Union by the appointment of paid officers, under sec. 26 of the Irish Poor Relief Act.

And I would therefore respectfully suggest that the three Chairmen of the Board should be written to, and recommended to meet together without delay for the purpose of calling an extraordinary meeting of all the Guardians, to consider the present unbecoming position of the body, before their constituents and the public, and to determine whether they will, by more frequent and regular attention to the discharge of their official duties and of the trust reposed in them, render it unnecessary for the Poor Law Commissioners to adopt the otherwise unavoidable course indicated in their letter of the 28th ultimo.

I return herewith the file of papers sent to me with the Commissioners' letter.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your very obedient servant,

S. HOMSLEY.

To the Poor Law Commissioners,
Poor Law Office, Dublin.

No. 7.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to each of the three
CHAIRMEN of the UNION.

Sir,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
11th September, 1871.

Adverting to their letter of the 28th ultimo, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland forward for your information the accompanying copy of a letter, which they addressed to the presiding Chairman of the Board of Guardians of the Millstreet Union on the 30th ultimo, on the subject of the frequent failures of the Guardians to meet in a sufficient number to form a board, and the necessity which exists for adopting measures to obtain a supply of water for the town of Millstreet and the Workhouse.

It appears that this letter has remained unopened, in consequence of no meeting of the Board having been held on either of the two days of meeting which have since arrived.

The Commissioners request that you will have the goodness to meet, with the Vice-Chairman and Deputy Vice-Chairman,* without delay, for the purpose of calling an extraordinary meeting of all the Guardians to consider the present unbecoming position of the body before their constituents and the public, and to determine whether Guardians will, by more frequent and regular attention to the discharge of their official duties and of the trust reposed in them, render it unnecessary for the Commissioners to adopt the otherwise unavoidable course indicated in their letter of the 30th ultimo.

By order, &c.,

To M^cCarthy O'Leary, esq., D.L., Coom-
league, Millstreet, Chairman of the
Board of Guardians.

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

* Similar letters were addressed to Captain Leader, the Vice-Chairman, and to J. D. Crean, esq., Deputy Vice-Chairman.

No. 8.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to Mr. HORSLEY.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
6th October, 1871.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland forward to you the accompanying paper, which they have received from the Clerk of the Millstreet Union, notifying that there was no meeting of the Board of Guardians on the 5th instant; and the Commissioners request that you will again be good enough to report on the question of the propriety of dissolving this Board and appointing two paid officers.

The former papers on the subject are also enclosed herewith.

By order, &c.,
B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

S. Horsley, esq.,
Poor Law Inspector, Killarney.

No. 9.—REPORT from Mr. HORSLEY to the COMMISSIONERS.

October 9th, 1871.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 6th instant together with a file of papers relating to the persistent failure of the Millstreet Board of Guardians to attend with sufficient frequency or in sufficient numbers for the transaction of the affairs of the Union on the appointed days of meeting; and I have now the honour to report that as all remonstrances on this subject with the Guardians individually and collectively appear to have been disregarded, inasmuch as there has been no meeting of the Board since the 21st ultimo, although in addition to the ordinary routine business of the Union, there are many special matters, such as the introduction of a supply of pure water for the town of Millstreet, the abatement of nuisances in the town and other localities, requiring immediate and assiduous attention, I see no course left open to the Commissioners except to exercise the powers given them under the 26th section of the Irish Poor Relief Act, in order that due attention may be given to the interests of the poor and of the ratepayers of this Union, and that due provision may be made for the regular and punctual despatch of all business relating to the internal economy of the Workhouse, and to the observance of the Commissioners' regulations with reference to the Workhouse and Union officials.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,
Your very obedient servant,
S. HORSLEY.

To the Poor Law Commissioners,
Poor Law Office, Dublin.

No. 10.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD OF GUARDIANS.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
11th October, 1871.

SIR,

Adverting to previous correspondence the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have to inform the Board of Guardians that they have again received the usual form of

minutes without any proceedings being entered upon it, a quorum of three Guardians not having attended for the transaction of business.

The Commissioners have also before them a report from their inspector Mr. Horsley, in which he states "that as all remonstrances on this subject with the Guardians individually and collectively appear to have been disregarded, inasmuch as there has been no meeting of the Board since the 21st ultimo, although in addition to the ordinary routine business of the Union, there are many special matters, such as the introduction of a supply of pure water for the town of Millstreet, the abatement of nuisances in the town and other localities requiring immediate and assiduous attention, I see no course left open to the Commissioners except to exercise the powers given them under the 26th section of the Irish Poor Relief Act, in order that due attention may be given to the interests of the poor and of the ratepayers of this Union, and that due provision may be made for the regular and punctual despatch of all business relating to the internal economy of the Workhouse, and to the observance of the Commissioners' regulations with reference to the Workhouse and Union officials."

The Commissioners under these circumstances feel that they had no alternative but to exercise the power in question, and they have signed and forward herewith an order dissolving the Board of Guardians of Millstreet Union, and will proceed at once to appoint paid officers to carry into execution the provisions of the Acts in force for the relief of the poor therein.

By order, &c.,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk, Millstreet Union.

No. 11.—ORDER dissolving the BOARD of GUARDIANS of MILL-STREET UNION.

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the MILLSTREET UNION ; to the CLERK of the said Union, and to all other persons whom it may concern :

WHEREAS regular meetings of the Board of Guardians of the Millstreet Union have not been held at the times enjoined by our general order for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Boards of Guardians in Ireland, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1852 ; and whereas through the default of the said Guardians the duties of the Board of Guardians of the said Union have not been duly and effectually discharged according to the intention of the Acts in force for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland :

Now, therefore, we, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, do hereby, in exercise of the powers by the said Acts vested in us in this behalf, declare the said Board of Guardians to be dissolved, and the said Board is hereby dissolved accordingly.

Sealed with our Seal this Eleventh day of October,
in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight
Hundred and Seventy-one.

(Signed),

A. POWER,
J. M'DONNELL.

APPENDIX B.

TABLES CONNECTED WITH POOR RELIEF AND
EXPENDITURE.

No. 1.—A RETURN (in pursuance of the 29th Section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31) of the and Out of the Workhouse in each UNION in IRELAND, for the Year ended Registration, Sanitary, and Burial Grounds Acts, and TOTAL EXPENDITURE out of

PART 1.—RETURN showing the Expenditure of Unions

Name of County and Union.	Expenditure during the Year ended 31st September, 1871.							
	In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.	Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, in Asylums, and rest of Relief in Lunatic Hospitals.	Salaries and Wages of Officers.	All other Poor Relief Expenses.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Act.	
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.								
ANTRIM.								
Astrim, .	9,030 19 10	175 3 8	50 10 0	733 1 1	1,038 9 5	4,003 17 0	803 4 3	
Ballycastle, .	802 14 10	—	—	330 2 10	359 8 6	1,072 6 2	533 7 7	
Ballymoney, .	1,866 2 7	1,121 7 8	69 19 8	900 6 4	808 9 11	4,827 16 2	1,203 19 2	
Ballymoney, .	220 14 2	499 3 0	37 3 11	261 15 7	234 19 4	2,164 27 0	300 8 8	
Belfast, .	16,513 18 7	895 14 7	190 14 3	3,500 5 6	4,238 9 7	25,376 11 6	3,433 6 4	
Larne, .	1,779 15 10	100 12 5	—	736 1 0	561 1 4	3,277 19 7	855 19 6	
Lisburn, .	1,762 4 4	68 17 8	17 0 0	649 13 9	277 11 2	3,104 8 11	1,264 18 16	
ARMAGH.								
Armagh, .	2,320 2 8	6 14 0	—	858 16 10	836 7 11	4,042 1 5	1,267 2 5	
Lurgan, .	2,426 0 8	169 18 7	15 6 2	733 6 9	736 10 6	4,130 9 8	1,230 0 7	
CATAM.								
Ballynahinch, .	909 4 0	156 7 2	—	473 1 4	511 14 8	1,960 7 2	545 0 6	
Ballynahinch, .	856 14 11	376 18 2	29 4 0	459 0 3	410 9 8	2,104 15 11	566 10 1	
Cavan, .	2,841 9 8	93 2 11	24 12 0	724 9 7	466 7 5	3,539 4 4	1,036 14 11	
Castledermot, .	810 1 11	30 9 0	20 0 0	454 1 5	376 12 4	1,501 4 8	660 6 9	
DONEGAL.								
Ballyshannon, .	1,027 1 7	—	—	374 15 0	343 3 9	1,755 0 4	517 7 6	
Donegal, .	613 22 9	116 13 5	15 0 0	433 13 0	389 10 4	1,639 16 6	835 5 8	
Dunfanaghy, .	215 15 9	—	—	299 3 0	136 3 0	651 3 3	369 9 5	
Glenveagh, .	610 13 8	56 13 5	15 9 0	393 18 1	216 6 4	1,297 16 4	703 18 11	
Inishowen, .	828 4 9	276 7 5	37 10 0	641 18 8	314 4 1	1,890 4 11	738 4 6	
Lettarkeyney, .	938 1 10	6 0 0	—	369 0 1	369 13 0	1,681 14 11	469 19 8	
Millfield, .	689 0 5	125 17 2	—	410 10 7	429 1 3	1,545 9 5	722 8 1	
Stranoclar, .	354 13 1	10 5 0	—	473 2 11	215 12 9	1,033 13 9	467 11 9	
DOWN.								
Bangor, .	1,699 4 8	335 8 6	26 0 0	753 11 6	682 17 3	3,568 1 9	666 16 10	
Downpatrick, .	2,307 13 6	98 7 9	—	865 9 2	732 10 1	3,712 19 9	1,063 17 0	
Kilkeel, .	296 0 6	13 6 6	7 10 0	358 8 5	176 1 4	1,122 9 9	554 17 0	
Newry, .	2,117 18 5	617 9 6	195 12 1	925 17 7	1,236 3 9	6,334 1 2	1,449 14 9	
Newtownards, .	2,306 9 10	935 15 6	26 0 0	847 6 11	816 7 4	5,932 19 7	1,612 18 3	
FERMANAGH.								
Enniskillen, .	1,087 12 8	6 14 7	—	682 8 9	439 19 5	9,587 13 5	899 13 8	
Irvinestown, .	601 12 9	50 2 6	—	358 2 9	961 19 0	1,219 16 0	534 1 8	
Lisnaskea, .	708 5 9	186 18 0	—	626 18 2	376 4 4	1,658 6 3	589 11 9	
LEINSTER.								
Carrickmacross, .	1,684 0 0	435 3 6	—	855 19 10	1,128 17 0	3,294 9 4	865 0 31	
Londonderry, .	2,456 3 1	68 8 9	194 2 7	816 11 4	723 16 11	4,351 8 8	1,031 18 3	
Magnaghy, .	1,088 3 5	17 14 6	14 8 0	539 16 4	439 5 0	5,109 7 3	821 19 8	
N.T.-Limavady	627 18 3	14 14 0	15 0 0	597 19 2	437 18 11	1,683 3 4	709 3 3	
MONAGHAN.								
Carndonagh, .	763 3 6	11 13 0	41 6 10	433 18 3	354 17 11	1,022 11 9	448 9 10	
Cushendun, .	1,122 21 0	134 18 0	17 7 0	570 15 10	427 6 7	2,278 15 8	760 4 6	
Circles, .	753 14 0	8 10 11	0 12 2	263 15 8	923 17 2	1,248 13 2	485 19 3	
Monaghan, .	981 6 0	—	—	607 6 8	201 0 0	1,100 1 19	816 19 4	
TYRONE.								
Castlederg, .	312 11 7	6 6 8	—	354 4 1	172 16 10	844 10 2	287 2 1	
Clogher, .	542 3 9	92 18 10	—	427 11 6	323 5 11	1,793 0 0	624 9 7	
Cookstown, .	809 19 6	8 13 10	—	439 4 7	180 17 0	1,928 14 11	576 3 1	
Dungannon, .	1,205 8 11	364 3 2	20 18 8	648 3 2	346 12 8	2,546 6 0	923 9 5	
Gortin, .	260 9 2	8 9 0	8 10 0	311 16 6	141 6 9	410 2 6	290 18 3	
Omagh, .	1,148 0 4	72 6 0	—	713 6 8	526 10 0	2,696 3 0	963 7 3	
Strabane, .	1,329 1 6	316 5 10	3 14 0	679 6 0	638 7 1	3,383 15 9	886 2 8	
Total, { 1871,	68,645 17 7	8,543 12 12	1,002 1 1	27,397 8 9	34,761 9 3	130,020 9 7	35,880 10 9	
ULSTER, { 1870,	79,037 11 7	7,197 8 0	833 0 9	26,022 9 6	24,556 10 4	131,067 9 2	35,465 12 9	
Increase, .	—	1,656 6 11	179 0 4	864 19 3	491 15 11	—	416 17 0	
Decrease, .	3,641 14 0	—	—	—	—	336 10 7	—	

EXPENDITURE on the RELIEF of the POOR, and of the TOTAL NUMBERS RELIEVED IN 29th September, 1871; also showing the EXPENSES under the MEDICAL CHARITIES, the POOR RATE during the Year.

during the Year ended 29th September, 1871.

Expenditure under the Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenditure under the Sanctuary Act.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Act, paid out of the Poor Rate.	Total Expenditure out of the Poor Rate.	Valuation on 29th Sept., 1871.	Percentage on the Valuation:		Name of Commissioner and Union.
					Of the Expenditure on Relief of the Poor.	Of Total Ex- penditure.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	PROVINCE OF ULSTER.
84 15 9	0 5 8	—	4,932 2 6	122,136 5 0	0 74	0 54	ARMSTR.
37 11 8	—	—	2,143 5 5	43,656 15 0	0 52	0 11	Ballycastle.
281 9 0	0 12 6	85 5 8	6,380 2 6	122,499 15 0	0 52	1 04	Ballymoney.
33 12 6	10 0 0	—	2,561 18 2	81,817 16 0	0 61	0 16	Belfast.
680 2 0	5 14 2	—	29,615 14 0	237,820 16 0	0 11	1 14	Larne.
83 2 9	49 4 4	—	4,265 17 2	92,884 11 0	0 84	0 11	Lisburn.
163 10 9	2 7 0	—	4,327 5 6	127,767 0 0	0 46	0 64	
							ARMAGH.
129 3 3	21 13 8	—	5,020 0 10	200,867 1 0	0 45	0 44	Armagh.
126 3 9	5 7 6	—	5,450 14 0	128,593 0 0	0 74	0 94	Lurgan.
							CARL.
67 2 6	29 15 0	—	5,212 5 2	39,569 17 0	0 11	1 31	Ballybofrough.
60 15 3	—	—	2,692 1 2	39,659 19 0	1 02	1 45	Bansbury.
123 9 0	20 0 0	—	6,750 8 2	111,995 5 0	0 72	0 93	Cavan.
74 19 3	2 16 0	—	3,250 0 8	72,155 19 0	0 54	0 74	Costellohill.
							DONEGAL.
58 6 9	—	—	2,330 14 7	50,328 10 0	0 82	0 11	Ballyshannon.
55 12 9	—	—	2,422 14 0	34,133 0 0	0 56	1 5	Buncrana.
46 4 5	—	—	1,047 9 11	11,432 15 0	1 14	1 0	Drumshagh.
64 13 0	—	—	2,025 8 3	10,824 18 0	1 33	2 01	Glenvea.
77 15 5	12 9 0	—	2,308 13 11	28,675 1 0	0 11	1 42	Inishowen.
35 9 0	—	—	2,167 3 10	30,944 2 0	1 1	1 45	Lectric County.
53 13 2	4 11 2	23 7 6	2,349 24 5	29,642 5 0	1 01	1 7	Millford.
37 19 0	—	—	1,079 4 6	29,940 18 0	0 82	1 04	Stranorlar.
							DONEGAL.
148 5 9	—	—	4,618 4 4	155,603 3 0	0 51	0 7	Banbridge.
139 5 6	25 0 0	—	4,910 2 5	174,933 16 0	0 5	0 62	Ballymena.
43 7 7	1 0 0 0	—	1,788 5 5	41,043 5 0	0 61	0 10	Kilkeel.
155 12 0	18 0 0	—	7,371 7 11	160,362 11 0	0 94	0 112	Newry.
118 12 5	—	—	6,174 10 4	153,684 14 0	0 9	0 11	Portavogie.
							FERMANAGH.
89 4 6	29 0 0	—	3,756 13 7	105,134 15 0	0 61	0 82	Enniskillen.
88 7 0	11 8 3	—	1,838 15 4	49,540 15 0	0 61	0 9	Irenemount.
88 9 0	—	22 0 9	9,286 7 9	52,296 14 0	0 68	0 91	Lisnaskea.
							LONDONDERRY.
92 17 3	—	—	4,803 7 6	97,099 2 0	0 92	1 0	Coleraine.
137 1 0	—	—	5,029 1 10	157,714 0 0	0 72	0 94	Londonderry.
155 11 0	19 10 2	—	3,088 8 1	91,918 16 0	0 53	0 54	Magherafelt.
56 11 0	0 15 0	—	2,609 12 7	68,387 16 0	0 58	0 61	N.-T.-Limavady.
							MONAGHAN.
42 2 6	—	—	2,090 3 7	45,971 4 0	0 76	0 10	Carrymacross.
98 14 5	97 4 8	—	3,228 19 7	74,929 0 0	0 74	0 101	Castleblayney.
45 6 0	—	—	1,892 18 9	56,373 1 0	0 58	0 8	Clones.
78 9 0	—	—	2,797 10 2	53,908 3 0	0 46	0 71	Monaghan.
							TRIM.
31 14 3	10 11 6	—	1,274 7 0	26,981 2 0	0 72	0 102	Castlederg.
64 3 0	0 12 6	—	2,366 19 3	56,147 19 0	0 71	0 102	Clogher.
68 22 0	—	—	2,012 19 0	62,606 11 0	0 53	0 8	Cuckstown.
95 31 0	26 0 0	—	5,982 6 5	92,916 4 0	0 61	0 94	Dungannon.
28 2 9	—	—	1,158 3 4	10,429 7 0	0 104	1 23	Gortin.
94 16 7	10 16 10	—	3,075 2 8	96,401 11 0	0 61	0 92	Omagh.
81 16 0	10 0 0	—	4,351 14 4	96,329 6 0	0 81	0 107	Strabane.
							1871, } Total, 1870, } Ulster.
4,200 6 6	410 5 9	120 13 11	172,312 9 6	4,921,863 5 0	0 71	0 104	
4,402 0 3	450 17 0	47 10 11	172,603 2 0	3,266,294 11 0	0 71	0 104	
	—	—	—	33,636 13 3	—	—	Increases.
191 13 6	22 8 3	—	98 12 6	—	—	—	Decreases.

[continued.]

No. 1. PART I.—RETURN showing the Expenditure of Unions

NAME OF CENTRE AND UNION.	Expenditure during the Year ended 30th September, 1911.							
	In-Maintenance.	Out-Belief.	Maintenance of Infirmary and Diet and Beds, in Asylums, and cost of Relief in Extra-Hospitals.	Salaries and Wages of Officers.	All other Poor Relief Expenses.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenditure under Medical Charities Act.	
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.—CHARGE.								
Ballyvaughan, .	1,189 14 2	—	—	355 4 5	221 15 6	1,800 14 1	151 4 7	
Corrofin, .	868 15 2	19 3 6	—	367 17 8	210 16 1	1,009 12 5	151 5 2	
Eminia, .	3,403 7 5	209 9 7	7 4 9	914 10 9	837 5 10	5,200 10 5	813 3 10	
Enniskillen, .	2,269 17 4	159 7 4	20 0 0	410 4 4	689 11 1	3,689 2 1	564 12 8	
Killeshand, .	1,166 15 5	216 18 0	2 1 5	413 5 5	288 1 10	2,166 2 2	251 1 1	
Kilrush, .	2,110 16 2	358 6 1	8 10 0	856 9 7	539 11 3	4,120 12 1	703 0 10	
Skefflin, .	1,353 18 7	—	37 10 0	526 15 5	314 2 11	2,319 8 1	448 2 8	
Tulla, .	9,064 6 3	109 29 6	13 0 7	525 14 9	325 14 3	9,482 1 4	479 10 8	
CORK.								
Bandone, .	1,005 19 8	5 16 7	82 19 0	619 3 0	564 5 2	2,777 16 5	515 0 7	
Bantry, .	205 11 7	22 10 0	—	302 19 9	158 19 1	1,029 0 5	482 0 0	
Castletown, .	886 2 9	18 11 0	5 13 0	371 15 11	130 14 8	1,483 17 2	327 12 3	
Cloonskelly, .	1,061 2 9	6 12 8	20 0 0	427 5 0	403 19 11	2,413 6 7	434 15 9	
Cork, .	18,051 8 3	1,751 3 5	908 15 0	3,722 6 11	8,679 7 7	31,828 19 2	3,668 17 1	
Dunmanway, .	589 7 11	62 13 0	2 15 0	346 18 2	224 19 2	1,638 12 9	448 2 1	
Fermoy, .	1,024 14 9	3 18 11	24 0 9	813 12 5	624 18 2	3,240 18 2	997 13 0	
Kanturk, .	3,225 5 11	805 7 6	117 0 9	920 28 4	825 25 6	5,905 5 3	813 18 11	
Kilnasa, .	1,148 7 10	—	—	479 3 4	225 8 19	1,523 0 9	582 0 9	
Macroom, .	1,255 2 11	74 13 5	26 10 0	482 7 10	425 4 6	3,003 18 2	529 13 11	
Mallow, .	2,015 15 5	478 4 11	155 17 11	714 7 9	664 14 7	5,200 0 7	1,122 9 11	
Midleton, .	2,242 12 1	602 19 8	81 12 0	655 7 9	533 17 4	4,027 6 10	968 5 0	
Millsstreet, .	2,130 15 4	427 5 3	29 6 6	330 1 2	322 19 11	3,580 9 2	332 11 2	
Mitrolakelawn, .	1,503 18 0	32 6 14	45 7 7	565 18 8	611 3 11	2,539 14 10	484 1 6	
Skibbereen, .	2,000 4 9	8 2 8	30 10 0	265 7 1	702 11 7	2,913 18 1	725 10 0	
Skib, .	693 2 1	43 1 2	—	320 11 5	163 3 10	1,256 18 4	267 8 1	
Toughal, .	2,315 5 3	625 4 4	88 0 2	805 19 6	634 4 7	4,459 0 0	773 8 10	
KERRY.								
Cahirciveen, .	529 5 7	191 42 4	—	355 8 7	246 8 6	1,204 16 0	707 8 4	
Dingle, .	1,164 12 10	21 11 9	12 0 0	604 12 10	243 4 4	2,045 1 9	760 8 8	
Kennmare, .	938 14 10	61 1 2	—	563 15 11	207 17 6	1,540 7 5	229 12 3	
Killarney, .	3,015 13 6	605 11 5	18 15 0	1,005 7 3	1,429 9 9	6,173 17 5	1,113 9 4	
Lishtown, .	1,106 5 9	—	25 15 0	508 17 1	255 5 7	2,165 19 2	749 15 2	
Tealee, .	3,481 16 11	2 2 0	100 6 4	1,048 14 12	787 16 6	5,433 17 11	1,490 11 6	
LIMERICK.								
Cross, .	1,200 6 10	115 11 7	3 18 2	583 7 9	555 0 3	3,568 9 7	381 12 5	
Glin, .	1,013 7 7	97 12 0	66 12 11	528 13 11	213 17 10	1,886 4 3	440 15 8	
Kilmallock, .	4,008 11 3	1,002 5 11	168 9 3	1,016 13 9	908 3 24	5,880 3 0	1,072 3 0	
Limerick, .	22,122 12 6	1,073 10 5	227 5 5	2,106 15 10	2,208 1 11	17,738 9 1	1,833 12 0	
Newcastle, .	2,555 13 5	720 5 2	29 10 0	811 13 4	728 4 2	4,940 6 1	802 17 2	
Bothkeale, .	2,229 9 19	1,080 5 9	65 0 0	759 18 9	789 17 1	5,205 10 10	600 12 3	
TIFFERARY.								
Borrisokane, .	988 19 0	9 3 0	—	391 8 0	231 9 8	1,611 19 8	420 14 3	
Car-an-Suir, .	2,007 1 19	472 17 5	35 15 7	595 16 6	793 13 10	5,106 5 9	747 2 8	
Castel, .	4,024 12 0	1,143 7 5	69 19 0	616 11 6	943 13 3	7,297 14 7	920 6 7	
Clogheen, .	2,666 11 2	—	26 0 9	641 9 5	599 10 6	3,213 0 1	458 0 3	
Clonmel, .	3,008 13 5	216 7 5	77 15 6	1,120 6 4	1,494 18 1	6,500 9 9	902 0 7	
Nenagh, .	3,112 8 2	812 2 7	2 10 0	794 8 6	593 10 5	5,190 8 9	816 6 6	
Boscrea, .	1,011 22 18	225 8 9	1 15 0	672 4 4	666 11 8	3,089 12 8	649 0 8	
Thurles, .	1,084 1 7	20 14 0	72 4 0	731 10 3	414 17 5	3,223 17 6	803 7 11	
Tipperary, .	3,000 13 11	266 14 2	70 18 0	817 17 3	705 11 4	5,770 16 8	1,353 10 4	
WATERFORD.								
Dungarvan, .	2,799 19 9	643 1 5	99 19 6	783 15 10	686 24 2	4,654 19 8	763 4 5	
Kilmacthomas, .	1,404 7 5	682 3 8	92 3 0	520 16 6	420 3 10	2,009 14 5	370 8 5	
Lismore, .	1,478 11 7	204 3 11	27 2 0	615 22 6	670 18 5	3,164 6 11	629 7 1	
Waterford, .	6,024 7 7	2,001 6 0	62 10 0	1,285 15 11	1,213 3 7	11,557 3 1	1,633 4 0	
Total, { 1871	133,904 6 1	19,116 5 91	3,265 9 6	37,883 4 9	37,926 4 91	235,914 1 10	38,802 3 3	
{ 1870	133,922 6 11	19,758 8 04	3,369 19 2	36,030 1 4	35,056 11 81	225,703 6 54	37,880 7 6	
Increase, .	71 19 9	3,367 17 0	—	1,447 3 5	368 13 24	8,100 15 45	1,375 15 9	
Decrease, .	—	—	74 18 9	—	—	—	—	

during the Year ended 29th September, 1871—continued.

Expenditure under the Acts for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenditure under the Poor Law.	Expenditure under District Councils, and Local Tax of the Poor Rate.	Total Expenditure out of the Poor Rate.	Valuation on 31st Sept., 1871.	Treasuries on the Valuation:		Number of Towns and Unions.
					Of the Expenditure on Relief of the Poor.	Of Total Expenditure.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.
11 16 6	—	—	3,059 15 2	10,362 11 0	1 12s	2 1s	Ballyvaghan.
18 7 0	0 4 0	—	1,630 0 7	20,430 0 0	1 5s	1 7s	Corrofin.
50 18 5	7 2 6	—	6,265 1 3	72,585 13 0	1 6s	1 8s	Edain.
50 0 6	5 1 0	—	4,209 1 3	56,765 0 0	2 0	2 4	Famistymon.
30 7 9	4 6 8	—	2,328 17 50	20,311 2 0	1 7s	1 10s	Kildeford.
80 8 0	20 3 0	—	5,000 3 11	22,057 10 0	1 7s	1 11s	Kilroth.
31 17 0	21 0 0	—	2,005 3 9	25,721 12 0	1 8s	2 1s	Scriff.
27 9 6	26 1 7	—	3,725 22 1	32,650 9 0	1 11s	2 2s	Tulla.
CO. CLARE.							
65 10 6	28 0 0	—	3,297 7 6	52,586 0 0	0 9s	1 0	Bandon.
41 0 10	21 1 8	11 11 3	1,635 3 2	21,573 12 0	1 6s	1 6s	Henry.
37 16 6	0 4 9	—	1,700 0 0	16,880 0 0	1 0s	2 3s	Castleisland.
61 0 0	3 5 0	—	2,014 7 4	50,481 0 0	0 11s	1 1s	Cloonakilly.
39 6 1	473 0 6	2 19 0	29,060 4 7	37,480 7 3	2 0s	2 4s	Cork.
30 13 0	11 10 6	—	2,135 4 4	52,000 10 0	1 0	1 10s	Dunmanway.
82 3 0	44 6 10	—	4,245 1 0	19,607 10 0	0 7s	0 10s	Fenney.
16 2 0	179 7 5	26 15 0	7,010 8 7	75,383 5 0	1 6s	1 10s	Kilnure.
25 0 6	5 0 0	—	2,000 1 5	55,188 10 0	0 8s	0 10s	Kinsale.
74 2 0	6 8 0	—	3,020 2 1	63,927 12 0	0 10s	1 1s	Marcom.
74 12 7	43 14 0	14 5 6	6,030 2 1	105,405 0 0	0 11s	1 1s	Mallow.
67 29 0	10 0 5	—	5,104 1 2	93,090 10 0	0 10s	1 2s	Midleton.
40 9 0	16 4 6	7 10 0	3,000 10 4	37,593 5 0	2 7s	2 10s	Mulfrist.
69 17 7	25 0 5	—	3,128 14 4	49,095 15 0	1 0s	1 2s	Muskeystown.
81 13 3	14 3 0	165 7 1	4,022 9 0	45,619 0 0	0 7s	2 0s	Skibbereen.
36 2 0	14 0 0	—	1,072 8 5	14,788 6 0	1 8s	2 1s	Saul.
51 1 0	20 0 0	—	5,203 4 4	50,641 5 0	1 5s	1 9	Youphal.
CO. KERRY.							
66 18 1	—	394 18 0	2,002 0 5	22,327 5 0	1 8s	2 8s	Gairiseen.
58 10 6	27 0 6	—	2,293 10 5	52,583 5 0	2 5s	2 6s	Diagle.
49 1 10	0 8 0	20 7 5	2,850 10 10	18,767 3 0	1 12s	2 7s	Killarney.
121 10 0	0 12 0	103 1 2	7,514 19 8	72,110 10 0	2 8s	2 9s	Lishtow.
79 3 0	198 4 3	—	3,661 2 4	55,048 15 0	0 2s	1 2s	Tralee.
150 10 0	24 10 6	66 13 0	6,296 9 5	14,377 10 0	1 2s	1 7s	
CO. LIMERICK.							
38 8 3	11 14 1	—	3,848 4 4	63,155 5 0	1 6s	1 2s	Cloon.
36 17 0	19 2 11	—	2,440 19 10	28,242 12 0	1 4s	1 8s	Glin.
82 13 0	181 19 0	47 6 1	9,671 15 10	102,727 5 0	1 3s	1 5s	Kilmallock.
108 17 0	5 0 6	88 19 3	10,944 0 7	101,889 5 0	1 10s	2 1s	Limerick.
73 10 11	18 11 10	—	5,032 12 0	61,243 4 0	1 2s	1 10s	Newcastle.
43 3 0	19 9 9	—	5,000 16 4	55,750 10 0	1 10s	2 1s	Rathkeale.
CO. TIPPERARY.							
22 1 0	15 0 0	—	2,078 14 11	41,561 2 0	0 9s	1 0	Borrisokane.
22 0 6	21 0 0	—	5,940 5 4	78,819 12 0	1 2s	1 6s	Carrick-on-Suir.
72 3 3	47 2 3	—	8,437 6 8	107,073 13 0	1 4s	1 8s	Castel.
55 6 0	22 12 8	—	3,845 1 0	63,591 0 0	1 0s	1 2s	Gleagh.
63 6 0	1 11 5	—	7,845 19 6	69,705 3 0	1 12s	2 3s	Glent.
71 10 0	11 0 0	—	6,125 6 3	93,000 18 0	1 1s	1 3s	Glensha.
20 11 0	20 1 9	—	3,789 8 11	71,948 18 0	0 10s	1 0s	Hores.
73 16 0	0 10 0	23 0 0	4,206 15 5	90,987 16 0	0 8s	0 11s	Thurles.
102 3 6	49 17 6	26 0 0	7,671 8 1	130,866 4 0	0 10s	1 0s	Tipperary.
CO. WATERFORD.							
58 17 0	1 9 5	—	5,773 1 6	53,879 10 0	1 10s	2 1s	Dungarvan.
55 16 0	37 12 7	—	3,499 13 5	34,738 5 0	1 8s	1 11s	Kilmacthomas.
47 2 3	24 7 7	—	3,565 3 10	45,729 7 0	1 3s	1 6s	Lismore.
130 12 0	56 1 0	—	13,463 0 10	145,206 7 0	1 6s	1 9s	Waterford.
1,490 7 7	1,756 13 10	262 11 0	975,969 18 3	3,300,382 15 3	1 4s	1 7s	1871, <i>Total.</i>
2,372 10 1	1,529 23 1	1,023 3 6	900,376 0 7	3,336,327 4 3	1 4s	1 7s	1870, <i>Total.</i>
115 17 6	241 0 9	—	6,268 17 7	23,525 11 0	0 9s	0 0s	Increase.
—	—	100 11 0	—	—	—	—	Decrease.

[continued.]

No. 1. PART 1.—RETURN showing the Expenditure of Unions

NAME OF COUNTY AND UNION,	Expenditure during the Year ended 30th September, 1871.							
	In-Maintenance.	Out-Helot.	Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, in Asylums, or cases of Relief in Eastern Hospitals.	Salaries and Wages of Officers.	All other Poor Relief Expenses.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act.	
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.								
CARLOW.	3,657 12 2	1,770 8 4	52 3 7	1,166 11 0	966 18 4	7,626 13 5	1,366 3 11	
DUBLIN.								
Balroarty.	1,775 3 5	191 16 5	—	566 19 0	612 2 10	3,126 1 8	1,037 10 0	
Dublin, North.	17,669 11 4	1,994 4 0	441 6 5	3,861 5 3	3,437 1 8	26,772 2 9	3,355 4 2	
Dublin, South.	31,028 10 2	4,030 9 10	496 2 7	5,012 19 8	6,269 19 0	46,316 12 3	3,938 18 1	
Rathdown.	5,453 8 9	112 2 6	148 0 0	1,140 13 5	9,661 12 9	9,815 17 5	5,297 10 11	
KILDARE.								
Athy.	2,065 9 9	1,172 2 0	49 16 10	758 0 1	833 17 5	5,471 6 1	1,226 10 3	
Celbridge.	1,160 6 5	838 12 5	33 10 0	773 18 9	525 10 6	4,150 18 2	946 3 4	
Nass.	2,406 12 1	1,614 1 7	83 1 6	905 11 1	579 18 0	5,075 4 21	1,204 17 7	
KILKENNY.								
Callan.	2,239 8 7	826 14 0	42 15 0	795 5 8	620 0 1	4,675 3 7	619 11 3	
Castledermot.	1,535 13 10	753 17 0	22 10 0	508 17 4	442 3 7	3,803 2 6	475 6 2	
Kilkenny.	4,063 16 0	1,758 4 7	28 10 0	1,202 3 10	1,007 14 20	9,040 11 3	1,014 3 0	
Thomastown.	1,798 18 4	474 17 4	15 0 0	620 4 0	285 17 4	3,177 17 2	456 10 5	
Urtingford.	1,616 7 1	520 3 10	10 0 0	480 8 1	226 6 2	5,006 6 2	532 10 0	
KING'S CO.								
Edenderry.	1,545 9 2	245 7 8	27 5 0	563 16 7	452 2 0	2,905 14 5	862 16 8	
Parsonstown.	2,379 12 6	4 2 10 0	80 1 0	454 14 8	829 19 11	5,532 19 11	954 12 8	
Tullamore.	2,566 18 6	1,652 13 2	50 0 0	282 2 7	532 11 3	5,333 5 6	737 12 10	
LIMERICK.								
Ballyshannon.	1,659 16 7	185 18 6	30 1 6	517 19 4	650 11 7	5,903 7 6	592 1 2	
Ormond.	1,204 0 0	1,572 10 10	1 17 2	695 12 5	691 6 10	4,806 8 4	906 1 0	
Longford.	2,388 6 6	678 17 5	19 7 6	680 18 4	506 17 0	4,131 9 9	472 15 6	
LOUTH.								
Ardee.	2,037 2 6	1,610 10 4	20 0 0	717 16 5	460 0 10	5,064 10 3	917 17 8	
Drogheda.	11,244 6 6	3,679 4 0	75 7 6	820 12 7	766 10 4	7,210 0 11	1,918 12 8	
Dundalk.	2,270 10 3	1,170 18 0	2 2 2	742 15 11	516 4 9	4,162 11 1	1,140 14 1	
MAYO.								
Dromshaughlin.	1,617 0 0	470 19 0	6 11 0	661 2 10	452 4 10	3,666 8 8	876 9 8	
Kells.	2,125 0 7	420 15 6	60 0 0	725 16 0	323 15 8	3,954 5 9	981 1 5	
Navan.	2,316 14 4	1,475 3 0	29 0 3	791 1 4	632 2 10	5,138 2 3	533 8 8	
Glenmalier.	1,569 3 8	47 3 0	15 0 0	489 18 5	374 15 1	2,454 0 0	577 10 1	
Trim.	2,124 4 32	920 17 0	7 16 0	727 2 0	527 12 104	4,605 12 0	645 8 2	
QUEEN'S CO.								
Abbeyleix.	1,327 6 7	552 15 2	38 18 0	583 13 11	764 3 1	3,276 15 0	816 1 10	
Dungannon.	1,628 5 4	397 4 9	11 15 0	579 5 9	325 11 2	2,901 2 0	908 4 11	
Monaghan.	3,553 6 9	1,380 1 11	75 0 0	1,014 11 7	922 2 6	6,905 2 9	916 15 0	
WESTMARCH.								
Athlone.	2,415 5 8	135 10 1	15 0 0	705 17 5	548 16 5	3,961 9 7	1,046 10 2	
Delvin.	1,144 0 1	80 15 6	10 8 8	454 1 5	491 9 6	2,080 15 0	474 9 2	
Mullingar.	2,204 7 11	872 16 3	91 12 0	1,012 8 3	1,133 2 3	6,204 7 8	1,160 15 11	
WEXFORD.								
Enniscorthy.	2,979 6 3	1,208 5 3	62 10 0	726 13 0	650 7 7	5,949 2 1	1,220 2 7	
Gorey.	2,458 19 10	182 13 7	4 15 0	635 3 9	558 3 6	3,803 15 8	742 8 0	
New Ross.	5,539 13 10	1,464 6 9	47 10 0	287 15 6	643 14 8	6,291 0 2	1,157 18 1	
Wexford.	2,835 3 6	1,314 8 8	127 10 0	636 8 3	938 6 1	7,351 16 4	1,347 11 10	
WICKLOW.								
Bettystown.	2,270 4 11	601 17 7	44 11 0	735 15 1	652 0 2	4,350 17 9	615 5 6	
Bathurst.	3,150 1 10	1,463 3 11	23 6 0	541 11 11	912 16 3	6,190 10 11	1,260 0 3	
Shillelagh.	1,654 3 7	83 15 7	—	558 15 1	397 5 4	2,037 19 7	425 11 11	
Total [1871]	161,223 12 43	36,395 19 10	8,005 14 11	37,220 2 112	31,477 18 91	232,704 8 11	41,161 7 7	
LEINSTER [1870]	126,572 18 31	31,003 19 108	9,315 10 1	28,261 19 81	33,005 8 8	238,015 16 71	38,100 13 6	
Increase.	5,556 14 1	4,696 19 114	90 4 10	1,068 3 32	1,812 0 42	32,818 11 6	3,033 8 1	
Decrease.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

during the Year ended 29th September, 1871—continued.

Expenditure under the Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenditure under the Summary Acts.	Expenditure under the General Grants Act, paid out of the Poor Rate.	Total Expenditure out of the Poor Rate.	Valuation on 31st Sept., 1871.	Percentage on the Valuation:		Name of County and Union.
					Of the Expenditure on Relief of the Poor.	Of Total Expenditure.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.
110 6 3	34 6 11	85 17 3	85 23 7 9	120,035 15 0	1 64	1 32	Carlow.
99 14 5	105 16 7	—	4,700 7 9	94,810 5 0	0 8 0	1 94	DUBLIN.
423 7 9	82 9 10	—	30,614 4 0	331,965 5 0	1 71	1 10 1	Balbriggan.
555 15 0	303 14 9	—	51,538 0 1	267,295 0 0	1 74	1 95	Dublin, North.
123 5 9	50 3 9	—	11,805 17 3	225,070 5 0	0 10	1 04	Dublin, South.
119 19 6	220 7 9	119 19 5	7,009 2 11	100,155 7 0	1 0	1 34	KILDARE.
38 6 0	38 13 2	—	5,177 1 2	114,901 16 0	0 8 0	0 16 1	Athy.
94 18 2	170 9 9	—	7,045 0 0	151,391 8 0	0 8 0	0 11 4	Celbridge.
51 12 0	27 10 3	30 0 0	5,425 17 1	73,105 6 0	1 34	1 54	Nass.
34 8 0	12 13 1	15 0 0	3,000 9 0	32,222 15 0	2 1	2 5	Castlecomer.
62 9 9	27 0 0	—	10,144 4 0	106,345 6 0	1 48	1 64	Kilkenny.
43 10 0	15 0 0	114 0 1	3,948 5 0	65,842 2 0	0 11	1 2	Thomastown.
22 8 3	3 7 8	94 14 7	3,255 10 0	40,460 0 0	1 34	1 04	Uringland.
45 3 0	90 7 6	—	5,728 1 7	95,620 4 0	0 7	0 0 0	ERNE'S Co.
66 18 0	1 0 4	—	4,525 15 12	160,013 3 0	0 14	0 10 4	Edenderry.
59 9 3	—	—	6,149 7 7	83,825 4 0	1 52	1 54	Pareenstown.
71 14 0	23 19 0	—	5,880 12 4	84,934 12 0	1 32	1 42	Tullamore.
63 2 6	4 19 0	—	4,671 17 0	50,777 18 0	1 48	1 04	LONGFORD.
49 15 3	107 16 5	2 0 0	6,931 13 6	94,565 12 0	1 28	1 5	Ardee.
58 4 0	170 4 4	24 19 6	8,925 1 5	124,768 7 0	1 2	1 5	Drogheda.
106 3 6	58 8 5	—	6,081 17 6	103,060 0 0	0 11	1 14	Dundalk.
26 2 0	27 18 6	—	3,760 19 7	165,630 10 0	0 7	0 8 4	MEATH.
45 14 5	8 0 0	114 19 4	5,682 1 0	95,434 17 0	0 10	1 0 0	Dunleath.
62 3 10	—	55 17 0	5,795 19 3	37,922 5 0	1 61	1 24	Kells.
69 10 8	—	—	5,089 0 0	62,204 2 0	0 94	1 0	Navan.
63 8 0	3 1 8	—	5,841 19 7	106,843 0 0	0 104	0 114	Collooney.
63 9 0	—	—	4,100 7 4	66,947 3 0	0 115	1 52	Trim.
13 11 0	10 0 0	—	2,654 17 11	40,390 8 0	1 0 0	1 52	QUEEN'S Co.
82 1 9	—	—	7,994 19 0	101,261 7 0	1 44	1 0 0	Abbeyleix.
28 2 0	10 0 0	—	5,005 1 9	58,322 1 0	0 105	1 12	Dungannon.
20 5 6	10 7 6	—	5,395 17 2	53,513 3 0	0 8 0	0 11 2	Mountmellick.
87 17 0	60 18 6	—	7,318 19 1	157,987 19 0	0 9 0	0 114	WESTMEATH.
08 10 6	21 1 1	—	6,397 16 3	109,718 0 0	0 11	1 2	Athlone.
52 18 6	0 16 0	—	4,510 18 2	79,216 10 0	0 115	1 2	Delvin.
90 7 6	6 0 0	—	6,048 12 4	161,225 6 0	1 26	1 61	Mullingar.
108 17 3	12 8 5	—	8,634 3 10	397,168 12 0	1 48	1 74	WEXFORD.
66 1 6	—	—	5,282 4 9	73,732 16 0	1 3	1 54	Enniscorthy.
83 19 6	01 1 5	—	7,725 14 1	127,804 4 0	0 114	1 28	Gorey.
39 19 0	0 0 0	—	3,128 6 6	59,481 15 0	1 0 0	1 0	New Ross.
3,281 0 11	2,160 18 11	677 7 8	300,000 3 24	4,563,237 17 0	1 12	1 4	Wexford.
3,573 1 1	1,868 4 5	324 15 10	281,600 17 55	4,488,436 5 0	1 02	1 3	1871, } Total, Limerick.
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Increase.
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Decrease.

[continued.]

No. 1. PART I.—RETURN showing the Expenditure of Unions

NAME OF COUNTY AND UNION.	Expenditure during the Year ended 26th September, 1871.									
	In-Maintenance,	Out-Relief,	Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, in Asylums, and other Institutions in Extra- Hospital.	Salaries and Rations of Officers,	All other Poor Relief Expenses,	Total Poor Relief Expenditure,	Expenses under Medical Charitable Acts.			
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.										
GALWAY.										
Ballinasloe, .	2,003 2 4	9 18 1	—	721 7 10	481 4 4	3,218 12 7	890 4 4			
Clifden, .	936 18 2	89 19 5	29 10 0	492 1 2	203 11 4	1,006 0 1	719 10 5			
Galway, .	2,793 11 0	162 10 2	29 10 0	1,003 12 0	497 0 2	4,472 15 7	1,012 7 3			
Glenosmaddy, .	1,102 12 10	123 1 6	—	451 8 11	316 12 8	2,003 15 11	457 15 11			
Gort, .	1,150 9 0	17 4 4	17 7 0	515 7 1	354 11 0	2,034 18 5	294 17 11			
Longbreen, .	966 10 2	24 3 2	12 0 0	479 12 5	371 10 10	1,003 16 11	545 11 11			
Mountbellew, .	1,067 3 5	30 18 0	—	449 7 9	238 1 2	1,778 11 1	573 18 3			
Oughterard, .	940 5 8	130 9 7	—	256 9 8	197 10 3	1,003 10 2	647 10 11			
Perrycross, .	1,009 5 5	49 0 5	—	406 9 8	225 18 304	1,700 5 54	329 6 2			
Tuam, .	2,291 7 11	557 13 6	20 5 0	700 15 11	246 14 3	4,113 12 1	120 10 3			
LEITRIM.										
Car-on-Shan, .	1,033 9 7	73 12 3	15 0 0	678 10 8	304 14 0	2,615 8 6	650 14 0			
Meenoranhillon	816 0 0	—	59 10 0	418 6 0	359 16 10	1,016 6 10	579 15 0			
Mohill, .	1,033 14 6	470 11 6	—	613 7 8	449 6 4	2,866 13 6	634 3 0			
MAYO.										
Ballina, .	1,004 17 1	59 19 9	—	574 6 11	294 13 4	1,973 17 1	442 11 9			
Ballinrobe, .	1,910 14 8	67 15 0	20 0 0	645 19 19	486 3 8	3,140 13 10	628 13 6			
Ballymuley, .	517 6 4	30 13 5	—	357 2 4	245 14 7	1,350 16 8	307 17 10			
Castlebar, .	936 0 3	319 17 4	15 0 0	485 8 6	367 4 6	2,116 19 1	523 8 5			
Claremorris, .	662 13 6	55 12 2	65 10 0	455 15 6	306 9 11	1,876 1 1	459 16 7			
Killes, .	632 0 0	164 4 6	—	263 16 10	148 4 10	1,248 6 2	405 5 6			
Newport, .	526 15 0	51 12 9	—	281 17 6	187 7 6	1,340 12 5	517 10 1			
Swindford, .	1,123 0 3	120 13 6	7 10 0	500 5 1	334 17 5	2,056 15 3	668 6 7			
Westport, .	1,135 17 4	8 14 9	—	560 19 0	322 4 2	2,067 15 3	525 0 7			
ROSCOMMON.										
Berde, .	1,003 1 4	609 14 7	31 17 6	745 9 2	482 7 8	4,616 10 3	1,074 14 2			
Castlerea, .	1,716 1 2	68 2 6	17 5 0	564 1 0	453 0 0	2,819 10 1	710 4 5			
Roscommon, .	2,004 1 4	406 17 0	20 0 0	621 11 1	540 12 6	4,803 2 5	485 7 3			
Strokestown, .	1,639 17 0	561 0 0	30 0 0	585 9 2	490 0 0	3,195 15 7	507 9 3			
SLIGO.										
Braemore, West,	447 15 2	48 18 5	23 10 6	378 11 0	198 9 0	1,006 4 0	360 13 0			
Sligo, .	2,652 19 5	760 12 19	21 7 0	816 17 2	873 10 6	5,947 13 2	1,925 12 11			
Tubbercurry, .	565 5 19	263 3 1	45 0 0	374 13 0	189 18 4	1,435 9 3	466 8 3			
Total, Censuses	1871, 40,200 18 10	5,487 4 1	435 1 9	15,613 11 11	11,042 10 8	71,339 8 8	18,310 16 9			
Increases, .	—	901 13 11	27 7 7	370 15 4	—	—	—	454 13 1		
Decrease, .	1,008 18 93	—	—	—	944 0 0	1,137 2 28	—			

during the Year ended 29th September, 1871—continued.

Expenditure under the Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages	Expenditure under the Sanitary Act.	Expenditure under the General Act, and part of the Poor Rate.	Total Expenditure out of the Poor Rate.	Valuation on 29th Sept., 1871.	Percentage on the Valuation:		Number of COUNTRY AND UNION.
					Of the Expenditure on Relief of the Poor.	Of Total Expenditure.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
							PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.
							GALWAY.
50 1 0	9 10 6	—	1,168 8 5	78,712 0 0	0 96	1 05	Ballynacree,
66 15 6	2 9 0	—	2,595 7 0	17,207 2 0	2 1	2 11	Clifden.
101 10 0	10 3 0	—	5,048 15 10	65,237 10 0	1 65	1 81	Galway.
33 11 0	20 0 0	—	2,395 10 0	34,297 10 0	1 32	1 75	Glennamaddy.
40 0 0	16 6 4	—	2,474 3 2	42,328 15 0	0 114	1 18	Gort.
58 7 6	25 1 0	—	2,555 17 4	75,452 4 0	0 0	0 8	Loughrea.
45 3 0	10 0 0	—	2,643 7 1	40,450 4 0	0 103	1 22	Mulranny.
59 8 6	23 10 0	—	2,558 19 7	16,058 0 0	2 23	3 2	Oraghmore.
25 7 0	—	—	2,104 19 23	35,585 12 0	0 114	1 24	Portumna.
80 5 0	25 10 0	—	5,028 17 4	70,717 17 0	1 14	1 48	Tuam.
							LEINSTER.
60 16 6	63 13 0	—	3,333 10 0	48,300 3 0	1 05	1 48	Car-on-Shan.
61 16 6	27 3 0	—	2,297 1 4	45,312 8 0	0 9	1 06	Maneaghmore.
62 8 6	13 15 8	15 6 6	3,262 8 2	30,514 17 0	1 54	1 92	Mohill.
							MATO.
60 17 6	5 4 2	—	2,621 10 6	45,626 4 0	0 104	1 1	Ballyna.
64 15 0	26 14 5	—	3,070 14 0	59,937 16 0	1 05	1 38	Ballynab.
50 15 3	14 7 0	—	1,722 16 9	10,233 4 0	2 54	2 58	Ballynullet.
60 18 6	—	—	2,739 9 3	45,570 0 0	0 11	1 20	Castlebar.
81 12 0	15 0 0	—	2,423 0 8	41,838 12 0	0 104	1 22	Claremorris.
24 12 0	13 2 6	—	1,881 6 2	20,503 17 0	1 28	1 72	Kilkenny.
32 6 6	—	—	1,860 9 0	12,029 15 0	1 71	2 38	Newport.
144 11 6	22 9 3	—	3,192 2 7	45,453 2 0	1 61	1 7	Swinford.
69 17 11	18 12 5	—	2,652 6 2	30,815 10 0	1 4	1 9	Westport.
							ROSSEMORE.
69 8 6	5 0 0	10 11 0	5,235 3 5	72,831 5 0	1 15	1 52	Boyle.
36 16 6	15 0 0	—	3,014 11 0	71,720 12 0	0 95	1 06	Clogher.
58 14 10	12 10 0	—	5,447 18 8	64,392 18 0	1 51	1 52	Roscommon.
50 2 6	—	—	3,257 7 9	56,738 12 0	1 24	1 52	Strokestown.
							SLIGO.
20 4 0	0 12 5	—	1,402 14 6	26,727 3 0	0 71	0 82	Dromore, West.
78 18 4	45 0 0	20 2 0	5,961 15 11	97,425 0 0	1 49	1 4	Sligo.
57 1 0	6 0 0	—	1,994 0 8	40,563 10 0	0 95	0 114	Toppererry.
1,853 1 7	498 16 3	51 19 6	91,848 2 04	1,383,009 10 0	1 02	1 44	1871, } Total.
1,844 19 10	245 4 0	210 15 6	62,543 10 11	1,350,275 10 0	1 01	1 42	1870, } Decrease.
—	147 19 3	—	—	3,304 9 0	—	—	Increase.
1 18 3	—	158 14 0	636 8 11	—	—	0 1	Decrease.

SUMMARY OF FOREGOING TABLE, NO. I.—PART I.

	Year.	Movemt.	Incomes.	Outgoings.	Total Income.		Total Outgoings.		Incomes.		Outgoings.	
					£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
<i>Expenditure during the year ended 29th September, 1871.</i>												
In Maintenance, -	£ 4,015 17 7	133,691 6 1	111,823 12 4	28,702 0 8	382,255 16 8	281,803 15 8	692 1 0	-	-	-	-	-
Out-Relief, -	3,713 12 11	15,116 5 9	30,186 19 16	4,487 4 1	45,744 7 1	45,181 6 11	10,582 16 0	-	-	-	-	-
Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, to	1,038 1 1	3,495 0 5	3,469 14 11	435 1 9	7,237 18 2	7,096 4 3	921 14 0	-	-	-	-	-
Almshouses, and care of Infants Entombed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Salaries and Wages of Officers, -	37,497 8 9	37,488 4 9	37,350 3 11	15,018 11 11	117,834 3 4	115,457 7 1	4,397 1 3	-	-	-	-	-
All other Poor Relief Expenses, -	24,261 9 3	37,012 4 9	33,477 18 07	11,941 10 31	105,205 2 41	106,694 1 11	8,642 1 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total Poor Relief Expenditure, -	139,650 9 4	280,914 1 10	162,784 8 11	71,219 3 41	685,338 4 3	668,221 14 2	17,465 14 1	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses under Medical Charities Act, -	36,880 10 9	28,462 3 3	41,151 7 7	18,110 16 0	125,054 17 7	129,398 0 8	5,053 15 11	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses under the Acts for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, -	4,310 6 6	2,459 7 7	3,382 0 11	1,853 1 7	15,294 16 7	15,392 11 2	-	-	-	-	67 14 7	-
Expenses under the Sanitary Act, -	410 6 9	3,786 18 10	2,160 18 11	479 16 3	4,934 17 9	3,335 16 6	1,511 19 8	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses under Serial Grants in Aid paid out of the Poor Rates, -	130,13 11	933 11 9	677 7 8	31 19 6	1,783 12 10	1,836 3 9	170 7 1	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditure out of the Poor Rates, -	172,318 9 6	275,469 16 8	200,066 3 31	91,348 2 01	840,135 13 0	813,573 16 3	34,352 2 9	-	-	-	-	-
Valuation on 29th September, 1871, -	4,021,863 5 0	3,200,382 16 3	4,003,837 27 0	1,358,309 19 0	13,929,208 16 3	13,181,865 11 0	25,548 5 3	-	-	-	-	-
Pension at the Valuation, -	0 0 71	0 0 41	0 1 11	0 1 01	0 1 01	0 1 01	0 0 01	-	-	-	-	-
Of the Expenditure on Relief of the Poor, -	0 0 10	0 1 71	0 1 4	0 1 41	0 1 41	0 1 41	0 0 01	-	-	-	-	-
Of Total Expenditure, -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PART 2.—RETURN of the Number of Persons who received Poor Relief during the Year ended 29th September, 1871.

Names of Counties and Unions.	Number of Persons who received Relief under the Poor Relief Acts during the Year,				Average Daily Number of Persons in the Workhouse.	
	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf Asylums.	Total.		
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.						
ANTRIM, . . .	Antrim, . . .	1,569	86	3	1,656	287
	Ballycastle, . . .	401	—	—	401	114
	Ballymena, . . .	1,091	1,082	6	2,179	277
	Ballymoney, . . .	800	387	5	1,281	147
	Belfast, . . .	13,211	461	17	13,689	2,986
	Larne, . . .	770	125	—	901	241
	Lisburn, . . .	1,916	139	3	2,057	272
ARMAGH, . . .	Armagh, . . .	1,318	42	—	1,360	361
	Lurgan, . . .	2,803	42	1	2,906	302
CAVAN, . . .	Ballybofrough, . . .	638	165	—	803	132
	Bawnboy, . . .	517	301	3	821	98
	Cavan, . . .	1,379	140	3	1,528	268
	Cootehill, . . .	501	49	2	642	120
DONEGAL, . . .	Ballyshannon, . . .	584	—	—	584	119
	Donegal, . . .	289	110	1	400	76
	Dundfanaghy, . . .	73	—	—	73	33
	Glenties, . . .	283	40	1	324	108
	Inishowen, . . .	378	122	3	503	130
	Letterkenny, . . .	406	1	—	406	100
	Milford, . . .	233	107	—	340	87
	Stranorlar, . . .	349	3	—	362	72
DOWN, . . .	Banbridge, . . .	1,038	517	3	2,159	203
	Downpatrick, . . .	1,318	142	—	1,460	290
	Kilkel, . . .	504	10	1	515	88
	Newry, . . .	3,303	690	6	3,999	445
	Newtownards, . . .	1,721	475	3	2,100	384
FERMANAGH, . . .	Enniskillen, . . .	600	14	—	814	240
	Irvinestown, . . .	454	9	—	463	91
	Lisnaske, . . .	647	159	—	800	89
LONDONDERRY, . . .	Coleraine, . . .	1,341	207	—	1,548	378
	Londonderry, . . .	3,064	15	—	3,069	378
	Magherafelt, . . .	980	15	1	996	178
	Newtownlimavady, . . .	903	6	1	906	150
MONAGHAN, . . .	Carrickmacross, . . .	690	4	—	694	96
	Castleblayney, . . .	1,264	154	1	1,419	170
	Clones, . . .	820	3	—	823	112
	Monaghan, . . .	405	—	—	406	154
TYRONE, . . .	Castlederg, . . .	217	2	—	219	71
	Clogher, . . .	637	50	—	707	108
	Cookstown, . . .	501	6	—	507	142
	Dungannon, . . .	1,248	290	3	1,530	202
	Gortin, . . .	379	2	1	382	58
	Omagh, . . .	924	29	—	953	169
	Strabane, . . .	1,763	419	1	2,182	233
Total Ulster, Year 1871,		54,944	6,581	68	60,963	10,116
Do. do. 1870,		50,230	6,172	60	55,402	11,055
Increase,		—	400	8	—	—
Decrease,		4,800	—	—	4,469	940

No. 1. PART 2.—RETURN of the Number of Persons who received Poor Relief—cont.

NAME OF COUNTY AND UNION.	Number of Persons who received Relief under the Poor Relief Acts during the Year.				Average Daily Number of Paupers in the Workhouse.	
	In Workhouses.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Total.		
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.						
CLARE,	Ballyvaughan,	274	—	—	274	150
	Carron,	432	20	—	452	111
	Ennis,	1,490	340	—	1,840	404
	Ennistymon,	718	232	3	953	267
	Killadysert,	371	160	1	538	120
	Kilrush,	883	440	1	1,333	295
	Scariff,	489	—	5	494	103
	Tulla,	879	155	2	1,036	243
CORK,	Bandon,	748	2	8	758	180
	Bantry,	351	50	—	401	91
	Castleisland,	526	4	—	540	147
	Clooney,	674	1	2	677	211
	Cork,	9,656	2,558	77	12,291	2,106
	Dammanway,	447	68	—	515	125
	Fermoy,	1,338	14	2	1,354	298
	Kanturk,	1,371	701	8	2,280	509
	Kinsale,	715	—	—	715	136
	Macroom,	814	18	2	834	233
	Mallow,	1,920	767	11	2,696	379
	Middleton,	1,838	568	6	2,412	208
	Millstreet,	1,080	334	1	1,424	245
	Mitchelstown,	1,333	69	3	1,425	226
	Skibbereen,	864	49	6	910	250
	Skull,	238	31	1	270	68
	Youghal,	1,493	535	6	2,034	299
KERRY,	Gabervilleen,	604	128	—	732	129
	Dingle,	542	4	1	547	150
	Kemmare,	671	51	—	723	131
	Killarney,	900	431	5	1,435	317
	Listowel,	681	—	5	686	148
	Tralee,	1,091	—	14	1,706	490
LIMERICK,	Croom,	799	200	—	1,038	219
	Glin,	469	98	6	573	116
	Kilmallock,	2,301	1,183	17	3,591	552
	Limerick,	7,840	675	17	8,592	1,484
	Newcastle,	1,035	440	3	1,481	232
	Rathkeale,	1,917	684	6	1,937	219
TIPPERARY,	Borrisokane,	459	1	—	460	123
	Carrick-on-Suir,	1,762	439	3	2,204	362
	Gashel,	1,849	866	7	2,721	509
	Clogheen,	966	—	2	968	250
	Clonmel,	2,202	424	7	2,633	471
	Nenagh,	1,344	861	—	2,206	397
	Roscrea,	647	193	—	840	167
	Thurles,	908	45	7	910	237
	Tipperary,	2,001	1,231	8	3,230	421
WATERFORD,	Dungarvan,	1,755	564	6	2,325	397
	Kilmacthomas,	876	436	4	1,318	152
	Lismore,	940	342	3	1,285	170
	Waterford,	3,400	1,363	6	5,368	940
	Total Munster, Year 1871,	69,368	18,476	272	88,116	16,060
	Do. do. 1870,	70,002	16,811	276	87,949	17,134
	Increase,	—	1,065	—	127	—
	Decrease,	1,534	—	4	—	1,165

No. 1. PART 2.—RETURN of the number of Persons who received Poor Relief—con.

NAME OF COUNTIES AND UNIONs.	Number of Persons who received Relief under the Poor Relief Acts during the year.				Average Daily Number of Persons in the Workhouse.	
	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	TOTAL.		
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.						
CARLOW,	Carlow, . . .	2,751	1,059	5	8,815	349
DUBLIN,	Balrothery, . . .	4,098	500	-	4,598	214
"	Dublin, North, . . .	6,402	231	32	6,665	1,933
"	Dublin, South, . . .	8,890	1,387	38	10,314	2,993
"	Rathdown, . . .	2,840	40	12	2,898	503
KILDARE,	Athy, . . .	1,514	636	2	2,152	260
"	Celbridge, . . .	666	515	3	1,184	160
"	Naas, . . .	2,504	1,066	6	3,596	277
KILKENNY,	Callan, . . .	1,426	738	8	2,167	268
"	Castledermot, . . .	773	509	2	1,284	146
"	Kilkenny, . . .	2,837	1,835	3	4,175	463
"	Thomastown, . . .	1,902	292	1	1,495	227
"	Urkingford, . . .	600	238	1	905	169
KING'S CO.	Edenderry, . . .	1,328	271	2	1,601	186
"	Parsonstown, . . .	843	33	5	880	274
"	Tullamore, . . .	2,900	512	5	3,777	353
LONGFORD,	Ballymahon, . . .	805	205	4	1,014	122
"	Granard, . . .	778	1,071	-	1,849	217
"	Longford, . . .	1,580	530	2	2,101	278
LOUTH,	Ardee, . . .	3,262	1,118	2	4,372	265
"	Deagheda, . . .	5,247	2,880	6	8,135	389
"	Dundalk, . . .	2,647	1,060	-	3,736	290
MEATH,	Dunshaughlin, . . .	2,289	356	-	2,745	151
"	Kells, . . .	888	237	4	1,199	207
"	Navan, . . .	3,935	689	1	4,625	915
"	Oldcastle, . . .	661	61	1	723	184
"	Trim, . . .	1,974	689	1	2,658	220
QUEEN'S CO.	Abbeyfeix, . . .	845	310	4	1,159	190
"	Donaghmore, . . .	415	103	1	519	83
"	Mountmellick, . . .	1,919	813	6	2,737	372
WESTMEATH,	Athlone, . . .	1,510	250	1	1,770	306
"	Delvin, . . .	1,007	111	1	1,119	118
"	Mullingar, . . .	1,417	579	7	2,003	337
WEXFORD,	Enniscorthy, . . .	1,658	1,381	5	3,044	268
"	Gorey, . . .	1,151	213	-	1,364	251
"	New Ross, . . .	1,520	1,015	3	2,547	484
"	Wexford, . . .	1,858	1,031	10	2,919	420
WICKLOW,	Ballyglass, . . .	1,090	610	8	2,398	213
"	Bathdrum, . . .	2,110	1,280	1	3,691	306
"	Shillelagh, . . .	792	23	-	815	189
Total Leinster, Year 1871,		83,281	26,361	181	100,823	14,831
Do. do. 1870,		80,975	26,439	163	107,577	15,431
Increase,		2,306	122	18	3,446	-
Decrease,		-	-	-	-	600

No.1. PART 2.—RETURN of the number of Persons who received Poor Relief—con.

NAMES OF COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	Number of Persons who received Relief under the Poor Relief Acts during the year.				Average Daily Number of Persons in the Workhouse.	
	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	TOTAL.		
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.						
GALWAY,	Ballinasloe,	991	25	—	1,016	263
	Clifden,	412	288	2	702	185
	Galway,	1,277	230	2	1,509	383
	Glenannamaddy,	642	144	—	786	171
	Gort,	566	10	5	581	158
	Loughrea,	674	36	1	711	198
	Mount Belive,	640	20	—	660	147
	Oughterard,	286	300	—	586	137
	Portumna,	387	75	—	462	137
	Tuam,	1,129	503	4	1,636	270
LERTHIN,	Carrick-on-Shannon,	700	89	1	790	182
	Manorhamilton,	513	—	3	516	120
	Mohill,	765	454	—	1,219	173
MAYO,	Ballina,	715	136	—	861	154
	Ballinrobe,	888	63	2	953	247
	Belmullet,	333	58	—	391	98
	Castlebar,	472	337	1	810	133
	Claremorris,	436	78	5	519	128
	Killala,	190	107	—	297	82
	Newport,	247	49	—	306	74
	Swinford,	639	94	1	744	184
	Westport,	622	10	—	632	172
ROSCOMMON,	Boyle,	790	469	4	1,263	206
	Carrigallen,	838	48	1	987	213
	Roscommon,	1,049	324	2	1,375	330
	Strokestown,	745	345	2	1,092	200
SLIGO,	Dromore, West,	190	48	2	240	62
	Sligo,	1,042	511	4	1,557	330
	Tobercurry,	350	147	3	509	90
Total Connaught, Year 1871,		18,517	4,998	45	23,550	5,130
Do. do. 1870,		19,322	4,663	43	24,028	5,575
Increase,		—	335	2	—	—
Decrease,		805	—	—	468	443

SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.

ULSTER,	. . . . .	54,844	6,581	69	60,993	10,115
MUNSTER,	. . . . .	69,308	18,476	272	88,110	15,069
LEINSTER,	. . . . .	83,281	26,301	181	109,823	14,831
CONNAUGHT,	. . . . .	18,517	4,998	45	23,550	5,130
Total Ireland, Year 1871,		235,510	56,416	565	282,492	40,045
Do. do. 1870,		230,459	53,885	542	284,856	49,105
Increase,		—	2,531	24	—	—
Decrease,		4,919	—	—	2,964	9,150



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The following table summarizes the results of our experiments.

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For more information about the study, please contact Dr. Michael J. Hwang at (319) 356-4550 or via email at mhwang@uiowa.edu.

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No. 4.—SUMMARIES of Tables Nos. 2 and 3, showing the TOTAL RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURE, and BALANCES, for the HALF-YEARS ended 25th MARCH and 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871, respectively.

I.—SUMMARY of Table No. 2:—HALF-YEAR ended 25th March, 1871:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Cr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,			By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,		
—	100,189 12 99		—	100,189 12 99	
— Amount of postage collected and lodged during the half-year ended 25th March, 1871,	100,189 12 99		— In-wards and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 25th March, 1871,	100,189 12 99	
— Amount of repayment of relief,	1,000 0 11		— Dues for Union Paupers,	100,089 12 99	
— Amount of other receipts,	8,219 8 13		— Out-door relief for Electoral Division Paupers during the above half-year,	100,089 12 99	
	86,219 8 13		— Dues for Union Paupers,	100,089 12 99	
			— Maintenance of Dead, Burial, and Burial in Asylums during the above half-year,	100,089 12 99	
			— Establishments charges,	100,089 12 99	
			— Repayment of loans under Act I and 2 Vict., c. 25, s. 25,	100,089 12 99	
			— Amount of Collected postages or other remittances,	100,089 12 99	
			— Postage expenses,	100,089 12 99	
			— Workhouse Burial expenses,	100,089 12 99	
			— Election, law, and other expenses,	100,089 12 99	
			Total Poor Relief Expenditure,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under the Act for Encouragement of Electors, Deaths, and Marriages,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under Sanitary Acts,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under Burial-ground Acts, paid out of the Poor Rates,	100,089 12 99	
			Total Expenditure out of the Poor Rates,	100,089 12 99	
			— Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	100,089 12 99	
			Total,	100,089 12 99	
				100,089 12 99	
To balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,					
—	100,089 12 99				
Total,	100,089 12 99			100,089 12 99	

II.—SUMMARY of Table No. 3:—HALF-YEAR ended 29th Sept., 1871:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Cr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,			By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,		
—	100,189 12 99		—	100,189 12 99	
— Amount of postage collected and lodged during the half-year ended 29th September, 1871,	100,089 12 99		— In-wards and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 29th September, 1871,	100,089 12 99	
— Amount of repayment of relief,	873 10 0		— Dues for Union Paupers,	100,089 12 99	
— Parliamentary Grant,	71,714 1 0		— Out-door relief for Electoral Division Paupers during the above half-year,	100,089 12 99	
— Amount of other receipts,	3,269 1 0		— Dues for Union Paupers,	100,089 12 99	
	85,034 11 11		— Maintenance of Dead, Burial, and Burial in Asylums during the above half-year,	100,089 12 99	
			— Establishments charges,	100,089 12 99	
			— Repayment of loans under Act I and 2 Vict., c. 25, s. 25,	100,089 12 99	
			— Amount of Collected postages or other remittances,	100,089 12 99	
			— Postage expenses,	100,089 12 99	
			— Workhouse Burial expenses,	100,089 12 99	
			— Election, law, and other expenses,	100,089 12 99	
			Total Poor Relief Expenditure,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under the Act for Encouragement of Electors, Deaths, and Marriages,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under Sanitary Acts,	100,089 12 99	
			— Expenses under Burial-ground Acts, paid out of the Poor Rates,	100,089 12 99	
			Total Expenditure out of the Poor Rates,	100,089 12 99	
			— Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	100,089 12 99	
			Total,	100,089 12 99	
				100,089 12 99	
To balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,					
—	100,089 12 99				
Total,	100,089 12 99			100,089 12 99	

No. 5.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the HALF-YEAR

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Wages of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Instruments of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., deducted to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER:					
Co. of Antrim.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim, . . .	361 9 9	96 0 5	46 2 3	12 14 11	73 11 5
Ballycastle, . . .	191 7 6	53 15 9	30 16 10	10 1 3	12 8 7
Ballymena, . . .	428 15 0	146 18 11	25 2 8	31 5 0	82 14 8
Ballymoney, . . .	294 2 4	10 14 11	9 2 3	0 18 11	10 17 10
Belfast, . . .	1,704 7 11	656 12 4	349 2 0	50 5 7	165 5 2
Larne, . . .	388 0 9	61 9 0	30 5 0	26 1 6	33 16 3
Lisburn, . . .	294 18 7	113 6 9	53 12 4	12 4 4	21 15 9
Co. of Armagh.					
Armagh, . . .	430 2 3	260 14 4	15 7 2	10 12 6	19 16 5
Lurgan, . . .	357 10 2	140 15 2	11 18 4	15 10 1	62 1 10
Co. of Cavan.					
Baileborough, . . .	212 3 2	20 1 2	5 10 9	20 10 1	12 6 10
Bawnboy, . . .	208 5 8	44 15 10	28 9 6	17 19 1	33 2 5
Cavan, . . .	353 1 9	41 9 0	41 0 4	24 5 6	42 4 1
Cooteshill, . . .	227 19 1	22 4 1	5 1 6	9 7 9	16 14 4
Co. of Donegal.					
Ballyshannon, . . .	190 15 0	28 10 11	21 2 0	16 0 0	27 4 0
Donegal, . . .	212 14 1	27 0 9	20 18 5	1 18 1	52 7 6
Dunfanaghy, . . .	183 1 8	5 19 4	9 18 8	10 17 3	12 8 4
Glenties, . . .	179 17 9	24 10 7	5 0 10	10 6 1	14 4 7
Inishowen, . . .	217 0 11	42 10 4	20 19 4	12 7 0	27 11 6
Letterkenny, . . .	171 0 7	34 11 3	13 6 8	10 4 5	30 11 10
Milford, . . .	198 13 1	66 1 4	17 12 4	12 4 2	27 5 8
Stranorlar, . . .	241 14 6	22 1 10	9 0 9	11 9 0	16 17 1
Co. of Down.					
Bansbridge, . . .	369 10 7	70 18 5	20 11 7	20 16 0	47 10 0
Downpatrick, . . .	395 5 3	25 14 3	20 13 7	17 11 9	37 10 0
Kilkheel, . . .	200 12 0	0 2 0	5 1 3	8 11 8	14 14 2
Newry, . . .	448 5 6	90 0 7	25 6 7	35 18 7	51 9 9
Newtownards, . . .	434 14 9	72 9 8	15 4 2	21 9 5	39 17 8
Co. of Fermanagh.					
Enniskillen, . . .	324 15 8	47 19 1	10 2 2	9 19 3	24 13 10
Irvinestown, . . .	173 4 5	21 0 11	—	17 7 8	10 12 5
Lisnaskea, . . .	210 15 3	18 1 10	15 14 9	15 5 8	18 19 5
Co. of Londonderry.					
Coleman, . . .	300 3 1	252 1 10	28 11 0	15 14 9	54 17 4
Londonderry, . . .	302 16 1	46 1 7	35 7 4	31 12 0	54 19 2
Magherafelt, . . .	270 11 3	78 5 0	4 13 7	12 14 3	24 1 3
Newtownabbey, . . .	263 0 11	37 18 0	7 16 3	21 5 5	20 2 9
Co. of Monaghan.					
Carickmacross, . . .	216 4 8	105 19 3	20 12 2	12 10 2	18 0 4
Castleblayney, . . .	284 1 10	25 18 8	15 11 9	11 15 7	24 9 1
Clones, . . .	183 8 5	17 9 4	11 12 0	15 1 0	19 0 10
Monaghan, . . .	303 15 8	19 7 11	8 3 10	17 13 10	29 17 8
Co. of Tyrone.					
Castlederg, . . .	181 7 1	5 13 4	6 18 7	6 14 5	10 12 7
Clogher, . . .	222 6 1	92 13 1	11 13 6	20 11 0	24 0 9
Cookstown, . . .	216 15 5	5 12 0	7 7 9	2 17 0	14 17 9
Dungannon, . . .	306 11 10	87 0 8	25 14 4	3 0 0	20 10 4
Gortin, . . .	149 11 6	16 1 10	4 10 6	3 7 10	10 13 9
Omagh, . . .	355 17 11	37 14 6	15 2 4	37 18 4	27 2 0
Strabane, . . .	340 8 10	53 6 7	44 4 1	13 16 10	26 11 4
Total Ulster (44 Unions), }	12,561 18 1	3,112 4 0	1,137 7 0	796 18 4	1,432 9 9

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the ended 25th March, 1871:—163 Unions.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Chargers.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
50 19 2	—	—	9 17 1	650 15 0	8 0 0	642 15 0
29 1 8	1 10 0	—	11 14 11	340 10 6	—	340 10 6
33 11 6	—	8 15 9	3 13 6	750 17 0	—	750 17 0
1 14 11	2 0 0	6 0 0	0 3 0	325 14 2	5 0 0	320 14 2
331 13 10	29 17 8	3 0 0	10 12 8	3,309 17 2	103 18 3	3,207 4 11
16 9 0	8 15 1	7 8 0	13 11 0	582 16 10	31 11 5	561 5 5
27 7 1	17 10 0	8 0 0	22 0 6	568 10 4	49 8 4	519 2 0
36 14 0	0 14 0	—	3 8 10	277 9 3	29 3 11	748 5 4
44 18 1	23 18 1	—	7 17 6	665 1 3	36 1 0	639 0 3
14 7 3	12 0 0	0 5 9	1 4 10	313 18 10	3 13 0	310 5 10
—	—	4 3 6	0 15 6	337 8 6	—	337 8 6
42 10 11	—	1 11 0	5 14 10	551 18 5	19 1 8	532 16 0
17 0 5	—	—	0 18 8	299 5 10	—	299 5 10
2 2 9	10 7 6	1 0 0	7 3 7	304 5 9	—	304 5 9
9 9 2	—	3 15 0	2 10 0	339 12 6	5 0 0	325 12 6
1 5 3	—	—	1 0 0	174 10 6	—	174 10 6
18 13 6	—	3 4 11	—	266 4 3	—	259 4 3
0 3 3	—	—	15 11 7	336 12 11	—	336 12 11
16 17 4	—	—	11 11 11	278 3 11	—	278 3 11
—	—	0 16 0	—	321 12 7	—	321 12 7
12 10 11	—	—	0 19 3	315 2 4	1 1 10	314 0 0
0 1 0	17 5 0	—	23 0 7	575 13 8	69 4 6	566 9 2
88 3 0	—	11 11 6	5 12 8	603 2 9	19 2 9	683 0 0
0 2 3	2 11 11	—	8 5 4	349 0 7	31 15 6	217 5 1
3 16 8	2 0 0	—	—	665 17 8	18 15 0	647 2 8
40 0 6	12 10 3	—	5 5 9	634 18 2	2 11 0	632 7 2
23 5 9	—	8 5 0	6 1 0	455 1 4	11 7 4	443 14 0
42 2 1	—	4 8 0	10 19 9	280 4 9	—	280 4 9
6 16 5	—	6 3 0	0 4 5	293 0 9	—	292 0 9
7 7 10	5 12 11	—	15 0 0	685 8 8	—	685 8 8
4 1 10	—	—	15 16 0	580 15 3	43 4 10	537 10 5
21 7 6	—	2 11 0	8 8 10	431 13 5	—	431 13 5
—	—	1 6 3	10 0 0	373 15 7	7 10 0	368 5 7
1 1 0	1 19 4	8 10 0	2 12 8	387 10 4	—	387 10 4
25 5 4	11 15 8	8 19 6	6 18 3	414 15 8	14 19 6	390 15 2
11 18 11	—	5 0 0	1 12 6	259 3 0	9 1 2	251 1 10
23 13 3	9 5 0	5 19 0	1 13 5	415 0 7	—	415 0 7
18 1 2	—	3 8 3	1 12 10	284 8 3	—	284 8 3
26 0 11	—	5 9 3	—	343 5 7	—	343 5 7
—	11 19 0	1 1 0	1 12 8	263 2 7	—	263 2 7
26 0 0	0 7 6	0 12 6	478 17 2	47 17 8	430 10 6	—
4 13 4	—	3 16 0	1 14 0	194 8 9	—	194 8 9
14 19 4	13 6 10	5 7 4	0 17 7	508 6 2	—	508 6 2
39 0 9	—	9 10 0	—	526 17 2	13 0 0	511 17 2
1,172 2 10	218 4 5	137 15 0	335 11 5	28,658 19 8	103 2 8	21,035 8 0

[continued.
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No. 5.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions,	Salaries and Retires of Officers,			Repairs, Improvements, and Additions to Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., dedicated to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage,		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER:															
Co. of Clare.															
Ballyvaughan,	171	16	3	33	17	1	56	18	9	9	0	6	26	17	2
Corrofin,	183	13	6	26	16	7	4	2	1	7	13	6	16	6	3
Evanis,	436	18	6	107	9	6	55	8	7	21	4	3	45	11	2
Eunisymon,	245	6	0	129	3	3	17	12	2	17	14	6	30	0	2
Killadyser,	205	14	0	70	1	9	9	14	5	19	4	7	21	3	8
Kilrush,	396	2	6	35	9	3	7	1	1	22	0	2	32	0	9
Scarrif,	253	4	9	40	0	2	9	6	9	22	3	4	15	13	10
Tulla,	252	19	9	47	1	11	15	0	5	12	18	1	24	7	0
Co. of Cork.															
Bandon,	309	16	9	44	12	11	32	13	2	14	14	9	39	13	6
Bantry,	171	3	6	12	15	4	11	10	6	11	10	9	13	11	1
Castletown,	186	3	9	6	10	9	6	6	5	8	2	6	5	9	6
Clonakilty,	200	1	0	105	6	5	19	0	7	5	2	0	15	18	10
Cork,	1,769	19	7	2,067	11	0	440	10	10	68	5	8	155	4	6
Dunmanway,	177	2	5	30	17	1	17	10	3	17	4	9	26	4	6
Fermoy,	400	6	7	177	1	4	32	6	5	21	18	2	13	16	3
Kanturk,	451	13	4	170	15	6	27	12	5	39	16	10	63	8	6
Kinsale,	231	1	4	74	6	9	12	6	9	13	4	0	14	5	0
Macroom,	242	2	0	100	4	6	22	0	9	13	18	0	19	0	3
Mallow,	343	0	6	63	4	9	30	14	7	23	0	6	34	9	11
Middleton,	330	14	9	15	5	6	17	6	11	60	6	6	32	2	11
Millstreet,	261	0	7	20	4	9	19	16	8	16	16	10	28	4	9
Mitchelstown,	320	11	7	37	15	4	29	14	4	29	10	6	17	15	5
Shutheeran,	291	8	7	94	11	2	20	16	1	13	9	3	31	14	6
Skull,	177	4	10	16	16	0	2	1	9	6	10	0	8	9	3
Youghal,	383	10	1	113	15	9	57	19	4	11	14	0	31	7	10
Co. of Kerry.															
Carhervineen,	256	15	8	31	18	11	6	11	5	8	0	0	24	16	3
Dingle,	205	2	2	16	4	7	12	10	10	9	14	1	2	17	3
Kenmare,	248	0	5	56	14	4	9	14	1	19	7	0	15	5	9
Killarney,	527	19	3	197	10	9	51	4	11	73	15	10	36	11	2
Listowel,	266	0	9	37	5	10	7	16	2	14	2	7	20	15	4
Tralee,	510	10	10	32	2	10	67	0	6	53	15	1	42	4	4
Co. of Limerick.															
Croom,	281	13	0	36	17	3	32	6	11	16	16	3	39	4	1
Glin,	256	16	9	16	7	7	3	2	1	19	16	10	16	0	3
Kilmallock,	493	3	4	64	12	5	57	4	6	37	19	4	53	5	10
Limerick,	900	6	11	166	15	6	49	3	3	81	0	5	122	7	10
Newcastle,	382	18	9	106	3	10	69	9	2	81	4	0	25	10	2
Rathkeale,	367	4	8	120	10	5	16	10	11	25	3	9	32	3	5
Co. of Tipperary.															
Borrisokane,	192	14	2	15	19	5	18	10	3	22	6	6	19	4	5
Carrick-on-Suir,	464	11	1	132	6	6	20	1	0	24	8	0	53	9	5
Cashel,	465	15	11	80	5	3	28	6	2	35	3	4	38	9	1
Clogheen,	322	16	4	49	9	19	46	3	11	16	16	10	20	7	6
Clonmel,	545	0	6	140	4	0	67	16	0	37	13	0	43	0	11
Nenagh,	352	16	11	60	0	7	17	6	11	27	10	0	20	13	3
Roscrea,	331	0	3	85	12	6	36	17	11	9	0	0	26	3	7
Thurles,	356	6	3	40	19	7	4	15	7	21	16	5	17	17	2
Tipperary,	401	12	7	70	0	0	16	10	4	13	13	0	45	15	6
Co. of Waterford.															
Dungarvan,	369	5	6	78	0	11	5	1	11	2	16	0	29	6	2
Kilmacthomas,	264	7	3	6	4	6	26	6	11	12	6	3	23	14	0
Lismore,	303	15	11	60	4	7	16	15	3	16	10	10	6	4	7
Waterford,	669	4	0	127	9	6	60	12	2	26	16	3	36	14	6
Total Munster (50 Unions),	18,408	18	3	5,867	13	1	1,770	18	1	1,189	3	5	1,154	19	7

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the
HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1871—continued.

Drugs and Medicinal or Surgical Appliances	Rent and Taxes	Insurance	Other Charges	Amount debited to Establishment	Credits Deducted	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
20 14 6	—	2 10 0	6 18 9	331 10 2	21 7 1	310 12 1
5 5 3	18 0 0	—	2 0 11	308 4 5	1 15 0	264 9 5
40 13 3	25 19 3	6 0 0	29 5 11	788 10 5	20 5 10	768 4 7
14 19 1	11 10 9	0 5 0	22 14 0	483 5 5	—	483 5 5
0 14 0	—	7 15 4	9 10 3	343 19 0	35 8 6	317 9 0
88 11 11	2 12 6	6 16 0	2 9 5	593 3 7	12 19 0	580 4 7
5 2 1	—	—	19 19 1	365 12 0	—	365 12 0
23 10 5	—	0 5 0	20 9 8	396 6 3	33 4 11	303 1 4
39 0 1	19 13 4	4 13 0	8 2 4	513 8 1	43 10 0	429 18 1
11 16 8	6 0 0	—	0 6 9	239 2 7	14 16 9	234 5 10
23 0 11	—	9 2 6	0 2 6	244 19 0	—	244 19 0
27 10 1	—	4 19 6	2 13 0	339 11 5	0 19 6	338 11 11
360 9 8	96 5 5	36 13 3	85 4 3	5,130 4 2	169 15 0	5,020 9 2
—	—	7 15 0	0 15 10	277 9 10	18 0 0	250 9 10
23 8 1	33 8 1	4 8 3	6 1 8	712 9 10	44 6 9	688 3 1
23 0 10	5 0 0	13 3 9	6 0 8	600 14 0	—	600 14 0
6 9 6	8 13 7	—	7 17 6	397 4 5	18 2 10	349 1 7
15 19 2	15 0 0	4 2 9	—	432 7 2	2 14 0	429 15 2
23 1 9	15 10 6	11 7 3	27 10 8	571 5 9	3 16 7	567 9 2
1 6 3	11 16 3	0 9 6	15 11 2	505 1 9	25 12 1	479 1 9
26 16 7	—	5 17 0	6 13 0	407 14 2	3 2 10	404 11 4
10 3 8	1 17 6	9 13 0	16 8 0	461 10 8	13 2 1	448 8 7
21 17 5	10 0 0	11 6 0	23 6 2	518 9 2	—	518 9 2
15 10 7	6 10 0	5 2 0	5 17 6	246 1 11	—	246 1 11
45 4 4	43 13 9	11 3 6	11 15 10	730 4 5	66 3 1	654 1 4
1 1 0	—	—	6 9 6	339 12 0	3 15 7	335 17 2
9 7 4	—	—	7 8 0	355 5 0	—	355 5 0
10 4 11	1 6 0	0 12 0	6 8 2	367 12 8	0 0 5	367 12 3
3 15 1	10 0 0	15 10 0	10 4 2	667 17 2	2 12 8	605 4 6
30 8 3	—	13 4 6	3 19 0	413 14 5	3 19 10	409 14 7
23 0 10	40 10 5	15 10 0	3 14 6	788 18 4	94 11 10	734 6 6
13 11 7	—	—	14 13 5	437 4 6	6 10 4	430 14 2
5 7 5	—	4 14 0	2 0 6	324 5 5	—	324 5 5
19 2 5	26 1 9	—	76 15 7	826 5 2	397 14 11	430 10 3
139 3 11	37 10 0	21 1 0	193 15 5	1,763 6 5	131 11 6	1,631 14 11
20 10 9	—	—	39 7 10	743 4 6	14 3 1	729 1 5
34 14 4	—	8 18 0	0 3 4	605 12 5	—	605 12 5
—	8 0 0	4 1 9	9 2 0	284 19 3	49 3 1	235 16 2
49 13 2	73 1 6	7 14 0	11 4 4	828 11 0	82 12 1	745 19 11
5 11 4	118 10 0	—	10 0 10	781 1 11	70 3 0	710 16 11
7 9 4	10 10 3	—	56 0 4	560 5 4	7 7 4	522 16 0
21 5 2	25 19 7	12 6 0	92 0 11	1,006 9 0	0 16 0	1,004 13 3
0 3 4	42 14 10	9 8 0	11 16 9	557 9 7	19 5 3	538 4 4
33 10 10	—	—	8 3 2	329 8 3	45 7 1	484 1 2
—	4 3 6	7 10 9	24 10 5	477 19 8	45 2 2	432 17 6
21 2 2	20 11 1	0 15 0	22 12 3	612 12 1	15 9 3	597 5 10
17 4 7	13 3 8	1 0 0	11 18 8	518 6 5	6 4 2	543 2 3
13 0 9	—	7 15 4	14 0 11	307 17 11	1 1 2	306 10 9
6 10 0	13 12 6	—	29 2 0	455 0 8	2 13 3	452 7 5
46 18 2	73 0 0	2 5 6	36 6 5	1,071 9 9	38 4 1	1,033 2 7
1,412 13 7	850 3 0	235 18 8	1,021 1 3	32,982 4 10	1,475 15 5	30,933 11 5

[continued.
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No. 5.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Rapes, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., devoted to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER:					
Co. of Cavan.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Carlow,	520 14 0	78 18 10	41 15 0	31 11 8	31 18 0
Co. of Dublin.					
Balrothery,	319 0 6	23 8 6	20 9 9	10 1 3	22 9 1
Dublin, North,	1,038 3 4	492 16 2	261 17 0	152 2 2	120 17 3
Dublin, South,	2,491 16 1	1,255 10 8	710 6 7	79 6 11	322 8 3
Rathdown,	363 4 9	1,090 17 4	57 12 5	32 12 11	97 15 4
Co. of Kildare.					
Athy,	377 4 6	114 10 1	30 7 5	20 10 0	33 12 11
Celbridge,	376 12 9	68 14 11	37 17 6	30 2 1	33 12 6
Nara,	453 12 6	43 1 8	25 16 1	32 6 11	41 1 7
Co. of Kilkenny.					
Callan,	389 16 3	58 11 2	11 17 6	22 3 2	37 6 6
Castledermot,	300 4 8	42 6 1	35 16 2	13 6 5	21 7 5
Kilkenny,	657 6 1	155 0 0	58 13 9	39 1 11	38 3 0
Thomaslawn,	309 16 5	24 15 6	12 8 6	27 17 8	17 10 2
Uringford,	284 17 0	19 14 2	21 6 6	11 9 10	25 11 0
King's County.					
Edenderry,	276 19 9	40 16 3	30 19 10	16 7 10	25 7 4
Parsonstown,	336 10 4	37 1 10	47 0 8	17 17 11	52 3 0
Tullamore,	429 0 1	60 16 1	15 10 7	34 6 11	21 17 4
Co. of Longford.					
Ballymahon,	253 18 0	68 10 10	24 7 1	21 3 0	21 11 0
Granard,	309 14 8	133 9 1	57 11 0	13 5 7	26 0 8
Longford,	337 11 7	41 1 6	32 3 1	29 0 6	32 14 3
Co. of Louth.					
Ardee,	353 4 11	52 7 6	16 16 0	18 14 5	27 4 9
Drogheda,	402 1 5	70 3 3	26 11 3	17 3 0	28 6 8
Dundalk,	357 8 5	33 8 9	48 4 6	18 5 2	48 4 8
Co. of Meath.					
Dunshaughlin,	330 6 8	32 15 4	8 18 11	26 4 8	19 10 5
Kells,	337 15 3	48 12 6	40 4 5	19 5 5	21 10 7
Navan,	376 12 5	77 11 3	29 11 9	27 10 0	26 1 6
Oldcastle,	246 10 7	42 1 8	14 9 5	11 17 9	20 16 2
Trim,	335 2 3	41 11 6	56 12 9	29 10 3	37 14 1
Queen's County.					
Abbeyleix,	296 10 11	69 13 3	33 3 9	26 1 4	21 17 5
Donaghmore,	291 9 2	18 1 6	28 13 2	22 10 1	17 14 9
Mountmellick,	408 14 7	56 10 4	36 17 11	34 10 10	32 7 3
Co. of Westmeath.					
Athlone,	380 16 2	67 11 8	37 17 4	44 19 11	48 13 7
Delvin,	217 14 11	88 14 6	4 0 6	27 13 0	34 1 3
Mullingar,	438 8 0	143 12 1	41 16 8	31 5 11	50 16 3
Co. of Wexford.					
Enniscorthy,	398 6 6	131 9 6	75 2 7	23 6 1	41 5 0
Gorey,	313 4 9	40 6 7	14 10 6	16 10 6	38 6 2
New Ross,	392 10 2	56 2 3	39 5 11	14 12 6	30 14 3
Wexford,	445 14 1	192 15 3	45 10 6	9 16 8	40 11 7
Co. of Wicklow.					
Ballylissane,	353 13 0	115 12 1	33 15 2	24 4 11	17 19 3
Rathdrum,	330 11 11	138 2 4	15 17 2	23 0 7	42 12 5
Shillelagh,	266 6 1	52 18 2	37 2 2	22 8 3	13 7 1
Total Leinster } (40 Unions),	16,221 13 28	5,411 14 1	2,308 0 4	1,186 7 28	1,734 17 3

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the
HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1871—continued.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Debited.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
20 13 5	40 7 10	11 19 0	39 4 0	817 0 9	7 0 1	810 0 8
45 11 8	33 3 5	—	57 1 0	540 5 2	51 12 6	489 12 8
188 2 1	114 13 5	37 1 9	124 6 11	3,430 0 10	108 18 9	3,321 2 1
250 16 7	128 16 11	—	194 18 3	5,004 6 2	210 6 5	5,003 19 9
50 19 10	43 10 7	10 2 0	58 4 5	1,993 19 7	13 9 3	1,980 10 4
26 11 4	33 8 11	7 10 0	36 13 9	990 17 11	39 7 5	641 10 6
24 1 5	—	5 18 0	7 8 1	573 7 2	—	573 7 2
34 17 9	26 3 0	—	12 19 5	669 18 11½	131 14 1	538 4 10½
22 19 2	—	—	52 9 1	595 2 8	2 1 6	593 1 2
15 2 7	2 0 0	8 16 3	9 18 9	417 13 4	17 18 8	420 14 8
70 8 8	10 13 2	12 11 6	10 16 0	1,062 14 1	0 13 0	1,062 2 1
11 14 7	6 13 11	1 3 9	3 2 10	415 12 8	20 2 0	305 10 2
9 6 3	—	6 0 0	7 7 4	328 12 0½	9 16 4½	818 15 8
10 10 10	3 7 9	8 3 9	5 3 8	407 17 0	6 14 5	401 2 7
15 16 3	7 1 8	—	6 3 7	510 4 3	2 3 10	508 0 5
29 4 11	10 7 6	0 19 0	11 12 2	614 4 1	22 9 6	591 14 7
0 18 4	5 11 6	6 0 4	43 4 9	447 3 10	9 0 0	438 3 10
6 7 0	—	8 12 6	18 17 1	573 17 7	—	573 17 7
10 10 8	29 16 7	6 13 0	5 15 11	525 7 7	40 9 7	484 18 0
27 10 0	10 19 8	0 4 6	1 4 1	508 0 7	4 4 10	504 1 9
22 19 8	16 7 3	—	15 1 2	508 14 2	9 4 1	589 10 1
4 4 4	—	7 1 0	19 9 9	590 0 7	15 17 0	520 9 7
12 13 4	—	1 17 0	5 12 5	437 19 3	10 6 6	418 12 8
1 1 6	10 0 0	—	13 15 6	522 11 2	4 17 7	517 13 7
38 1 5	10 0 0	17 7 6	27 11 5	624 13 3	4 12 8	620 0 7
17 5 1	—	—	4 14 1	358 3 9	15 9 9	343 14 0
30 2 7	—	9 15 0	22 19 10	576 8 0½	8 9 8	507 19 1½
10 1 5	4 1 10	7 19 3	12 7 0	480 16 2	0 10 7	480 5 7
9 4 9	—	5 3 0	6 3 2	398 10 7	2 1 11	394 17 8
24 9 4	19 15 6	7 16 3	13 9 4	764 17 4	9 3 0	756 14 4
20 14 6	0 8 8	8 0 0	8 0 0	617 1 10	24 15 7	592 6 3
23 0 4	—	3 11 6	11 6 11	410 3 8	5 17 4	404 6 4
19 1 11	—	9 6 0	70 15 3	863 2 1	20 13 1	842 9 0
3 11 4	60 6 6	8 0 0	45 9 1	776 17 4	125 0 7	651 16 9
29 6 0	24 19 10	—	23 15 5	501 5 0	17 4 3	484 1 6
37 4 4	29 5 1	8 14 0	12 18 9	630 7 9	12 4 10	618 2 5
33 15 4	51 6 0	—	9 16 8	838 7 1	40 6 1	798 1 0
22 10 5	14 17 8	—	9 6 3	590 19 6	15 8 2	575 11 4
22 12 0	18 8 6	—	90 4 0	681 17 11	—	681 17 11
12 7 11	10 5 0	—	26 4 8	440 19 4	35 0 8	405 18 8
1,095 11 9	345 17 8	224 16 10	1,085 6 8	33,285 4 0½	1,084 5 0½	31,200 19 0

[continued.]

No. 5.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

NAME OF UNION.	SALARIES and WAGES of Officers.	REPAIRS, IMPROVEMENTS, AND ADDITIONAL BUILDINGS.	FURNITURE, UTENSILS, AND IMPLEMENT OF WORK.	PROPORTION OF PAY, &c., DEBATED TO ESTABLISHMENT.	PRINTING, STATIONERY, ADVERTISING, AND POSTAGE.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT:					
Co. of Galway.					
Ballinalacken,	349 11 2	62 15 8	26 2 8	48 15 11	41 3 2
Clibron,	247 0 2	14 9 1	12 7 1	7 0 0	16 5 3
Galway,	502 16 6	27 11 4	12 14 3	12 10 0	43 1 11
Glenamaddy,	228 10 0	24 5 6	6 7 3	16 15 0	31 14 0
Gort,	255 7 4	42 6 10	42 1 6	18 15 2	22 12 4
Loughrea,	243 12 8	64 12 8	42 10 3	18 1 11	16 5 0
Mount Belgrave,	216 15 8	14 2 1	10 13 1	10 9 1	13 4 2
Oughterard,	170 13 4	20 4 1	5 7 9	7 10 5	12 4 6
Portumna,	190 10 4	6 0 5	11 13 0	10 6 8	14 7 3
Tuam,	350 18 0	52 1 11	18 12 2	11 3 6	26 7 9
Co. of Leitrim.					
Carrick-on-Shannon,	335 2 3	44 16 7	25 7 8	17 7 11	22 10 1
Manorhamilton,	221 2 8	41 5 7	10 1 1	8 17 6	25 10 3
Mohill,	306 13 6	42 12 11	39 10 7	19 7 2	27 16 8
Co. of Mayo.					
Ballina,	286 0 10	18 14 3	9 6 0	10 6 9	17 10 10
Ballinrobe,	329 4 8	38 14 2	28 12 0	11 8 1	33 3 5
Ballmullet,	178 17 9	19 12 4	9 7 3	9 15 1	13 11 7
Castlebar,	237 8 11	67 6 7	18 3 11	12 5 0	15 11 2
Claremorris,	230 18 4	22 7 3	18 3 2	10 5 1	20 18 4
Killea,	149 5 8	7 18 11	7 18 0	10 9 10	11 2 10
Newport,	187 10 3	0 5 9	5 11 4	8 6 8	10 18 1
Swineford,	230 16 6	5 1 9	34 19 9	10 6 0	33 15 7
Westport,	279 17 11	40 11 0	20 17 6	9 12 10	36 3 1
Co. of Roscommon.					
Boyle,	377 6 2	45 19 11	35 10 6	14 19 5	32 15 7
Castlerea,	278 13 2	24 5 0	31 17 8	21 12 5	38 7 0
Roscommon,	313 11 1	120 8 9	37 9 11	6 0 0	39 15 4
Strokestown,	256 5 0	43 2 3	26 4 6	8 0 0	27 16 4
Co. of Sligo.					
Dromore, West,	187 13 6	16 15 0	-	8 5 11	17 17 10
Sligo,	436 11 11	95 12 2	41 5 3	65 9 7	79 0 8
Tobercurry,	183 13 10	7 5 6	-	11 5 2	18 8 11
Total Connaught) (29 Unions), £	7,783 9 7	1,849 5 5	583 15 7	441 8 1	769 7 8

SUMMARY

ULSTER,	13,541 18 1	3,113 4 0	1,137 7 0	706 18 4	1,402 9 9
MUNSTER,	19,408 18 5	5,557 18 1	1,770 13 1	1,180 3 5	1,584 19 7
LEINSTER,	18,321 13 2 ²	5,411 14 1	2,209 0 4	1,183 7 21	1,734 17 3
CONNAUGHT,	7,783 9 7	1,040 5 5	583 15 7	441 8 1	769 7 8
Total Ireland (163 Unions), £	58,055 19 22	15,122 16 7	5,699 16 0	3,514 17 02	8,491 14 3

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the
HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1871—continued.

Drops and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Chargers.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
28 2 0	15 3 0	13 0 0	3 4 7	595 18 8	24 11 8	562 7 0
1 4 8	7 0 0	—	2 16 10	308 5 1	—	308 5 1
17 9 5	0 5 5	6 10 6	4 4 3	627 3 7	—	627 3 7
14 6 1	—	0 3 0	13 14 11	335 16 6	6 11 6	329 5 0
22 7 3	30 3 2	5 2 5	0 9 3	430 5 3	31 19 3	407 6 0
1 15 8	15 10 1	—	2 19 3	404 7 6	10 10 0	383 17 6
9 12 3	—	0 7 6	23 3 4	309 7 2	35 0 8	274 6 6
17 9 10	—	4 19 0	13 1 10	237 10 9	—	207 10 9
15 5 6	—	2 18 6	23 0 42	263 11 6	23 15 9	239 15 9
20 1 8	9 0 0	7 2 0	10 1 0	505 9 3	—	505 9 3
14 3 3	41 6 2	—	—	500 13 11	—	500 13 11
4 6 6	11 10 11	3 15 0	—	326 9 6	—	326 9 6
1 1 0	7 15 0	—	0 9 4	444 6 2	—	444 6 2
17 17 0	21 18 10	—	6 19 6	368 14 6	32 6 4	356 8 2
20 16 3	6 15 8	—	17 15 5	492 9 8	16 1 11	470 7 9
1 7 4	—	—	11 0 4	243 11 8	13 8 0	230 3 8
0 18 8	12 8 6	9 7 9	5 18 2	379 8 8	—	379 8 8
5 6 2	1 0 0	—	18 17 6	331 15 10	38 0 0	293 9 10
0 2 9	—	—	1 9 3	188 0 3	21 0 0	167 6 3
9 15 2	—	—	2 11 1	233 17 10	—	233 17 10
11 6 0	2 19 2	0 11 3	4 9 2	349 8 1	33 14 6	315 13 7
3 9 8	0 10 5	—	8 17 11	400 1 1	20 17 10	379 3 3
33 14 0	—	9 18 9	—	550 4 4	—	550 4 4
18 15 0	2 3 9	7 13 6	10 1 4	433 8 10	20 18 6	403 10 4
—	28 6 4	10 15 0	11 15 0	568 1 6	—	508 1 6
26 4 7	6 0 0	3 0 2	17 9 11	413 7 9	18 16 1	394 11 8
2 10 10	—	0 7 6	0 0 0	264 2 7	—	234 2 7
10 15 10	21 1 3	16 7 6	1 0 0	767 10 2	1 1 0	766 9 2
0 15 7	—	—	4 19 3	235 8 8	—	235 8 8
287 6 5	241 4 5	112 19 10	290 4 91	11,530 1 91	357 19 0	11,172 2 91

OF PROVINCES.

1,112 2 10	218 4 3	137 15 0	285 11 5	33,055 10 8	560 2 8	21,005 8 0
1,413 13 7	850 3 9	295 18 8	1,031 1 3	32,062 4 10	1,473 13 5	30,603 11 5
1,266 11 9	845 17 8	224 15 10	1,065 6 8	33,285 4 04	1,064 5 04	31,200 10 0
337 6 5	241 4 5	112 19 10	290 4 91	11,530 1 91	357 19 0	11,172 2 91
4,128 14 7	2,358 10 1	771 9 4	2,812 4 12	97,553 1 4	3,631 0 12	94,972 1 25

No. 6.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the HALF-YEAR

NAMES OF UNIONS.	SALARIES AND RATIONS OF OFFICERS.	REPAIRS, IMPROVEMENTS, AND ADDITIONAL BUILDINGS.	FURNITURE, UTENSILS, AND IMPLEMENT OF WORK.	PROPORTION OF FUEL, &c., DEBITED TO ESTABLISHMENT.	PRINTING, STATIONERY, ADVERTISING, AND POSTAGE.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER:					
Co. of Antrim.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim, . . .	371 11 4	568 9 3	91 9 1	11 19 1	37 15 11
Ballycastle, . . .	198 15 4	79 9 2	11 9 1	6 12 0	21 5 10
Ballymena, . . .	471 11 4	154 11 3	32 9 10	27 11 8	37 10 8
Ballymoney, . . .	277 14 3	44 12 2	2 9 6	0 3 4	27 4 1
Belfast, . . .	1,804 15 7	538 10 11	148 10 0	50 9 4	170 10 2
Larne, . . .	373 0 3	78 19 1	31 5 6	23 1 3	46 12 0
Lisburn, . . .	348 2 2	85 3 8	11 15 8	11 11 8	33 19 10
Co. of Armagh.					
Armagh, . . .	428 14 7	109 2 4	17 6 1	12 14 10	40 13 2
Lurgan, . . .	381 10 7	136 1 4	5 6 8	17 8 0	79 18 1
Co. of Cavan.					
Ballinderry, . . .	230 18 2	46 19 3	7 2 4	27 2 0	21 15 4
Bawnboy, . . .	221 3 6	136 10 5	7 0 7	11 16 0	21 17 0
Cavan, . . .	381 7 10	122 12 9	24 0 3	23 13 6	36 9 9
Cooteshill, . . .	226 3 4	46 7 2	5 12 7	6 18 9	10 10 9
Co. of Donegal.					
Ballyshannon, . . .	184 0 0	48 7 7	13 17 10	10 0 0	11 9 2
Donegal, . . .	220 18 11	50 19 0	15 17 1	-	19 17 0
Dunfanaghy, . . .	136 1 10	3 8 9	9 7 11	10 4 0	3 10 0
Glenlikee, . . .	181 0 4	8 7 0	2 3 11	8 15 6	20 5 0
Inishowen, . . .	224 8 9	8 11 3	3 4 3	7 15 11	10 1 0
Letterkenny, . . .	177 19 6	88 2 2	46 19 2	9 8 0	10 13 11
Milford, . . .	211 17 6	117 5 2	11 5 9	13 2 0	8 4 1
Stranorlar, . . .	231 8 5	40 17 10	7 5 0	9 11 0	15 13 9
Co. of Down.					
Bashbridge, . . .	284 0 11	118 13 3	43 2 9	16 12 2	37 18 8
Downpatrick, . . .	410 3 11	168 1 7	18 4 10	16 4 5	34 2 6
Kilkeel, . . .	208 10 5	39 0 5	2 11 8	6 12 10	15 17 6
Newry, . . .	487 12 1	543 15 2	19 1 5	27 18 9	51 2 5
Newtownards, . . .	412 12 2	153 14 11	26 0 11	21 9 3	41 6 10
Co. of Fermanagh.					
Enniskillen, . . .	237 18 6	61 0 3	5 1 1	6 15 9	40 15 3
Irvinestown, . . .	182 17 9	34 10 8	-	16 1 9	36 19 11
Lisnaskeen, . . .	219 3 11	47 16 9	13 12 10	12 5 9	10 11 2
Co. of Londonderry.					
Coleraine, . . .	309 16 9	267 11 7	41 9 11	15 8 9	64 3 4
Londonderry, . . .	423 15 3	118 2 11	29 4 5	16 10 2	49 4 11
Magherafelt, . . .	279 5 1	28 7 7	13 12 2	18 14 8	26 9 9
Newtownabbey, . . .	264 5 3	88 8 3	14 10 10	19 7 0	22 11 7
Co. of Monaghan.					
Carickmacross, . . .	217 5 7	11 4 5	12 15 9	12 3 2	14 10 5
Castlholme, . . .	291 11 0	59 4 6	10 14 8	12 4 9	34 0 5
Clones, . . .	178 7 3	9 7 3	22 0 9	13 2 9	19 10 7
Monaghan, . . .	303 10 5	62 6 8	10 12 11	11 10 1	5 17 9
Co. of Tyrone.					
Castlederg, . . .	172 17 0	21 15 6	3 0 7	4 5 4	7 9 5
Clogher, . . .	215 3 5	48 10 3	16 1 11	14 10 1	21 6 10
Cookstown, . . .	213 9 3	6 11 2	4 12 4	1 5 6	8 14 5
Dungannon, . . .	314 11 9	100 15 7	20 7 11	7 19 0	42 12 10
Gortin, . . .	162 4 11	7 11 10	2 8 3	2 13 8	15 4 7
Omagh, . . .	357 8 9	97 8 1	7 6 7	40 19 0	46 5 9
Strabane, . . .	339 9 11	77 3 5	48 2 11	10 19 0	49 10 4
Total Ulster (44 Unions), }	13,334 10 8	4,620 17 4	891 7 6	627 25 3	1,263 7 8

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the
ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871:—163 Unions.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Bent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
34 19 9	-	6 10 0	12 11 1	937 1 5	8 0 0	929 1 5
5 3 9	1 10 0	4 3 6	7 5 10	335 15 3	-	335 15 3
22 0 4	-	2 0 0	9 3 11	756 18 0	-	756 18 0
18 13 11	6 0 0	0 12 6	-	377 8 9	5 0 0	372 8 9
316 12 1	93 0 5	20 0 0	35 15 10	3,100 10 4	102 19 11	3,077 10 5
13 11 7	8 15 1	-	32 6 1	607 10 10	47 18 3	559 12 7
19 1 6	-	-	12 14 0	522 6 6	16 4 8	506 3 10
16 15 6	2 0 7	17 14 6	29 18 8	765 0 3	60 0 4	704 10 11
33 2 0	-	10 6 6	19 19 5	683 15 4	18 11 5	670 3 11
3 18 6	-	9 5 0	6 15 11	343 17 3	7 1 10	330 15 5
"	-	-	4 1 3	402 17 9	1 2 6	401 15 3
32 9 6	-	8 3 6	5 0 10	638 11 11	12 5 0	621 6 11
13 15 1	-	5 5 3	2 0 6	316 12 5	1 7 .1	315 5 4
1 2 9	10 7 6	2 5 0	26 10 0	307 19 10	-	307 19 10
35 0 4	-	-	4 2 4	348 14 8	5 0 0	341 14 6
11 5 4	-	3 15 0	2 5 5	179 18 3	-	179 18 3
-	-	-	2 0 0	243 11 9	-	222 11 9
22 17 1	1 9 0	4 5 0	16 10 11	298 3 2	5 1 5	294 1 9
12 9 8	-	4 15 0	9 15 7	360 3 0	-	360 3 0
20 10 6	-	4 5 3	16 3 8	404 13 11	4 10 8	400 3 3
-	-	3 15 0	1 18 0	310 9 0	-	310 9 0
10 6 0	5 12 0	8 16 6	38 7 5	663 10 5	35 8 6	626 1 11
64 19 11	-	-	15 10 0	728 7 2	10 2 0	718 5 2
13 1 10	2 12 7	4 6 0	16 14 0	306 8 0	9 5 7	300 2 5
7 17 3	2 0 0	8 9 0	3 0 0	1,163 16 1	8 14 0	1,153 2 1
115 8 9	12 3 0	10 17 6	37 8 0	830 2 1	50 12 7	770 0 6
33 14 6	-	-	6 6 0	491 7 6	25 10 3	465 17 3
-	-	-	5 8 2	275 18 3	4 9 0	271 0 3
16 18 8	-	-	4 11 1	321 19 2	-	321 19 2
14 9 6	4 15 0	5 9 3	10 17 6	842 15 7	-	842 15 7
22 12 7	-	8 8 2	120 3 10	794 2 3 3	198 3 10	667 18 5
10 12 0	-	3 6 0	5 17 0	391 7 0	1 15 4	380 11 8
-	-	3 17 0	24 6 2	434 15 6	8 12 6	436 3 0
13 16 4	-	-	6 0 4	268 5 0	3 5 2	264 10 10
20 15 8	-	-	5 6 6	430 19 8	7 9 7	423 16 1
0 6 7	-	-	0 16 11	244 1 1	2 13 2	241 7 11
6 12 10	1 17 6	-	11 15 7	414 3 9	32 18 3	381 5 7
6 10 7	-	-	1 14 0	217 12 5	-	217 12 5
13 14 7	-	9 10 0	1 10 9	330 7 10	2 10 0	327 17 10
23 2 4	8 15 10	3 15 0	1 16 7	272 9 4	-	272 9 4
12 9 0	-	3 2 6	-	501 19 7	68 14 0	433 4 7
6 7 9	-	-	0 19 0	197 9 7	0 8 11	197 0 8
10 16 1	13 6 10	-	1 2 0	563 13 1	-	563 13 1
88 11 1	1 6 2	-	37 15 9	652 11 7	19 10 7	653 1 0
1,116 19 11	173 11 6	170 3 9	618 12 4	93,676 2 6	708 13 3	93,667 7 3

[continued.]

No. 6.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Wages of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., dedicated to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER:					
<i>Co. of Clare.</i>					
Ballyvaghan,	183 8 2	38 1 8	11 1 0	7 11 0	20 12 0
Corrofin,	184 4 0	28 8 2	4 7 6	6 17 2	12 5 10
Ennis,	457 12 3	46 10 10	29 15 2	18 17 3	38 19 3
Ennistymon,	264 17 7	181 1 7	9 14 0	6 9 2	36 11 2
Killadyeort,	207 11 5	6 12 2	3 0 2	10 9 2	16 11 7
Kilrush,	404 7 1	22 1 11	1 0 10	16 8 0	27 15 11
Scarrif,	253 11 10	50 12 9	4 16 8	14 11 0	11 8 6
Tulla,	266 1 0	33 10 9	16 6 4	12 3 5	21 19 10
<i>Co. of Cork.</i>					
Bandon,	209 4 3	122 15 10	35 9 11	13 3 8	81 4 0
Bantry,	181 15 6	6 3 11	4 0 4	11 8 4	15 6 3
Castletown,	185 12 2	6 14 1	2 5 0	8 0 0	9 1 1
Cloonakilly,	218 4 0	94 11 5	11 11 8	5 10 0	19 15 2
Cork,	1,932 7 4	2,361 7 3	362 12 7	53 17 0	263 12 9
Danmassway,	182 15 9	33 12 10	10 1 3	11 10 3	31 5 8
Fermoy,	413 5 10	42 12 0	25 13 7	18 13 4	107 7 6
Kanturk,	400 5 0	100 3 3	22 6 2	33 19 6	63 6 0
Kinsale,	248 2 0	80 1 3	5 5 10	9 6 5	44 13 4
Macroom,	230 5 10	15 12 10	2 10 0	12 12 11	24 16 8
Mallow,	371 2 1	43 1 6	22 18 3	23 10 0	67 4 7
Midleton,	305 13 0	62 13 8	15 11 4	12 13 2	59 3 3
Millstreet,	249 0 7	24 0 0	13 1 9	18 18 10	32 12 7
Mitchelstown,	246 7 1	39 6 10	14 10 0	57 12 11	21 15 10
Skibbereen,	293 18 6	123 3 2	14 11 10	15 16 8	41 19 0
Skull,	178 6 5	5 3 2	5 15 0	4 10 0	15 15 11
Youghal,	412 9 7	26 13 9	17 5 9	12 0 0	36 12 9
<i>Co. of Kerry.</i>					
Caherciveen,	266 12 11	6 8 6	-	5 0 0	28 3 9
Dingle,	309 10 8	16 8 3	16 0 5	9 16 9	18 15 4
Kennmare,	253 13 0	22 18 7	12 15 10	21 15 1	32 2 3
Killarney,	497 8 0	629 19 8	25 14 11	53 14 7	38 18 10
Listowel,	292 16 4	6 19 9	0 13 8	12 17 11	26 4 11
Tralee,	538 3 4	34 14 8	22 3 5	51 5 7	47 11 1
<i>Co. of Limerick.</i>					
Groom,	801 14 0	28 6 10	22 17 11	18 16 9	30 12 0
Glin,	271 17 2	31 5 11	1 6 0	11 1 6	8 5 0
Kilmallock,	523 9 10	71 4 7½	101 17 6	28 17 0	54 6 3½
Limerick,	1,139 6 11	232 2 4	84 19 5	65 18 5	112 9 3
Newcastle,	428 14 7	30 2 9	50 3 7	34 16 5	54 0 1
Bathkeane,	383 13 11	104 1 5	47 4 0	20 4 1	23 1 1
<i>Co. of Tipperary.</i>					
Borrisokane,	198 13 10	8 5 9	11 18 0	15 19 3	20 2 5
Carrick-on-Suir,	503 5 5	65 16 4	18 10 5	18 15 3	29 15 1
Cashel,	460 15 9	75 9 8	23 6 7	32 7 10	54 11 2
Clogheen,	318 13 1	28 4 9	13 8 2	18 1 6	21 12 5
Clonmel,	565 5 8	104 19 7	31 3 2	30 18 2	55 17 0
Nenagh,	371 12 7	28 13 11	7 15 8	22 10 7	24 14 6
Roscrea,	341 4 1	54 11 9	34 11 9	0 0 0	27 15 4
Thurles,	875 13 0	38 18 7	4 0 0	21 18 4	45 10 1
Tipperary,	416 4 8	167 11 5	12 0 3	15 12 6	47 2 2
<i>Co. of Waterford.</i>					
Dungareen,	394 10 4	48 13 11	14 4 2	2 4 8	41 14 8
Kilmethomas,	266 9 3	19 12 1	15 1 2	13 13 5	15 7 9
Lismore,	311 16 7	206 14 6	113 0 6	11 2 9	22 5 8
Waterford,	624 11 11	131 13 3	92 9 6	16 5 2	53 4 8
Total Munster (53 Unions)	19,374 6 4	5,713 4 91	1,435 4 0	982 2 3	1,937 9 81

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the
HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871—continued.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances,	Bent and Taxes,	Insurance,	Other Chargers,	Amount debited to Establishment,	Credits Deducted,	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned,
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
11 16 5	10 19 0	—	3 4 0	286 14 0	11 19 7	274 14 5
5 8 8	18 0 0	7 8 8	0 19 9	267 19 9	14 6 7	253 13 2
63 2 4	25 19 3	1 10 6	7 1 2	687 8 0	16 5 9	671 2 3
40 3 7	11 10 6	8 1 1	63 4 7	570 6 10	13 17 0	556 9 10
0 18 2	—	—	2 6 2	253 7 10	—	253 7 10
84 2 0	2 12 6	2 3 6	5 6 3	565 18 0	3 7 0	562 11 0
11 18 2	—	4 18 9	35 5 6	307 3 2	49 1 3	348 1 11
22 3 7	—	7 2 6	20 1 3	403 8 6	2 19 2	390 9 6
17 13 1	19 13 4	—	1 18 10	601 1 11	15 0 0	586 1 11
11 1 6	6 0 0	9 8 9	0 4 0	245 8 7	14 11 0	230 17 7
—	—	—	0 10 6	912 2 10	23 12 6	188 10 4
9 2 9	—	—	4 8 4	343 3 4	—	343 3 4
397 9 1	100 2 1	10 0 0	256 10 2	5,677 18 3	136 9 6	5,541 8 9
—	—	—	—	209 5 9	—	209 5 9
19 3 1	33 8 1	7 0 0	21 19 1	689 9 6	72 13 0	616 9 6
36 9 1	5 2 0	—	9 19 5	730 10 11	—	730 10 11
—	1 15 0	6 9 0	8 17 0	404 9 10	26 5 4	378 4 6
30 19 0	8 0 0	—	7 19 6	337 16 9	5 10 6	332 6 3
29 15 10	15 10 6	—	46 18 0	620 0 0	6 5 10	613 14 11
40 11 8	11 9 2	6 11 6	29 13 7	504 0 4	16 5 0	577 15 4
31 7 6	—	—	26 18 2	398 6 11	32 12 0	358 14 2
16 5 4	1 17 6	—	90 3 10	417 19 4	7 14 1	410 5 3
21 12 7	—	—	7 14 4	518 16 7	4 0 0	514 16 7
0 1 6	7 11 0	—	6 13 1	223 16 1	0 17 6	222 18 7
27 1 8	50 6 9	3 0 0	46 13 5	641 12 7	42 17 9	598 14 10
1 1 0	0 5 0	10 10 6	8 6 7	326 8 3	17 19 4	308 8 11
35 1 8	—	6 5 0	9 2 1	421 0 2	—	421 0 2
16 1 8	1 6 0	8 1 0	3 5 1	371 19 0	3 15 3	368 3 9
1 2 6	—	1 10 0	13 15 6	1,259 4 0	1 1 1	1,258 2 11
1 16 9	—	—	4 12 6	346 1 4	15 16 0	330 5 4
20 2 3	47 19 5	—	20 14 0	782 13 9	25 14 4	756 19 5
56 2 10	—	10 2 8	21 17 7	485 11 4	9 14 3	475 17 1
1 16 4	—	—	3 10 4	328 2 3	23 12 7	302 9 8
42 18 1	26 3 10	10 18 10	154 1 2	1,013 16 2	19 14 5	994 1 9
135 5 0	37 10 0	1 0 0	146 4 7	1,954 18 11	54 5 0	1,900 8 11
26 7 4	—	12 10 7	6 8 0	651 3 4	33 0 0	618 3 4
40 14 7	—	—	2 5 4	623 5 5	0 10 0	622 15 5
25 19 4	1 4 8	—	20 19 5	303 2 8	6 7 8	296 15 5
30 13 1	72 1 6	6 0 0	9 7 4	753 4 5	2 5 0	750 19 5
62 6 7	114 15 0	12 14 4	11 6 1	847 13 0	43 11 14	804 1 11
13 18 11	10 9 3	7 10 0	9 12 9	440 10 10	3 9 8	437 1 2
18 11 5	25 19 8	7 10 0	139 17 9	986 2 11	157 9 11	886 13 0
15 17 6	98 18 9	1 7 0	40 13 4	553 3 10	39 6 8	512 17 3
10 8 10	—	6 6 0	1 0 0	481 17 9	27 13 3	454 4 6
18 16 11	0 1 0	2 8 0	23 5 6	536 6 11	7 7 11	518 19 0
30 19 11	20 11 1	12 5 0	11 13 2	714 0 2	32 13 3	681 7 0
21 9 7	13 12 7	6 2 6	21 7 11	564 0 4	6 4 4	557 16 0
28 12 1	—	—	21 1 4	879 17 1	23 2 6	856 14 7
10 13 1	13 13 6	5 10 1	20 11 2	715 6 10	27 0 0	688 0 10
33 2 6	77 18 0	9 17 9	33 16 2	1,072 18 11	41 4 8	1,031 9 3
1,626 5 3	835 18 11	212 3 6	1,200 4 4	58,286 19 11	1,148 8 24	52,128 19 4

[continued.]

No. 6.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

NAME OF UNION.	SALARIES and Balances of Officers.	REPAIRS, IMPROVEMENTS, and additional Buildings.	FURNITURE, UTENSILS, and IMPLEMENTs OF WORK.	PROPORTION OF FUEL, &c., DEBITED TO ESTABLISHMENT.	PRINTING, STATIONERY, ADVERTISING, and POSTAGE.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER:					
Co. of Carlow,	625 17 0	151 2 6	64 9 10	38 18 11	79 14 10
Co. of Dublin.					
Balrothery,	279 18 6	36 16 11	14 19 8	16 2 6	53 11 3
Dublin, North,	1,938 1 11	330 15 0	160 17 5	105 2 4	166 7 5
Dublin, South,	2,551 3 7	1,186 14 8	463 6 8	63 9 0	206 18 7
Rathdown,	577 8 8	250 0 0	70 6 5	24 16 5	126 14 9
Co. of Kildare.					
Athy,	390 15 7	134 4 0	35 0 0	25 0 0	38 0 0
Celbridge,	397 6 0	24 12 1	49 17 5	21 5 4	44 12 0
Nas.	461 18 7	51 9 2	11 17 7	23 16 10	49 19 11
Co. of Kilkenny.					
Callan,	406 9 5	46 7 10	17 16 2	20 1 8	28 18 9
Castlecomer,	508 12 8	60 13 1	16 10 10	14 2 4	40 3 0
Kilkenny,	704 17 9	62 16 6	44 3 0	23 13 5	64 18 11
Thomastown,	325 7 7	18 17 0	11 17 11	17 10 3	19 14 3
Urkingford,	245 11 1	36 18 0	16 5 11	10 9 9	32 12 2
King's County.					
Edenderry,	306 10 10	116 1 3	—	15 3 2	40 11 6
Parsonstown,	347 15 4	45 17 11	35 7 0	18 2 2	66 1 0
Tullamore,	439 13 0	55 3 3	20 15 1	25 5 10	40 3 9
Co. of Longford.					
Ballymahon,	202 1 4	118 16 3	34 8 11	11 14 3	23 10 2
Granard,	396 18 10	93 5 0	11 13 1	14 4 10	41 9 0
Longford,	343 6 9	63 19 5	33 1 5	30 19 6	35 5 10
Co. of Louth.					
Ardee,	964 11 6	20 3 3	14 3 9	17 4 11	28 0 6
Drogheda,	418 11 2	33 0 0	11 9 6	15 9 4	50 10 0
Dundalk,	385 7 6	41 8 2	23 11 10	19 18 1	37 0 1
Co. of Meath.					
Dunshaughlin,	390 16 2	82 19 0	26 19 0	18 0 3	29 18 6
Kells,	358 0 9	47 4 6	103 12 4	15 13 8	26 17 11
Navan,	414 8 11	54 6 6	39 0 2	15 14 6	35 17 10
Oldcastle,	242 18 10	29 0 6	12 0 2	10 7 9	21 19 5
Trim,	372 0 8	50 2 8	30 19 8	20 9 2	36 13 10
Queen's County.					
Abbeyleix,	288 3 0	230 8 1	44 10 5	69 0 9	31 11 4
Donaghmore,	286 10 7	54 11 11	23 14 6	19 14 0	30 1 6
Mountmellick,	515 17 0	200 10 7	19 9 5	10 0 0	62 4 0
Co. of Wexford.					
Athlone,	406 1 3	17 14 5	58 18 5	6 2 7	34 14 1
Dalvin,	216 6 4	41 15 1	9 1 0	28 18 11	27 15 1
Mullingar,	524 0 3	131 3 5	40 15 1	35 10 7	43 17 4
Co. of Wexford.					
Enniscorthy,	388 6 0	115 0 10	71 11 4	10 5 8	45 9 0
Gorey,	321 19 0	45 2 0	9 14 10	17 15 5	62 7 2
New Ross,	395 5 4	73 14 4	35 12 6	19 10 10	67 2 2
Wexford,	400 14 2	85 0 1	35 4 10	16 3 6	51 5 0
Co. of Wicklow.					
Ballyglass,	377 1 4	101 19 10	26 14 6	24 7 5	30 7 1
Ballybrumm,	311 0 0	63 19 5	23 0 3	118 14 1	53 0 1
Shillelagh,	286 9 0	29 11 5	14 5 7	2 17 0	28 9 7
Total Leinster (40 Unions),	18,938 9 9	4,545 15 11	1,805 6 8	1,045 16 11	2,550 2 1

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the
HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871—continued.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
12 6 0	12 0 6	—	31 4 11	1,014 15 3	41 2 11	673 12 4
40 5 5	33 3 5	6 5 0	116 9 2	507 11 10	68 1 6	598 10 4
187 13 10	104 1 3	0 15 0	61 10 11	3,260 5 1	30 7 5	3,238 17 8
223 7 4	276 8 11	35 18 10	186 13 0	5,237 2 7	327 8 9	4,840 13 10
60 1 3	42 10 7	—	84 13 8	1,230 11 9	6 11 0	1,230 0 9
43 3 7	20 0 0	—	47 14 6	723 17 8	50 14 1	664 3 7
30 8 2	—	—	4 10 3	572 11 3	—	572 11 3
30 6 5	26 3 1	8 9 6	12 14 8	672 15 6	41 2 3	631 13 6
—	—	—	75 18 11	594 12 9	2 1 6	568 11 3
23 17 6	—	—	11 4 0	475 9 10	25 17 0	449 0 4
50 6 4	11 0 4	—	13 17 5	975 14 5	41 0 1	934 14 4
12 10 5	4 8 10	9 0 0	1 17 5	421 3 8	45 14 10	375 8 10
11 12 0	—	0 6 0	1 1 7	354 17 3	18 6 3	336 8 0
14 13 7	—	3 7 9	16 0 11	512 18 0	2 10 7	510 7 5
18 3 8	6 15 2	8 0 10	14 18 11	550 8 0	1 5 4	558 2 8
30 5 2	10 17 4	10 14 6	13 1 5	651 16 10	101 0 5	550 19 0
14 2 1	5 11 6	—	20 5 10	490 10 4	—	490 10 4
14 16 1	—	—	14 10 4	527 6 8	—	527 6 8
6 6 8	29 16 7	—	0 12 11	545 9 1	26 16 5	518 12 8
29 7 6	12 12 8	12 13 6	4 15 1	503 12 5	6 12 6	486 19 8
42 1 7	16 7 3	7 13 0	7 8 11	608 11 9	6 17 4	601 14 5
1 4 0	—	0 4 6	30 14 3	630 8 10	15 10 8	523 12 2
29 13 1	—	6 10 6	12 0 9	516 11 3	11 2 0	506 9 3
35 18 4	—	8 17 0	18 5 3	614 9 9	3 15 0	610 14 9
28 5 10	9 4 2	—	20 9 0	637 6 11	20 10 9	616 10 2
35 3 10	—	10 7 0	3 17 1	366 3 7	9 10 0	355 13 7
17 17 4	—	—	25 5 8	563 8 2	45 10 0	507 18 2
9 13 2	—	0 9 3	20 19 11	604 15 11	—	604 15 11
16 15 2	—	—	6 17 7	428 11 3	17 19 10	410 11 5
36 16 2	22 7 1	—	94 4 0	691 8 0	52 5 9	639 2 3
27 3 11	—	1 0 0	24 18 0	576 12 8	11 4 6	565 8 2
0 10 6	—	—	27 6 0	351 12 11	3 3 3	318 0 8
12 12 0	—	—	77 6 11	805 5 7	6 10 0	808 0 7
6 6 0	60 8 1	—	36 7 2	734 1 1	141 14 2	602 6 11
24 3 5	49 16 8	6 17 6	53 3 3	504 3 3	48 18 0	545 10 3
7 0 2	27 10 1	0 4 6	4 0 2	624 0 1	9 17 2	614 2 11
50 0 11	51 6 0	8 0 0	25 9 5	823 8 11	8 8 0	815 0 11
27 0 11	14 17 8	7 17 6	4 14 7	615 0 10	—	615 0 10
38 13 4	—	10 16 6	10 15 3	635 18 11	—	635 18 11
30 17 6	—	7 0 0	24 1 0	418 11 7	19 1 0	389 10 7
1,553 12 7	847 10 3	174 14 3	1,200 2 2	32,810 18 8	1,272 4 0	30,738 14 8

[continued.]

No. 6.—TABLE showing the PARTICULARS included under the head of
Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Balances and Salaries of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Instruments of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., devoted to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT:					
<i>Co. of Galway.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Ballinasloe, . . .	372 16 8	24 4 10	23 15 5	14 18 3	30 13 7
Clifden, * . .	245 1 0	16 8 5	14 8 3	7 10 0	14 8 6
Galway,* . .	507 3 6	25 15 4	12 4 0	13 7 9	49 8 1
Glennamaddy, . .	292 18 11	41 1 0	10 14 6	18 16 11	31 10 6
Gort, . . .	250 19 9	21 8 5	14 5 4	15 1 8	17 1 10
Loughrea, . . .	237 0 0	16 12 6	9 15 10	11 5 9	12 1 2
Momor Bellow, . .	232 12 1	20 7 5	25 10 1	9 16 9	13 15 7
Oughterard,* . .	179 16 4	5 16 5	2 7 7	8 3 1	18 2 7
Portumna, . . .	206 10 4	3 6 8	4 19 10	10 3 2	10 3 10
Tuam, . . .	349 18 5	81 12 0	13 0 6	10 1 1	34 6 3
<i>Co. of Leitrim.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Currick-on-Shannon, . .	343 8 5	38 1 8	18 10 2	10 11 6	37 1 5
Maoorhamilton, . .	236 17 4	18 6 0	6 19 2	8 9 0	20 16 11
Mohill, . . .	307 13 8	49 1 10	29 18 9	13 12 9	27 10 11
<i>Co. of Mayo.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Ballina, . . .	288 6 1	26 17 11	30 7 0	10 19 3	18 18 2
Ballinrobe, . . .	316 15 2	53 12 2	6 8 11	8 14 1	37 6 9
Belmullet, . . .	178 4 7	51 17 8	6 5 10	8 5 10	18 12 8
Castlebar, . . .	247 10 1	28 17 0	23 0 7	13 12 0	27 11 9
Claremorris, . . .	224 17 2	78 17 1	23 7 5	9 19 4	22 6 1
Killala, . . .	104 11 2	1 10 0	0 19 0	8 3 7	14 3 3
Newport, . . .	196 7 1	16 8 10	6 13 0	7 15 0	20 7 7
Swineford, . . .	260 8 7	11 0 7	28 8 4	9 11 3	28 16 7
Westport, . . .	281 1 1	39 5 9	15 5 0	8 17 5	26 6 5
<i>Co. of Roscommon.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Boyle, . . .	308 3 0	19 8 7	24 12 6	14 8 2	54 3 7
Castlerea, . . .	270 7 10	36 6 0	38 2 4	21 10 2	30 5 8
Roscommon, . . .	308 0 0	173 3 2	36 18 7	6 9 10	51 1 6
Strokestown, . . .	272 4 2	94 11 11	18 1 7	5 0 0	21 17 5
<i>Co. of Sligo.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Dromore, West, . .	190 17 6	21 18 11	—	9 14 3	24 16 7
Sligo, . . .	380 5 3	83 11 5	50 14 11	60 5 11	45 10 9
Tobbercurry, . . .	100 19 2	27 6 6	2 19 2	7 6 1	15 14 11
Total Connacht } (29 Unions), }	5,820 2 4	1,065 16 6	498 19 7	371 10 4	777 0 1

SUMMARY

ULSTER, . . .	13,055 10 8	4,670 17 4	891 7 6	627 12 3	1,305 7 8
MUNSTER, . . .	19,074 6 4	5,713 4 0	1,455 4 0	982 2 3	1,997 0 9½
LEINSTER, . . .	18,003 9 0	4,645 15 11	1,805 6 8	1,045 16 11	2,020 9 1
CONNAUGHT, . . .	7,890 2 4	1,065 16 6	498 19 7	371 10 4	777 0 10
Total Ireland } (163 Unions), }	59,768 9 1	16,025 14 6½	4,620 17 9	3,827 1 9	6,190 7 3½

* The accounts of the Clifden, Galway, and Oughterard Unions have not yet been

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the

HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871—continued.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Apparatus.	Rest and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
6 7 9	6 14 0	1 2 6	6 14 10	487 7 10	9 15 6	477 12 4
31 3 6	—	6 10 0	2 6 7	337 15 3	—	337 16 3
41 8 11	—	—	6 3 3	657 9 10	17 3 0	640 6 10
12 10 7	—	2 0 0	14 10 11	354 12 4	21 18 4	332 14 0
3 14 0	30 3 2	—	—	361 14 2	33 8 6	325 5 8
40 10 6	15 4 0	4 14 6	1 3 4	348 7 7	—	348 7 7
24 5 2	—	—	16 13 9	343 6 10	19 9 9	323 17 1
5 14 5	—	—	12 19 6	226 19 11	24 2 3	202 17 8
12 9 10	—	—	2 11 8	250 5 4	7 3 6	243 1 10
36 13 8	8 15 7	1 1 0	7 2 5	544 11 5	—	542 11 5
1 10 0	—	6 16 0	—	455 19 2	16 2 6	439 16 8
45 18 11	—	0 12 0	9 17 2	338 16 6	—	338 16 6
8 10 5	7 15 0	8 19 6	3 7 5	455 10 3	0 12 6	454 17 9
20 17 9	22 19 6	17 5 0	9 14 1	446 4 9	34 12 10	411 11 11
25 6 6	6 15 8	9 9 0	38 9 7	502 17 10	25 0 0	477 17 10
—	—	3 0 0	36 15 3	303 1 10	—	303 1 10
15 6 10	12 8 6	—	27 0 4	396 16 1	33 10 0	362 17 1
17 15 5	1 0 0	3 16 6	18 12 4	400 11 4	11 16 6	368 14 10
19 15 0	—	5 0 0	1 5 0	205 7 0	6 0 0	190 7 0
8 5 9	—	3 15 0	3 13 9	263 6 6	—	263 6 6
18 1 6	—	0 15 0	11 13 4	363 16 2	13 14 7	350 0 7
7 9 3	14 19 10	7 10 0	8 3 4	407 18 1	26 16 9	381 1 4
45 0 6	—	—	25 19 11	540 16 3	6 8 10	543 7 5
30 3 6	2 3 9	—	9 8 6	456 7 9	5 8 2	450 10 7
74 12 2	26 8 5	0 10 10	22 15 6	700 0 0	—	700 0 0
54 9 1	—	—	33 7 1	439 11 3	78 5 4	361 5 11
7 11 11	—	1 18 8	11 2 8	268 0 6	—	268 0 6
20 3 10	18 19 3	—	10 0 0	678 11 4	9 12 11	668 18 5
—	—	3 3 6	6 6 0	233 15 4	—	233 15 4
631 5 8	174 6 8	87 19 0	359 17 6	11,706 18 5	403 10 9	11,303 7 8
4,758 4 5	2,933 7 3	615 0 1	3,591 16 6	100,770 18 82	3,535 18 91	97,937 19 11

OF PROVINCES.

1,156 19 11	175 11 6	170 3 2	632 12 6	23,676 2 6	706 15 3	23,307 7 3
1,626 5 3	635 18 11	212 3 6	1,390 4 41	33,286 19 11	1,148 8 91	32,138 10 4
1,353 19 7	847 10 2	174 14 5	1,209 2 2	32,010 18 8	1,972 4 0	30,738 14 8
631 5 8	174 6 8	87 19 0	359 17 6	11,706 18 5	403 10 9	11,303 7 8
4,758 4 5	2,933 7 3	615 0 1	3,591 16 6	100,770 18 82	3,535 18 91	97,937 19 11

settled, but the above particulars have been obtained from the Clerks of the Unions.

No. 7.—TABLE showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of Workhouse INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1871 (included in Table No. 2); also, the NUMBER relieved in the Half-year, and the AVERAGE WEEKLY COST per Head—163 Unions, per Head.—163 Unions.

NAME OF UNION.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Total Cost of Provisions, and Clothing.			Average No. of Days of Payment required to each Person during the Half-year.			Average Weekly Cost per head.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Prov. of Ulster:															
Cs. of Antrim.															
Antrim,	605	9	7	194	3	11	187	3	6	920	17	0	601	52	51
Ballycastle,	307	18	5	50	15	6	73	2	10	391	10	0	271	10	8
Ballymena,	711	0	4	114	13	10	178	18	0	1,004	13	2	609	52	61
Ballymoney,	318	10	4	98	16	10	98	18	0	410	0	2	529	27,623	27
Belfast,	6,234	9	8	812	9	1	1,406	8	7	8,453	7	4	7,099	450,058	57
Larne,	508	7	3	116	11	5	194	13	11	913	12	7	520	40,737	80
Lisburn,	573	16	2	117	6	8	215	2	11	905	4	9	1,038	51,635	47
Cs. of Argyll.															
Arrochar,	813	12	1	123	17	6	276	11	3	1,214	0	10	830	66,177	63
Dunoon,	952	10	8	349	7	5	194	10	6	1,337	2	7	1,713	72,730	42
Cs. of Caithness.															
Battieborough,	354	0	1	84	12	8	81	0	3	516	10	0	363	24,814	68
Bawbrey,	245	6	3	63	15	8	73	11	5	396	13	3	273	18,140	60
Cairn,	703	12	3	122	16	5	911	3	0	1,007	10	8	803	50,076	63
Coochill,	265	18	8	67	6	8	81	12	9	414	18	1	361	22,988	64
Cs. of Donegal.															
Ballybofey,	352	4	11	119	9	0	74	7	1	540	1	0	394	33,935	100
Donegal,	307	1	10	59	3	10	61	10	3	328	4	11	180	14,871	63
Dunfanaghy,	79	10	10	90	18	6	99	10	0	199	19	4	58	6,057	116
Gleninsle,	307	10	6	47	4	0	47	12	0	304	13	0	153	10,991	104
Tubbercurry,	275	10	10	47	13	7	55	10	6	380	0	21	221	24,837	108
Letterkenny,	306	13	7	95	1	8	78	8	0	481	2	3	250	20,377	81

Milkford,	191	12	1	44	19	0	67	11	10	394	3	6	168	66	2	0	2	71				
Stranorlar,	110	4	8	40	7	0	28	12	0	179	11	3	210	66	1	0	0	91				
Co. of Donegal.																						
Banbridge,	409	12	0	122	16	0	77	18	5	700	7	11	930	37,402	40	199	2	4				
Downpatrick,	903	12	4	104	9	3	193	1	8	1,101	2	10	670	54,616	63	2	4	2	10			
Kilkeel,	176	15	9	35	7	9	40	6	6	232	9	0	260	58	60	1	114	0	44			
Newry,	999	8	11	166	6	5	403	6	9	1,069	2	1	1,767	84,223	48	448	1	114	0	8	2	74
Newtownards,	668	9	6	141	13	0	176	19	1	1,187	2	4	1,074	74,288	60	395	1	104	0	4	2	24
Co. of Fermanagh.																						
Enniskillen,	586	7	3	160	5	9	149	7	7	806	0	7	591	45,680	66	243	2	34	0	51	2	9
Irvinstown,	226	8	7	40	13	3	64	19	2	332	1	0	292	18,751	64	160	2	0	0	51	2	54
Lisnaskele,	217	14	2	73	0	9	103	15	1	394	10	0	347	17,006	46	90	2	44	0	104	3	3
Co. of Londonderry.																						
Colecrane,	353	3	1	150	19	4	222	9	4	726	11	9	854	53,392	63	284	1	4	0	7	1	11
Londonderry,	781	19	4	143	8	6	315	19	1	1,241	7	1	1,243	72,564	58	386	1	94	0	74	2	44
Magherafelt,	306	9	6	94	0	1	133	13	7	533	3	4	539	31,843	54	169	1	0	0	7	2	44
Newtownabbey,	132	2	10	68	1	9	75	4	10	275	9	5	692	28,563	55	148	0	114	0	44	1	44
Co. of Monaghan.																						
Carickmacross,	296	13	1	65	18	7	64	1	3	396	12	10	360	17,287	50	90	2	74	0	6	3	14
Glenbaynes,	369	7	9	65	1	3	90	12	6	551	1	11	671	30,020	46	164	2	04	0	54	2	61
Gloves,	293	2	0	57	8	5	67	8	5	417	19	3	463	21,038	47	115	2	34	0	54	2	64
Monaghan,	326	16	4	79	12	11	88	7	4	494	16	7	959	26,065	104	144	2	14	0	54	2	64
Co. of Tyrone.																						
Castlederg,	104	4	9	33	12	8	25	9	1	163	6	0	135	13,000	97	70	1	54	0	34	1	9
Clogher,	294	8	8	74	9	0	107	16	1	476	14	3	409	31,150	53	113	2	54	0	84	3	14
Cookstown,	251	10	7	60	2	7	64	7	8	386	0	10	311	26,103	84	139	1	94	0	34	3	1
Dungannon,	431	16	1	97	3	2	78	16	10	607	16	1	654	36,347	53	133	2	04	0	34	2	64
Gortin,	134	11	4	32	9	3	31	0	9	196	1	4	218	11,234	52	60	2	1	0	0	2	2
Omagh,	370	7	4	92	18	3	97	0	5	565	0	0	529	36,927	69	184	1	94	0	44	2	2
Strabane,	520	15	0	118	8	11	160	3	2	793	7	1	959	44,844	47	239	2	0	0	0	2	0
Total Ulster (44 Unions),	23,594	17	5	4,756	0	4	6,549	0	8	36,000	7	5	32,007	1,026,201	60	10,246	3	04	0	54	2	63

[continued]

No. 7.—Table showing the Expenditure for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of Workhouse INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1871 (included in Table No. 2); also, the NUMBERS RELATED in the Half-year, and the AVERAGE WEEKLY COST per Head;—163 Unions—continued.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Persons relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Persons relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Person.	Average Weekly Cost per Head.		Provisions and Necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.
								d.	s.			
Provisions of Munster; Co. of Clare.												
Ballyaghshan,	409 16 0	57 14 2	145 15 4	612 5 6	309	26,794	193	142	2 5 1	0 9	3 2 1	
Corcomroe,	291 14 1	52 3 0	85 0 0	428 17 7	373	30,069	74	107	2 4 1	0 7	2 11 1	
Connis,	1,250 21 0	153 13 11	215 0 0	1,055 4 11	906	73,108	91	850	2 9	0 5	3 11 1	
Ennistymon,	745 10 9	194 9 8	201 10 0	1,081 16 3	493	48,358	98	257	2 6 1	0 7	3 1 1	
Killadyard,	426 10 9	68 10 9	104 9 8	507 11 1	247	21,941	89	117	3 1 1	0 8	3 0 1	
Loughrea 10 11	1,056 10 11	108 8 7	113 11 6	1,958 17 0	610	54,596	90	290	2 11 1	0 3	3 0 1	
Kilrush,	458 11 4	84 5 4	94 14 5	607 11 1	337	28,976	80	154	2 9	0 5	3 0 1	
Scarrif,	769 0 8	89 9 0	149 10 7	1,007 6 3	557	44,654	80	233	2 8 1	0 5 1	3 0 1	
Clo. of Cork.												
Bandon,	599 2 10	81 2 0	71 0 7	731 5 11	408	34,004	84	181	2 9 1	0 3 1	3 1 1	
Banteer,	920 0 11	24 0 0	29 16 9	273 18 1	909	16,707	80	80	2 0 1	0 3 1	2 0 1	
Castletown,	385 18 0	94 18 0	64 3 0	484 19 0	302	29,710	84	168	1 11 1	0 3 1	2 0 1	
Clonakilty,	615 19 4	61 15 1	78 15 2	759 9 7	420	97,903	90	201	2 7 1	0 3 1	2 11 1	
Cork,	7,078 1 4	711 19 3	1,414 5 8	1,604 0 2	5,574	398,100	71	2,107	2 10 1	0 0 1	3 4 1	
Damastown,	394 9 3	45 1 6	145 2 2	524 12 11	979	23,217	83	123	2 3 1	0 10 1	3 2 1	
Ferns,	635 10 5	132 16 2	139 11 2	927 17 9	745	44,070	60	238	2 5	0 6	3 1 1	
Kilmacud,	1,260 11 0	253 2 10	235 8 0	1,774 2 4	1,015	75,327	74	401	2 10 1	0 5 1	3 9 1	
Kinsale,	458 13 11	73 2 5	82 6 7	104 8 11	481	26,345	55	140	2 10 1	0 5 1	3 9 1	
Magnesia,	675 8 8	75 8 6	102 1 0	852 16 2	490	42,879	90	928	2 5 1	0 4 1	3 0 1	
Mallow,	1,211 18 5	155 11 3	148 2 4	1,615 12 13	1,115	71,075	64	379	3 10 1	0 3 1	3 2 1	
Middleton,	778 8 0	143 13 6	161 1 3	1,063 12 9	1,001	54,116	54	288	2 4 1	0 5 1	3 0 1	
Millstreet,	850 19 3	114 17 11	300 4 3	1,160 1 5	650	45,061	74	256	2 0 1	0 5 1	3 0 1	
Michelstown,	302 11 1	102 16 5	130 5 9	741 13 3	746	49,612	58	232	1 11 1	0 5 1	2 4 1	

Shalloweens,	790	1	3	146	19	7	192	17	7	1,110	18	4	560	46,295	63	0	0	3	41	
Shull,	285	5	0	36	1	11	58	8	11	370	15	10	177	18,703	100	99	0	2	10	
Youngal,	602	10	4	142	2	7	237	12	4	1,233	5	3	915	56,351	02	503	2	51	3	01
<i>Cou. of Kerry.</i>																				
Cahersiveen,	384	5	5	31	10	3	50	10	4	486	5	11	372	24,219	05	199	0	0	2	91
Dingle,	431	10	10	76	11	3	56	13	4	564	15	5	354	27,200	77	145	2	71	2	11
Kemahaan,	378	1	11	27	17	7	110	0	7	510	0	1	307	20,407	72	140	2	11	2	81
Kilarney,	1,091	7	5	147	1	9	203	17	8	1,443	6	10	600	57,087	95	304	3	01	0	61
Listowel,	471	8	0	35	15	0	92	0	0	309	9	6	407	36,794	65	143	2	71	3	11
Trades,	1,128	2	5	274	15	2	340	0	9	1,742	18	4	1,086	81,600	74	434	2	6	0	0
<i>Cou. of Limerick.</i>																				
Croom,	741	0	11	76	19	6	117	3	3	935	5	7	437	37,522	80	260	3	01	3	51
Glin,	879	17	1	74	14	1	107	0	10	551	18	0	810	21,828	70	116	2	11	3	71
Kilmallock,	1,792	16	8	171	14	3	430	1	10	2,234	12	9	1,537	106,922	07	549	2	04	0	71
Linstack,	4,257	4	7	419	11	0	881	11	0	6,068	7	1	4,884	282,104	58	1,501	2	03	3	01
Newcastle,	620	10	10	134	9	10	616	10	7	1,977	11	3	698	4,460	00	231	3	11	1	11
Rathkeale,	663	15	6	193	3	0	131	16	2	1,145	14	8	793	42,178	66	934	3	44	0	64
<i>Cou. of Tipperary.</i>																				
Borrisokane,	889	12	11	64	0	10	42	0	0	495	13	9	290	33,429	81	195	2	81	0	3
Carick-on-Suir,	1,073	19	11	307	19	11	249	9	5	1,531	9	3	1,081	68,745	64	360	2	71	0	6
Cashel,	1,671	18	9	310	1	5	347	2	0	2,975	2	2	1,142	67,193	85	317	2	91	0	6
Clogheen,	771	1	4	131	16	9	162	16	6	1,035	13	7	539	45,678	82	242	2	04	0	6
Clonmel,	1,501	14	8	205	17	0	301	6	2	2,128	18	3	1,585	90,991	66	484	2	81	0	61
Nenagh,	1,108	15	5	901	13	2	148	16	10	1,544	3	5	864	7,983	83	2,61	0	31	0	51
Roscrea,	638	5	11	130	17	8	160	15	0	839	18	7	433	31,487	73	167	2	11	3	91
Thurles,	722	0	5	133	0	5	156	5	9	1,001	6	7	533	43,207	75	283	2	61	0	6
Tipperary,	1,730	2	3	184	18	0	331	6	0	1,266	6	9	1,265	79,518	63	423	2	61	0	71
<i>Cou. of Waterford.</i>																				
Dungarvan,	1,191	14	5	124	15	3	347	0	0	1,303	9	8	1,133	67,260	69	358	2	9	0	6
Kilmacthomas,	549	7	5	69	11	8	116	8	4	734	7	5	498	36,839	54	143	3	21	0	74
Lismore,	551	8	11	65	0	11	143	11	2	760	7	0	532	54,154	65	183	2	6	0	71
Waterford,	2,836	16	3	208	14	0	471	19	6	3,517	10	5	2,107	153,654	73	617	2	94	0	51
Total Munster } (50 Unions).	51,019	7	0	6,790	1	9	10,723	14	10	68,933	3	7	42,304	2,702,930	71	15,920	2	81	0	6
12																				

* The half charge for electing assessors from deflected charges in several previous half-years; the annual cost for this half-year averaging only £6d. per head per week.

[continued.]

No. 7.—TABLE showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of WORKHOUSE INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1871 (Included in Table No. 2); also, the NUMBER RELIEVED in the Half-year, and the AVERAGE WEEKLY COST per Head—163 Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	# £ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	No. of Days for all Persons relieved in the Half-year.	Average Daily No. of Persons relieved to each Person.	Average Weekly Cost per head.	Average Weekly Cost per head.			
												#	d.	s.	
Provisions of Limerick.															
Co. of Cork.	1,339 17 2	244 14 9	342 18 4	1,887 10 0	1,452	65,840	45	350	3 1 <i>½</i>	0 8 <i>½</i>	3 10 <i>½</i>				
Carlow.															
Co. of Dublin.	630 6 5	92 9 9	160 14 5	883 10 7	1,946	38,573	20	205	2 7 <i>½</i>	0 7	3 2 <i>½</i>				
Balrothery.	6,805 11 7	625 16 11	940 0 0	8,481 13 6	4,058	350,900	86	1,865	3 0	0 4 <i>½</i>	3 4 <i>½</i>				
Dublin, North.	11,950 9 10	1,394 0 7	2,210 0 9	15,254 10 2	5,791	563,773	95	2,946	3 4 <i>½</i>	0 6 <i>½</i>	3 11 <i>½</i>				
Dublin, South.	9,069 6 1	204 17 3	489 10 0	9,703 17 4	1,608	94,032	58	500	3 4 <i>½</i>	0 8 <i>½</i>	4 1 <i>½</i>				
Rathdown.															
Co. of Kildare.															
Athl.	971 18 1	140 12 5	229 19 1	1,342 9 7	708	65,160	69	294	2 9 <i>½</i>	0 7	3 4 <i>½</i>				
Gallaughs.	824 9 0	30 2 1	152 9 2	1,007 0 9	552	31,697	57	109	3 9 <i>½</i>	0 8	4 5 <i>½</i>				
Nass.	820 16 1	178 0 10	163 7 5	1,971 4 4	1,306	60,889	42	271	3 0 <i>½</i>	0 5 <i>½</i>	3 6				
Co. of Kilkenny.															
Callan.	626 9 0	182 12 7	202 7 8	1,211 10 0	784	46,972	62	258	2 11	0 7	3 6				
Castlcomer.	498 0 10	190 11 9	184 13 0	803 10 7	383	25,844	67	137	3 4 <i>½</i>	1 0	4 4 <i>½</i>				
Kilkenny.	1,798 0 4	276 0 2	678 17 1	2,053 9 7	1,541	63,614	60	493	3 1 <i>½</i>	0 10 <i>½</i>	4 0				
Tintern.	686 14 9	97 19 5	157 1 11	941 16 1	602	41,907	63	323	2 7 <i>½</i>	0 6 <i>½</i>	3 1 <i>½</i>				
Uringford.	631 3 2	69 7 7	134 0 11	894 11 8	422	32,030	76	170	3 0 <i>½</i>	0 6 <i>½</i>	3 7 <i>½</i>				
Kilk's County.															
Edenderry.	610 3 1	54 14 3	102 2 7	775 16 11	715	35,084	49	166	2 8 <i>½</i>	0 5	3 1 <i>½</i>				
Portumna.	812 12 7	164 9 3	105 9 10	1,082 11 8	531	50,036	92	209	2 6 <i>½</i>	0 8 <i>½</i>	3 0				
Tullamore.	1,131 17 5	151 9 3	200 17 5	3,484 4 1	1,383	67,557	49	359	2 6	0 5	3 1				

Co. of Longford.	355 14 7	91 10 11	80 11 9	517 3 3	406	21,501	53	2 91	0 7	3 43
Ballymohers,	735 3 11	120 9 5	132 5 0	903 18 4	303	41,244	81	219	2 11	0 51
Fernard,	771 11 1	160 6 7	240 0 0	1,160 17 8	940	53,192	56	283	2 61	0 74
Longford,										
Co. of Louth.	1,119 18 6	130 18 10	217 16 5	1,468 18 8	1,745	52,277	30	276	3 42	0 7
Ardee,	1,206 14 7	119 16 4	229 18 9	1,646 8 7	2,022	72,019	28	380	2 8	0 6
Drogheda,	894 15 6	157 14 8	179 15 11	1,192 6 1	1,468	52,913	36	281	2 82	0 53
Dundalk,										
Co. of Meath.	522 5 5	102 4 7	129 10 0	747 0 0	1,109	28,316	24	161	3 1	0 74
Demashanaghlin,	682 9 11	176 4 11	246 1 0	1,104 15 10	558	39,005	70	208	3 1	0 105
Kells,										
Navan,	818 7 6	114 1 1	160 5 9	1,101 14 4	1,948	40,370	21	215	3 31	0 64
Omagh,	513 3 6	143 11 3	118 6 6	773 15 3	409	53,047	81	176	2 94	0 65
Oldcastle,										
Trim,	6890 16 28	154 16 9	184 16 1	1,240 8 0	1,066	41,160	39	219	3 04	0 74
Queen's County.	422 17 1	126 5 6	99 18 9	648 15 11	426	23,918	66	127	3 21	0 7
Ashleydown,	307 13 10	63 19 1	48 10 8	510 3 7	919	14,405	66	77	4 02	0 54
Donaghmore,										
Mountrath,	1,286 18 9	262 2 7	349 12 3	1,916 18 0	1,141	71,919	63	370	3 1	0 8
Co. of Westmeath.	806 18 7	160 16 11	263 8 5	1,311 8 11	909	58,764	64	313	2 6	0 7
Athlone,	401 15 11	74 1 8	100 0 0	576 17 7	580	29,919	38	119	2 114	0 74
Delvin,										
Mullingar,	949 1 2	230 4 9	397 10 11	1,459 10 10	983	69,500	68	333	2 9	0 8
Co. of Wexford.	735 6 11	183 16 8	297 19 10	1,157 3 0	985	57,118	58	304	2 3	0 7
Enniscorthy,	500 10 5	111 0 0	188 11 3	1,210 17 5	710	47,855	67	953	2 114	0 7
Gorey,										
New Ross,	1,479 17 6	181 18 6	337 0 0	1,008 16 0	1,013	60,680	80	429	2 104	0 7
Wexford,										
Co. of Wicklow.	1,293 10 0	156 14 0	400 0 0	1,850 4 0	1,017	74,487	71	397	2 81	0 9
Ballyleis,	723 6 11	193 10 1	235 1 9	1,101 18 9	839	39,405	47	210	3 3	0 10
Bathallum,	1,307 4 5	144 0 0	377 0 7	1,798 14 0	1,922	60,397	49	321	3 13	0 104
Shillelagh,	558 1 2	110 2 3	120 0 0	788 8 8	619	34,255	67	184	2 83	0 54
Total Leinster (40 Unions),	52,282 13 71	7,705 7 1	11,339 8 0	71,147 4 24	47,938	21,757,070	58	14,070	3 03	0 7

[continued]

TABLE No. 7.—Table showing the EXPENDITURE for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of WORKHOUSES INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 26th March, 1871 (included in Table No. 2); also, the NUMBERS admitted in the Half-year, and the Average WEEKLY COST per Head;—163 Unions—continued.

Names of Townships.	Cost of Passengers conveyed.	Cost of Breweries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, and Clothing.	Average Weekly Cost per Head.							
					Total Number of Passenger shipped.	Collective No. of Days for all Passenger shipped in the Half-year.	Average Daily No. of Passenger shipped by each Frigate.	Passenger and Necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.		
PROVINCE OF CONNACTETT.												
<i>Co. of Gelengy.</i>												
Baltimore,	738	8	1	104	9	130	10	5	1,012	7	60	
Chesapeak,	394	2	9	48	13	3	54	0	48	16	2	
Galway,	1,165	15	1	132	18	0	128	3	1,610	15	10	
Glenmannadry,	403	16	0	43	5	0	93	13	590	14	3	
Gurb,	446	9	8	75	9	8	58	6	580	6	5	
Loughrea,	399	8	3	52	17	11	71	7	533	13	10	
Mount Belcar,	303	9	11	59	5	5	63	3	565	12	1	
Oughterard,	303	0	0	40	13	5	42	0	474	13	4	
Portumna,	397	12	8	60	5	8	76	12	534	10	7	
Tuksa,	841	4	10	126	10	0	168	14	1,156	9	3	
<i>Co. of Lefirris.</i>												
Carrik-on-Shannon,	488	3	3	60	0	1	102	16	1	650	19	6
Mansorhamilton,	297	5	3	73	3	0	92	11	9	403	0	0
McMill,	440	8	0	88	0	0	129	11	0	699	5	0
<i>Co. of Mayo.</i>												
Ballina,	971	12	0	60	16	0	67	18	0	560	7	3
Ballymrobes,	693	1	1	130	8	8	119	8	7	911	18	4
Ballymullen,	251	16	7	88	8	9	440	5	4	338	10	8
Castledar,	359	7	0	53	4	0	70	8	9	463	0	3
Claremorris,	370	14	5	55	5	11	54	6	450	0	9	
Killala,	245	3	11	51	1	8	90	14	5	500	0	0
Newport,	198	8	3	33	15	8	37	8	11	239	12	10
Swinstford,	385	16	0	61	19	9	136	7	4	574	3	1
Westport,	425	8	8	61	13	0	136	0	2	613	10	10

<i>Co. of Rosscommon.</i>																				
Boyle,	-	-	657	0	5	138	17	5	223	14	6	1,049	12	4	514	47,739	63	254	2	5
Clareen,	-	-	643	10	1	120	10	10	125	6	7	889	13	6	542	80,539	73	210	2	61
Carleen,	-	-	1,039	19	0	106	0	0	216	6	8	1,435	5	8	708	105,732	96	323	2	34
Rossumon,	-	-	621	17	0	132	1	8	112	4	111	856	4	4	515	37,490	73	360	2	94
Saruketown,	-	-																0	5	0
<i>Co. of Sligo.</i>																				
Dromore, West.	-	-	165	1	1	23	9	2	22	15	3	211	5	0	113	10,620	97	56	2	5
Sligo,	-	-	738	10	3	161	1	4	400	7	8	1,299	19	3	699	64,385	94	314	2	13
Tobocracy,	-	-	225	7	0	21	0	6	29	4	6	976	1	4	224	16,370	73	67	2	14
Total Connacht	{	14,163	17	0	2,265	10	0	3,079	10	9	19,595	13	3	11,053	910,469	81	5,002	2	54	
(22 Unions),																		0	54	2
																		11		

SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.

ULSTER,	-	-	23,594	17	6	4,756	0	4	6,549	9	8	34,000	7	5	82,657	1,920,201	60	10,240	2	04
MUNSTER,	-	-	51,019	7	0	6,790	1	0	10,723	14	10	68,533	3	7	42,364	2,982,089	71	15,920	2	83
LEINSTER,	-	-	52,262	13	71	7,505	7	1	11,359	3	6	71,147	4	31	47,289	2,757,970	66	14,870	3	04
CONNAUGHT,	-	-	14,183	17	6	2,395	19	0	3,079	10	6	19,229	13	3	11,063	910,466	61	6,002	2	54
Total Ireland	{	141,660	15	61	21,317	8	2	31,712	4	9	194,110	6	5	193,302	6,617,570	63	45,830	2	73	
(168 Unions),																		6	64	3
																		14		

No. 8.—TABLE showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of WORKHOUSE INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871 (included in Table No. 3); also, the NUMBER relieved in the Half-year, and the AVERAGE WEEKLY COST per Head.—163 Unions.

NAME OF UNION.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing consumed.	Total Cost of Provisions, and Clothing.	Total Number of Persons relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Persons relieved in the Half-year.	Average Daily Provisions and Clothing consumed.	Average Weekly Cost per head.	Previous week.			Total.		
									d.	s.	d.	d.	s.	d.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER:														
Co. of Antrim.	770 9 9	162 3 7	187 10 6	1,110 2 10	983	62,507	63	379	2	64	0	0	2	11 <i>1</i>
Antlin,	290 2 11	50 9 5	64 5 9	430 18 1	331	30,017	63	111	2	33	0	0 <i>4</i>	3	10 <i>3</i>
Ballycastle,	655 14 7	120 0 4	166 10 6	861 10 5	631	51,018	75	271	1	10 <i>4</i>	0	0	2	4 <i>8</i>
Ballymena,	907 6 8	57 10 7	189 16 9	404 14 0	337	26,105	49	139	1	0	0	0	2	2
Ballymoney,	5,495 7 10	840 18 3	1,291 5 2	8,080 11 3	7,864	384,408	49	3,045	2	0	0	5 <i>4</i>	2	11 <i>1</i>
Ballymena,	563 4 8	98 3 4	169 15 3	957 9 3	514	41,390	80	330	2	44	0	7	3	11 <i>4</i>
Ballymena,	563 6 9	114 12 7	197 18 3	875 19 7	1,113	47,490	43	243	2	0	0	7	2	7
Larne,	788 9 1	169 8 6	163 0 6	1,050 16 1	875	62,708	72	334	2	34	0	4	2	5 <i>2</i>
Lisburn,	563 6 9	114 12 7	197 18 3	875 19 7	1,113	47,490	43	243	2	0	0	7	2	7
Co. of Armagh.	896 10 0	153 13 0	145 18 10	1,166 1 10	875	62,708	72	334	2	34	0	4	2	5 <i>2</i>
Armagh,	788 9 1	169 8 6	163 0 6	1,050 16 1	875	62,708	72	334	2	34	0	4	2	5 <i>2</i>
Col. of Cavan.	844 15 8	65 13 3	67 10 1	479 5 0	407	23,177	57	123	2	64	0	5	2	10 <i>1</i>
Ballybofey,	250 14 11	50 8 2	134 16 7	472 1 6	347	17,435	50	93	2	64	1	1	3	9 <i>3</i>
Ballybofey,	708 18 4	96 2 0	196 19 2	1,003 19 0	847	47,258	56	251	2	44	0	7	2	11 <i>3</i>
Cavanhill,	473 2 10	40 9 7	72 11 6	895 3 10	392	20,891	58	111	2	9	0	5 <i>4</i>	2	7 <i>4</i>
Co. of Donegal.	884 0 4	99 14 4	60 19 11	491 0 7	390	38,156	81	171	1	10 <i>2</i>	0	3 <i>4</i>	2	11 <i>2</i>
Ballyshannon,	157 3 1	44 17 3	53 14 0	265 14 10	191	13,064	68	69	2	54	0	7	3	0 <i>4</i>
Donegal,	78 19 3	19 6 2	18 0 0	115 17 6	50	5,947	106	33	2	44	0	5	2	9
Dungloe,	920 0 1	35 8 3	46 13 4	308 0 8	304	19,580	90	104	1	10 <i>9</i>	0	4	2	9 <i>1</i>
Glenveagh,	330 10 11	35 18 11	61 3 0	437 17 10	501	26,891	85	137	2	0	0	4	2	4 <i>4</i>
Inishowen,	285 14 7	70 0 11	65 4 1	456 19 7	277	16,314	68	97	2	9	0	6 <i>4</i>	3	6 <i>4</i>

Milford,	171	19	43	3	0	55	18	0	275	16	9	106	0	0	3	0		
Stranorler,	-	-	115	16	11	33	7	2	25	17	10	176	1	11	0	3½		
Co. of Down.													2	0	0	0		
Banbridge,	559	18	3	88	1	0	180	17	4	796	10	7	905	2	6	0		
Downderry,	761	10	8	74	11	6	110	2	6	1,066	10	8	751	2	5½	0		
Killeshal,	-	-	306	2	10	24	15	1	40	13	9	327	11	6	17,007	51		
Newry,	-	-	1,059	12	3	149	12	11	389	11	0	1,548	16	2	2,006	78,047		
Newtownards,	-	-	680	6	11	102	9	1	156	11	6	1,430	7	6	1,044	65,783		
Co. of Fermanagh.													2	0	0	0		
Kantackillen,	-	-	583	2	9	116	13	7	91	16	9	791	12	1	536	40		
Irvinstown,	-	-	197	12	7	31	17	5	40	1	9	269	11	9	206	14,375		
Lisnaske,	-	-	201	15	8	77	12	9	64	7	4	345	15	9	386	10,430		
Co. of Londonderry.													2	0	0	0		
Caledonia,	-	-	640	19	4	116	16	10	200	1	1	957	17	3	774	42,073		
Londonderry,	-	-	813	4	2	104	13	9	306	19	1	1,294	10	0	63,675	92		
Magherafelt,	-	-	315	10	5	71	3	0	136	6	2	555	0	1	63,194	54		
Newtownabbey,	-	-	281	1	2	72	17	8	29	10	0	382	8	10	540	26,984		
Co. of Monaghan.													2	0	0	0		
Carabarrow,	-	-	964	10	5	35	7	9	64	12	6	364	10	8	440	41		
Castleblayney,	-	-	430	10	11	70	15	10	65	9	1	623	9	10	785	31,274		
Clones,	-	-	908	12	10	39	9	1	29	13	1	355	16	0	474	19,244		
Monaghan,	-	-	366	2	5	57	13	10	62	13	2	456	9	5	301	29,126		
Co. of Tyrone.													2	0	0	0		
Castlederg,	-	-	104	1	6	35	19	5	19	4	2	140	5	1	158	12,715		
Glossier,	-	-	255	13	4	48	13	3	58	2	11	303	9	6	374	16,134		
Cookstown,	-	-	282	13	5	80	11	0	53	13	9	422	18	8	337	25,771		
Dungannon,	-	-	449	11	1	65	15	3	83	6	6	598	12	10	47	189		
Gortin,	-	-	118	19	6	24	17	6	18	10	8	162	7	10	226	37,320		
Omagh,	-	-	448	11	3	54	4	8	79	18	6	562	14	4	601	9,790		
Sinbane,	-	-	503	16	11	80	4	6	145	13	1	729	14	5	1,051	36,266		
Total Ulster } (44 Unions),	229,935	1	0	4,001	5	2	5,719	9	6	83,745	10	2	39,144	1,705,787	68	0,395	2	24
																	2	84

[continued.]

No 8.—Table showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of WORKHOUSE INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871 (included in Table No. 3); also, the NUMBER retained in the Half-year, and the AVERAGE WEEKLY COST per Head;—163 Unions—continued.

Name of Union.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	No. of Days of Workhouse retained.	Collective No. of Days for all Persons retained in the Half-year.	Average Daily No. of Persons in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.		Previous and Subsequent Clothing.	Total.
								s. d.	£ s. d.		
<i>Province of Munster:</i>											
Co. of Clare.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Ballyteghan,	444 1 3	40 18 7	92 8 10	577 8 8	220	28,069	1,277	149	2 5	0 51	2 10 1
Corrofin,	322 3 2	37 11 5	60 0 0	439 17 7	281	26,349	72	106	2 51	0 61	3 0 2
Drom,	1,460 3 1	114 16 2	188 3 4	1,733 2 7	1,025	74,343	73	395	2 11 1	0 41	3 3 4
Fenitymore,	904 1 8	110 2 10	203 7 1	1,218 1 1	508	46,919	96	300	2 10 1	0 7	3 5 4
Killaloe,	429 16 6	41 12 4	103 15 6	568 4 4	255	21,793	65	116	3 10 1	0 8	3 9 1
Kilmacurragh,	900 13 5	63 17 2	110 7 7	1,160 18 3	563	53,053	91	282	2 9 1	0 31	3 0 4
Kilrush,	321 16 6	63 13 6	60 17 4	656 7 6	333	30,373	92	163	2 7 1	0 41	3 0 4
Searff,	892 3 4	70 18 4	113 18 4	1,077 0 0	592	44,302	75	235	3 0 4	0 41	3 0 5
Tulla,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Co. of Cork.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bandon,	698 1 7	53 11 9	73 0 6	754 18 9	541	35,051	65	166	2 8 1	0 35	3 0 1
Bantry,	231 19 11	18 19 2	29 14 5	280 13 6	241	16,644	69	22	2 14 1	0 3	2 4 1
Caselstown,	320 3 1	20 10 4	50 4 3	403 8 7	360	24,101	67	126	2 0 4	0 31	2 9 1
Clonakilty,	612 11 9	50 18 8	108 9 0	771 19 3	479	39,049	82	208	2 4 1	0 41	3 2 1
Cork,	7,280 6 3	514 18 7	1,531 17 3	3,247 2 1	0,333	372,447	59	1,081	2 11 1	0 7	3 6 1
Dunmanway,	962 3 0	41 8 10	141 3 2	464 15 0	306	22,885	74	190	2 0	0 10 1	2 10 1
Fermoy,	654 0 4	102 8 0	150 8 6	898 17 0	856	43,121	49	224	2 6 1	0 0	2 11 1
Kankarduff,	1,134 4 1	170 6 10	141 10 8	1,402 3 7	1,000	67,964	98	302	2 6 1	0 31	3 0 0
Kinsale,	411 13 10	50 4 9	73 6 4	534 4 11	376	23,141	62	123	2 9 1	0 54	3 2 1
Mallow,	702 16 2	49 6 3	100 2 4	859 4 9	570	42,049	74	921	2 6 1	0 4	3 10 1
Mallow,	1,190 19 10	128 16 7	260 5 0	1,000 3 0	1,220	67,291	56	308	2 9	0 7	3 4 1
Middleton,	784 17 11	112 3 1	102 8 4	1,069 9 4	1,157	64,072	47	290	2 3 1	0 5	3 8 1
Millstreet,	796 6 2	98 10 0	129 17 3	1,024 13 11	725	41,156	47	221	3 0 1	0 54	3 0 4
Matchelstown,	655 16 2	68 19 1	139 15 0	791 4 9	643	39,953	40	207	2 3 1	0 0	2 0 0

Selkiesheren,	765	17	3	118	13	8	195	15	11	1,060	6	5	599	46,993	78	230	2	71	0	7	3	21	
Skull,	943	3	11	98	11	6	53	10	8	316	6	3	108	17,130	102	91	2	11	0	64	2	0	
Yeoghal,	-	753	15	2	90	12	0	293	13	10	1,078	0	0	913	50,045	45	260	2	44	0	74	3	0
Co. of Kerry.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cahirciveen,	-	856	5	6	48	15	9	47	16	5	452	19	8	361	33,002	60	129	2	54	0	31	3	0
Dingle,	-	470	10	2	66	4	4	57	2	11	560	17	5	365	27,430	73	140	2	64	0	34	3	0
Hennas,	-	348	10	3	25	19	1	49	11	5	625	14	9	450	21,394	47	114	2	54	0	34	3	0
Killarney,	-	1,178	11	10	115	16	9	278	16	1	1,573	6	9	744	59,549	79	311	0	14	0	64	3	94
Lishtovel,	-	510	17	6	97	14	0	68	5	9	600	17	9	450	27,225	61	145	2	94	0	44	3	14
Tralees,	-	918	17	0	205	5	0	534	16	7	1,659	0	7	1,090	75,162	69	400	2	1	1	0	3	1
Co. of Limerick.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Groom,	-	798	14	0	142	10	10	132	15	5	1,004	0	8	657	49,480	72	298	2	105	0	64	3	34
Glin,	-	851	7	7	44	16	1	55	5	11	481	0	7	234	30,076	70	110	2	105	0	44	3	34
Kilmallock,	-	1,778	16	11	179	1	0	409	19	10	2,567	18	0	1,406	98,308	67	593	2	94	0	7	3	44
Limerick,	-	4,948	6	2	355	0	6	810	18	8	6,074	5	4	4,649	239,499	56	1,360	2	10	0	54	3	54
Newcastle,	-	859	11	0	133	15	3	132	15	5	1,083	2	2	670	41,951	61	219	3	3	0	54	3	64
Rathkeale,	-	864	12	1	169	0	3	118	2	10	1,056	15	2	767	37,805	49	301	3	7	0	54	4	04
Co. of Tipperary.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrisokane,	-	375	2	4	41	17	11	76	5	0	403	5	3	205	31,356	72	114	2	84	0	6	0	24
Castled-on-Suir,	-	1,002	11	2	108	12	5	280	0	0	1,406	12	7	1,070	59,500	65	317	2	74	0	8	3	24
Castle,	-	1,647	16	7	317	1	4	184	11	11	2,049	9	10	1,266	68,000	70	471	2	114	0	34	3	24
Clonchein,	-	732	4	10	86	3	0	163	9	9	1,000	17	7	691	45,497	67	243	2	74	0	6	3	14
Clonmel,	-	1,350	14	2	206	7	4	903	13	8	1,790	15	2	1,416	81,063	57	431	2	74	0	44	3	24
Nenagh,	-	1,249	14	3	143	17	0	175	13	7	1,060	4	10	698	69,682	75	309	2	104	0	44	3	84
Roscrea,	-	226	13	10	65	18	4	161	2	2	771	14	4	394	29,503	76	137	2	104	0	6	3	24
Thurles,	-	739	4	10	70	7	8	153	2	6	852	15	0	695	42,594	72	997	2	64	0	6	3	24
Typerlsey,	-	1,261	6	7	149	19	5	232	1	2	1,743	7	2	1,297	74,259	57	315	2	104	0	34	3	34
Co. of Waterford.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dungarvan,	-	937	16	0	99	13	7	170	0	0	1,247	10	1	1,017	65,908	55	297	2	74	0	5	3	04
Killaloe,	-	567	9	10	54	17	9	137	12	5	700	0	0	545	39,541	53	153	3	04	0	8	3	64
Jessons,	-	519	0	8	67	18	8	129	5	3	710	4	7	593	81,023	52	165	2	74	0	7	3	44
Waterford,	-	9,691	16	9	165	5	2	519	16	3	3,400	17	2	9,241	102,773	65	818	2	114	0	54	3	14
Total Munster ² (50 Unions),	-	50,406	1	2	5,246	14	0	9,908	7	4	65,461	2	6	44,742	2,885,043	63	15,083	2	9	0	54	3	24

[continued.]

No. 8.—TABLE showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of Workhouse INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871 (included in Table No. 3); also, the NUMBER remaining in the Half-year, and the AVERAGE WEEKLY COST per Head;—163 Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION,	Cost of Provisions consumed,	Cost of Necessaries consumed,	Cost of Clothing consumed,	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Persons received.	Greatest No. of Days for all Passengers received in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Board to each Person.	Average Daily No. of Passengers Worked in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per Head.	Average Weekly Cost per Head, Provisions and Necessaries.			Total.
										s.	d.	s.	
PROVINCE OF LÉINSTER:													
Co. of Carlow.	1,930	3	0	157	4	0	352	14	5	1,880	1	11	1,072
Co. of Dublin.	645	18	11	80	11	3	165	2	8	891	12	10	9,386
Balrothery,	7,596	1	2	445	0	7	943	10	1	9,007	17	10	4,410
Dublin, North.	11,549	0	8	1,360	4	10	3,164	14	0	10,374	0	0	6,328
Dublin, South.,	3,921	3	5	201	3	2	481	5	10	2,689	11	5	1,793
Rathdown,										89,144			50
Co. of Kildare.													
Athy,	908	5	1	130	11	3	224	3	10	1,823	0	3	1,035
Gauldragh,	698	13	2	117	13	2	196	19	4	953	0	8	586
North.,	952	12	5	140	17	2	126	16	2	1,219	7	9	1,009
Co. of Kilkenny.													
Callan,	881	4	1	100	3	1	191	11	5	1,178	18	7	629
Castlecomer,	326	19	5	89	1	7	114	3	3	753	3	3	45,977
Kilkenny,	1,734	0	2	189	15	10	312	3	5	2,350	8	5	1,842
Thomaslawn.,	687	8	5	63	9	11	94	3	11	845	2	3	780
Urtingford.,	615	0	0	51	3	4	125	6	1	791	15	5	414
KING'S COUNTY.													
Edenderry,	627	15	0	48	7	3	88	7	0	769	0	3	612
Parsonstown.,	817	10	9	129	18	4	102	11	9	1,017	0	10	583
Tullamore.,	1,040	3	0	102	10	11	162	0	0	1,334	14	5	1,274

<i>Co. of Longford</i>	405 4 6	51 4 3	66 4 7	552 13 4	610	23,005	44
Ballynahon,	602 17 6	150 1 2	161 3 0	940 1 8	610	37,954	73
Granard,	744 3 3	124 17 7	106 10 0	1,067 10 10	922	48,168	52
Longford,							
<i>Co. of Louth</i>							
Ardagh,	1,014 11 0	87 8 1	126 9 11	1,326 9 0	1,768	44,478	25
Drogheda,	1,261 17 8	84 12 11	251 7 4	1,397 17 11	9,040	69,213	33
Dundalk,	786 4 5	120 3 4	171 16 5	1,076 4 2	1,407	49,386	34
<i>Co. of Meath</i>							
Dunshaughlin,	543 15 1	113 15 0	112 9 11	770 0 0	1,253	50,025	20
Kells,	743 9 5	192 9 3	154 6 1	1,020 4 9	505	30,380	64
Nayrin,	93 1 5	86 8 4	284 10 8	1,114 0 0	2,211	88,114	17
Oleantully,	543 10 8	139 0 1	192 11 0	795 9 3	453	36,329	76
Trim,	974 17 3	113 4 5	115 14 10	1,303 16 5	1,163	39,093	54
<i>Queen's County</i>							
Abbeyleix,	494 8 10	68 5 1	107 11 9	688 9 8	653	25,869	46
Dungannon,	469 4 1	43 18 0	46 18 11	560 1 9	282	16,914	50
Mountmellick,	1,325 19 10	140 15 7	268 5 4	1,634 13 9	1,169	64,384	55
<i>Co. of Westmeath</i>							
Athlone,	796 14 2	118 5 1	189 2 0	1,104 1 9	928	52,734	57
Devin,	391 9 7	76 12 11	160 0 0	548 2 6	539	20,853	37
Mullingar,	968 9 2	195 12 3	359 9 0	1,434 11 1	856	66,908	66
<i>Co. of Waterford</i>							
Enniscorthy,	720 5 11	150 1 6	214 15 5	1,115 2 10	697	61,545	52
Gorey,	892 10 3	91 1 10	228 1 4	1,312 2 5	734	43,780	60
New Ross,	1,454 4 10	137 18 0	220 0 0	1,811 17 10	985	77,686	79
Wexford,	1,416 4 11	168 14 5	400 0 0	1,984 19 4	1,233	61,883	61
<i>Co. of Wicklow</i>							
Ballyglass,	712 8 2	177 13 6	228 4 0	1,118 0 2	1,004	38,843	38
Ballybrumm,	1,073 3 11	113 14 4	314 10 7	1,401 7 10	1,245	51,497	41
Skibbereigh,	611 9 7	79 8 1	143 2 3	865 14 11	483	34,347	71
Total Leinster (10 Unions),	52,088 0 0	6,139 16 4	11,243 11 4	70,976 8 2	52,118	2,005,297	51
						14,124	3 14
						0 7	3 64

[continued.]

No. 8.—TABLE showing the EXPENSES for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of WORKHOUSE INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1871 (included in Table No. 3); also, the NUMBERS employed in the HALF-YEAR, and the AVERAGE WEEKLY COST per Head;—163 Unions—continued.

Name of Union.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing consumed.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Social Number of Papers received.	Collective No. of Days for all Papers received in the Half-Year.	Average Daily No. of Days of Paper consumed.	Average Weekly cost per head.	Average Weekly cost per head.			
									d.	s.	d.	
Provinces of CONNACTURE:	d.	s.	d.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	d.	s.	d.	
Co. of Galway.												
Ballynasloe,	809	11	6	56	10	4	184	13	4	903	15	1
Clifden,*	360	9	7	32	0	0	48	12	0	450	2	0
Galway,*	1,140	4	3	121	19	2	101	11	0	1,363	15	3
Glenamaddy,	461	11	9	66	0	1	64	10	0	601	18	8
Gort,	472	1	2	36	11	10	0	1	0	570	3	7
Longford,	387	7	4	39	13	3	65	16	10	443	16	4
Mount Beller,	442	7	3	34	7	7	84	16	7	561	11	4
Oughterard,*	407	3	6	93	1	10	34	3	0	474	7	4
Portumna,	387	8	7	46	17	7	60	8	6	634	14	10
Tuam,	665	14	3	110	3	6	167	3	0	1,133	18	6
Co. of Leitrim.												
Carrick-on-Shannon,	525	7	7	36	8	0	139	14	1	702	10	2
Monaghan,	902	10	5	60	16	3	69	5	4	353	0	0
Mohill,*	474	11	10	55	4	0	135	13	2	665	9	6
Co. of Mayo.												
Ballina,*	375	10	0	54	18	4	74	1	6	504	9	10
Ballinrobe,	739	14	3	95	18	11	143	3	3	968	16	4
Belmullet,	314	0	6	27	13	4	99	1	8	280	15	8
Castledar,	364	10	11	34	14	3	73	14	11	473	0	0
Claremorris,	394	16	4	40	3	3	67	7	2	469	0	0
Risla,	363	3	4	31	11	8	31	5	0	326	0	0
Newport,*	195	13	6	39	6	9	58	3	0	287	2	2
Swinford,*	370	10	0	63	2	10	115	13	4	549	6	2
Westport,*	386	15	7	50	15	7	194	16	4	563	0	0

SUMMARY OF PROVINCIAL

U.S.S.R.,	-	23,935	1	8	4,061	5	2	5,719	3	0	33,745	10	2	33,144	1	1,765,787	53	9,393	2	24	0	51	2	84
Moscow,	-	50,906	1	2	5,246	14	0	0,008	7	4	63,461	2	0	44,712	2	2,835,643	63	15,063	2	9	0	51	3	24
Leningrad,	-	52,658	0	0	6,139	16	4	11,948	11	4	70,070	8	2	62,118	3	2,655,997	51	14,124	3	14	0	7	3	84
Costantinopol,	-	14,696	17	11	1,751	16	0	3,723	14	0	10,722	7	5	12,364	1	932,003	76	4,958	3	61	0	5	2	104
Total Imperial (143 Unions),	{	141,626	1	1	17,229	11	0	29,569	16	2	168,455	8	3	142,958	3	8,188,820	53	45,658	2	84	0	6	3	92

The records of the Children, Galaxy, and Outward Uni^s have not yet been activated, but the above particulars have been obtained from the Clerks of the Uni^s.

No. 9.—Statement (in pursuance of Sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vict., & 104) relative to the Audit of UNION ACCOUNTS—(in continuation of Statement in Twenty-fourth Annual Report, 1871, Appendix B., No. 9).

- i. Date up to which the Accounts of Unions have been audited.
 The Accounts of all the Unions have been audited to 29th September, 1871, except those of Clifden, Galway, and Oughterard, which have been audited up to 25th March, 1871.
 ii. Sums disallowed or found due on Audit of the Accounts of Unions in Ireland, up to 29th September, 1871, and whether recovered or in course of Recovery from the Parties debited.

Unions,	Half-year ended	Date of Audit.	Amount disallowed or found due.	Whether paid or in course of Recovery.	Observations)—Nature of sums disallowed, &c.
Ballymena,	25 March, 1871,	26 Sept., 1871,	£ 2 5 6	Rebursed,	Out-door relief given without due authority. Remitted on explanation from Guardian.
Ballyshannon,	20 Sept., 1871,	11 Nov., 1871,	3 10 0	Paid,	Gratuitous fees for their services.
	25 March, 1871,	19 July, 1871,	28 12 6	Not enforced,	Value of 51 tons of coal which appeared from the Master's account to be deficient; and of meal and other articles of provender, for which the Master took credit as "waste" in distribution.
Ballyragget,	"	13 June, 1871,	8 19 7	In course of recovery,	Value of clothing illegally given to persons not on relief. Guardians authorizing it surrendered.
Bawley,	"	5 Sept., 1871,	1 0 0	Paid,	Out-door relief illegally given. Guardian who authorized it deducted with the amount.
	"	"	1 5 0	Remitted,	Out-door relief given without due authority. Remitted on explanation from Guardian.
Boyle,	"	31 July, 1871,	2 0 6	Paid,	Overpayment to Clark as Returning Officer.
Carrickbar,	"	12 Jan., 1872,	3 16 10	In course of recovery,	An expense overcharge in Master's Leslie's account for drugs. Satisfactorily explained by Master, Leslie.
Cavan,	"	15 Dec., 1871,	1 6 0	Paid,	Cash unaccounted for by Returning Officer; his signature deleted.
Colleges,	"	2 Nov., 1871,	0 6 0	Paid,	Ditto.
Collooney,	"	29 Jan., 1872,	12 5 4	Paid,	Out-door relief given without authority. Returning Officer deleted.
Croone,	"	"	2 3 7	Paid,	Deficiency in stock of provisions. Debited to Master.
Dublin, North,	25 March, 1871,	3 July, 1871,	1 2 6	Paid,	Overpayment in salary and supernumerary allowances.
Dublin, South,	"	"	1 0 0	Paid,	Out-door relief illegally given. Debited to Guardian who authorized it.
	"	"	11 0 0	Paid,	Expenditure for a political purpose. Charged to Guardians who stand the expense.
	"	"	4 10 0	Paid,	Wages illegally authorized by late Workhouse Master, Hendrie; debited to him.
	"	"	19 6 3	Not enforced,	Ditto, ditto, ditto.
Dungannon,	25 March, 1871,	30 Sept., 1871,	2 6 2	Paid,	Leather unaccounted for. Subsequently accounted for.
	"	"	1 9 1	Paid,	Subsequently accounted for.
Dunmanway,	29 Sept., 1871,	29 June, 1872,	8 15 0	Paid,	Behaves, ascertained to be in behalf of a Guardian, of money belonging to the Union.
	25 March, 1871,	7 June, 1871,	"	"	Overpayment made by Clerk on postage account.

Emminkillan	25 March, 1871,	11 Sept., 1871,	7 15 2	Not enforced,
Gorey,	"	20 June, 1871,	12 15 9	In course of recovery,
Goretin,	"	" 17 " "	2 15 1	Paid,
Irvinestown,	"	" 17 " "	0 8 11	Paid,
Kemarney,	"	12 Sept., 1871,	0 19 10	Paid,
Killarney,	"	13 June, 1871,	0 7 0	Paid,
Lismore,	"	17 " "	0 7 0	Net, enforced,
Magherafelt,	"	6 Feb., 1872,	1 7 6	Not enforced,
Malieve,	"	13 Dec., 1871,	0 15 0	Remitted,
Manchonhill,	"	6 Feb., 1872,	11 15 7	In course of recovery,
Maninleck,	"	1 March, 1872,	2 10 0	Paid,
Newcastle,	"	15 Nov., 1871,	16 9 0	In course of recovery,
Oleandre,	"	10 Jan., 1872,	0 10 0	Paid,
Parkestown,	"	23 June, 1871,	1 3 0	Not enforced,
Rathdown,	"	29 Sept., 1871,	0 19 6	Not enforced,
Rathdrum,	"	1 March, 1872,	0 2 8	Paid,
Reserves,	"	4 Nov., 1871,	2 12 11	In course of recovery,
Sligo,	"	15 Feb., 1872,	2 2 0	In course of recovery,
Stranag,	"	3 Nov., 1871,	4 10 0	Paid,
Tobartown,	"	25 March, 1871,	0 10 0	Remitted,
Tralees,	"	29 Sept., 1871,	0 5 0	Paid,
Youghal,	"	25 March, 1871,	4 10 6	Remitted,
	"	" 10 "	0 5 1	Paid,
	"	28 July, 1871,	0 11 0	Remitted,
	"	29 Feb., 1872,	1 9 0	Remitted,
	"	23 May, 1872,	7 3 1	In course of recovery,
	"	23 Feb., 1872,	1 18 11	In course of recovery,
	"	18 Jan., 1872,	0 6 0	Net, enforced,

No. 10.—*CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS RELIEVED in the UNION WORKHOUSES in IRELAND, during the Year ended 20th September, 1871.*

Classes of Persons Relieved in the Workhouses.						No. in the Half-year ended 22nd March, 1871.	No. in the Half-year ended 20th September, 1871.
ABLE-BODIED AND THEIR CHILDREN.							
1		Married Couples,		{	Males,	1,623	2,067
2	Adults,				{ Females,	1,623	2,067
3		Other Males,		+ + +		29,634	29,301
4		Other Females,		+ + +		24,958	26,683
5	Children under 15, of Able-	{ Illegitimate,				9,098	9,840
6	bodied Inmates,	{ Other Children,				12,976	14,343
NOT ABLE-BODIED.							
7		Married Couples,		{	Males,	515	575
8	Adults,				{ Females,	515	575
9		Other Males,		+ + +		20,448	22,046
10		Other Females,		+ + +		16,912	18,778
11		Of Parents not able-	{	Illegitimate,		556	633
12	Chil-	bodyed being Inmates	{	Other Children,		1,536	1,719
13	dren	under					
		15,		Orphans, or other Children, relieved without		9,877	10,426
				Parents,			
LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.							
14	Adult Males,			+ + + + +		1,907	1,334
15	Adult Females,			+ + + + +		1,614	1,651
16	Children under 15,			+ + + + +		113	120
17	Total number of Males,			+ + + + +		53,527	55,323
18	Do. Females,			+ + + + +		45,619	49,764
19	Do. Children under 15,			+ + + + +		34,156	37,181
20						133,305	142,268

No. 11.—CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS RELIEVED out of the WORKHOUSES in UNIONS in IRELAND, during the Year ended 29th September, 1871, including Persons relieved in Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.

	Classes of Persons Relieved.	Number in the Half-year ended 25th March, 1871.	Number in the Half-year ended 25th Sept., 1871.
1	Blind Persons maintained in Asylums, { Males,	83	76
2	{ Females,	138	142
3	Deaf and Dumb Persons maintained in Asylums, { Males,	161	177
4	{ Females,	129	140
	Total,	511	535
	RELEIVED UNDER 10 V.R.C., c. 31, sec. 1.		
5	Adult Males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	2,980	3,149
6	Families of Adult Males under { Wives,	1,471	1,493
7	{ Children under 15,	812	716
8	Adult Males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident,	3,885	3,830
9	Families of Adult Males under { Wives,	2,834	2,717
10	{ Children under 15,	6,882	6,867
11	Adult Women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	7,455	7,859
12	Children under 15, of Women under { Legitimate,	193	200
13	{ Illegitimate,	17	13
14	Adult Women relieved in cases of sickness or accident,	2,637	2,613
15	Children under 15, of Women under { Legitimate,	1,510	1,669
16	{ Illegitimate,	109	122
17	Able-bodied Widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them,	1,640	1,642
18	Children under 15, dependent on Widows under heading 17,	5,435	5,445
19	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and { Males,	29	25
20	{ Females,	37	36
21	Idiots, { Children under 15,	8	10
	Total,	37,922	38,396
	PERSONS RELIEVED UNDER 10 V.R.C., C. 31, NOT RELIEVABLE UNDER SEC. 1.		
22	Adult Males, married or single, relieved on account of want of work,	—	—
23	Families of Adult Males under { Wives,	—	—
24	{ Children under 15,	—	—
25	Able-bodied { Unmarried,	—	—
26	Women, { Widows not relievable under sec. 1,	—	—
27	Children of Women under headings { Legitimate,	—	—
28	{ Illegitimate,	—	—
	Families relieved without Husband or Father.		
29	Husband or Father in Gaol, { Wives,	—	—
30	{ Children under 15,	—	—
31	Husband or Father on service { Wives,	—	—
32	{ Children under 15,	—	—
33	In Army or Navy, { Wives,	—	—
34	{ Children under 15,	—	—
35	Deserted by Husband or Father, { Wives,	—	—
36	{ Children under 15,	—	—
	Orphans and children relieved without either parent,	—	—
	Number of persons relieved provisionally, and not included in the foregoing columns,	890	789
	Total,	890	789
37	Orphans or Deserted Children out at Nurse under sec. 9 of 25 and 26 Vic., c. 83,	1,606	1,722
	Grand Total,	40,929	41,442

No. 12.—SUMMARY of WEEKLY RETURNS of INMATES in the UNION WORKHOUSES in IRELAND, arranged in Provinces, from the 25th February, 1871, to the 17th February, 1872, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head.

Week ended Saturday.	Province.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Deaths. Per cent. of Average weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.	
		Able-bodied.			Sick & Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.					
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and over.	Females aged 15 and over.	Total.			
25th February, 1871.	Ulster.	634	1,626	2,258	3,380	391	2,558	2,949	1,353	1,391	2,746	11,373 3.2%	
	Munster.	681	1,639	2,320	4,647	337	6,080	6,407	2,019	2,755	4,774	18,348 2.6%	
	Leinster.	875	1,523	2,398	3,818	259	6,474	6,773	2,035	3,644	6,093	16,433 3.0%	
	Connacht.	189	530	719	1,675	117	1,687	1,864	663	753	1,415	6,613 2.5%	
	Total.	9,359	5,836	13,520	1,134	16,790	17,903	5,643	6,934	12,579	51,927 2.7%	213 4.1%	
4th March, 1872.	Ulster.	592	1,654	2,246	3,354	364	2,475	2,839	1,322	1,373	2,695	11,194 2.9%	
	Munster.	652	1,638	2,493	4,626	308	5,994	6,392	2,004	2,793	4,805	18,223 2.6%	
	Leinster.	862	1,446	2,308	3,763	312	6,512	6,524	1,366	3,614	6,589	16,371 3.0%	
	Connacht.	191	533	724	1,728	67	1,670	1,737	665	739	1,404	5,565 2.5%	
	Total.	2,997	5,471	7,768	13,485	1,031	16,651	17,702	5,357	6,939	12,516	51,471 2.7%	214 4.2%
11th March, 1872.	Ulster.	620	1,644	2,264	3,297	358	2,528	2,880	1,333	1,380	2,715	11,166 2.9%	
	Munster.	673	1,799	2,472	4,631	523	6,043	6,366	1,956	2,591	4,767	18,256 2.6%	
	Leinster.	813	1,519	2,333	3,834	306	6,458	6,764	1,565	2,073	3,641	16,371 3.0%	
	Connacht.	178	520	696	1,686	67	1,665	1,735	651	748	1,389	5,537 2.5%	
	Total.	2,934	5,482	7,766	13,457	1,048	16,657	17,745	5,340	7,002	12,542	51,510 2.7%	229 4.4%

18th March,	Ulster,	1,619	2,207	3,267	345	2,592	2,935	1,342	2,765	11,174	2	21	47	4·2	
	Munster,	1,724	2,354	4,546	313	6,005	6,319	1,905	1,795	4,748	2	11	68	4·9	
	Leinster,	1,443	2,298	3,781	300	6,438	6,738	1,552	2,041	3,593	16,410	2	11	70	4·3
	Connacht,	515	691	1,052	74	1,694	1,708	661	741	1,402	6,513	2	11	18	3·3
	Total,	2,249	3,301	7,550	1,690	13,546	16,730	5,505	7,008	12,508	51,064	2	71	223	4·4
25th March,	Ulster,	1,566	2,138	3,919	318	2,551	2,872	1,286	1,382	2,668	10,897	2	21	63	5·8
	Munster,	1,697	2,217	4,492	321	5,928	6,249	1,923	2,737	4,080	17,678	2	83	72	4·1
	Leinster,	1,401	2,207	3,690	324	6,538	6,662	1,580	1,986	3,518	16,077	3	04	97	3·4
	Connacht,	500	657	1,638	70	1,654	1,724	658	734	1,392	5,411	2	54	20	3·7
	Total,	2,115	3,164	7,279	1,039	13,039	16,474	5,507	6,851	12,236	50,083	2	74	242	4·6
1st April,	Ulster,	1,504	2,024	3,148	308	2,461	2,769	1,253	1,374	2,627	10,568	2	21	66	5·2
	Munster,	1,647	2,211	4,354	304	5,845	6,140	1,858	2,676	4,564	17,278	2	82	74	4·3
	Leinster,	1,369	2,153	3,683	344	6,371	6,615	1,477	3,154	5,855	15,855	3	0	87	3·9
	Connacht,	475	625	1,506	85	1,638	1,723	638	726	1,364	5,318	2	54	18	3·4
	Total,	2,025	3,988	7,013	12,711	1,041	16,215	17,566	5,296	6,723	12,009	48,969	2	72	243	5·0
8th April,	Ulster,	1,413	1,918	3,046	315	2,390	2,695	1,240	1,364	2,604	10,253	2	21	64	6·2
	Munster,	1,950	2,186	4,308	303	5,678	5,980	1,856	2,602	4,458	16,932	2	84	75	4·4
	Leinster,	1,353	2,143	3,630	318	6,176	6,494	1,469	1,950	3,419	15,686	3	0	77	4·9
	Connacht,	463	612	1,582	80	1,620	1,700	638	705	1,333	5,227	2	56	16	3·1
	Total,	1,978	4,891	6,849	12,566	1,015	15,854	16,869	5,193	6,621	11,814	48,108	2	74	232	4·8
15th April,	Ulster,	1,453	1,864	3,080	314	2,419	2,733	1,239	1,333	2,572	10,329	2	21	61	5·9
	Munster,	1,594	2,112	4,981	307	5,709	6,016	1,847	2,604	4,451	16,660	2	11	90	5·3
	Leinster,	1,346	2,101	3,604	345	6,133	6,478	1,470	1,904	3,374	15,557	3	31	74	4·8
	Connacht,	469	615	1,601	75	1,640	1,715	620	711	1,331	5,262	2	82	20	3·9
	Total,	1,930	4,862	6,792	12,546	1,041	15,901	16,942	5,176	6,552	11,728	48,006	2	94	243	5·1

[continued.]

No. 13.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union-Workhouses in Ireland—continued.

Week ended Saturday,	Parishes,	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head (exclusive of Clothing), Irish Pounds, shillings, and pence	Deaths			
		Able-bodied,			Sick in Workhouse Hospitals,			All other Classes.								
		Males,	Females,	Total,	Healthy Children under 15 years of age,	Prose Patients,	Other Causes,	Males aged 15 and upwards,	Females aged 15 and upwards,	Total,	Total Number in Work- houses,					
1871,																
22nd April,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	483 1,445 2,117 2,093 603 1,867	1,928 3,074 4,209 3,600 1,621 4,874	3,419 3,018 5,813 6,184 1,700	318 2,419 6,116 6,364 1,634	2,419 3,018 5,813 6,184 1,634	2,419 3,018 5,813 6,184 1,634	1,935 1,935 1,810 1,863 644	1,935 1,935 1,810 1,863 644	2,308 2,308 2,307 2,307 709	2,308 2,308 2,307 2,307 709	2,563 2,563 4,337 4,337 1,315	10,302 10,302 16,819 16,819 5,277	2 2 3 3 2	33 33 67 67 21	57 57 40 40 14
29th April,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	468 1,380 1,304 1,295 478 4,778	1,084 2,070 1,995 3,154 630 6,567	3,048 4,192 5,983 5,154 1,601	330 5,684 5,684 5,684 64	330 5,684 5,684 5,684 64	330 5,684 5,684 5,684 64	2,710 1,907 1,907 1,907 64	2,710 1,907 1,907 1,907 64	2,380 2,380 2,380 2,380 706	2,380 2,380 2,380 2,380 706	2,335 2,335 2,335 2,335 706	10,222 16,583 15,352 5,285 5,285	2 2 3 3 2	48 72 72 23 23	47 47 43 43 14
6th May,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	446 1,339 1,280 1,281 457 4,587	1,787 1,973 1,881 1,881 586 6,227	2,092 4,130 3,494 3,494 1,071	319 310 312 312 51	2,092 4,130 3,494 3,494 1,071	2,092 4,130 3,494 3,494 1,071	2,404 5,037 6,021 6,021 1,614	2,404 5,037 6,021 6,021 1,614	2,329 2,329 1,448 1,448 634	2,329 2,329 1,448 1,448 634	2,365 2,365 1,890 1,890 714	10,087 16,235 15,046 3,326 3,326	2 2 3 3 2	40 60 60 31 14	40 40 43 43 14
		1,650	4,587	6,227	12,187	992	15,568	5,094	6,450	11,544	46,516	2 2 7 7 2	162 162 162 162 39			

Ulster,	423	1,264	1,687	2,508	300	2,357	1,200	1,290	2,495	9,717	2	21	5-5		
Munster,	407	1,300	1,907	4,044	319	3,409	2,454	4,210	15,869	2	6	6-1	3-6		
Limerick,	650	1,229	1,879	3,450	816	5,894	6,210	1,450	3,280	14,828	3	9	70	4-7	
Connacht,	132	451	583	1,541	81	5,886	1,667	644	1,344	5,135	2	54	13	2-5	
Total,	1,612	4,444	6,056	11,812	1,016	15,256	16,272	5,030	6,290	11,329	45,369	2	7	197	4-3
Ulster,	411	1,232	1,683	2,849	313	2,352	2,655	1,193	1,310	2,305	9,650	2	21	37	3-9
Munster,	390	1,508	1,808	4,011	315	5,306	5,633	1,714	2,387	4,101	15,633	2	6	72	4-6
Limerick,	639	1,301	1,840	3,430	319	5,841	6,160	1,406	1,631	3,237	14,607	3	9	67	4-8
Connacht,	125	436	561	1,519	77	1,682	1,659	643	712	1,357	5,096	2	54	18	3-5
Total,	1,565	4,397	5,952	11,809	1,026	15,081	16,107	4,909	6,240	11,198	45,016	2	7	214	4-7
Ulster,	418	1,224	1,642	2,835	296	2,309	2,605	1,205	1,295	2,500	9,588	2	23	45	4-7
Munster,	365	1,452	1,807	3,978	294	5,310	5,634	1,718	2,356	4,076	15,626	2	6	56	3-6
Limerick,	616	1,192	1,907	3,403	309	5,620	6,129	1,436	1,821	3,247	14,586	2	114	73	4-9
Connacht,	130	438	568	1,527	77	1,597	1,674	638	699	1,335	5,104	2	5	16	3-1
Total,	1,518	4,338	5,634	11,745	976	15,086	16,042	4,953	6,173	11,158	44,799	2	61	189	4-2
Ulster,	396	1,202	1,586	2,817	283	2,301	2,584	1,194	1,265	2,459	9,448	2	21	49	4-2
Munster,	333	1,466	1,821	3,936	300	5,243	5,643	1,684	2,319	4,003	15,303	2	6	68	4-4
Limerick,	604	1,181	1,783	3,365	300	5,777	6,079	1,412	1,826	3,235	14,407	2	114	67	3-9
Connacht,	121	424	545	1,518	69	1,577	1,646	623	707	1,330	5,039	2	5	19	3-8
Total,	1,466	4,278	5,739	11,636	932	14,900	15,852	4,915	6,117	11,030	44,257	2	7	183	4-4
Ulster,	397	1,190	1,587	2,814	271	2,263	2,534	1,197	1,267	2,464	9,399	2	21	43	4-6
Munster,	338	1,431	1,769	3,697	290	5,231	5,621	1,673	2,303	3,999	15,167	2	6	64	4-2
Limerick,	599	1,142	1,741	3,353	279	5,746	6,035	1,376	1,808	3,183	14,512	2	114	62	4-5
Connacht,	135	415	590	1,307	62	1,563	1,611	619	703	1,322	4,998	2	5	18	3-8
Total,	1,469	4,178	5,647	11,571	892	14,812	15,704	4,864	6,085	10,949	43,871	2	7	187	4-3

[continued.]

No. 12.—*Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—continued.*

Week ended Saturday, 16th June,	Profession,	Number of Patients in Workhouses.										Deaths. Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head (exclusive of Cloth- ing).	
		All Admitted.					Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.						
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Healthy Children under 15 Years of age.	Perverse Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 16 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.		
Ulster,	416	1,167	1,881	2,755	283	2,376	2,559	1,187	1,955	2,432	9,359	5.	
Munster,	350	1,383	1,735	3,617	287	5,218	5,306	1,630	2,271	3,501	15,013	2.	
Leinster,	555	1,099	1,654	3,348	234	5,680	5,934	1,378	1,840	3,216	14,154	3.	
Connacht,	140	412	552	1,099	34	1,563	1,617	603	703	1,308	4,979	2.	
Total,	1,461	4,083	5,524	11,486	878	14,738	15,616	4,796	6,081	10,679	43,505	2.	
Ulster,	430	1,133	1,583	2,737	279	2,233	2,512	1,176	1,265	2,441	9,223	2.	
Munster,	334	1,370	1,704	3,693	293	5,148	5,441	1,615	2,283	3,686	14,868	2.	
Leinster,	568	1,106	1,694	3,351	340	5,473	5,815	1,370	1,827	3,197	14,035	2.	
Connacht,	137	412	549	1,024	31	1,526	1,577	626	703	1,339	4,979	2.	
Total,	1,469	4,911	5,330	11,437	843	14,480	15,343	4,787	6,078	10,565	43,175	2.	
Ulster,	405	1,147	1,552	2,748	278	2,206	2,484	1,169	1,271	2,449	9,224	2.	
Munster,	332	1,375	1,707	3,738	289	5,111	5,399	1,636	2,264	3,990	14,742	2.	
Leinster,	567	1,094	1,661	3,293	209	5,170	5,679	1,376	1,831	3,229	13,892	3.	
Connacht,	141	426	567	1,494	63	1,544	1,697	623	702	1,334	4,992	2.	
Total,	1,645	4,042	5,467	11,271	838	14,331	15,169	4,805	6,098	10,893	42,830	2.	

8th July,	Ulster,	412	1,180	1,592	2,733	274	5,168	2,462	1,157	1,244	2,401	9,188	2	24	44	4-8
		342	1,266	1,708	3,683	284	5,102	3,386	1,608	3,863	3,863	14,646	2	8	44	3-0
	Munster,	575	1,050	1,623	3,245	213	5,489	5,702	1,354	5,638	13,784	13,784	2	114	39	9-8
		138	406	544	1,467	56	1,551	1,807	616	706	1,324	4,942	2	5	12	2-4
	Leinster,	1,467	4,002	5,469	11,128	827	14,330	15,157	4,733	6,053	10,786	42,540	2	7	159	3-3
		Total,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15th July,	Ulster,	404	1,147	1,551	2,713	256	5,180	2,435	1,161	1,252	2,446	9,140	2	24	41	4-75
		333	1,281	1,614	3,692	273	5,113	3,383	1,603	2,297	3,900	14,391	2	8	44	3-0
	Munster,	373	1,074	1,647	3,835	922	5,489	5,702	1,339	1,816	3,175	13,760	3	0	46	3-5
		141	414	555	1,473	51	1,559	1,610	607	720	1,327	4,964	2	5	14	2-8
	Leinster,	1,451	3,916	5,367	11,113	890	14,332	15,132	4,733	6,115	10,848	42,460	2	7	147	3-3
		Total,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22nd July,	Ulster,	410	1,133	1,543	2,698	250	5,153	2,403	1,176	1,289	2,465	9,104	2	24	33	3-6
		311	1,266	1,571	3,660	273	5,096	3,371	1,573	2,358	3,836	14,456	2	8	51	3-7
	Munster,	352	1,043	1,580	3,159	247	5,419	5,666	1,340	1,940	3,180	13,600	3	0	45	3-3
		144	399	543	1,449	42	1,566	1,608	610	706	1,325	4,925	2	5	15	3-0
	Leinster,	1,417	3,853	5,258	10,961	814	14,234	15,048	4,713	6,095	10,805	42,067	2	7	144	3-4
		Total,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29th July,	Ulster,	404	1,077	1,481	2,640	256	5,118	2,374	1,170	1,260	2,450	8,945	2	24	39	4-4
		320	1,219	1,579	3,638	283	5,134	5,393	1,555	2,398	3,764	14,374	2	8	45	3-1
	Munster,	348	1,036	1,384	3,046	248	5,422	5,670	1,319	1,817	3,136	13,476	3	0	47	3-5
		137	407	544	1,436	45	1,531	1,576	608	713	1,321	4,877	2	5	12	3-5
	Leinster,	1,409	3,779	5,188	10,801	807	14,205	15,012	4,655	6,018	10,671	41,672	2	7	143	3-4
		Total,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30th August,	Ulster,	382	1,068	1,448	2,697	249	2,090	2,339	1,177	1,279	2,456	8,850	2	24	37	4-2
		319	1,240	1,559	3,593	300	5,041	6,341	1,547	2,181	3,728	14,386	2	8	43	3-7
	Munster,	374	1,046	1,523	3,092	318	5,356	5,674	1,305	1,781	3,086	13,474	3	0	28	2-1
		140	398	538	1,443	52	1,521	1,573	615	689	1,304	4,856	2	5	18	3-7
	Leinster,	1,416	3,752	5,167	10,702	919	14,008	14,927	4,644	5,900	10,574	41,370	2	7	136	3-3
		Total,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[continued.]

No. 12.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—continued.

Week ended Saturday,	Province,	Number of Paupers in Workhouses,						Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head, including Clothing,						Deaths.	
		Able-bodied,			Sick in Workhouse Hospitals,			All other Classes—			Total Number In Work- houses,				
		Males,	Females,	Total,	Healthy Children under 16 years of age,	Poor Patients,	Other Cases,	Male aged 13 and upwards,	Female aged 13 and upwards,	Total,	Male aged 13 and upwards,	Female aged 13 and upwards,	Total,		
1871.															
	Ulster,	379	1,056	1,445	2,057	249	2,095	2,342	1,126	1,259	2,383	8,747	8, d.		
	Munster,	294	1,227	1,521	3,528	271	4,901	5,172	3,064	3,154	3,658	13,879	2, 2½	45	
	Leinster,	537	923	1,460	2,959	223	5,352	5,575	1,925	1,782	3,037	13,061	2 ½	39	
	Connacht,	126	382	308	1,429	68	1,515	1,573	603	663	1,265	4,775	2 ½	41	
	Total,	1,336	3,568	4,934	10,301	801	13,651	14,662	4,507	4,856	10,365	45,462	2 ½	19	
12th August,															
	Ulster,	351	1,058	1,429	2,055	228	2,064	2,332	1,111	1,209	2,380	8,634	2 ½	36	
	Munster,	283	1,131	1,424	3,433	263	4,833	5,096	1,492	2,180	3,672	13,635	2 ½	49	
	Leinster,	538	863	1,397	3,847	233	5,399	5,538	1,234	1,733	2,977	12,749	3 ½	39	
	Connacht,	124	380	504	1,408	45	1,472	1,517	589	663	1,291	4,690	2 ½	17	
	Total,	1,296	3,434	4,730	10,241	769	13,668	14,437	4,445	4,835	10,280	39,688	2 ½	127	
19th August,															
	Ulster,	352	1,060	1,412	2,063	219	2,042	2,361	1,094	1,282	2,376	8,612	2 ½	43	
	Munster,	294	1,145	1,439	3,409	253	4,804	5,039	1,512	2,169	3,681	13,588	2 ½	50	
	Leinster,	535	839	1,374	3,633	222	5,325	5,647	1,297	1,735	2,965	12,719	3 ½	39	
	Connacht,	125	377	503	1,408	44	1,468	1,512	584	680	1,264	4,687	2 ½	26	
	Total,	1,307	3,421	4,728	10,213	740	13,639	14,379	4,417	5,859	10,285	39,686	2 ½	149	
26th August,															

Ulster,		1,039	1,171	1,464	2,500	2,500	2,917	2,917	1,110	1,260	2,370	8,565	2	21	31	3-9
Munster,		283	872	1,587	2,672	3,496	4,802	5,064	5,519	5,176	8,693	13,649	2	61	47	3-4
Leinster,		515	359	483	1,359	2,672	5,322	5,541	1,929	2,760	9,989	12,799	3	04	60	3-1
Connacht,		194							1,458	1,496	3,773	6,776	1,249	4,017	2	54
Total,		1,283	3,641	4,724	10,247	752	13,584	14,346	4,441	5,872	10,313	39,630	2	71	133	3-4
Ulster,		344	1,063	1,409	2,562	230	2,026	2,256	1,166	1,240	2,346	6,573	2	21	35	4-1
Munster,		313	1,189	1,568	3,475	264	4,635	5,094	1,536	2,926	3,731	13,603	2	81	44	3-2
Leinster,		556	952	1,018	9,939	220	5,275	5,495	1,254	1,785	3,039	12,991	3	03	60	4-6
Connacht,		124	370	404	1,368	38	1,452	1,490	659	670	1,259	4,591	2	34	9	2-0
Total,		1,337	3,586	4,993	10,344	752	13,563	14,335	4,455	5,969	10,355	39,957	2	71	146	3-7
Ulster,		347	1,057	1,404	2,519	236	2,027	2,963	1,109	1,253	9,382	8,548	2	24	36	4-2
Munster,		312	1,179	1,491	3,466	259	4,815	5,074	1,544	2,441	3,765	13,816	2	8	59	4-3
Leinster,		551	963	1,340	9,989	207	5,235	5,460	1,280	1,643	3,123	13,682	3	01	66	4-3
Connacht,		129	362	491	1,353	48	1,460	1,568	564	665	1,924	4,581	2	51	16	3-5
Total,		1,339	3,567	4,906	10,324	750	13,553	14,305	4,497	6,002	10,459	40,057	2	74	167	4-2
Ulster,		345	1,084	1,429	2,539	239	2,034	2,373	1,098	1,256	2,354	8,595	2	3	91	2-4
Munster,		312	1,201	1,513	3,506	253	4,839	5,092	1,543	2,248	3,791	13,903	2	81	46	3-3
Leinster,		630	1,130	1,750	9,983	208	5,049	5,257	1,291	1,841	3,132	13,122	3	01	46	3-5
Connacht,		130	360	490	1,371	41	1,476	1,517	566	665	1,233	4,609	2	51	11	2-4
Total,		1,407	3,775	5,182	10,399	741	13,396	14,139	4,498	6,010	10,508	40,238	2	74	124	3-1
Ulster,		357	1,119	1,476	2,535	237	2,060	2,317	1,113	1,256	2,369	8,697	2	3	37	4-3
Munster,		334	1,230	1,593	3,589	257	4,875	5,112	1,558	2,271	3,818	14,045	2	81	66	4-7
Leinster,		670	1,174	1,844	3,037	200	5,038	5,255	1,314	1,868	3,182	13,301	3	01	56	4-2
Connacht,		130	373	503	1,373	46	1,491	1,537	558	659	1,217	4,630	2	51	10	2-2
Total,		1,491	3,926	5,416	10,484	740	13,464	14,204	4,533	6,054	10,587	40,691	2	74	169	4-2

Continued

No. 12.—SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—continued.

Week ended Saturday,	Province,	Number of Paupers in Workhouse.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing), l. 10s. WEEKLY BILLS PER 1,000 PAUPERS.	Deaths.		
		All Lodged.			Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Work- houses.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Healthy Children under 5 years of age.	Poor Persons.	Other Cause.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.					
1st October,	Ulster, -	369	1,154	1,523	8,616	254	2,068	2,399	1,090	1,247	2,342	8,601	2 2 <i>d.</i>		
7th October,	Munster, -	346	1,269	1,615	3,555	248	4,980	5,228	1,361	2,298	3,859	14,267	2 9 <i>d.</i>		
	Leinster, -	639	1,158	1,817	3,050	185	3,075	3,960	1,530	1,862	3,192	13,329	3 1 <i>d.</i>		
	Connacht, -	157	370	527	1,382	43	1,481	1,524	562	676	1,238	4,651	2 6 <i>d.</i>		
	Total,	1,611	3,931	5,462	10,613	730	13,692	14,332	4,548	6,088	10,631	41,008	2 7 <i>d.</i>		
1st October,	Ulster, -	367	1,160	1,536	2,647	276	2,136	2,411	1,103	1,242	2,345	8,629	2 3 <i>d.</i>		
	Munster, -	374	1,284	1,637	3,095	240	5,029	5,269	1,087	1,317	3,934	14,458	2 9 <i>d.</i>		
	Leinster, -	657	1,208	1,875	3,033	193	5,076	5,271	1,211	1,593	3,212	13,411	3 1 <i>d.</i>		
	Connacht, -	134	378	512	1,284	50	1,436	1,546	556	692	1,248	4,630	2 6 <i>d.</i>		
	Total,	1,641	4,029	5,570	10,682	761	13,736	14,497	4,563	6,176	10,739	41,488	2 8 <i>d.</i>		
14th October,	Ulster, -	367	1,160	1,536	2,647	276	2,136	2,411	1,103	1,242	2,345	8,629	2 3 <i>d.</i>		
	Munster, -	374	1,284	1,637	3,095	240	5,029	5,269	1,087	1,317	3,934	14,458	2 9 <i>d.</i>		
	Leinster, -	657	1,208	1,875	3,033	193	5,076	5,271	1,211	1,593	3,212	13,411	3 1 <i>d.</i>		
	Connacht, -	134	378	512	1,284	50	1,436	1,546	556	692	1,248	4,630	2 6 <i>d.</i>		
	Total,	1,641	4,029	5,570	10,682	761	13,736	14,497	4,563	6,176	10,739	41,488	2 8 <i>d.</i>		
21st October,	Ulster, -	386	1,143	1,528	2,638	309	2,099	2,408	1,136	1,253	2,387	8,981	2 3 <i>d.</i>		
	Munster, -	374	1,338	1,760	3,639	343	3,041	3,986	1,635	2,368	4,001	14,634	2 9 <i>d.</i>		
	Leinster, -	700	1,285	1,928	3,101	214	5,085	5,289	1,341	1,922	3,263	13,591	3 1 <i>d.</i>		
	Connacht, -	147	386	533	1,396	47	1,486	1,533	551	683	1,236	4,688	2 6 <i>d.</i>		
	Total,	1,607	4,062	5,689	10,784	813	13,711	14,524	4,682	6,295	10,887	41,884	2 8 <i>d.</i>		

Ulster,		1,158	1,656	2,635	294	2,077	2,371	1,156	1,283	2,433	8,997	2	31	36	4-0	
Munster,		1,304	1,060	2,618	271	5,026	5,297	1,659	2,429	9,038	14,746	2	9	53	3-6	
Leinster,		1,293	1,983	3,037	217	5,130	3,347	1,355	1,933	3,288	13,607	3	1	38	4-3	
Connacht,		460	460	340	1,386	43	1,468	1,531	567	694	1,261	4,719	2	6	13	2-6
Total,		1,033	4,065	5,718	10,734	825	13,721	14,546	4,741	6,359	11,080	42,078	2	81	160	3-8
Ulster,		1,157	1,654	2,624	210	5,126	2,436	1,154	1,296	2,450	9,136	2	41	40	4-4	
Munster,		1,375	1,271	3,760	255	5,083	5,338	1,743	2,450	4,193	13,062	2	9	64	4-2	
Leinster,		1,268	2,028	3,072	213	5,185	3,398	1,365	1,933	3,287	13,787	3	11	41	3-0	
Connacht,		418	418	365	1,392	43	1,506	1,549	568	708	1,276	4,789	2	71	11	2-3
Total,		1,734	4,248	5,952	10,850	821	13,898	14,719	4,830	6,380	11,216	42,787	2	81	156	3-6
Ulster,		1,224	1,671	2,683	302	5,133	2,455	1,191	1,322	2,513	9,323	2	41	44	4-7	
Munster,		1,379	1,769	3,811	244	5,189	5,433	1,779	2,477	4,256	15,289	2	10	43	3-2	
Leinster,		1,300	2,075	3,137	205	5,294	5,498	1,405	1,976	3,361	14,092	3	9	55	3-9	
Connacht,		418	418	364	1,376	43	1,555	1,597	383	719	1,304	4,841	2	71	9	1-9
Total,		1,776	4,321	6,098	11,007	793	14,188	14,984	4,960	6,494	11,454	43,544	2	9	157	3-0
Ulster,		1,271	1,726	2,777	329	5,183	2,517	1,228	1,336	2,584	9,604	2	41	50	5-2	
Munster,		1,415	1,654	3,879	247	5,256	5,567	1,797	2,524	4,521	13,559	2	10	73	4-7	
Leinster,		1,340	2,123	3,150	250	5,397	5,647	1,406	1,968	3,395	14,349	3	2	66	3-9	
Connacht,		428	583	1,410	62	1,553	1,610	605	718	1,334	4,923	2	7	16	3-7	
Total,		1,851	4,454	6,385	11,231	880	14,594	15,274	5,036	6,588	11,694	44,434	2	9	187	4-4
Ulster,		1,763	2,842	323	2,257	5,257	5,567	1,354	1,387	2,641	9,832	2	41	52	5-3	
Munster,		1,916	3,952	353	3,574	5,527	5,836	1,892	2,375	4,431	15,806	2	10	72	4-6	
Leinster,		419	2,245	3,261	249	5,438	5,657	1,455	1,455	3,447	14,640	3	2	74	5-1	
Connacht,		449	607	1,450	70	1,680	1,650	605	710	1,313	5,032	2	71	21	4-2	
Total,		1,945	4,508	6,551	11,465	901	14,629	15,450	5,170	6,694	11,834	45,300	2	9	219	4-6

continued.

No. 12.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—continued.

Week ended Saturday,	Provinces	Number of Patients in Workhouses.						Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head (in Pounds, Shillings and Pence).			Deaths, 2nd Decem- ber, 1871.	
		Able-bodied.			Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Children under 15 years of age.	Pever Patients.	Other Classes.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.	
1871.	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	486	1,322	1,808	2,923	344	2,543	2,589	1,279	1,448	2,697	10,629
2nd December,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	480	1,505	1,966	4,032	369	5,383	5,652	1,874	2,507	4,441	16,111
5th December,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	843	1,437	2,280	3,917	544	5,442	5,639	1,477	2,021	3,498	12,104
10th December,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	159	461	620	1,491	72	1,681	1,635	699	704	1,310	5,064
15th December,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	1,968	4,726	6,094	11,767	1,002	14,751	15,753	5,239	6,707	11,946	46,100
20th December,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	510	1,364	1,894	2,991	340	2,258	2,635	1,252	1,438	2,725	10,945
25th December,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	515	1,547	2,062	4,077	360	5,474	5,734	1,939	2,682	4,451	16,324
1st January,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	847	1,410	2,517	3,349	362	5,017	5,979	1,529	2,050	3,579	15,224
6th January,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	183	453	636	1,469	75	1,599	1,674	621	708	1,324	5,103
11th January,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,055	4,834	6,909	11,886	1,037	14,985	16,022	5,371	6,708	12,079	46,896
16th January,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	498	1,393	1,889	3,692	336	2,347	2,688	1,313	1,457	2,750	10,384
21st January,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	501	1,460	2,061	4,699	253	5,471	5,723	1,691	2,661	4,452	16,335
26th January,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	811	1,496	2,307	3,388	406	5,613	6,021	1,541	2,063	3,604	15,320
31st January,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	185	435	640	1,490	62	1,601	1,653	630	704	1,334	6,147
1st February,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	1,995	4,902	6,897	12,039	1,078	15,032	16,110	5,375	6,765	12,140	47,186
6th February,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	503	1,430	1,892	3,111	352	2,284	2,636	1,329	1,460	2,789	10,468
11th February,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	535	1,555	2,050	4,043	218	5,352	5,654	1,880	2,542	4,402	16,159
16th February,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	890	1,478	2,368	3,370	427	5,506	5,903	1,568	2,074	3,649	15,315
21st February,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	193	472	615	1,476	75	1,553	1,638	618	696	1,314	5,083
26th February,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023
1st March,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023
6th March,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023
11th March,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023
16th March,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023
21st March,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023
26th March,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023
31st March,	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht, Total,	2,120	4,885	7,055	12,040	1,085	14,690	15,781	5,375	6,772	12,147	47,023

Ulster,	1,438	1,663	3,167	351	2,898	2,749	1,333	1,436	2,789	10,608	2	74	50	47	
Munster,	1,566	2,147	4,126	237	5,471	5,708	2,534	4,439	16,420	3	6	95	58		
Leinster,	1,504	2,463	5,424	439	5,633	6,091	1,535	2,051	3,617	15,535	3	61	90	53	
Connacht,	169	490	679	1,495	71	1,581	1,632	604	709	1,313	3,139	3	32	18	35
Total,	2,194	4,998	7,192	12,152	1,118	15,082	16,290	5,378	6,780	12,156	47,702	3	94	253	53
Ulster,	1,481	2,038	3,176	355	2,425	2,790	1,334	1,487	2,841	10,610	2	54	72	66	
Munster,	1,649	2,297	4,241	238	5,602	5,900	1,931	2,583	16,912	2	111	83	49		
Leinster,	1,537	2,463	5,473	440	5,753	6,193	1,561	2,063	15,755	3	41	103	63		
Connacht,	197	510	107	1,531	65	1,604	1,668	617	707	1,324	3,231	2	91	36	69
Total,	2,263	5,187	7,462	12,421	1,098	15,454	16,532	5,453	6,840	12,303	48,738	2	104	294	60
Ulster,	1,508	2,059	3,234	376	2,518	2,894	1,337	1,496	2,635	11,022	2	41	82	74	
Munster,	1,672	2,299	4,360	276	5,694	6,100	1,935	2,646	4,681	17,380	3	10	86	49	
Leinster,	1,569	2,513	5,619	479	5,923	6,402	1,592	2,049	3,616	16,112	3	2	112	70	
Connacht,	262	534	735	1,600	64	1,625	1,689	623	730	1,350	3,375	2	8	27	50
Total,	2,365	5,981	7,647	12,703	1,193	15,890	17,085	6,534	6,923	12,457	49,892	2	9	307	62
Ulster,	1,518	2,076	3,205	398	2,561	2,959	1,337	1,470	2,807	11,047	2	44	76	69	
Munster,	1,683	2,299	4,410	338	5,964	6,302	1,996	2,680	4,681	17,693	3	10	123	70	
Leinster,	1,586	2,590	3,523	503	5,958	6,471	1,620	2,110	3,739	16,313	3	21	111	68	
Connacht,	266	533	739	1,593	63	1,653	1,725	630	733	1,303	5,420	2	8	19	35
Total,	2,365	5,999	7,694	12,731	1,301	16,156	17,457	5,592	6,998	12,590	50,472	2	94	329	65
Ulster,	1,528	2,076	3,192	397	2,547	2,914	1,313	1,508	2,821	11,033	2	44	73	68	
Munster,	1,710	2,351	4,479	337	6,049	6,389	1,999	2,703	4,704	17,983	3	10	110	64	
Leinster,	1,573	2,576	3,542	454	6,100	6,600	2,101	2,731	16,449	3	21	107	63		
Connacht,	210	526	738	1,614	58	1,676	1,734	628	737	1,365	5,449	2	72	233	42
Total,	2,402	5,337	7,739	12,827	1,306	16,371	17,677	5,570	7,051	12,621	50,864	2	91	315	62

[continued.]

No. 12.—*Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—continued.*

Week ended Saturday,	Province,	Number of Paupers in Workhouses,						Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (including Cloth-ing).	Average Weekly Rate of Poor Relief per £.	Average Weekly Rate of Poor Relief per £.	
		Abo-habited.		Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.		All other Classes.					
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Mainly aged 15 and upwards.	Younger than 15 years.	Total Number in Workhouses.	
1872.	Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht,	551	1,539	2,090	3,229	371	2,594	2,965	1,326	1,481	9,899
		670	1,750	2,430	4,559	414	6,191	6,515	2,008	2,718	18,580
		983	1,371	2,534	3,521	490	6,173	6,605	1,656	2,111	16,485
		214	521	735	1,612	81	1,678	1,759	632	730	1,362
3rd February,	Total,	2,418	5,381	7,799	12,920	1,350	16,546	17,902	3,604	7,040	12,644
		553	1,512	2,065	3,190	391	2,615	3,006	1,316	1,465	9,784
		654	1,748	2,402	4,545	405	6,122	6,627	2,019	2,696	18,194
		1,009	1,543	2,552	3,494	499	6,197	6,695	1,513	2,093	16,447
10th February,	Total,	212	510	729	1,603	91	1,686	1,777	639	725	1,377
		2,438	5,313	7,741	12,837	1,385	16,620	18,005	3,602	6,982	12,584
		558	1,506	2,064	3,169	347	2,613	2,962	1,330	1,461	9,791
		685	1,732	2,395	4,541	410	6,126	6,636	2,016	2,742	18,230
17th February,	Total,	985	1,632	2,617	3,531	483	6,188	6,671	1,595	2,063	16,477
		213	516	731	1,505	108	1,681	1,789	653	741	1,394
		2,421	5,386	7,807	12,886	1,348	16,510	17,968	3,604	7,007	18,601
		558	1,506	2,064	3,169	347	2,613	2,962	1,330	1,461	9,791
Ulster, Munster, Leinster, Connacht,											

No. 13.—SUMMARY of Returns of the Number of Cases of OPHTHALMIA or other INFLAMMATORY DISEASES of the EYE, which were treated in Workhouses in Ireland during the Years 1870 and 1871.

i. Table showing the Number of Cases which occurred during each Month of the Years 1870 and 1871.

Year.	January & February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
1870,	876	326	313	342	381	368	345	306	319	277	230	4,421
1871,	860	334	370	316	330	331	373	314	329	280	230	4,365

ii. Table showing the Number of Adults and Children affected by Disease of the Eye, the Number of Cases arising in the Workhouse, the Number labouring under the Disease when admitted, the average Duration of the Disease, and the Result of the Treatment adopted by the Medical Officers.

YEAR.	Persons above 15 years of age.	Children under 15 years of age.		Total.	Duration of Disease.	Average duration of disease.	Average period since when diseased.	Number under the disease.	Number of cases arising in the Workhouse.	Number of cases arising in the Workhouse during the year.	Number of cases arising in the Workhouse during the year previous.	RESULT.	
		Present.	Past.										
1870,	970	1,255	1,019	1,147	4,451	2,203†	2,124†	37	31	3,297	161	69	34
1871,	1,045	1,279	1,024	1,017	4,365	2,174†	2,101†	38	34	3,195	258	71	43

* The month of January includes cases which occurred in the previous year, and were still under treatment in January.

† This is a registry of cases in a few of the Unions does not distinguish whether the disease first arose in or out of the Workhouse; the numbers in these columns do not therefore agree with those in the previous columns, showing the total number of cases.

Note on Column headed "Past."—From the nature of the headings under the general term "Retail," some cases are necessarily twice entered; and consequently the numbers in the several Columns exceed the total entered in the final Column; I will point that great care is regarded as indicating a greater prevalence of the disease than has actually existed, measured as the number of cases is usually given by the Medical Officers in their Returns without reference to the fact that the same person may have been under treatment on more than one occasion during the year, a series of years are added together.

As in England Column 3 headed "Both eyes lost," "Both eyes lost."—These columns include many cases in which the sight was lost before admission into the Workhouse.

No. 14.—ABSTRACT of RETURNS from Clerks of Unions, showing the NUMBER of Persons admitted to the Workhouse during the year ended 29th September, 1871; distinguishing the Number admitted in Sickness; also the Number of Births and Deaths in the Workhouse during the Year.

UNIONS.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.							No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.	
	Number admitted in Sickness.				Number admitted who were sick.	Total number admitted during the year.			
	Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious disease.	Suffering under other dangerous disease.	Suffering from accident injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.					
PROVINCE OF ULSTER:									
Co. of Antrim.									
Antrim, . . .	10	47	9	66	1,208	1,274	12	43	
Ballycastle, . . .	18	143	12	173	218	301	7	13	
Ballymena, . . .	21	47	11	79	737	816	13	49	
Ballymoney, . . .	20	62	4	86	677	763	9	37	
Belfast, . . .	923	2,067	195	3,145	7,007	10,842	155	671	
Larne, . . .	31	203	2	236	307	546	7	42	
Lisburn, . . .	75	174	16	268	1,362	1,650	18	63	
Co. of Armagh.									
Armagh, . . .	71	420	15	506	441	947	22	63	
Lurgan, . . .	130	664	24	818	1,651	2,488	38	138	
Co. of Cavan.									
Ballybofey, . . .	15	70	5	90	426	515	7	25	
Bawnboy, . . .	5	107	18	190	300	430	5	22	
Cavan, . . .	47	254	8	309	797	1,106	11	61	
Cootehill, . . .	9	66	8	73	412	483	4	25	
Co. of Donegal.									
Ballyshannon, . . .	45	31	11	87	282	396	10	39	
Donegal, . . .	1	38	5	44	150	203	3	24	
Dunfanaghy, . . .	-	20	1	21	21	42	1	5	
Glenties, . . .	8	51	5	64	112	176	1	20	
Inishowen, . . .	4	61	1	66	101	230	5	19	
Letterkenny, . . .	12	20	3	35	272	307	8	25	
Milford, . . .	5	42	4	51	98	149	8	15	
Stranorlar, . . .	37	65	4	106	173	279	-	18	
Co. of Down.									
Banbridge, . . .	20	346	24	399	1,018	1,447	9	60	
Downpatrick, . . .	22	236	2	260	766	1,026	13	62	
Kilkeel, . . .	9	27	4	40	377	417	6	8	
Newry, . . .	50	177	28	255	2,616	2,871	27	88	
Newtownards, . . .	117	314	10	450	876	1,320	22	86	
Co. of Fermanagh.									
Enniskillen, . . .	32	151	9	192	367	559	9	55	
Irvinestown, . . .	9	83	7	98	278	377	7	18	
Lisnaskea, . . .	11	107	12	130	425	555	4	21	
Co. of Londonderry.									
Coleraine, . . .	92	152	17	201	851	1,052	12	51	
Londonderry, . . .	99	157	9	206	1,104	1,656	20	81	
Magherafelt, . . .	100	68	12	210	601	811	11	49	
Newtownlinmavaddy,	24	57	0	87	638	745	11	31	

[continued.]

No. 14.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS from Clerks of Unions—continued.

UNIONS.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.							No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.		
	Number admitted in Sicknes.				Number admitted who were sick.	Total Number admitted during the year.					
	Baffled under Fever or other dangerous contagious disease.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total Number admitted in sickness.							
PROVINCE OF ULLSTER—cont.											
Co. of Monaghan.											
Carrickmacross,	—	49	5	54	548	602	62	23			
Cashelhawney,	29	179	18	236	893	1,121	67	32			
Clones,	1	42	2	45	600	714	77	34			
Monaghan,	12	36	3	41	290	261	65	27			
Co. of Tyrone.											
Cassidoe,	1	50	3	62	84	140	1	10			
Clogher,	10	102	11	123	430	513	4	16			
Cookstown,	10	65	6	81	274	355	5	34			
Dungannon,	14	109	12	135	917	1,652	20	31			
Gortin,	1	30	6	37	285	323	—	17			
Omagh,	57	89	2	147	583	730	24	62			
Strabane,	37	93	17	147	1,394	1,541	21	67			
Total, Ulster } (all Unions),	2,062	7,423	896	10,383	34,209	44,192	886	2,419			
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER:											
Co. of Clare.											
Ballyvaughan,	9	63	7	78	41	119	4	24			
Coorcula,	22	166	12	140	100	336	2	16			
Eamis,	133	332	1	406	640	1,100	11	106			
Ennishtymon,	33	206	21	239	215	474	0	43			
Killalysert,	17	67	8	82	170	262	7	15			
Kilrush,	44	277	22	343	248	501	8	58			
Scarrif,	10	57	8	81	264	345	7	23			
Tulla,	24	128	11	163	505	668	6	30			
Co. of Cork.											
Bandon,	74	240	11	331	235	566	12	42			
Bantry,	12	116	1	116	146	264	5	18			
Castletown,	5	78	5	88	318	406	4	26			
Glounakilly,	2	196	17	215	200	475	2	52			
Cork,	304	2,675	151	3,130	4,400	7,902	78	505			
Dunmanway,	1	67	5	73	247	320	4	18			
Ferns,	28	293	29	352	764	1,110	17	72			
Kanturk,	95	315	65	475	720	1,105	16	89			
Kinsale,	12	164	6	212	361	669	15	40			
Marrowe,	62	151	17	230	305	565	14	47			
Mallow,	86	446	26	560	900	1,550	20	63			
Midleton,	74	290	33	403	1,150	1,562	10	89			
Millsstreet,	39	156	8	203	656	950	9	25			
Mitchelsstown,	25	213	10	248	872	1,120	14	50			
Skibbereen,	7	108	5	210	430	640	5	47			
Skull,	—	24	—	24	122	140	—	17			
Youghal,	95	208	27	330	892	1,222	10	60			
Co. of Kerry.											
Caherciveen,	121	166	16	291	100	487	6	31			
Dingle,	7	148	20	175	228	403	4	33			

[continued.]

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No. 14.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS from Clerks of Unions—continued.

UNIONS.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.							No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the Year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.		
	Number admitted in sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.					
	Suffering from Fever or other dangerous contagious disease.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from Anti-Dental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.							
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—CON.											
Co. of Kerry—con.											
Kenmare, . . .	21	82	11	114	498	542	9	20			
Killarney, . . .	-	154	20	174	544	718	11	60			
Listowel, . . .	50	151	9	210	340	550	8	33			
Tralee, . . .	54	330	6	390	884	1,274	14	92			
Co. of Limerick.											
Croom, . . .	37	250	9	305	302	608	6	39			
Glin, . . .	12	92	3	107	252	350	5	20			
Kilmallock, . . .	100	308	29	437	1,399	1,896	90	68			
Limerick, . . .	360	2,302	83	2,645	3,705	6,351	66	404			
Newcastle, . . .	56	209	5	270	562	832	11	40			
Rathkeale, . . .	75	240	18	333	687	1,000	17	48			
Co. of Tipperary.											
Borrisokane, . . .	7	43	2	52	288	338	5	19			
Carrieck-on-Suir, .	102	575	7	784	640	1,424	39	135			
Cashel, . . .	42	271	8	321	1,039	1,360	21	72			
Clogheen, . . .	107	111	0	224	503	727	10	60			
Clonmel, . . .	99	186	23	310	1,467	1,807	20	94			
Nenagh, . . .	47	212	10	260	700	860	10	59			
Roscrea, . . .	30	64	7	121	371	492	5	38			
Thurles, . . .	86	145	12	240	426	672	6	31			
Tipperary, . . .	122	270	28	420	1,232	1,601	36	130			
Co. of Waterford.											
Dungarvan, . . .	58	270	4	330	1,121	1,451	16	67			
Kilmacthomas, . . .	57	122	4	183	543	720	6	28			
Lismore, . . .	55	80	16	150	619	769	0	43			
Waterford, . . .	217	804	19	1,040	1,997	3,037	43	185			
Total, Munster (50 Unions), £	3,180	14,328	880	18,798	35,460	54,297	707	3,454			
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER :											
Co. of Carlow.											
Carlow, . . .	150	187	10	353	2,045	2,398	17	84			
Co. of Dublin.											
Balrothery, . . .	44	211	16	271	3,036	3,807	6	38			
Dublin, North, . . .	66	2,426	86	2,477	1,084	4,501	64	509			
Dublin, South, . . .	85	2,036	181	3,182	2,900	5,932	94	677			
Rathdown, . . .	448	735	45	1,218	1,137	2,355	30	154			
Co. of Kildare.											
Athy, . . .	24	183	14	221	988	1,200	16	58			
Celbridge, . . .	135	140	22	207	465	702	11	43			
Naas, . . .	46	187	17	253	1,997	2,250	18	56			

[continued.]

No. 14.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS from Clerks of Unions—continued.

Unions.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year,						No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.		
	Number admitted in Sickness.			Total number admitted in sickness.	Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.				
	Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious disease.	Suffering under other disease.	Suffering from accidental injury.							
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—CONT.										
Co. of Kilkenny.										
Callan, . . .	47	168	11	236	944	1,170	15	40		
Castlecomer, . . .	78	144	18	240	406	646	7	23		
Kilkenny, . . .	138	646	14	796	1,544	2,342	35	120		
Thomastown, . . .	42	107	6	155	832	987	7	44		
Urilingford, . . .	14	87	2	103	410	513	6	21		
King's County.										
Edenderry, . . .	24	63	4	61	1,001	1,152	11	33		
Parsonstown, . . .	24	59	9	92	484	576	6	61		
Tullamore, . . .	66	419	28	513	1,407	1,630	18	78		
Co. of Longford.										
Ballynahon, . . .	11	58	6	75	620	665	1	20		
Graenard, . . .	12	81	6	90	484	583	7	35		
Longford, . . .	11	143	30	183	1,000	1,273	12	40		
Co. of Louth.										
Ardee, . . .	34	442	45	531	2,491	3,012	10	54		
Drogheda, . . .	87	238	20	345	4,526	4,871	14	94		
Dundalk, . . .	112	60	14	282	2,114	2,900	13	56		
Co. of Meath.										
Dunshaughlin, . . .	3	118	4	125	2,120	2,245	11	21		
Kells, . . .	38	191	18	247	448	605	10	26		
Navan, . . .	134	271	3	408	3,837	3,735	5	60		
Oldcastle, . . .	40	39	15	64	399	493	6	30		
Trim, . . .	23	148	20	161	1,574	1,765	17	34		
Queen's County.										
Abbeyfeix, . . .	30	88	14	132	383	715	6	46		
Donaghmore, . . .	27	85	6	121	217	338	3	15		
Mountmellick, . . .	111	399	47	557	889	1,546	20	75		
Co. of Westmeath.										
Athlone, . . .	12	156	13	181	1,025	1,206	9	60		
Delvin, . . .	25	70	6	101	707	808	3	24		
Mullingar, . . .	19	130	4	102	634	1,110	18	69		
Co. of Wexford.										
Enniscorthy, . . .	129	216	18	303	1,005	1,308	21	66		
Grey, . . .	72	107	10	270	624	900	12	53		
New Ross, . . .	117	262	21	400	702	1,102	31	106		
Wexford, . . .	234	408	5	647	824	1,471	24	90		
Co. of Wicklow.										
Baltinglass, . . .	13	96	14	126	1,298	1,414	12	45		
Rathdrum, . . .	36	76	18	131	1,076	1,800	20	70		
Shillelagh, . . .	60	90	2	101	495	580	13	31		
Total Leinster } (40 Unions) }	3,889	12,933	794	16,483	84,482	68,945	655	3,291		

No. 14.—ABSTRACTS OF RETURNS from Clerks of Unions—continued.

UNIONS.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.						No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.		
	Number admitted in Sickness.			Total number admitted in sickness.	Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.				
	Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental Injury.							
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT:										
<i>Co. of Galway.</i>										
Ballinasloe,	10	192	12	154	501	745	6	51		
Clifden,	64	40	14	118	164	282	—	22		
Galway,	82	367	31	480	448	928	13	100		
Glenasmaddy,	1	65	4	70	412	482	4	10		
Gort,	5	66	14	115	293	404	11	28		
Loughrea,	—	98	3	101	434	535	10	36		
Mosst Bally,	25	40	3	68	410	487	8	29		
Oughterard,	1	57	3	61	73	134	1	24		
Portumna,	2	70	7	79	177	256	2	27		
Tuam,	30	166	15	214	654	868	4	45		
<i>Co. of Leitrim.</i>										
Carrick-on-Shan.,	24	77	6	110	405	515	6	26		
Manorhamilton,	7	94	9	110	284	304	1	17		
Mohill,	15	85	10	111	498	606	5	21		
<i>Co. of Mayo.</i>										
Ballina,	39	200	31	360	193	562	13	44		
Ballinrobe,	67	182	10	269	395	603	5	26		
Belmullet,	8	49	5	62	180	248	7	19		
Castlebar,	8	130	5	140	164	343	5	20		
Claremorris,	31	66	10	110	216	326	1	23		
Killala,	1	6	4	11	69	110	2	17		
Newport,	1	47	4	52	128	180	—	12		
Swineford,	7	48	3	58	462	520	—	10		
Westport,	13	151	2	171	275	446	2	32		
<i>Co. of Roscommon.</i>										
Boyle,	5	154	23	182	334	516	3	26		
Caverea,	68	154	34	256	385	641	5	40		
Roscommon,	51	175	16	242	454	606	10	60		
Strokestown,	17	145	36	198	366	564	3	21		
<i>Co. of Sligo.</i>										
Dromore West,	2	51	5	58	67	125	1	6		
Sligo,	2	152	—	154	583	737	9	53		
Tobercurry,	1	49	4	54	224	278	2	10		
Total, Connacht) (29 Unions),	587	3,243	340	4,176	9,412	13,588	145	889		

SUMMARY.

ULSTER,	2,062	7,625	256	10,683	36,309	44,295	486	2,619
MUNSTER,	3,180	14,738	859	18,798	35,403	54,307	707	8,451
LEINSTER,	2,889	12,830	794	16,483	32,462	68,345	668	3,299
CONNNAUGHT,	587	3,243	340	4,176	9,412	13,588	145	889
TOTAL, IRELAND, (163 Unions) ,	6,718	38,292	2,610	45,540	121,622	183,588	9,103	10,860

No. 15.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS showing the NUMBER of SICK PERSONS who received Medical treatment in the Workhouse Hospitals and Fever Hospitals of Unions in Ireland, during the year ended 29th September, 1871.

Unions.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.			New Cases.			Total Cases treated in Hospitals during the year.		
	Persons otherwise than on constabulary duty, etc.	Other disease,	Accidentally in- jured.	Year or other dangerous condi- tion disease.	Accidentally in- jured.	Other disease,	Year or other dangerous condi- tion disease.	Other disease,	Accidentally in- jured.
PROVINCE OF ULLSTER:									
<i>Co. of Antrim.</i>									
Antrim, . . .	14	68	2	84	46	800	17	863	60
Ballycastle, . . .	9	28	1	33	20	172	12	204	23
Ballymena, . . .	2	43	-	44	28	174	11	213	30
Ballymoney, . . .	-	33	2	35	20	151	4	175	27
Belfast, . . .	123	515	12	658	1,272	3,466	106	4,894	1,401
Larne, . . .	2	40	1	43	31	267	2	300	33
Lisburn, . . .	39	63	-	56	86	279	10	377	89
<i>Co. of Armagh.</i>									
Armagh, . . .	4	62	2	68	94	420	15	529	98
Lurgan, . . .	1	79	1	81	175	1,100	25	1,300	179
<i>Co. of Cavan.</i>									
Ballybofey, . . .	2	25	1	28	28	104	6	136	30
Bawnboy, . . .	1	27	-	28	5	117	18	140	6
Cavan, . . .	11	35	-	46	73	403	8	468	80
Cooteshill, . . .	1	20	-	21	16	92	6	116	19
<i>Co. of Donegal.</i>									
Ballyshannon, . . .	9	10	3	28	40	144	12	196	46
Donegal, . . .	1	20	-	27	3	58	5	66	4
Dunfanaghy, . . .	-	11	-	11	1	20	1	22	1
Glenenties, . . .	3	35	2	42	10	98	5	113	15
Inishowen, . . .	-	15	-	15	7	63	3	76	7
Letterkenny, . . .	-	30	-	30	12	120	3	136	12
Milford, . . .	-	11	-	11	6	102	4	112	6
Stranorlar, . . .	5	23	2	32	38	75	4	117	43
<i>Co. of Down.</i>									
Banbridge, . . .	8	33	4	45	29	389	24	435	37
Downpatrick, . . .	3	122	-	125	40	524	4	568	43
Kilkeel, . . .	4	9	1	13	10	99	4	113	14
Newry, . . .	4	27	1	32	140	421	30	603	100
Newtownards, . . .	4	103	2	114	155	450	19	630	100
<i>Co. of Fermanagh.</i>									
Enniskillen, . . .	4	64	1	69	43	335	18	391	47
Irvinstown, . . .	3	8	-	9	13	149	7	169	18
Lisnaskea, . . .	-	33	3	38	12	161	12	183	12
<i>Co. of Londonderry.</i>									
Coleraine, . . .	6	42	4	52	45	282	21	348	51
Londonderry, . . .	3	32	2	37	49	301	9	359	52
Magherafelt, . . .	11	6	-	17	107	133	18	272	118
Newtownlimavady, . . .	2	8	-	10	25	148	6	179	27
<i>Co. of Monaghan.</i>									
Carriekmacross, . . .	-	20	-	26	-	75	5	84	-
Castleblayney, . . .	-	30	2	38	48	276	19	343	48
Clones, . . .	-	33	-	32	11	100	2	123	11
Monaghan, . . .	-	44	2	46	8	80	7	104	8

[continued.]

No. 15.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS showing the Number of Sick Persons—continued.

UNIONS.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in Hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other dangerous disease, not contagious.	Other disease.	Accidentally in- jured.	Total.	Fever or other dangerous disease, not contagious.	Other disease.	Accidentally in- jured.	Total.	Fever or other dangerous disease, not contagious.	Other disease.	Accidentally in- jured.	Total.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—cont.												
<i>Co. of Tyrone.</i>												
Castlederg, .	-	13	1	14	-	75	9	78	-	88	4	92
Gloster, .	3	1	26	28	14	162	13	186	17	163	41	221
Cochestown, .	0	10	2	24	10	125	6	141	16	141	8	165
Dungannon, .	-	20	3	23	29	258	15	302	20	287	18	334
Gortin, .	25	-	25	1	37	6	44	1	62	6	60	
Omagh, .	2	31	-	33	57	190	9	254	50	226	2	287
Strabane, .	2	43	3	47	37	167	17	221	39	200	20	268
Total, Ulster } (44 Unions),	238	1,963	87	2,326	2,294	13,113	699	16,714	3,162	18,193	683	29,042
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER :												
<i>Co. of Clare.</i>												
Ballyvaughan, .	6	50	1	57	26	129	11	157	32	170	12	214
Corrofin, .	1	40	1	42	24	129	13	166	25	166	14	208
Ennis, .	10	50	-	60	164	602	0	802	204	661	6	871
Ennistymon, .	9	80	1	80	65	202	30	237	74	312	31	447
Killadysert, .	4	66	-	66	15	75	3	97	10	131	7	137
Kilrush, .	5	177	4	186	44	421	22	487	49	568	26	673
Scarriff, .	3	54	-	57	22	158	7	187	23	212	7	244
Tulla, .	4	63	1	70	28	101	1	120	32	256	2	260
<i>Co. of Cork.</i>												
Bandon, .	-	66	-	66	74	323	11	406	74	380	11	471
Bantry, .	-	44	-	44	4	127	1	132	4	171	1	176
Carrigtwohill, .	-	23	-	23	17	145	10	172	17	168	10	195
Clonakilty, .	-	68	6	73	6	303	22	331	6	371	27	404
Cork, .	12	738	24	774	420	4,903	164	5,517	432	5,641	218	8,261
Dunmanway, .	-	58	-	58	1	128	7	136	1	186	7	184
Fermoy, .	8	43	5	50	30	316	26	383	33	368	34	436
Kanturk, .	6	128	16	153	63	414	63	574	104	542	81	727
Kinsale, .	6	43	3	52	24	284	26	314	30	325	29	380
Macroom, .	21	37	2	60	72	242	17	331	93	270	19	301
Mallow, .	5	60	3	77	116	610	16	784	121	688	32	861
Middleton, .	6	42	3	51	118	432	35	580	124	474	38	636
Millsstreet, .	8	111	2	121	21	321	8	420	92	432	10	541
Mitchelstown, .	8	61	-	69	38	351	15	404	46	412	15	473
Skibbereen, .	3	254	7	264	10	151	5	166	13	406	12	430
Skull, .	-	42	1	43	18	74	8	100	18	116	9	149
Youghal, .	13	81	7	101	178	358	35	571	161	439	42	673
<i>Co. of Kerry.</i>												
Caherciveen, .	2	66	1	69	116	108	14	358	148	264	15	427
Dingle, .	1	46	1	48	8	160	20	187	9	315	21	345
Kenmare, .	9	93	4	101	24	114	11	140	33	147	15	195
Killarney, .	-	110	4	114	-	445	20	465	-	555	24	579
Istowel, .	5	62	3	70	66	204	9	270	71	206	12	349
Traloe, .	4	63	4	71	185	718	14	817	189	781	18	968

[continued.]

No. 15.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS showing the Number of Sick Persons—continued.

Unions.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in Hospitals during the year.			
	Persons suffering from chronic diseases.	Other disease.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Persons suffering from chronic diseases.	Other disease.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Persons suffering from dangerous diseases.	Other disease.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—cont.												
<i>Co. of Limerick.</i>												
Croom,	3	69	4	78	49	373	12	434	56	442	14	512
Glin,	-	29	-	29	12	152	6	170	12	181	6	199
Kilmallock,	20	64	6	80	245	500	31	776	205	564	37	866
Limerick,	22	542	12	576	420	2,488	83	2,001	442	3,030	65	3,567
Newcastle,	3	84	-	85	72	410	5	487	75	494	5	574
Rathkeale,	15	58	3	76	87	354	18	450	102	412	21	535
<i>Co. of Tipperary.</i>												
Borrisokane,	1	39	1	41	7	111	16	128	8	153	3	164
Carrick-on-Suir,	2	85	1	86	102	841	7	930	104	906	8	1,018
Cashel,	4	84	3	91	49	62	17	689	53	707	20	780
Clocheeën,	3	34	2	39	150	303	18	477	159	337	20	518
Glonmee,	14	70	3	83	112	420	23	561	126	503	26	654
Nenagh,	6	159	2	167	41	326	17	384	47	485	10	531
Roscrea,	-	53	3	55	21	212	7	240	24	264	10	274
Thurles,	16	40	1	57	97	314	12	423	113	354	13	480
Tipperary,	23	51	4	78	203	374	28	606	226	435	32	683
<i>Co. of Waterford.</i>												
Dungarvan,	5	43	-	48	61	493	4	558	66	536	4	600
Kilmacthomas,	16	67	-	83	110	263	4	379	126	332	4	402
Lismore,	-	29	2	31	50	212	16	289	56	241	17	311
Waterford,	4	270	12	285	248	1,471	115	1,834	252	1,750	127	2,127
Total, Munster } (50 Unions),	318	4,752	169	5,220	4,310	23,538	1,146	28,764	4,628	38,390	1,305	34,224
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.												
<i>Co. of Carlow.</i>												
Carlow,	13	72	2	87	219	478	25	719	229	550	27	803
<i>Co. of Dublin.</i>												
Balrothery,	2	56	1	59	46	391	16	423	68	417	17	482
Dublin, North,	-	1,011	28	1,039	149	3,459	66	3,704	140	4,470	124	4,743
Dublin, South,	32	1,512	55	1,599	342	6,978	180	6,506	374	7,490	241	8,103
Haddington,	25	204	-	270	489	1,022	50	1,500	513	1,276	56	1,819
<i>Co. of Kildare.</i>												
Athy,	-	38	1	39	44	486	4	536	44	526	5	575
Celbridge,	9	49	0	64	179	216	26	421	188	355	43	485
Naas,	-	53	2	57	58	209	17	344	58	324	10	401
<i>Co. of Kilkenny.</i>												
Callan,	10	83	4	90	52	357	18	447	62	442	23	520
Castledermot,	17	23	2	42	90	265	22	377	107	288	24	410
Kilkenny,	9	104	2	205	180	893	14	1,087	180	1,087	16	1,292
Thomaslawn,	2	43	2	47	47	136	6	203	49	199	8	230
Urkingford,	-	63	-	63	14	250	3	269	14	313	2	339

[continued]

No. 15.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS showing the Number of Sick Persons—continued.

Unions,	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in Hospitals during the year.			
	Poor and other cases in hospital.	Other disease.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Poor or other dangerous contagious disease.	Other disease.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Poor or other dangerous contagious disease.	Other disease.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—cont.												
King's Co.												
Edenderry, . . .	1	69	1	70	37	104	5	140	38	173	5	216
Parsonstown, . . .	2	61	1	64	34	264	11	300	30	325	12	373
Tullamore, . . .	12	61	1	104	92	446	20	507	104	537	30	671
Co. of Longford.												
Ballymahon, . . .	1	37	—	39	15	124	0	145	16	161	6	183
Granard, . . .	—	39	1	40	18	100	6	109	18	190	9	226
Longford, . . .	—	52	—	52	30	301	20	450	30	443	29	562
Co. of Louth.												
Ardee, . . .	6	88	5	90	57	517	45	619	63	605	50	718
Drogheda, . . .	12	90	4	100	116	519	21	650	129	600	25	702
Dundalk, . . .	2	38	—	40	172	133	14	321	174	173	14	361
Co. of Meath.												
Dunshaughlin, . . .	—	33	9	36	40	193	6	241	40	226	11	277
Kells, . . .	8	50	—	64	00	273	18	387	104	320	18	451
Navan, . . .	10	62	—	72	130	200	3	423	140	352	3	495
Oldcastle, . . .	2	74	—	76	100	231	15	340	103	300	15	422
Trim, . . .	—	20	—	26	42	353	20	421	42	370	20	447
Queen's Co.												
Abbeyfeale, . . .	—	21	1	22	44	203	17	264	44	224	18	296
Donaghmore, . . .	2	33	1	36	27	100	9	145	29	142	10	181
Mountmellick, . . .	13	58	—	71	107	511	50	668	120	569	50	739
Co. of Westmeath.												
Athlone, . . .	2	23	1	25	23	335	13	370	24	358	14	396
Delvin, . . .	2	46	1	49	27	174	6	207	20	230	7	266
Mullingar, . . .	1	68	—	69	28	163	4	195	29	231	4	264
Co. of Wexford.												
Enniscorthy, . . .	3	79	5	86	100	393	18	571	163	471	23	657
Gorey, . . .	3	77	1	81	82	275	10	367	83	352	11	448
New Ross, . . .	1	103	—	104	140	536	21	706	150	641	31	812
Wexford, . . .	10	82	—	92	234	689	5	928	244	771	5	1,020
Co. of Wicklow.												
Baltinglass, . . .	9	81	4	88	23	210	12	245	26	201	16	333
Rathdrum, . . .	7	41	1	49	85	337	18	440	93	378	19	489
Shillelagh, . . .	9	41	—	44	20	220	2	242	23	261	2	266
Total, Leinster) (40 Unions), .	225	5,023	135	5,253	2,932	22,349	911	27,182	4,137	27,372	1,046	32,535
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.												
Co. of Galway.												
Ballinasloe, . . .	2	64	—	66	94	311	27	432	96	375	27	466
Clifden, . . .	—	20	—	29	33	86	14	183	83	115	14	212
Galway, . . .	6	65	5	76	110	506	31	647	119	571	36	723

[continued.]

No. 15.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS showing the Number of Sick Persons—continued.

UNION.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in Hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other dangerous diseases	Other diseases	Accidentally injured	Total	Fever or other dangerous diseases	Other diseases	Accidentally injured	Total	Fever or other dangerous diseases	Other diseases	Accidentally injured	Total
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—con.												
Co. Galway—con.												
Glenmarnedy,	—	39	42	41	1	146	5	152	1	185	7	193
Gort,	1	29	—	30	8	188	14	210	0	217	11	240
Loughrea,	—	51	2	53	—	175	3	178	—	220	9	231
Mount Burrew,	—	41	1	44	25	64	3	112	27	125	4	156
Oughterard,	—	31	2	40	5	127	7	130	6	164	9	179
Pertunana,	—	43	—	45	29	108	7	207	4	241	7	252
Tuam,	3	51	1	55	38	340	15	363	41	391	16	448
Co. of Leitrim.												
Carwick-on-Shan.,	9	62	—	64	31	172	9	212	33	234	0	276
Manserhamilton.,	1	22	5	28	7	129	0	130	9	145	14	167
Mohill,	4	33	4	41	10	242	18	270	23	275	23	320
Co. of Mayo.												
Ballinam.,	3	42	7	52	50	630	39	728	53	681	46	780
Ballinrobe.,	2	47	2	51	70	280	23	362	81	327	25	433
Belmullet.,	1	30	—	31	12	90	5	116	13	129	5	147
Castlerea.,	—	39	—	39	8	237	5	250	8	276	5	289
Claremorris.,	1	28	—	29	31	100	10	141	32	138	10	170
Killala.,	—	53	—	53	4	39	4	41	4	60	4	94
Newport.,	—	24	—	24	13	100	5	124	13	130	5	148
Swinford.,	89	40	—	49	10	201	4	224	21	241	4	266
Westport.,	1	35	—	36	15	199	2	221	10	234	2	257
Co. of Roscommon.												
Boyle.,	19	57	4	74	20	280	30	339	33	346	34	413
Carrigal.,	7	65	3	75	96	364	38	408	103	429	41	573
Roscomme.,	0	121	—	127	87	263	18	368	93	384	18	495
Strokestown.,	—	45	5	50	31	209	38	336	31	311	41	388
Co. of Sligo.												
Dromore West.,	—	30	1	31	2	64	5	71	2	94	6	102
Sligo.,	—	111	—	111	2	306	—	308	2	417	—	419
Tobetourry.,	—	35	—	35	1	80	0	81	1	115	6	122
Total, Connacht } (20 Unions),	46	1,268	46	1,272	803	6,927	327	7,187	933	7,939	441	8,089

SUMMARY.

ULSTER.,	226	1,083	67	2,208	2,904	12,212	893	16,714	3,162	15,195	685	19,042
MUNSTER.,	218	4,753	160	5,330	4,310	18,638	1,146	26,294	4,658	28,290	1,206	34,224
LEINSTER.,	223	5,653	132	5,383	3,892	22,342	911	27,182	4,117	27,372	1,095	32,535
CONNAUGHT.,	60	1,308	44	1,473	853	6,597	897	7,517	953	7,735	441	8,989
TOTAL, IRELAND (162 Unions),	861	19,126	426	14,432	11,955	65,326	3,052	89,377	12,860	76,451	3,476	94,770

No. 16.—*Union Officers' Superannuation.*—Statement of Allowances under the 1st section of the Act 28 Vic., c. 26, in force during any portion of the year ended 29th September, 1871; showing also the cases in which the Allowances had terminated during the year.

(In continuation of Statement in Twenty-fourth Annual Report, 1871, Appendix B, No. 16.)

Date of Commencement of Case.	Union, Case No.	Name of Officer.	Office	Age	Class of Retirement.	Annual Salary.	Annual Superannua- tion Allowance.	If terminated, date of termination.
13 June, 1846	Ardavin	William Rosen	Master	59	23	Infirmity of body	£ 3. d.	£ 3. d. ad.
19 Nov., 1846	Do.	Anna Slavely	Matron of Workhouse	59	27½	Do.	30 0 0	23 0 0
7 Sept., 1848	Armagh	Sarah Call	Matron	59	36	Infirmity of mind and body	33 0 0	20 0 0
14 June, 1849	Do.	Elizabeth Mc Arthur	Nursery Nurse	64	19	Infirmity of body	45 0 0	30 0 0
13 July, 1849	Do.	Eleanor Weeks	Sethoimistrress	88	13½	Infirmity of mind	15 0 0	10 0 0
29 Dec., 1849	Athlone	John O'Connell	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	50	17½	Infirmity of body	23 0 0	16 0 0
22 June, 1863	Ballymote	John Maher	Schoolmaster	52	13	To,	25 0 0	15 0 0
2 Nov., 1869	Ballynahon	Jas. Henry McNamee	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	72	10½	To,	80 0 0	40 0 0
13 July, 1872	Ballynena	James Jeffreys	Do.	84	19½	Do.	30 0 0	20 0 0
12 Jan., 1846	Ballymoney	Hamilton Gault	Porter	61	21	Old age and infirmity	12 0 0	8 0 0
3 Jan., 1848	Bankbridge	Joseph Dickson	Clark	43	29	Infirmity of mind and body	10 0 0	6 13 4
16 Oct., 1863	Bandon	Samuel Hollard	Porter	64½	15	Infirmity of body	19 0 0	8 0 0
21 Jan., 1870	Do.	William Scrofts	Master	68	30	Old age	40 0 0	32 6 6
30 Jan., 1846	Belfast	David McElheran	Do.	58½	23½	Infirmity of body	160 0 0	36 0 0
1 Dec., 1846	Do.	Zephila Gordon	Baliering Officer	44	18½	Do.	80 0 0	25 0 0
4 Nov., 1847	Do.	Edward King	Anesthetist	79	13½	Do.	120 0 0	73 0 0
3 Nov., 1870	Boyle	Alexander S. Fraser	Relieving Officer	64	29	Do.	30 0 0	20 0 0
5 Oct., 1870	Cahorevreen	Thomas H. Bentley	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	42	18½	Do.	80 0 0	53 0 0
22 Aug., 1846	Cahlin	Robert Tounay	Master	69	24½	Old age	60 0 0	20 0 0
22 May, 1847	Do.	Richard Ryza	Porter	63	23	Do.	19 0 0	8 0 0
26 April, 1870	Do.	Ellen Harvey	Fever Hospital Nurse	74	31½	Do.	15 0 0	10 0 0
2 Dec., 1869	Carlow	E. N. Bolten	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	66	33	Infirmity of body	160 0 0	42 0 0
23 Jan., 1849	Carlock-on-Suir	Charles Dooley	Clark	61	23½	Old age	110 0 0	73 0 0
28 Oct., 1849	Do.	Ellen Collins	Fever Hospital Nurse	62	23	Old age and infirmity	8 2 0	4 0 0
4 Mar., 1849	Cashel	M. A. Burke	Matron	61	22	Infirmity of body	30 0 0	20 0 0
31 Oct., 1870	Do.	William Kennedy	Master Tailor	76	30	Old age and infirmity	36 0 0	27 0 0
5 June, 1871	Cashelbar	Mary MacLain	Matron	66	16½	Infirmity of mind and body	30 0 0	20 0 0
24 June, 1870	Cantab.	Preston Garbett	Do.	54	20	Infirmity of body	20 0 0	16 0 0

24 April, 1872	Do.	Andrew Dillon	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	45	19	Do.	73	4	73	4	73	4
22 May, 1871	Do.	Charles O'Hara	Porter of Workhouse	70	19	Do.	30	0	6	23	4	16 Aug. 1871
29 Mar., 1870	Do.	Hugh Blatpatrick	Tailor	69	99 $\frac{1}{2}$	Old age and infirmity	24	0	6	17	6	
24 Jan., 1871	Do.	Brayney Grier.	Clark	67	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of body	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	5	
16 July, 1871	Do.	Brigget Flanigan	Name In Infirmary and Fever Hospital.	60	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of body	6	0	5	0	8	
5 July, 1870	Cleakadly	Jane Hegarty	Nurse	63	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of mind and body	13	0	7	10	0	
8 June, 1871	Do.	Vincent Heas.	Relieving Officer	70	18	Infirmity of body	14	0	7	10	0	
16 May, 1870	Clooney,	Michael King.	Relieving Officer	64	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	Old age	60	0	40	0	0	
8 Nov., 1870	Do.	John H. Frosner.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	56	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of body	99	0	50	0	0	
19 Mar., 1868	Coleraine	Isabella Hemphill.	Matron	44	26	Old age said infirmity	26	0	16	0	0	
23 May, 1871	Do.	Elizabeth King.	Schoolmistress	43	29	Do.	20	0	13	6	8	
4 Dec., 1867	Cookstown	MARY Murphy.	Matron	60	35 $\frac{1}{2}$	Do.	20	0	13	9	5	
27 Jan., 1871	Courthill.	William Stuart.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	47	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of mind and body	35	0	43	10	0	
30 Aug., 1865	Cork	B. J. O'Shaughnessy	Clerk	47	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of body	300	0	200	0	0	
7 Jan., 1865	Do.	William Cagan.	Porter	70	18	Do.	95	0	13	0	0	
12 Mar., 1863	Do.	Timothy Lane.	Relieving Officer	65	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	Do.	63	0	40	0	0	
19 Sept., 1871	Carrolton	Francis McMahon	Do.	73	18	Do.	35	0	6	0	0	
25 May, 1871	Groen	William C. Murphy	Medical Officer of Works and Dispensary District.	60	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	Do.	79	0	113	6	6	
22 Sept., 1868	Dingle	Mary Grey	Matron	58	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	Do.	100	0	0	0	0	
5 Sept., 1870	Do.	George Williams	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	40	31	Do.	38	0	25	6	8	
21 Feb., 1871	Do.	Timothy McLoughlin	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	40	31	Do.	80	0	35	0	8	
28 Mar., 1869	Doneaghmore	Alfiea Delany.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	14	14	Do.	100	0	65	13	4	
28 Sept., 1865	Downpatrick	George Patterson.	Sanitary Inspector.	69	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	Old age and infirmity	20	0	13	6	8	10 Mar. 1871
28 Nov., 1863	Do.	Michael Savage.	Matron	74	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of body	45	4	34	0	0	
9 Feb., 1866	Drogheda	Maria Dallaghan	Matron	73	18	Do.	34	10	0	20	0	
21 Aug., 1866	Dublin, North	Peter Byrne.	Stoemaker	69	20	Old age and infirmity	44	18	7	31	5	
6 Mar., 1867	Do.	James H. Crean.	Do.	60	21	Infirmity of mind and body	300	0	150	0	0	
24 Sept., 1867	Do.	Jane Blake.	Superintendent of Sheds	58	21	Infirmity of body	31	0	21	0	0	
14 Mar., 1871	Do.	Thomas Hamond.	Relieving Officer	71	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	Do.	60	0	40	0	0	
27 April, 1871	Do.	Daniel Gilligan.	Do.	74	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	Old age and infirmity	120	0	86	13	4	
22 Nov., 1865	Dublin, South	Frederick Hartfield.	Assistant Master	45	19	Infirmity of mind	70	0	45	0	0	
15 Feb., 1868	Do.	Wood Gibson Jones.	Relieving Officer	69	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of mind and body	70	0	18	6	0	
29 Dec., 1865	Do.	Henry Evans.	Do.	63	13	Infirmity of body	30	0	45	0	0	1 April, 1871
18 Mar., 1870	Do.	Andrew McLoughlin.	Assistant Clerk	60	17	Do.	56	12	0	0	0	
26 Mar., 1870	Do.	James Belm.	Master Tailor.	64	20	Old age and infirmity	56	12	0	10	8	

[Continued.]

No. 16.—*Union Officers' Superannuation*.—Statement of Allowances under the 1st section of the Act 28 Vic., c. 26, in force during any portion of the year ended 29th September, 1871; showing also the cases in which the Allowances had terminated during the year.
 (In continuation of Statement in Twenty-fourth Annual Report, 1871, Appendix B, No. 16)—continued.

Date of Commencement of Current.	Union.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age.	Period of Service as Union Officer.	Cause of Retirement.	Annual Salary.	Annual Superannua- tion Allowance.	If terminated, date of termination.
18 Mar. 1870	Dublin, South.	Peter Kilvan	Souarer	78	17	Infirmity of body	£ 2	£ 2	2d. a. d.
24 Mar. 1870	Do.	Jane Dolland	Matron	76	10	Old age and infirmity	20	0	17 6 8
21 Mar. 1870	Do.	John Dugan	Gate Porter	77	19	Infirmity of body	80	0	13 8 8
16 Oct. 1870	Do.	Charles McCreath	Medical Officer of Dispensa- ry District	71	18 1	Do.	26	0	13 8 8
27 April, 1871	Do.	John Johnston	Wardmaster	44	19 1	Do.	160	0	68 2 4
2 Sept. 1871	Do.	Jas. T. Ross, Maguire	Medical Officer of Dispensa- ry	55	21	Do.	16	0	10 13 4
22 Jan. 1870	Dundalk	Bridget Kearney	Fever Hospital Nurse	66	16 1	Do.	125	0	83 0 8
13 Jan. 1871	Dunfanaghy	Michael Diver	Porter of Dispensary	80	25	Do.	15	0	10 0 0
2 Feb. 1870	Dundaghlin	Wm. Chas. Byrne	Medical Officer of Work- house Infirmary, Med- ical Officer of Dis- pensary District	39	17 1	Do.	5	0	8 0 8
31 June, 1870	Do.	John Cahill	Clerk and Returning Officer	97	21	Old age	62 10	0	70 0 0
20 April, 1871	Do.	Wm. Stear Johnson	Medical Officer of Dispensa- ry District	34	18 1	Do.	95	0	50 0 0
31 Dec. 1868	Edenderry	Patrick Murphy	Master	83	4 1	Infirmity of body	70	0	46 12 4
16 Dec. 1869	Do.	James Fitzsimon	Medical Officer of Dis- pensary District	81	17 1	Do.	100	0	65 15 4
16 July, 1867	Ennis	James Smith	Relieving Officer	62	13	Do.	25	0	18 12 4
19 Oct. 1869	Do.	B. J. McNamee	Schoolmairies	33	13	Do.	34	0	18 0 0
20 Aug. 1871	Do.	Hannah Fay	Matron	47	18	Do.	35	0	20 0 0
25 Oct. 1867	Enniscorthy	Margaret Harris	Schoolmairies	45	22	Do.	20	0	18 0 0
4 April, 1870	Do.	George W. Lang	Medical Officer of Dispensa- ry District	63	18	Do.	90	0	68 0 0
11 Feb. 1870	Enniskeen	Rebecca Carson	Matron	72	23	Old age	30	0	20 0 0
16 Oct. 1868	Eamastymon	Timothy Coker	Relieving Officer	71	27	Old age and infirmity	20	0	13 6 8
8 Dec. 1863	Fernary	John P. Edgar	Medical Officer of Dispensa- ry District	72	17 1	Infirmity of body	160	0	52 0 0
13 Sept. 1871	Galway	Michael Conidine	Do.	44	13	Do.	80	0	62 0 0
19 Mar. 1868	Glenade	Patrick Treacy	Porter	45	12 1	Old age and infirmity	10	0	6 13 8
26 April, 1866	Glin	Collins M. Bohan	Matron	46	16	Infirmity of body and mind	30	0	10 0 0

1 Dec. 1870 23 Jan. 1871	Do. Do.	William Kennedy John Elverton	Porter Assistant Medical Officer of Workhouse	89 81	4 2½	Infirmity of body Infirmity and old age	7 7	0 0	3 3	0 0	3 3	0 0
15 May, 1870 28 Nov. 1870	Gorey Gort	Charles Sonertin Martha Donistoe	Porter Clerk Fever Hospital Nurse Porter	90 70 70 70	38 39 39 39	Old age Do. Infirmity of mind and body Infirmity of body	38 38 10 10	12 9 0 0	3 3 5 5	0 0 40 0	0 0 0 0	
16 May, 1870 16 Mar. 1871 31 May, 1870	Gortin Do. Greased	David McFarland Margaret McSweeney Patrick Shiel	Clerk Fever Hospital Nurse Porter	66 66 72	17 17 18	Infirmity of body Infirmity of body	10 12 12	0 10 0	0 0 8	0 0 8	0 0 0	
19 July, 1871 10 June, 1870	Kanturk Kells	Kate Clifford Henry Penland	Matron Medical Officer of Dispensary Relieving Officer Do.	48 48 18 18	22½ 22½ 13 13	Do. Do. Do. Do.	60 60 108 108	0 0 0 0	25 25 66 66	0 0 13 13	0 0 4 4	
4 Nov. 1870 13 Aug. 1866 24 Jan. 1871	Do. Kilked Killala	Thomas Taaffe John Royl Charles Neillson	Clerk Medical Officer of Workhouse and Dispensary District Relieving Officer Do.	48½ 71 28½	37 37 37	Infirmity of body Infirmity of body Do. Do.	74 74 160	0 0 0	36 36 108	15 15 15	4 4 4	
5 Feb. 1866 6 April, 1870	Kilmallock Do.	Thomas Maxwell Edward Walsh	Relieving Officer Do.	29 78	13½	Infirmity of mind and body Infirmity of body	26 30	0 0	10 20	0 0	0 0	
6 June, 1866 11 April, 1867 10 Feb. 1870	Larva Limerick Do.	Samuel J. Suttor Patrick J. McInerney James Hellerman	Master Medical Officer of Dispensary District Relieving Officer	69 62 64	18 26 18	Do. Infirmity of mind and body Infirmity of body	40 140 140	0 0 0	15 80 66	0 0 13	0 0 4	
19 May, 1871	Do. <td>Patrick Hartigan</td> <td>Relieving Officer</td> <td>69</td> <td>21</td> <td>Old age and infirmity of body</td> <td>50</td> <td>0</td> <td>33</td> <td>8</td> <td>8</td>	Patrick Hartigan	Relieving Officer	69	21	Old age and infirmity of body	50	0	33	8	8	
14 Mar. 1870 18 July, 1871 23 July, 1867	Lisburn Do. Lissenden	Robert Moore Matthew Walker James Montgomery	Porter Stress in Fever Hospital Porter	69 72 63	30 10½ 20	Infirmity of body Infirmity of body Infirmity of mind and body	12 15 10	10 0 0	10 8 10	0 0 0	0 0 4	
28 AUG. 1868 3 Jan. 1868 21 Nov. 1870 11 April, 1870	Do. <td>Lislowe Long介berry Do.</td> <td>James Hairs Garrett Fitzmaurice William Rogers Jemmy Stanton</td> <td>61 67 62 65</td> <td>28½ 17 32½ 18</td> <td>Do. Do. Infirmity of body Do.</td> <td>80 34 70 16</td> <td>0 0 0 0</td> <td>13 20 49 10</td> <td>0 0 0 0</td> <td>0 0 0 0</td>	Lislowe Long介berry Do.	James Hairs Garrett Fitzmaurice William Rogers Jemmy Stanton	61 67 62 65	28½ 17 32½ 18	Do. Do. Infirmity of body Do.	80 34 70 16	0 0 0 0	13 20 49 10	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
6 May, 1867 12 April, 1870 30 Nov. 1870 10 May, 1871	Middleton Mill-street, Mitchelstown	Michael Trebil William Young Mary Levy James Phelan	Tailor Porter Infirmiry Nurse Medical Officer of Workhouse Porter	75 76 69½ 60	22 11½ 29½ 21	Old age and infirmity Infirmity of body Old age Do.	19 16 100	10 0 0	13 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	
22 Oct. 1868 18 Aug. 1871 3 April, 1871 11 Feb. 1870	Mohill Meantoleek Mullingar	Timothy Kelly Patrick Motholland Margaret Dineen Geo. Wm. Heron	Porter Relieving Officer Matron Inspector of Schools— Schoolmistresses	79 62 54 69	25 22 22½ 21½	Infirmity of body Infirmity of body Infirmity of body Infirmity of body	15 33 45 30	0 0 0 0	16 16 16 30	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
21 July, 1869 4 April, 1871	Nas Do.	Kate Kiernan John Gardun	Relieving Officer	65	4½ 28	Do. Old age and infirmity of body	25 35	0 0	12 20	0 0	0 0	

[continued.]

No. 16.—Union Officers' Superannuation.—Statement of Allowances under the 1st section of the Act 28 Vic., c. 26, in force during any portion of the year ended 29th September, 1871; showing also the cases in which the Allowances had terminated during the year.

(In continuation of Statement in Twenty-fourth Annual Report, 1871, Appendix B, No. 16)—continued.

Date of the Commencement of Current.	Union.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Age.	Period of Services as a Union Officer.	Cause of Retirement.	Annual Salary.	Annual Superannuation Allowance.	If terminated, date of termination.
1 July, 1858 30 Feb. 1871 14 Mar. 1870	Newcastle New Ross Newry	Ignatius O'Leary John Caulfield Francis Healy	Believing Officer Medical Officer of Dispensary District. Believing Officer	79 65 66	29½ 17 15	Old age Infirmity of body De.	£ 6. 50 140	£ 6. 0 0	2 Oct. 1870.
16 June, 1867 26 Aug. 1870	New Ross Northwallisavady	Nicholas Frimell Henry G. Gray	Medical Officer of Dispensary District. Believing Officer	48 42	19 19	Do. Do.	45 90	0 0	28 Sept. 1871.
14 Oct. 11 Jan. 1870	John Union Matthew Hobinian	John Union Matthew Hobinian	Believing Officer of Dispensary District. Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	78 67	61 18	Do. Do.	20 80	0 0	10 Sept. 1871.
4 Dec. 1867 26 June, 1868	Ornagh Do.	Dorothia Winkins Bebeeca McGuiness	Midwife Fever Nurse	66 68	61 17½	Do. Do.	30 12	0 0	6 Sept. 1871.
26 Sept. 1870	Rathdown	Michael C. Bernard	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	66	19	Do.	90	0	64 Sept. 1871.
15 Aug. 1871 7 Sept. 1871	Do. Do.	Joseph Letwith Bernard McCabe	Master Shoemaker John Hatch	65 69	19 23	Do. Old age and infirmity Infirmity of body	110 30	0 0	73 Sept. 1871.
10 June, 1870	Rathdown	Mariha Bourke William Bourke	Medical Officer of Dispensary District. Nurse	72 70	16 23	Old age Infirmity of body Do.	100 15 20	0 0 0	23 Sept. 1871.
13 Feb. 1864 22 July, 1867 1 Mar. 1869 31 Jan. 1870	Ballynahinch Do. Do. Do.	Robert Smith John O'Donovan Thomas Holmes	Porter Schoolmaster Medical Officer of Works Bones.	61 76 81 81	96 41½ 26½ 26½	Infirmity of body Old age Infirmity of body Old age	15 20 30 140	0 0 0 0	31 Jan. 1871.
19 Feb. 1866	Roscommon	Henry Roche, senior.	Believing Officer	74	29½	Do.	20	0	12 Sept. 1871.
18 May, 1864 3 Aug. 1871 26 Jan. 1871	Shillelagh Do. Scribereen	Ellen Dowse Robert Smith Daniel Donovan	Matron Clerk Medical Officer of Works house.	61 73½ 63	24 36½ old age	Infirmity Infirmity of mind and body old age	25 80 80	0 0 0	8 Sept. 1871.
27 Mar. 1871 6 Dec. 1865	Do. Strabane	Daniel Donovan John Juries	Medical Officer of Dispensary Ward Master and Fender ward Steward.	63 45	18½ 18½	Infirmity of body Do.	104 25	0 0	66 13 Sept. 1871.

4 May, 1870	Do.	Alex. Laney	Medical Officer of Workhouse and Dispensary District.	Old age	{ 29 13 }	{ 59 0 }	23 6 8
5 Sept. 1871	Do.	John Geo. Gregory	Relieving Officer	Old age and infirmity	109 0 0	68 13 4	
11 Jan. 1864	Stratford	Edward O'Brien	Matron	Infirmity of body	59 0 0	29 0 0	
Do.	Margaret Chisholm	Matron	Do.	Do.	49 0 0	25 13 4	
19 July, 1870	Swindford	Becky Gawley	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	Do.	29 0 0	13 6 8	
7 April, 1870	Tipperary	Michael Hearden	Matron	Old age	109 0 0	68 13 4	
2 April, 1871	Do.	Matthew Ryan	Porter	Do.	70 0 0	46 13 4	
20 April, 1871	Do.	Bapt. W. Bradshaw	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	Old age and infirmity	14 0 0	7 0 0	
16 Oct. 1868	Trinity	Elizabeth Smith	Fever Hospital Nurse	Infirmity of body	110 0 0	46 6 0	
11 April, 1870	Do.	Thomas Wallace	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	Do.	20 0 0	13 6 8	
27 Sept. 1866	Yarmouth	Ella Coote	Matron	Do.	100 0 0	59 0 0	
16 Nov. 1870	Tallmore	Esther Quinn	Nurse in Fever Hospital	Do.	24 0 0	16 13 4	
15 April, 1871	Urringford	Ambrose Lane	Relieving Officer	Old age	15 0 0	10 0 0	
				Old age and infirmity of body.	33 0 0	20 0 0	
2 Oct. 1869	Waterford	Catherine P. Carroll	Fever Hospital Nurse	Infirmity of body	30 0 0	10 0 0	
6 Mar. 1871	Do.	Margaret Macrae	Assistant Fever Hospital Nurse.	Old age	8 0 0	5 6 8	
17 June, 1868	Wexford	Ella M. A. Wilson	Matron	Infirmity of body	31 10 0	21 0 0	

APPENDIX C.

CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTION AND CORRESPONDENCE UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT, THE VAC- CINATION ACTS, AND THE SANITARY ACTS.

L.—CIRCULARS.

No. 1.—ANNUAL APPOINTMENT of DISPENSARY COMMITTEES and WARDENS.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
SIR, 30th March, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to call your attention to their circular of the 21st of March, 1862, relating to the annual appointment of Dispensary Committees and Wardens, and to the extracts from previous circulars appended thereto; and they request that you will take the necessary steps, as pointed out in the circular referred to, to place before the Board of Guardians, after the annual election, a correct list of the members of the Board entitled to be members of the respective Dispensary Committees in the Union.

This ought to be done by distinct resolution and recorded on the minutes.

As soon as the committee shall have been completed for any Dispensary District, the Guardians should fix a day for the first meeting of such committee, for the special purpose of appointing their honorary officers for the current year, in accordance with articles 5 and 6 of the Dispensary Regulations, and you should give notice thereof to each member of the Dispensary Committee, in accordance with articles 10 and 12 of the Dispensary Regulations.

A form for the return of officers of the several Dispensary Committees in the Union will be forwarded to you in due course.

By order of the Commissioners,
B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of the Board of Guardians
of each Union.

No. 2.—RETURN of OFFICERS of DISPENSARY COMMITTEES.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
SIR, 5th April, 1872.

With reference to their circular of the 30th ultimo, relating to the annual appointment of Dispensary Committees and Wardens, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland enclose herewith a form for the return of officers of the several Dispensary Committees in the Union.

In the circular above referred to the Commissioners recommended that as soon as the committee should have been completed for any Dispensary District, the Guardians should fix a day for the first meeting of such committee, for the special purpose of appointing their honorary officers for the current year, in accordance with the Dispensary Regulations, and that you should give notice thereof to each member of the Dispensary Committee, in accordance with those regulations; and if this recommendation has not been acted upon in the case of any Dispensary District in the Union, the Commissioners request that you will bring the matter again under the notice of the Board of Guardians.

Articles 6 and 7 of the Dispensary Regulations of 29th November, 1869, relate to the appointment of the honorary officers, and articles 11 and 13 relate to the notice of meeting.

The Commissioners enclose three copies of the form so as to enable you to make the return in duplicate to this office, and to retain a copy for the use of the Board; and they request that you will procure the necessary information with the least practicable delay, and then forward your return to this office.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of the Board of Guardians
of each Union.

No. 3.—APPOINTMENT of COMMITTEES under SANITARY ACTS.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
Sir, 22nd April, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, having reason to believe that in some instances Boards of Guardians have not, since the recent annual election of Guardians, re-appointed committees under the Sewage Utilization Act, and the Nuisances Removal Act, and as some of the members of the committees which were formerly appointed may not continue to be qualified, not being any longer Guardians of the Union, the Commissioners desire to draw the attention of the Board of Guardians to the subject, as it appears desirable that these committees should be appointed in the same manner as the Dispensary Committees after each annual election of Guardians.

The Commissioners annex, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of their circular letter of the 30th March, 1867, in which they pointed out the constitution and the functions of each of the three different committees that may be appointed under the Sanitary Acts, and of the two circulars dated respectively the 17th October and the 5th December, 1866, which are therein referred to.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

CIRCULARS referred to in the above CIRCULAR LETTER of 22nd April, 1871.

(1) *Committees under Sanitary Act.*

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
30th March, 1867.

Sir,

The election of Guardians for the current year in the several Unions being now completed, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland think it right to draw the attention of the Board of Guardians to the propriety of re-appointing committees, under the provisions of the Sanitary Act, 1866, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the Sewage Utilization Act and the Nuisances Removal Acts.

On this subject the Commissioners desire to refer the Board of Guardians to their circular letter of the 17th October last, by which it will be seen that the Act contemplates three distinct committees, viz.:—

1. The Sanitary Committee, which is in fact the Dispensary Committee of the district, and whose functions as sanitary committee under the Diseases Prevention Act are only called into action when an order in council under that Act is in force (29 & 30 Vic., c. 90, sec. 63).
2. The Committee of the Nuisance Authority, the action of which is continuous, and which must consist exclusively of members of the body by which it is appointed, that is, members of the Board of Guardians where the Board is the nuisance authority (18 & 19 Vic., c. 121, sec. 5; and 23 & 24 Vic., c. 77, sec. 5).
3. The Committee of the Sewer Authority, the action of which is also continuous, and which must be appointed at a meeting specially convened for the purpose, and may consist partly of ratepayers (28 & 29 Vic., c. 90, sec. 4).

The Guardians may appoint one or more committees for each of the purposes above mentioned (Nos. 2 and 3), and the Commissioners recommend the Guardians to take the subject into consideration, with a view to appointing nuisance and sewer committees for such parts of the Union as are not within the jurisdiction of another sewer and nuisance authority; and the Commissioners think it might be advisable to consider the propriety of dividing the Union into districts consisting of electoral divisions, for these purposes, and appointing committees for each district.

The Commissioners enclose another copy of the circular of the 17th October last, above referred to, and also a copy of another circular, dated the 5th December, on the subject of appointing Sanitary Inspectors, to which the attention of the Guardians is requested.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BASKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

(2) *Mode of charging Expenses under Sanitary Act.*

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
17th October, 1866.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland forward herewith a general order issued by them under the provisions of the Sanitary Act, 1866, prescribing the mode in which certain items of expenditure, incurred under the authority of that Act, are to be charged in the accounts of the Board of Guardians. Such expenditure may be incurred either directly by the Board of Guardians, or through the agency of some committee appointed either for the purposes of the Sewage Utilization Act, the Nuisances Removal Acts, or the Diseases Prevention Act.

It is of much importance that the functions of these several committees should be exercised by the body to which they legally belong, and by no other; for not only might the legality of expenditure, conducted by a wrong agency, be brought in question, but the area of chargeability, as will be seen by the terms

of the sealed order, will depend on the question, under what provision of the law, and through what particular agency, it has taken place.

In order to avoid confusion, as far as practicable, the Commissioners have defined the agency of the Dispensary Committee of Management to be that of "The Sanitary Committee," whose function is to assist the Guardians in carrying out the purposes of the "Diseases Prevention Act," when cholera is in the Union. Any committee appointed by the Guardians, acting as sewer authority, should, therefore, for distinction's sake, as well as in conformity with the language of the Act of Parliament, be called, not the "Sanitary Committee," but the "Sewer Committee" of the Union, or other district within the Union for which it may be appointed. Similarly, and for the same reasons, any committee appointed by the Guardians, acting as nuisance authority under the Nuisances Removal Acts, should be called the "Nuisance Committee" for the Union, or other district within the Union for which it may be appointed.

None of these committees are accounting bodies, but agents merely, acting for the Board of Guardians, who must account with the electoral divisions of the Union for expenditure conducted through such agencies, in the same way as for expenditure directly incurred by the Board itself; such expenditure being subject to the inspection and authority of the auditor of the Union, in the same manner as the Poor Law Relief expenditure.

It is desirable, therefore, that as far as possible, the sums expended under the Sanitary Act should be paid by order of the Board of Guardians, by cheque on their treasurer, to the parties entitled to receive them.

If under any sudden emergency or necessity of an urgent kind, cash should be placed at the disposal of a committee, or any member or members thereof, it will at once be apparent that proper vouchers for the disbursement of all sums should be obtained and preserved, and finally deposited with the Clerk of the Union, for the purpose of being submitted to the auditor when auditing the accounts.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

(3) *Sanitary Inspectors.*

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
5th December, 1866.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have observed that the Guardians of many Unions which have not yet been attacked by cholera, or in which cholera, having broken out, appears no longer likely to prevail, have shown a disposition to lessen their expenditure under the Sanitary Act of 1866, by discontinuing the services of Inspectors of Nuisances, or Sanitary Inspectors as they are sometimes called.

The fact that the present invasion of cholera commenced almost at the same time with the introduction of the new sanitary law, may, perhaps, have given rise to a supposition, that when the one is disappearing the other ceases to be necessary.

No doubt, on the disappearance of the epidemic from Ireland, and the withdrawal or termination of the order in council, and of the sealed order of the Commissioners relating to treatment and prevention of the spread of the disease, all expenses of an extraordinary nature incurred under the provisions of the latter order will also cease, inasmuch as, in fact, they could not continue to be legally incurred.

But the provisions of the Sanitary Act are not directed against cholera alone, but against every description of dangerous contagious disease, especially the more fatal kinds of fever, which, although not now epidemic, are always prevailing more or less in the country with fatal effects, and may at any time become epidemic.

These diseases are promoted in the same way as cholera, by the impurity of the air, more especially of that within the dwelling-house, and by the use of impure water, unwholesome food, and other like causes.

The removal of nuisances, the maintenance of proper drainage, the supply

of pure water to the population of towns and villages, and the prevention of over-crowding in dwelling-houses, are objects which the Legislature has determined shall henceforward be continuously carried out for the security of the public health, and has therefore created permanent powers and imposed permanent responsibilities for that purpose; and there is no Union in Ireland in which, henceforth, it will not be necessary for the Guardians to employ, at all times, one or more Inspectors of Nuisances, in order to enable them to carry out continuously and permanently these objects of the Legislature.

The office of Inspector of Nuisances will necessarily vary much as to the extent of its duties, and the amount of remuneration for their performance according to the circumstances of the district. In some cases it may be proper to employ a person devoting himself wholly to the office; in other cases, especially in rural districts, Relieving Officers or other officers under the control of the Guardians can be invested with the duties; but in the opinion of the Commissioners all territory which is within the district of the Guardians, as a sewer or nuisance authority, should be under some person having authority to act as an Inspector of Nuisances, and responsible for reporting to the Guardians every case requiring any exercise of their powers either as sewer or nuisance authority.

In the discharge of their sanitary duties the Guardians must be prepared to encounter some additional annual expenditure from the poor-rates; but whenever epidemic disease is not present, the ordinary sanitary expenses will be found to be only a light additional burthen; and it must be borne in mind that the continuous and permanent powers, if properly exercised, will obviate the more expensive arrangements which it would become necessary to adopt in the presence of epidemic disease.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 4.—DISPENSARY NOTICES.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
25th April, 1871.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to draw your attention to the provisions of Article 4 of the dispensary regulations, under which you are required, after the completion of the dispensary committee in each year, to prepare a notice specifying the persons and their residences to whom application may be made for tickets for medical relief, with various other particulars which are set forth in that article and in the form of notice given in the order (Form N).

This notice is to be posted at each Dispensary in the district to which it relates, and at such other places therein as may be necessary for the due notification of the dispensary arrangements.

As it is desirable that any changes which may have been made, by the formation of the new committee, in the persons authorized to give tickets, should be promptly made known, your immediate attention is requested to this subject if you have not already issued the revised notices.

It would be well to take the opportunity of ascertaining whether the notice board (Form O) remains affixed on the exterior of the Dispensary, and whether it is in good condition and legible.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 5.—SMALL-POX.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

SIR,

13th July, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state, for the information of the Guardians, that since their last circular upon small-pox in Ireland, dated 7th February, 1871, they have had reports from Medical Officers of 480 cases, which were distributed through the country as follows:—

UNIONS.	No. of Cases.	UNIONS.	No. of Cases.
Antrim,	10	Kinsale,	4
Ardee,	9	Larne,	7
Armagh,	2	Limerick,	1
Ballina,	1	Lisburn,	4
Balliarobe,	1	Lissaskea,	1
Ballymena,	15	Londonderry,	3
Ballymoney,	2	Longford,	3
Balrothery,	12	Langan,	2
Ballinglass,	1	Magherafelt,	3
Banbridge,	1	Mallow,	1
Ballynahon,	1	Middleton,	1
Belfast,	68	Mountmellick,	1
Carlow,	1	Mullingar,	1
Carrick-on-Suir,	1	Navan,	2
Clonakilty,	2	Newry,	2
Coleraine,	1	Newtownards,	9
Cork,	16	Omagh,	2
Downpatrick,	4	Rathdown,	5
Drogheda,	127	Rathdrum,	10
North Dublin,	23	Rathkeale,	3
South Dublin,	24	Scarrif,	1
Dundalk,	7	Strabane,	1
Enniscorthy,	2	Tuam,	15
Enniskillen,	1	Waterford,	3
Fermoy,	1	Wexford,	57
Gorey,	1		
Inishowen,	3	53 Unions.	480
Kilkenny,	1		

Many cases from centres of contagion, like Belfast, have doubtless escaped being reported. It is not often that the source of contagion, when it is within the country, can be ascertained, on account of the ordinary frequent intercourse between any centre of contagion and the places in its vicinity; but the centres to which the contagion, arising internally, has in a few cases been traced, have been Belfast, Drogheda, Dublin, and Wexford, in the two former of which, it will be seen from the preceding figures, the disease had assumed the nearest approach to an epidemic.

The cases, however, in which contagion has been imported from abroad are more easily ascertainable, and during the five months which have elapsed since last circular the following cases of that class have been reported, viz.—

From Liverpool to Belfast two cases, to Ardee one, to Dublin four, to Cork twelve, to Downpatrick two, to Coleraine one, to Magherafelt one, to Lissaskea one, to Londonderry two, to Dundalk two, to Newry one, to Newtownards one, to Rathdown one, to Waterford one, to Carlow one, and to Drogheda two cases; in all thirty-five cases imported into Ireland from Liverpool.

From Glasgow to Antrim one case, to Ballymena one, to Ballymoney one,

to Dublin one, to Enniskillen one, to Newry one, to Newtownards two, to Omagh one, to Strabane one: in all ten cases imported from Glasgow. From Wales to Balrothery one, to Drogheda one, to Dublin one, to Midleton one, to Waterford one; five cases in all imported from Wales. From other parts of Great Britain to various parts of Ireland eight cases.

Thus the number of cases known to have been imported from Great Britain into Ireland during the five months was fifty-eight; which added to thirty-four like cases specified in previous circulars make a total of ninety-two cases imported during the year 1870, and that part which is passed of 1871.

The promptitude with which the Guardians and their officers have met these imported cases, by efficient treatment, isolation, and disinfecting processes of every description, reflects much credit on the several Unions which have been invaded by small-pox, and accounts, at the same time, for the very few instances in which the disease has spread after its introduction.

Of cases which have terminated fatally during the five months very few have been reported in the correspondence, and it is not possible to say what the small-pox mortality during the period in question may have been until the Registrar-General's returns have been published. The last quarterly return published was that for the quarter ended 31st December, 1870, and at that time the present invasion of small-pox had scarcely commenced. The weekly tables, however, for the Dublin Registration District (population 314,000) exhibit eleven deaths, as registered in that district, from the 7th February last, to the present date.

It will probably be found ultimately, from the Registrar-General's returns, that the number of deaths compared even with the imperfect number of cases reported to the Commissioners exhibits a very small rate of mortality, inasmuch as a large proportion of the cases so reported have been described as of a very mild type in consequence of previous vaccination.

The principal inferences to be drawn from the figures above presented are the following:—

1. That the ordinary intercourse prevailing between Great Britain and Ireland has been the cause of introducing small-pox once more into the latter, the earlier cases having been almost all traceable to importation.
2. That considering the number of different localities in Ireland into which small-pox has been so imported, it is surprising that there are so few in which it has taken such hold as to establish a new centre of infection, such having apparently been the case only in Belfast, Dublin, Drogheda, and Wexford.
3. These incidents are due in all probability to the comparatively good state of vaccination in the country, combined with other favourable sanitary conditions, the latter being partly due to the absence of any decided epidemic influences, and partly to the progressive operation of the sanitary laws.

The Guardians will no doubt concur with the Commissioners in believing that the greatest public benefit has been derived from the law of compulsory vaccination, as administered in this country, and from such exertions as have hitherto been made in carrying into effect the Sanitary Act, and will be disposed, under existing circumstances, to continue to use their utmost exertions for the preservation of the public health.

By order of the Commissioners,

R. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 6.—SMALL-POX.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

Sir,

14th July, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit herewith, for your information, a copy of a further circular letter which they have addressed to the several Boards of Guardians, in continuation of previous circulars, on the subject of small-pox in Ireland; and the Commissioners do not doubt that the matter will continue to receive your attention.

The Commissioners have been recently in correspondence with the medical branch of the Privy Council in England on the subject of the supply of vaccine lymph from the National Vaccine Establishment of London; and they request that you will inform them by return of post of the sources from which you have derived your supplies since the 1st January, 1871.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To each Workhouse and
Dispensary Medical Officer.

No. 7.—SMALL-POX.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

Sir,

14th July, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Committee of Management of the Dispensary district, a copy of a further circular letter which the Commissioners have addressed to the several Boards of Guardians in continuation of previous circulars on the subject of small-pox in Ireland.

The Commissioners have forwarded a copy of the enclosed circular to each Medical Officer, and the Commissioners do not doubt that the matter will continue to receive their attention.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Honorary Secretary of the Committee
of Management of each Dispensary District.

No. 8.—SUPPLY OF VACCINE LYMPH.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

Sir,

24th January, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to draw the attention of the Board of Guardians to their circular letters of the 7th March, 1848, and the 8th July, 1852, in which they recommended the Guardians to make arrangements for procuring supplies of vaccine lymph from time to time, as required by the Medical Officer of the Workhouse, and the Medical Officers of the several Dispensary districts, from the Cow Pock Institution in Dublin, which the Guardians can do by subscribing annually the sum of one guinea for the Workhouse, and half-a-guinea for each Dispensary district.

Generally the Medical Officers should be able to keep up a supply of lymph for themselves, by taking it from the arms of children whom they have vaccinated, preserving it with the aid of Husband's capillary tubes (as recommended in the circular letter of 28th October, 1863); but it occasionally happens, from various circumstances, that this source of supply fails, and it is most important that in such cases the Medical Officers should be in a position to renew the source of supply with promptitude and certainty. This, the Commissioners think, may be effected most satisfactorily by the Guardians subscribing to the Dublin Cow Pock Institution as above suggested, thereby enabling their Medical Officers to demand a fresh supply from that institution whenever their own supply fails; this course also will, in the opinion of the Commissioners, be found more economical than the alternative one of purchasing a supply from time to time as required.

A considerable number of Boards of Guardians are at the present time subscribers to the Dublin Cow Pock Institution both for the Workhouse and the Dispensaries, and the Commissioners have received an intimation of the desire of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant that the practice should be generally adopted. They, therefore, beg to recommend the subject to the consideration of the Board of Guardians.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 9.—CHOLERA—QUARANTINE.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
Sir, 3rd August, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to call the attention of the Guardians of _____ Union to an order issued on the 29th July last, by the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, relating to the apprehended approach of cholera to the shores of the United Kingdom, and containing regulations on the subject of quarantine, which entail specific duties on every nuisance authority within whose jurisdiction any ship shall be found arriving, and having on board any person affected by cholera.

The following are the provisions relating to quarantine in such cases contained in the Privy Council order referred to:—

" 1. In this order—

" "The term 'Ship' includes vessel or boat.

" "The term 'Master' includes the officer or person for the time being in charge or command of a ship.

" "The term 'Cholera' includes choleric diarrhoea.

" "The term 'Nuisance authority' has the same meaning as in 'The Sanitary Act, 1866.'

" 2. It shall be lawful for any nuisance authority having reason to believe that any ship arriving in its district comes from a place infected with cholera, to visit and examine such ship before it enters any port, or lands any person or thing in the district, for the purpose of ascertaining whether such ship comes within the operation of this order.

" 3. The master of every ship within the district of a nuisance authority, having on board any person affected with cholera, or the body of any person dead of cholera, or anything infected with or that has been exposed to the infection of cholera, shall, as long as the ship is within such district, moor, anchor or place her in such position as from time to time the nuisance authority directs

" 4. No person shall land from any such ship until the examination herein-after mentioned has been made.

" 5. The nuisance authority shall immediately on the arrival of such a ship, cause all persons on board of the same to be examined by a legally qualified medical practitioner, and shall permit all persons who shall not be certified by him to be suffering from cholera to land immediately,

" 6. All persons certified by the examiner to be suffering from cholera shall be dealt with under any rules that may have been made by the nuisance authority under the twenty-ninth section of the Sanitary Act, 1866; or, where no such rules shall have been made, shall be removed, if their condition admits of it, to some hospital or place to be designated for such purpose by the nuisance authority; and no person so removed shall quit such hospital or place until some physician or surgeon shall have certified that such person is free from the said disease.

" 7. In the event of any death from cholera taking place on board of such vessel, the body shall be taken out to sea and committed to the deep, properly loaded, to prevent its rising.

" 8. The clothing and bedding of all persons who shall have died or had an attack of cholera on board such vessel shall be disinfected or (if necessary) destroyed under the direction of the nuisance authority.

" 9. The ship, and any articles therein which may be infected with cholera, shall be disinfected by the nuisance authority.

" 10. Every person obstructing the nuisance authority in carrying this order into effect, or otherwise offending against this order, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds."

When a vessel lies in any place which is not within the district of any nuisance authority, section 30 of the Sanitary Act defines it to be for the purposes of that Act in the district of that nuisance authority whose district nearest adjoins the place where such vessel is lying, the distance being measured in a straight line. It is easy, therefore, to distinguish to what nuisance authority, on a ship arriving in adjoining waters, the duty of attending to her belongs.

As the Board of Guardians of —— Union is the nuisance authority of a district on the coast of Ireland, the Commissioners request their especial attention to the terms of the Privy Council order. The Commissioners have, at the same time, to observe that it is the duty of the Board of Guardians to provide proper and convenient hospital accommodation for the treatment of persons affected by cholera, to which they can be removed from any ship lying in quarantine under the terms of the Privy Council order.

The Guardians will also bear in mind that in the event of any vessel arriving with cholera in the waters adjoining any part of the Union, although such part is within the district of another nuisance authority, it is their duty under the Poor Law Acts to provide accommodation and treatment in hospital for all such patients as may be brought ashore by the nuisance authority for that purpose, as well as for cases falling within their own jurisdiction as nuisance authority.

By order of the Commissioners.

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of the —— Union.

II.—REPORTS FROM DR. KING, MEDICAL AND POOR LAW INSPECTOR,
AS TO THE OUTBREAK AND PROGRESS OF THE EPIDEMIC OF
SMALL-POX IN CORK.

No. 1.—REPORT from Dr. KING, Medical and Poor Law Inspector.

GENTLEMEN,

1, Belgrave-place, Cork,
17th November, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that there is a case of small-pox at present under treatment at Evergreen, Cork, which is in the Cork Dispensary District, in the person of a sailor named Timothy Driscoll; he is under the care of Dr. O'Flynn (8 district).

This man is twenty-eight years of age; he never was vaccinated; he contracted the disease in Newport, where small-pox was in the house in which he resided; he sailed from Newport in the ship *Minnie* on the 3rd inst., but did not complain until the 11th; the disease at present is simple, and it is expected that the case may progress favourably.

Neither the man himself nor his friends will consent to his removal to hospital, which is much to be regretted, as Evergreen is a densely populated district, and a number of persons reside in the house in which Driscoll lies sick.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 2.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Kilmallock, 7th December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that on Monday last a case of small-pox occurred at 93, Evergreen-street, in Dr. O'Flynn's sub-district (Cork Dispensary); this case was sent to hospital; three additional cases have since appeared in persons aged fifteen, nine, and one and a half years; the two former have been sent to hospital. All these cases showed themselves in the immediate neighbourhood of the sailor who refused to go to hospital, and who had imported the disease from Wales, as stated in my report, and with whom all the patients at present attacked had either direct or indirect intercourse.

I cannot say at present whether those four persons have or have not been vaccinated.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 3.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

1, Belgrave-place, Cork,
13th December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that a man named Charles Murphy, from the Ballinlough-Road, was admitted into the Cork Union Fever Hospital on this day, labouring under small-pox.

I had an interview with the Mayor of Cork on Monday last, and he

seems determined to use every means to prevent as far as possible the further spread of the disease, and has put active sanitary measures in operation. The above case has been promptly communicated to him.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 4.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Cork, 18th December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that Richard Ellis, whose case was reported to you as having been admitted to the Cork Fever Hospital on the 6th inst., labouring under small-pox, died of that disease last night. He had not been vaccinated; he was nine years of age; he died on the fifteenth day of the disease.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 5.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Cork, 21st December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that Honoria Walsh, aged fourteen years, and Hannah Keeffe, aged seventeen, labouring under small-pox, were admitted into the Cork Union Fever Hospital on yesterday. Honoria Walsh has been one week ill, and Hannah Keeffe five days. I have visited them and on examination find that both of them were vaccinated during infancy, and have well-marked cicatrices on their arm.

So far they are going on favourably. Mary Barze and Charles Murphy, whose cases I have already reported as admitted on the 4th and 13th inst., are now convalescent; and Margaret Eager is progressing favourably.

Hannah Keeffe and Honoria Walsh resided in the neighbourhood of Evergreen, the locality in which small-pox showed itself in the case of the seaman from Wales, who refused to go to hospital.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 6.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

1, Belgrave-place, Cork,

25th December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that a boy named Andrew Gleeson, residing at 56, Douglas-street, Cork, was admitted into the Cork Union Fever Hospital on the 23rd inst., labouring under modified small-pox. He had been vaccinated.

Notification has been given to the corporate authorities, in order that precautionary measures may be adopted.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 7.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Cork, 24th December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that three additional cases of small-pox have occurred in the Cork Union since my last report, namely, Bartholomew Flynn, aged thirty years, admitted into the Union Fever Hospital on last Friday evening; seems to have been vaccinated; he took ill four days ago at 39, Evergreen-street. Notice has been served on the municipal authorities with the view of the necessary steps being taken to prevent (as far as may be) the further spread of the disease.

Three days ago a man named Robert Moore, aged eighteen years, and who had never been vaccinated, took ill of small-pox at Frankfield, in the Douglas Dispensary District. He refuses to be removed to hospital. I requested Dr. White, under whose care he is, to immediately inform Relieving Officer Rooney of the nature of the case, who would carry out such sanitary measures as he (the Medical Officer) should direct.

The third case is a young lady residing near the South Terrace, who is in the first stage of what appears to be small-pox. The eruption is not as yet fully developed, but she suffers from the usual symptoms which usher in a severe case. I believe she has been vaccinated.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 8.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Cork, 26th December, 1871.

I have to report the admission of five fresh cases of small-pox into the Union Fever Hospital. Two of the cases occurred in the Workhouse, but the disease was evidently contracted in the Union Fever Hospital, as in both instances the persons had been recently patients in the Fever Hospital, one having had scarlatina, the other fever; but having become convalescent they were removed to the main house a few days ago. In addition to these, a boy aged sixteen, suffering from fever, from which he was nearly convalescent, showed symptoms of small-pox this day.

It is quite evident that patients labouring under febrile affections are liable to contract small-pox from the patients labouring under this disease in the same building; in fact, such has happened in the above three instances. I fear we are about to have a sharp outbreak of small pox in this locality; and I think the Guardians ought to make further provision, under the 37th section of the Public Health Act, for such cases of that disease as may arise.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

There are at present fourteen cases in all under treatment in the Union Fever Hospital—nine males, five females; some of them very heavy cases, especially when the patients had not been previously vaccinated. I visited them this day.

No. 9.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to DR. KING.

Poor Law Commission Office, Duhlin,
29th December, 1871.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland acknowledge the receipt of your reports of the 24th, 25th, 26th, and 27th inst., from which it appears that additional cases of small-pox continue to occur in the Cork Union; and that there are at present fifteen cases suffering from that disease in the Union Fever Hospital.

With reference to the suggestion contained in your report of the 26th inst., as to the necessity of providing increased accommodation in the Workhouse for the treatment of such other small-pox cases as may occur, the Commissioners request that you will attend the next meeting of the Board of Guardians, and confer with them specially as to the steps which ought to be taken to meet the outbreak of the disease, apparently now becoming epidemic.

In the two Duhlin Unions temporary Workhouse accommodation, specially appropriated for small-pox cases, has been provided on a large scale.

If, as the Commissioners infer from your report of 26th inst., small-pox cases, when admitted to the Workhouse, are placed in the ordinary fever wards, immediate steps should be taken to provide separate wards for such cases, isolated as much as possible from other wards, experience having shown that small-pox is frequently propagated from hospitals in which small-pox patients have been treated in the same wards as ordinary fever patients.

The Commissioners request that you will be good enough to report specially and fully to them on the subject after your conference with the Board of Guardians.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To DR. KING, Poor-Law Inspector,
1, Belgrave-place, Cork.

No. 10.—REPORT from DR. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Cork, 27th December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that a girl named Bridget Dooley, labouring under small-pox, was admitted yesterday evening from 95, Evergreen-street, into the Cork Union Fever Hospital, in which there are now fifteen patients suffering from that disease.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 11.—REPORT from DR. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Cork, 30th December, 1871.

I have the honour to inform you that a case of small-pox has occurred in the Blarney District, in the person of a young man, aged seventeen, who had been vaccinated in his youth.

He evidently contracted the disease in Cork, where he has been engaged at work. His parents object to his being removed to hospital.

I have written to the Medical Officer of the district, with the view of the patient being isolated so far as the circumstances of his case will permit.

Since my last report nine fresh cases of small-pox have been admitted into the Cork Union Fever Hospital labouring under small-pox, principally from the vicinity of Evergreen-street.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 12.—REPORT from Dr. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

Cork Workhouse, January 2, 1872.

In compliance with your letter of instructions of the 29th ultimo, I have the honour to submit for your consideration the following report of the progress of small-pox in the Cork Union, and the proposed hospital accommodation for the reception of such cases as may arise.

The present outbreak of small-pox can be traced to the case of a sailor, who, having contracted the disease at Newport, Wales, fell sick in Cork in a street densely inhabited, and called Evergreen, from which locality and neighbourhood the vast majority of the cases admitted into the Cork Union Fever Hospital have been received. The first case was admitted into hospital on the 14th of December, from 73, Evergreen-street, the patient being a girl aged fourteen years; since which thirty-one other cases have been admitted. Of the thirty-two cases admitted, twenty-two had been previously vaccinated; sixteen had the disease modified—of those, fourteen had been vaccinated and two had not; sixteen had the disease in a severe form, mostly confluent—of those, eight had and eight had not been vaccinated; four of the sixteen severe cases died—and of those, three had not been vaccinated but one had.

Up to the present time the hospital accommodation has been of this nature:—The Fever Hospital consists of two large wards and two small wards in each wing. The large wards are capable of accommodating nineteen patients each, the small wards five each, making a total accommodation for ninety-six patients.

The upper wards were appropriated for the reception of female patients, the lower for male patients.

The first cases of small-pox were placed in the small wards, but as the cases increased in number they had to be transferred to the larger wards. One large female ward and one large male ward are at present occupied by small-pox cases.

At the meeting of the Board of Guardians on last Thursday, I brought under the consideration of the Board the necessity of making increased provision for the treatment in hospital of cases of small-pox, and also of more effectually isolating cases of this disease from those of fever, as three patients in the hospital (convalescent from fever) had contracted the disease. I informed the Board that at the Cork Fever Hospital accommodation for small-pox patients could be obtained in an isolated building; but the Guardians would not consent to send future patients there, and they came to the conclusion of transferring their fever cases to the female probationary ward, and instructed Drs. Wall and Wherland to carry out their views. These gentlemen recommended that one wing of the Fever Hospital should be allocated for the accommodation of small-pox patients, the other for fever cases; and made certain suggestions as to the conversion of the new female probationary building into a fever hospital, if necessary. To this latter proposal the most serious

objections exist; but as the notion has been abandoned, it is unnecessary to enter into details at present.

On the 29th December, the day after the meeting of the Board, I found that on the previous day so many as nine fresh cases had been admitted. It was thus evident that if something were not done speedily, there would not be sufficient accommodation for small-pox and fever cases in the Union Fever Hospital. I consequently waited on the mayor (who is a person of much energy and determination) and I arranged a meeting of the Cork house committee for the following morning at the dispensary house, and the mayor promised to attend and confer. I also invited Mr. Ballard, one of the principal governors of the Cork Fever Hospital, to be present. At the meeting it appeared that half of the Union Fever Hospital would not afford accommodation for the cases of small-pox (which were rapidly increasing), and it was stated by Mr. Ballard that the Cork Fever Hospital could, at the very most, accommodate thirty-two patients labouring under small-pox. The committee then determined to appropriate the entire of the Union Fever Hospital for the reception of small-pox cases, and to send future fever patients to the Cork Fever Hospital. There is not much fever in the district at present, and even if there were, there is accommodation for a large number of fever patients in the Cork Fever Hospital, and the support of our fever patients there will cost very little more than they cost at present. I believe the governors will take each patient for 7s. 6d. a head, and the cost in our own fever hospital is 6s. 8d. a head per week.

It was necessary that the recommendation of the committee should receive the sanction of the Board of Guardians, and I consequently had a special meeting of the Board called for this day, and after a long and warm discussion the recommendation of the committee was adopted.

I have the honour to remain, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 13.—REPORT from DR. KING.

GENTLEMEN,

1, Belgrave-place, Cork,
6th February, 1872.

I have the honour to submit for your consideration the following report as to the progress of small-pox in this district, which I compiled this day at the Workhouse. I have been most particular in requesting the Medical Officers of the Workhouse to keep an accurate registry of all cases, as to whether the patients have or have not been vaccinated, and the result of my inquiry has been so far in favour of the influence of vaccination in averting death or modifying the disease, that I consider you should be made acquainted with the results.

	Patients.
Since the present invasion of the disease, there have been admitted into the Cork Union Fever Hospital,	232
Of these there were previously vaccinated	132
" not vaccinated	100
Of the vaccinated there died	3
Of those who had not been vaccinated died	32
The disease was mild and modified in	87
	<u>N</u>

	Patients.
Of those in which the disease was mild	80
had been previously vaccinated.	
It thus appears that the number of deaths out of 132 cases in the vaccinated was	3
And out of 100 cases of the unvaccinated :	32

There are at present under treatment 124 cases. Of these, thirty-four are not sufficiently advanced in the disease to enable the Medical Officers to say positively whether the disease will be severe or mild; at the same time that the impression is that the disease will generally be mild in cases where the patient has been previously vaccinated.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES CROKER KING.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 14.—EXTRACT from Dr. KING's half-yearly REPORT on the CORK UNION; dated 10th March, 1872.

The sanitary state of the house is favourable, there is no prevailing epidemic, but Cork has suffered from a severe invasion of small-pox, but the general house has so far been kept wonderfully free from that disease. I attribute this in a great measure to the circumstance that the new probationary building enables us to establish a sort of quarantine for women and children, who when admitted (many of them from the neighbourhood in which small-pox is raging) are kept in this building for fourteen days after admission. Several attempts have been made to convert this building either into a small-pox hospital or into a convalescent home, which up to the present I have successfully resisted and by doing so have incurred some odium from a small section of the Board, who wished to save the small expense of erecting a couple of sheds which have answered admirably, and have in my opinion cost less than the alteration of the probationary building, and have averted the serious loss which would be sustained by the diversion of it to other than its legitimate use.

The fever hospital soon became occupied by small-pox patients and this disease having attacked some of the patients during convalescence from fever or scarlatina, an arrangement was entered into with the Cork Fever Hospital for the accommodation of union paupers affected by those diseases, and the fever hospital was appropriated for the treatment of small-pox exclusively, but even this extended accommodation was found insufficient, and consequently a large timber shed, 100 feet long, eighteen wide, and fourteen high, was erected, and subsequently a second shed of the same dimensions which is now ready, but has not as yet been occupied, as there has been a lull in the disease during the last few days, only nine cases having been admitted during the last three days, whereas the admissions have reached 15 a day, and on one day, the 2nd February, amounted to 23.

From the commencement of the epidemic of small-pox to the 8th of March, 483 patients had been admitted, labouring under this disease; amongst these 88 deaths have taken place, 26 of which occurred in children under 5 years of age; 39 died between the ages of 5 and 15, and 23, in persons above 15 years of age; of the 88 deaths, 73 took place in persons who had never been vaccinated.

The clothes of all the small-pox patients are regularly disinfected in the disinfecting room, which is heated for the purpose three times each week.

III.—REPORTS FROM MR. ROBINSON, POOR LAW INSPECTOR, AS TO THE MEANS TAKEN BY THE TWO DUBLIN BOARDS, TO PROVIDE HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION FOR SMALL-POX CASES.

No. 1.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to Mr. ROBINSON, Poor Law Inspector.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

SIR,

21st October, 1871.

Referring to the recent increase of small-pox in Dublin on both sides of the river, as shown by the reports on the subject received from the Medical Officers of both the north and south city dispensary districts, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state that it appears to them that an urgent necessity now exists for the Guardians of each Union (North and South Dublin) to provide themselves with accommodation for small-pox cases independently of the hospitals, maintained by parliamentary grant, or other hospitals, none of which are at present under the control of either of the two Boards.

Some of these hospitals, the Hardwicke in particular, do not profess to treat small-pox patients in perfect isolation from other patients, and several cases are known to have occurred of convalescent fever patients carrying the contagion of small-pox with them from hospital, and spreading it in the city.

The Commissioners request you, therefore, to attend the North and South Dublin Boards next week and bring the subject specially under their consideration.

In the meantime you may perhaps have the opportunity of considering the best locality in each Union for a small-pox hospital, and ascertaining where a proper building could be obtained.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Henry Robinson, esq., Poor Law Inspector,

21, Cambridge-terrace, Kingstown.

No. 2.—REPORT from Mr. ROBINSON to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Dublin, October 26th, 1871.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st inst., relating to the prevalence of small-pox in Dublin; and I beg to inform you of the steps that I have taken to carry out the instructions contained in your communication.

I attended a meeting of the Guardians of the North Dublin Union yesterday, and brought the subject of the increase of small-pox under their notice, when they at once resolved, on my suggestion, to convert a portion of the auxiliary Workhouse at Glasnevin into a Small-pox Hospital. This auxiliary consists of a number of comfortable, well-ventilated sheds; and the sheds to be occupied by the sick can be separated from the remaining portion of the establishment, and will have a different entrance; and the Medical Officer in charge of it concurs with me in thinking that the arrangement can be adopted without any danger of infection to the inmates of the other part of the auxiliary. The Committee deputed to carry out this measure met to-day, and appointed, provisionally, a Medical Officer, a nurse, and a porter; and it is anticipated

pated that the hospital, which will contain nearly one hundred beds, will be ready for the reception of patients on Saturday next.

I also attended, on this day, a meeting of the South Dublin Board of Guardians, and I made known to them your opinion that it would be advisable that they should establish an hospital independently of the hospitals at present existing in the city of Dublin; but the Board resolved, in the first instance, to inquire how far they could still obtain accommodation for small-pox cases in those hospitals, and they appointed a committee for that purpose; but they also empowered the committee, if it should appear to them to be necessary, to erect forthwith some wooden sheds for hospital purposes.

I understand that the governors of the Meath Hospital will allow the Guardians to erect sheds on their hospital grounds, which was done before during an epidemic of cholera, and this is a course which I believe the committee will at once adopt, should they, at their meeting to-morrow, deem it to be expedient.

Having made inquiry during the last few days as to the extent to which small-pox prevails in the city of Dublin, I think it right to report to you the information I obtained. I ascertained that, during the present month, there were about fifty cases of small-pox brought under the notice of the Medical Officers of the North City Dispensary District, and that there were about twenty-five cases reported in the South City District. I also found that there were yesterday forty-three cases of small-pox in the Hardwicke Hospital, and, on Monday, thirty cases in the Cork-street Hospital, and about seven or eight cases in other hospitals; there are, therefore, at present, about eighty cases of small-pox under treatment in the Dublin hospitals.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

HENRY ROBINSON.

The Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 3.—REPORT from Mr. ROBINSON to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Dublin, October 28th, 1871.

With reference to my report to you of the 26th inst., I now beg to forward to you the following extract from a letter addressed to me by Mr. Byrne, a member of the committee appointed on Thursday last to provide accommodation for small-pox cases in the South Dublin Union, by which you will observe that wooden sheds, to contain from forty-five to fifty patients, will be erected at once in the grounds of the Meath Hospital:—

"The South Dublin Union Committee to-day met at 16, Peter-street, and adopted a series of resolutions, of which the clerk was directed to forward to you a copy.

"They afterwards saw the authorities of the Meath Hospital, the result of which is that from fifteen to twenty beds for small-pox patients will be at once available there; and in ten days, from forty-five to fifty more, in a wooden building which we propose to erect on the hospital grounds as before."

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

HENRY ROBINSON.

The Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 4.—REPORT from Mr. ROBINSON to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Dublin, November 2nd, 1871.

Adverting to my recent reports to you on the subject of hospital accommodation for small-pox cases in the South Dublin Union, I now have the honour to inform you that the Board of Guardians have abandoned the intention of building sheds in the grounds attached to the Meath Hospital, and have converted a portion of the auxiliary Workhouse at Kilmainham into a Small-pox Hospital.

The part of the auxiliary set apart for hospital purposes has been entirely separated from the rest of the establishment, and has a different entrance. A Medical Officer, a nurse, and a porter have been appointed to take charge of it, and it is now ready for the reception of patients.

These arrangements appear to me to be satisfactory, and the hospital will contain about twenty-seven sick persons.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

HENRY ROBINSON.

The Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 5.—EXTRACT from REPORT from Mr. ROBINSON to the COMMISSIONERS, dated 5th December, 1871.

With reference to my former reports to you respecting the hospital provided by the South Dublin Board of Guardians for small-pox patients, I now beg to inform you that the hospital referred to has been enlarged, and that arrangements have this day been made to extend the accommodation still further.

IV.—CORRESPONDENCE ON THE NECESSITY OF PROVIDING SEPARATE WARDS AND CONVALESCENT ACCOMMODATION FOR SMALL-POX PATIENTS.

No. 1.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

Sir,

11th January, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have the honour to transmit to you herewith for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, a copy of a circular letter which they issued on the 15th ult., on the subject of an outbreak of small-pox at Belfast.* The Commissioners submit this circular as showing the present danger which exists of small-pox reaching every part of this country from England and Wales and Scotland, as well as from the Continent.

The present state of the epidemic in Belfast is very alarming. Since the Commissioners last addressed His Excellency on the subject (on the

* See Annual Report for 1871, page 258.

14th ultimo), the number of patients suffering from small-pox in the Workhouse Hospital has risen from 27 to 65.

Finding that the neighbouring towns were exposed to contagion from Belfast, the Commissioners on the 9th ultimo wrote to the Boards of Guardians of the Unions of Antrim, Armagh, Ballymena, Banbridge, Cookstown, Downpatrick, Dungannon, Larne, Lishurn, Lurgan, Magherafelt, Newry, and Newtownards, informing them of their danger, and advising the immediate provision of separate small-pox wards in the Workhouse—a measure which has been generally adopted in those Unions. A copy of that letter is also sent herewith for His Excellency's information.*

The Commissioners understand that there are cases of small-pox now under treatment in one of the Dublin Hospitals assisted by Parliamentary grant.

The Commissioners submit to His Excellency's consideration the propriety of calling the attention of the Board of Superintendance of Dublin Hospitals to the subject, with the view of precautions being taken against the epidemic, by establishing in time small-pox wards separate from the other fever hospital wards, experience having shown beyond doubt that the treatment of small-pox in the general fever wards renders the hospital liable to become a means of spreading contagion to the surrounding population.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To T. H. Burke, esq., &c., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

No. 2.—LETTER from the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD
LIEUTENANT to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Dublin Castle, 9th February, 1871.

Referring to your letter of the 11th ultimo, relative to an alleged case of small-pox under treatment in the Meath Hospital, I am directed by the Lord Lieutenant to transmit herewith, for your information, copy of a letter, with its enclosure, received from the Board of Superintendance of the City of Dublin Hospitals on the subject.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

T. H. BURKE.

The Poor Law Commissioners, Custom House.

ENCLOSURES in foregoing LETTER.

Sir,

35, Dawson-street, Dublin,
8th February, 1871.

I am directed by the Board of Superintendance of Dublin Hospitals to forward to you the annexed documents, in reference to your letter of the 25th January last (No. 1,463), which, with the previous letters, and those of the Poor Law Commissioners, were laid before the Board yesterday.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) DENIS PHELAN, Secretary.

T. H. Burke, esq., Under Secretary,
Dublin Castle.

* See Appendix A, No. 1, page 43.

Tuesday.

I am not of opinion that the suggestion of the Poor Law Commissioners that separate wards should be provided in fever hospitals for cases of small-pox is a good one. In the Meath Hospital fever wards I do not remember a communicated case of small-pox in any fever patient for a quarter of a century.

Faithfully yours,

W. STOKES.

C. Fleming, esq., M.D.

Meath Hospital, 30th January, 1871.

Sir,
I am directed by the Board of Governors of this Hospital, in answer to your letter of 21st inst. relative to the small-pox in Belfast, to state for the information of the Board of Superintendence of Hospitals, that it is more than doubtful if the case alleged to be under treatment in this hospital was a case of small-pox. The patient left hospital well last Wednesday.

I am, &c.,

(Signed)

EDWARD STANLEY.

D. Phelan, esq., M.D.

No. 3.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

Sir,

14th February, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th instant, forwarding by direction of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, for their information, copy of a letter with its enclosure received from the Board of Superintendence of the City of Dublin Hospitals on the subject of an alleged case of small-pox under treatment in the Meath Hospital, and with regard to the Commissioners' suggestion, referred to by Dr. Stokes, that wards should be provided for the treatment of cases of small-pox, the Commissioners desire to state that the suggestion was founded upon cases of contagion communicated from the Workhouse Fever Hospital at Belfast by patients who left the Fever Hospital convalescent, carrying with them the seeds of disease contracted from patients treated in the same ward.

The Commissioners have the honour to forward for His Excellency's information a copy of a letter which has been addressed to Dr. Curran, Dispensary medical officer, on the subject of the admission of small pox patients to the Mater Misericordiae Hospital, which shows that a separate ward for small-pox is there the rule.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Thos. H. Burke, esq., &c., &c., Dublin Castle.

ENCLOSURES in foregoing LETTER.

Clerk's Office, North Brunswick-street, Dublin,

10th February, 1871.

Sir,

I beg herewith to forward you copy of a letter received from Dr. Curran as regards the admission of small-pox patients into the Mater Misericordiae Hospital.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

Thos. H. ATKINSON.

H. Robinson, esq.

Convent of our Lady of Mercy,
St. Catherine's, Baggot-street,

MY DEAR DR. CURRAN,

February 9th, 1871.

Will you kindly make known to the Committee of the North Union that we shall set apart two wards at the extremity of the new wing of the Mater Misericordiae Hospital for the reception of cases of small pox, but we cannot bind ourselves to admit more than we have vacancies for in these wards, as this would spread the contagion and endanger the lives of patients under treatment for other diseases. You may be sure the Sisters will not fall short of any assistance they can give the Dispensaries should this terrible disease become prevalent. At the same time we are obliged to have regard to the other patients, and cautiously avoid exposing them to new dangers, or giving them any reason for complaint.

Believe me, dear Dr. Curran,

Faithfully yours in J. C.,

Sister M. E. FORNE.

No. 4.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
SIR,

7th August, 1871.

With reference to the correspondence which took place in the early part of the present year on the subject of the arrangements for the reception and treatment of small-pox cases in the Dublin Hospitals, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland forward for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant the accompanying copy of a letter which they have received from Dr. Gerald Osbrey, one of the medical officers of the North City Dispensary District, reporting the occurrence of a case of small-pox in the person of a girl aged fourteen years, named Eliza Conlan, lately a patient in the Hardwicke Hospital, who states that there were some cases of small-pox in the ward of that hospital in which she had been under treatment for fever.

It would appear from Dr. Osbrey's statement that the disease of small-pox was contracted in the Hardwicke Hospital in this case.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Thomas H. Burke, esq., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

North Dublin Union, No. 2 District,
20, Coleraine-street,

GENTLEMEN,

July 29th, 1871.

I beg to report that a patient of the name of Eliza Conlan, wt. 14, affected with modified variola, and resident at 12 Greek-street, was sent by me to the Hardwicke Hospital on the 27th instant. The patient stated that she had left the Hardwicke Hospital some day previously to having been visited by me, and that there were some cases of small-pox in the ward in which she had been under treatment for fever. She had been vaccinated in childhood.

Yours, obedient,

The Poor Law Commissioners,

GERALD OSBREY,

No. 5.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER
SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
2nd October, 1871.

SIR,

With reference to their letter of the 28th August last, transmitting a letter from Dr. Fitzgibbon on the subject of the arrangements for the reception and treatment of cases of small-pox in the Dublin Hospitals, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have the honour to forward, for the information of their Excellencies the Lords Justices, the accompanying copy of a letter which they have received from Dr. Nowlan, one of the Medical Officers of the North City Dispensary District, reporting the occurrence of a case of small-pox in his district, the patient having, in his opinion, contracted the disease whilst in the Hardwicke Hospital; and several similar cases of persons admitted for fever and other diseases contracting small-pox in hospital, having come under his observation.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Thomas H. Burke, esq., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I have to report that Laurence Lawless, of 2, Lower Oriel-street, was this day removed to the Hardwicke Hospital, suffering from small-pox. He was discharged from that hospital some three weeks ago. I have no doubt he contracted the disease whilst in hospital. I take this opportunity of stating that several similar cases of persons admitted for fever and other diseases contracting small-pox in hospital have come under my observation. I believe that isolated special hospital accommodation is essential for successfully limiting the disease.

I remain, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

JOHN P. NOWLAN, Medical Officer,

No. 1, North City Dispensary.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 6.—LETTER from the CHIEF SECRETARY of the LORD
LIEUTENANT to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Dublin Castle, 19th October, 1871.

Referring to your letter of the 2nd instant, I am directed by the Lord Lieutenant to transmit to you the accompanying copy of a report which has been received from the Secretary of the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals, relative to the case of Laurence Lawless.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

HARTINGTON.

The Poor Law Commissioners.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

Sir,

35, Dawson-street, 17th October, 1871.

I am directed by the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals to acknowledge receipt of yours of the 4th October, No. 17,522, enclosing letter

from Poor Law Commissioners, with communication from Dr. Nowlan stating that a patient, Laurence Lawless, had been discharged from the Hardwicke Hospital "some three weeks ago," and that he was readmitted on the 26th of September suffering from small-pox. Dr. Nowlan had no doubt the disease was contracted in that hospital.

In reply I am directed to observe that the period stated to have elapsed—viz., "some three weeks"—between Lawless's leaving the hospital and his re-admission labouring under small-pox, renders it most improbable that it was in the Hardwicke Hospital he contracted the disease.

The Governors and the Medical Officers of the House of Industry Hospitals use their best efforts to prevent the spreading of small-pox.

Were it even desirable to erect "isolated special hospitals," on which there is diversity of opinion, there are no available funds.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) WM. J. MARTIN, Secretary.

T. H. Burke, esq., Under Secretary.

No. 7.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to Dr. NOLAN.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

SIR,

24th October, 1871.

Adverting to your letter of the 26th ultimo, reporting the occurrence of a case of small pox in your district of the North City Dispensary District, in the person of Laurence Lawless, of 2, Lower Oriel-street, who you were of opinion contracted the disease in the Hardwicke Hospital where he had been previously under treatment, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith a copy of a report on the subject from the Secretary of the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals, which has been forwarded to the Commissioners by the Chief Secretary of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, and the Commissioners request that you will have the goodness to favour them with your observations thereon.

The Commissioners would feel obliged by your stating, if you can, the date on which Lawless was discharged from the Hardwicke Hospital, and the date on which the disease of small-pox first manifested itself in him.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANES, Chief Clerk.

To Dr. Nowlan, Medical Officer, North City
Dispensary District, 46, Talbot-street.

No. 8.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the CHIEF SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

SIR,

24th October, 1871.

With reference to their letter of the 2nd instant, transmitting a letter from Dr. Nowlan, one of the Medical Officers of the North City Dispensary District of North Dublin Union, on the subject of the arrangements for the reception and treatment of cases of small-pox in the Dublin Hospitals, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have the honour to forward, for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, as another instance of the dissemination of small-pox from hospital, a copy of a letter which they have received from Dr. Usber, one of the Medical Officers of the Dundrum and Glencullen Dispensary

District of Rathdown Union, reporting the occurrence of a case of small-pox, at Neilstown, in that District, on the 18th instant, in the person of a police-constable named Robert Cody, aged about twenty years, who was lately a patient in the Hardwicke Fever Hospital, and had only returned home from thence a few days before.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Right Hon. the Marquess of Hartington, M.P.,
Chief Secretary, &c., &c., Dublin Castle.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

Dundrum, co. Dublin, 20th October, 1871.

GENTLEMEN.—In accordance with my instructions, I beg to inform you of a case of "small-pox" that occurred in my district on Wednesday last. I was sent for to see, at his mother's residence, in Neilstown, Police Constable Robert Cody, aged about twenty years, who had been but a few days home from the Hardwicke Fever Hospital, where he had been laid up for some weeks, and where he no doubt contracted the disease which developed itself a few hours before I saw him. Having explained the danger to his family, I immediately sent for the police van, and had him conveyed back to the Hardwicke Hospital, where he now lies, going on favourably, as I have been informed.

He had a good mark of primary vaccination. I revaccinated all the young members of his family, and had his room cleansed, chloride of lime, &c., being used, hoping thus to prevent the disease spreading.

I remain, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

ISAAC W. USHER.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

**No. 9.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER
SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.**

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

Sir,

1st November, 1871.

With reference to the report from the Secretary of the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals, relative to the case of Laurence Lawless, a convalescent fever patient, who was recently discharged from the Hardwicke Hospital, and was shortly afterwards found to be suffering from small-pox, a copy of which was forwarded to the Commissioners by direction of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, on the 19th ultimo, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have now the honour to forward, for the information of His Excellency, a copy of a further report which they have received from Dr. Nowlan, relating to the case, dated the 27th ultimo, in which he advertises also to other cases of a similar nature, and to the danger convalescent patients incur when small-pox cases are treated in or near to the fever wards.

A separate hospital for small-pox cases has now been established by the Board of Guardians of North Dublin Union, and was opened for the reception of patients on Saturday last.

The South Dublin Board have determined, for a similar purpose of treatment and isolation, to erect sheds within the grounds of the Meath Hospital, with the approval of the Governors.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Under Secretary of His Excellency the
Lord Lieutenant, Dublin Castle.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

GENTLEMEN,

46, Talbot-street, 27th October, 1871.

I received yours of the 24th instant, No. 26,356, enclosing a letter from the Secretary of the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals for my observations. I may remark that the date of readmission into hospital is no evidence of the duration of the disease. I visited Lawless the 22nd of September; he was then in the febrile stage of the disease; the period of incubation of small-pox is fixed at from ten to sixteen days. His friends state he sickened a week after leaving hospital, they cannot fix the exact date nearer than it was between the 17th and 22nd of September. Since my report of the father's case, *four cases of small-pox have occurred in this family*, resulting in two deaths. My colleague, Dr. Ferguson, now in charge of this portion of the district, has reported these cases. I entertain no doubt that the admission of small-pox into general hospitals tends to spread the disease. I have procured a list of some cases in my district which I append in proof of my statement. It is but fair to state that the same observations apply to the Mater Misericordiae Hospital. Sanitary Sergeant Berry has drawn my attention to them and other cases *out of my district*, I have confined myself to these cases of which I have knowledge when they suffered from fever previous to admission into hospital. Within these few days I visited each house, in order to verify the correctness of the list. Some years ago I remember patients going into the Hardwicke Hospital and contracting small-pox there. I spoke to Dr. McDowell on the subject; I visited a hospital ward with him, every possible sanitary precaution was taken, but yet without effect. While I believe vaccination can resist the ordinary infestation of small-pox, yet to expose a patient convalescing from fever to an atmosphere highly impregnated with small-pox poison, is to run the risk of producing the disease in its worst form. Each patient discharged from hospital on his or her return home serves as a fresh centre for spreading the disease. I believe isolated special hospitals for treating the disease, with a convalescent hospital some distance from town, where the patient could remain until fully recovered, and all further risk of contagion avoided. I make these observations in the interest of the sick poor, and knowing your anxiety to prevent the further spread of the disease.

I remain, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

JOHN P. NOWLAN.

To the Poor Law Commissioners.

LIST REFERRED TO.

- No. 1. Henry Loftus, of 4, Gregg's-lane, admitted to the Hardwicke Hospital with fever, readmitted with small-pox.
- No. 2. Joseph Loftus, of 4, Gregg's-lane, admitted to the Hardwicke Hospital with fever, readmitted with small-pox.
- No. 3. Robert Charleston, of Johnson's-court, admitted to the Hardwicke Hospital with fever, readmitted with small-pox.
- No. 4. Edward Molloy, of Strong's-court, admitted to the Hardwicke Hospital with pleurisy, readmitted with small-pox.
- No. 5. Jane Meehan, of 4, Courtney place, admitted with fever, got small-pox in hospital.
- No. 6. Anne Power, of 9, Kelly's-row, admitted to the Mater Misericordiae Hospital with fever, returned on the fifth day to the Hardwicke Hospital with small-pox.
- No. 7. Bridget Doyle, of 9, Lower Temple-street, admitted to the Mater Misericordiae Hospital with scartifia, readmitted on fourth day with small-pox.
- No. 8. Her sister, Catherine Doyle, of 9, Lower Temple-street, went to the Mater Misericordiae Hospital with small-pox and died there.

JOHN P. NOWLAN.

28th October, 1871.

No. 10.—EXTRACT from LETTER from the BOARD OF SUPERINTENDENCE to the UNDER SECRETARY—referred to the COMMISSIONERS.

Sir,
Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals,
Office, 35, Dawson-street, 2nd November, 1871.

I am directed by the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 27th ultimo.

In reference to case of Police Constable Cody, alleged to have taken small-pox in the Hardwicke Fever Hospital, it does not appear that he was in a ward with small-pox cases, nor is the interval stated that elapsed between his discharge from hospital and the breaking out of the disease; this is a matter on which there should be precision, as the length of interval is of use, in arriving at a probable knowledge of the place in which the infection was caught; hence it does not appear where Cody contracted the disease.

Small-pox patients are admitted to the wards in the Hardwicke Hospital, and always have been since its foundation; it is much better that such practice should continue with its risks, than that small-pox patients should be denied admission, as the disease is more likely to spread its contagion among the poor in their own ill-ventilated and crowded apartments, than in the large and airy wards of the Hardwicke Hospital.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM J. MARTIN, Secretary.

R. N. Matheson, esq.,
Chief Secretary's Office, Dublin Castle.

No. 11.—LETTER from the CHIEF SECRETARY'S OFFICE to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN, Dublin Castle, 13th November, 1871.

With reference to previous correspondence relative to the arrangements for the reception and treatment of small-pox cases in Dublin Hospitals, I am directed by the Lord Lieutenant to transmit to you copy of a further letter from the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals on the subject.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

R. N. MATHESON.

The Poor Law Commissioners.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

Sir,
Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals,
Office, 35, Dawson-street, 7th November, 1871.

I am directed by the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals to acknowledge receipt of your letter, No. 19,300, of the 4th instant, transmitting for their information a communication from the Poor Law Commissioners, together with a letter from Dr. J. Nowlan, of the 27th ult., respecting the dissemination of small-pox, with appended list of cases.

I am directed to inform you, for the information of His Excellency, that the Board do not think it necessary to make any further observations beyond those contained in their letters of the 17th October and the 2nd inst.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) W. J. MARTIN, Secretary.

R. N. Matheson, esq.

No. 12.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY.

SIR,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
27th November, 1871.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland return to you herewith the letter from the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals, dated the 2nd inst., which was referred to them on the 4th inst., in reference to the case of Police Constable Cody, who was alleged to have taken small-pox while under treatment as a patient in the Hardwicke Hospital; and in reference thereto the Commissioners have the honour to forward for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, a copy of a letter dated 17th inst., which they have received from Dr. Usher, by whom the case was originally brought under their notice, from which it appears that Cody left the hospital on the 13th October, and that on the 18th of that month Dr. Usher saw him covered with the eruption.

It would appear from the letter of the Board of Superintendence now returned, as well as from that of the 17th October last (both of which are referred to in their letter of the 7th inst., a copy of which was forwarded to the Commissioners with your letter of the 13th instant), that the practice complained of by Dispensary Medical Officers, and represented by the Commissioners to His Excellency, still continued and was intended to be continued; but the Commissioners have learned, from inquiry recently made by their Inspector, Mr. Robinson, that this is not the case—that wards quite separate from the rest of the hospital have been provided, and are now in use for small-pox cases; and the Commissioners trust, therefore, that there will be no further occasion for the Commissioners to address His Excellency on the subject.

Your obedient servant,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To R. N. Matheson, esq.,
Chief Secretary's Office, Dublin Castle.

ENCLOSURE in foregoing LETTER.

GENTLEMEN, Dundrum, Co. Dublin, November 17th, 1871.

In answer to your letter dated November 13th, 1871, asking me to report to you what length of time elapsed between Constable Cody's discharge from the Hardwicke Hospital and the breaking out of the small-pox on his person, I beg to inform you that he left said hospital on the 13th of October to go to Neilstown in my district, and on the 18th of same month I was sent for to see him, when I found him covered with the eruption, which clearly shows he brought home the disease, of which he was much afraid when in hospital.

On inquiry this day, I find he is home again from hospital at his own request, and just at a time when he will be most likely to spread the disease.

I remain, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

I. W. USHER.

No. 13.—LETTER from the CLERK of the SOUTH DUBLIN UNION to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT, referred to the COMMISSIONERS.

SIR, South Dublin Union, Clerk's Office, Board Room,
James's-street, 11th day of January, 1872.

I have the honour to enclose copy of a report laid before the Board of Guardians of this Union by their Relieving Officer, Entwistle, at

their meeting this day, on the subject of providing accommodation for persons recovering from small-pox, and to convey their respectful request that you will have the goodness to submit same to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

I have the honour, &c.,

GEO. HEPBURN, Clerk of the Union.

To the Under Secretary,
Secretary's Office, Dublin Castle.

RELIEVING OFFICER'S REPORT, enclosed in foregoing LETTER.

9th January, 1872.

I beg to report for the information of the Board of Guardians of the South Dublin Union, that persons recovering from small-pox have applied to me for admission to the Workhouse. As I believe it would not be safe to admit such persons, fearing it would be the means of communicating the infection to the inmates, I therefore bring this matter under the notice of the Board, and would respectfully urge upon them the necessity of providing some place for their reception; and if the part of Grangegorman Prison cannot be obtained, that, as in the time of the cholera a house in Nicholas-street was provided for persons recovering from that disease, a similar house should at once be provided and fitted up for persons recovering from small-pox.

E. ENTWISSELE, Relieving Officer.

**No. 14.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of
GUARDIANS of SOUTH DUBLIN UNION.**

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

SIR,

13th January, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have received from the office of the Chief Secretary of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant a letter addressed by you to the Under Secretary on the 11th inst., forwarding copy of a report made to the Board of Guardians of South Dublin Union by Mr. Entwistle, relieving officer, suggesting the necessity of providing some separate place for the reception of persons recovering from small-pox, who make application for admission into the Workhouse, and in reference thereto, the Commissioners desire to inform the Board of Guardians that the inquiry made by the medical inspector as referred to in their letter to the Board of Guardians of the 11th inst., has resulted in a report altogether adverse to the proposal of using part of Grangegorman Prison for a convalescent home for small-pox patients.

The Commissioners think no time should be lost by the Guardians of South Dublin Union in providing a convalescent home to be separately occupied under their own control and that of their officers, and that an immediate meeting of the Board should take place for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements.

The Guardians of North Dublin Union have, as the Commissioners are apprized, already taken steps to provide themselves with accommodation for the purpose under their own separate control.

By order, &c.,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of South Dublin Union.

No. 15.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of NORTH DUBLIN UNION.

SIR,
Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
13th January, 1872.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to inform the Board of Guardians of North Dublin Union, that a letter addressed by the Board of Guardians of South Dublin Union on the 11th inst. to the Under Secretary of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant on the subject of providing a convalescent home for small-pox patients has been forwarded to them, and that the Commissioners have informed the Board of Guardians in reply that the inquiry made by their Medical Inspector, Dr. King, has resulted in a report altogether adverse to the proposal of using part of Grangegorman Prison for a convalescent home for small-pox patients.

The Commissioners think no time should be lost by the Guardians in providing a convalescent home to be separately occupied under their own control and that of their officers, and that an immediate meeting of the Board should take place for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements.

The Commissioners believe that some steps have been already taken by the Board of Guardians of North Dublin Union with this object.

By order, &c.,
B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of North Dublin Union.

No. 16.—REPORT from MR. ROBINSON, Poor Law Inspector, to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN, Kingstown, January 20, 1872.

With reference to the correspondence that has taken place on the subject of a convalescent home for small-pox patients discharged from hospitals in Dublin, I have now the honour to inform you that the North and South Dublin Boards of Guardians have made arrangements to establish convalescent hospitals in their respective Unions.

In the North Dublin Union a portion of the Auxiliary Workhouse at Glasnevin has been set apart for the purpose, and the convalescent hospital there will be ready for occupation on Monday next; in the South Dublin Union a somewhat similar arrangement has been made at the Auxiliary Workhouse at Kilmainham, and this hospital will be open this evening.

In both Unions all communication has been cut off between the wards and yards allocated to the convalescent small-pox patients and the other parts of the auxiliaries; there is a separate entrance to each department, and the duties of the resident officers will be confined exclusively to the convalescent hospitals in which they are employed.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

HENRY ROBINSON.

The Poor Law Commissioners.

No. 17.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,

Sir,

20th January, 1872.

With reference to previous correspondence on the subject the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have the honour to forward for the inspection of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant the accompanying copy of a report from their inspector Mr. Robinson, showing the arrangements made by the Boards of Guardians of the North and South Dublin Unions, to establish convalescent hospitals in their respective Unions for the reception of small-pox patients discharged from the Union hospitals.

The letter of relieving officer Eatwissle, forwarded to the Chief Secretary's office by the Guardians of South Dublin Union on the 11th inst., and referred to the Commissioners, appears to relate to convalescents from the small-pox hospitals generally, and not to those of the Poor Law Unions only; and the Commissioners fear that the provision made by the Unions, as described in Mr. Robinson's report, being available only for the Poor Law convalescents, will leave it necessary for some similar provision to be made for convalescents from other hospitals.

The Commissioners understand from the public press that the health committee of the Corporation are still looking out for a proper building for a convalescent home; but it occurs to the Commissioners to be worthy of consideration whether this duty does not properly belong to the Board of Superintendence of Dublin Hospitals in relation to the Hardwicke Fever Hospital, which is wholly supported by parliamentary grant, and also to the Cork-street Hospital, which receives an annual subsidy from the same fund, and which, as well as the Hardwicke, is under the superintendence of that Board. It is probable that the funds assigned for the service of the present year are not more than sufficient for the ordinary requirements of the several hospitals subsidised from the annual grant; but it might be practicable to obtain from the Lords of the Treasury permission to exceed the limits of the annual grant on an occasion so pressing as the present, and to remedy the deficiency hereafter by a supplementary estimate.

The letter from the Guardians of South Dublin Union (with its enclosure) is herewith returned.

By order, &c.,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Thomas H. Burke, &c., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

No. 18.—LETTER from the UNDER SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT to the COMMISSIONERS.

GENTLEMEN,

Dublin Castle, 15th February, 1872.

With reference to your letter of the 24th ultimo, relative to providing convalescent wards for small-pox patients, I am directed by the Lord Lieutenant to transmit to you herewith copies of communications from the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals on the subject, together with copies of the enclosures therein.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

T. H. BURKE.

The Poor Law Commissioners, Custom House.

ENCLOSURES in foregoing LETTER.

Sir,
Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals' Office,
35, Dawson-street, 13th February, 1872.

In reference to my letter of the 7th inst. addressed to you, I beg to enclose for the information of His Excellency copies of replies received from the Board of Governors of the House of Industry Hospitals, and from the Managing Committee of the Cork-street Fever Hospital; and to draw His Excellency's attention to the communication from the Board of Governors of the House of Industry Hospitals, from which it appears that by Act 14 & 15 Vic., cap. 68, sec. 19, the Poor Law Commissioners are the "Commissioners for executing the powers and purposes of the Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Act, 1848," and that under that Act on the Poor Law Commissioners devolves the responsibility of taking whatever measures may be necessary for preventing or mitigating epidemic, endemic, or contagious diseases.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. J. MARTIN, Secretary.

Thomas H. Burke, esq.,
Under Secretary, Dublin Castle.

(COPY.)

Sir,
Fever Hospital, Cork-street, Dublin,
8th February, 1872.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of yesterday's date, and am directed to state in reply, that the Governors of this institution have had open for some time a convalescent ward for the exclusive use of small-pox patients. This ward contains beds in proportion to the full number of acute cases of that disease which the Hospital can accommodate.

The Governors also wish to call attention to the fact that the establishment and maintenance of the *special wards* for acute and convalescent patients under small-pox, have totally exhausted the ordinary funds at their disposal, and they have been obliged to appeal to the public for means to enable them to continue to keep these wards open; they regret to state that up to the present much success has not attended this effort.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) T. F. EUSTACE, Registrar.

W. J. Martin, esq., Secretary, Board of
Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals.

(COPY.)

Sir,
House of Industry Hospitals, Dublin,
8th February, 1872.

I am directed by the Board of Governors of the House of Industry Hospitals (which includes the Hardwicke Fever Hospital) to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th inst., with enclosures, and to acquaint you in reply, for the information of the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals, that the Governors have not the power, nor have they any funds with which to erect or maintain any buildings to serve as Convalescent Hospitals.

The Governors have done all in their power to meet the present epidemic visitation, not only to the full extent to which their funds have enabled them, but they have incurred a considerable debt in continuing their efforts; and they regret they must now contract the admissions, as they cannot feel justified in increasing their debt.

This Board addressed communications to the Poor Law Commissioners and Public Health Committee of the Corporation some months since, informing them that the accommodation of the Hardwicke Fever Hospital was exhausted.

I am further to observe that by the Act 14 & 15 Vic., cap. 68, sec. 19, 1851, the Poor Law Commissioners are appointed the Commissioners for executing in Ireland the powers and purposes of "The Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Act 1848;" and that under that Act the Poor Law Commissioners are empowered to take measures generally for "preventing or mitigating such epidemic, endemic, or contagious diseases, in such manner as may seem expedient," and may authorize and require Boards of Guardians to carry out such measures.

This Board therefore quite concur in the observations of the Board of Superintendence that the responsibility of providing convalescent hospitals, or whatever extended hospital accommodation is required, devolves wholly on the Poor Law authorities.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed) JAS. W. HEGARTY, Secretary, &c.

W. J. Martin, esq., M.A., Secretary to
Board of Superintendence of the
DUBLIN Hospitals.

Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals' Office,
35, Dawson-street, 7th February, 1872.

I am directed by the Board of Superintendence of the Dublin Hospitals to forward to the Governors of the House of Industry Hospitals, and to the Managing Committee of the Cork-street Fever Hospital, copies of your letter of the 2nd inst., No. 1,287, requesting to be informed whether such convalescent hospitals can be provided by the Governors of the above institutions.

I have further to observe as to the advisability of establishing convalescent hospitals, that the Board of Superintendence is of opinion that such a measure would be most desirable, but the Board has no power in the matter, its functions being confined altogether to the supervision of certain hospitals in the city of Dublin, and the economic management of their funds.

The Board of Superintendence understands that the law imposes on the Poor Law Commissioners and the respective Boards of Guardians the duty of providing all such extended hospital accommodation as may be required to meet epidemic visitations.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. J. MARTIN, Secretary.

Thomas H. Burke, esq.,
Under Secretary, DUBLIN CASTLE.

APPENDIX D.

TABULAR RETURNS IN CONNEXION WITH RELIEF UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.

[Note.—In this series of Tables, the Unions are classed in the Counties and Provinces in which the chief or central place of the respective Unions is situated; but many of the Unions comprise parts of more than one County or Province. The total of Population and Area of the Unions in the respective Counties and Provinces, as arranged in these Tables, will not, therefore, agree with the summaries of those Counties and Provinces in the Census Returns. An Alphabetical Index List of the Dispensary Districts is annexed (No. 6), showing the name of the Union in which each District is situated, and referring to the table and page to which the particulars relating to each District are to be found.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT of the DISPENSARY DISTRICTS formed in the Poor Law Unions in Ireland up to 25th March, 1872, (arranged in Provinces and Counties), according to Orders issued from time to time, by the Commissioners, in pursuance of § 6 of 14 and 15 Vic., c. 68.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts,	No. of Electoral Districts in each	Popula- tion: 1861:	Area: in Square Acrea.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.			No. of Members of Councils of Management	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.				
					Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.				
PROVINCE OF ULSTER,														
COUNTY OF ANTRIM.														
ANTRIM UNION.					A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.				
1. Antrim,	10	6,253	14,378 1 16	21,898 14 0	19	1	-	-	-	-				
2. Crumlin,	5,743	23,848 1 23	23,685 10 0	15	1	-	-	-	-	-				
3. Templepatrick,	5,652	21,172 3 19	23,197 5 0	17	1	-	-	-	-	-				
4. Dough,	6,940	15,292 0 13	19,136 5 0	15	1	-	-	-	-	-				
5. Connor,	5,975	21,609 2 2	13,631 4 0	15	1	-	-	-	-	-				
6. Randalstown,	4	9,049	20,617 3 25	20,617 7 0	13	1	-	-	-	-				
	19	89,682	117,319 0 28	122,116 5 0	94	6	-	-	-	-				
BALLCastle UNION.														
1. Ballycastle,	7	8,491	45,205 2 33	19,306 9 0	23	1	-	-	-	-				
2. Creagh,	4	6,557	22,665 0 9	14,367 12 0	17	1	-	-	-	-				
3. Cushendall,	4	4,675	34,326 2 1	9,961 14 0	15	1	-	-	-	-				
	15	19,653	102,197 1 8	43,608 15 0	55	3	-	-	-	-				
BALLYMENA UNION.														
1. Ballymena,	11,630	8,282 0 22	25,418 13 0	19	1	-	-	-	-	1				
2. Glagorm,	11,196	15,896 0 25	17,437 13 0	22	1	-	-	-	-	-				
3. Abeghill,	8,959	14,339 3 16	13,441 13 0	17	1	-	-	-	-	-				
4. Portglenone,	10,056	17,205 0 26	12,929 9 0	17	1	-	-	-	-	-				
5. Clogh,	7,963	26,524 2 24	12,231 11 0	20	1	-	-	-	-	-				
6. Broughshane,	7,978	30,665 2 34	14,273 9 0	13	1	-	-	-	-	-				
7. Gleahiberry,	7,155	32,710 3 18	13,921 12 0	13	1	-	-	-	-	-				
8. Tocue,	8,630	15,714 3 14	12,855 15 0	15	1	-	-	-	-	-				
	23	74,597	161,161 1 19	122,498 15 0	136	8	-	-	-	1				
BALLYMONEY UNION.														
1. Ballymoney,	4	10,043	21,683 3 23	24,410 3 0	24	1	-	-	-	-				
2. Dervock,	5,801	20,719 0 35	14,705 9 0	20	1	-	-	-	-	-				
3. Castle Quarter,	5	6,510	35,831 0 24	14,692 4 0	20	1	-	-	-	-				
4. Dinnar,	5	9,406	25,971 3 10	14,943 15 0	23	1	-	-	-	-				
5. Kilrea,	4	3,663	22,382 1 15	12,864 5 0	16	1	-	-	-	-				
	22	41,583	127,518 1 27	81,817 16 0	103	5	-	-	-	-				
BELFAST UNION.														
1. Belfast,	7	126,975	31,334 2 16	454,920 11 0	89	10	2	3	-	-				
2. Castlereagh,	5	17,654	16,477 0 0	33,639 5 0	40	3	-	1	-	-				
	12	144,629	47,811 2 24	537,569 16 0	129	13	2	4	-	-				
LARNE UNION.														
1. Glenarm,	3	5,952	36,210 3 20	13,336 4 0	15	1	-	-	-	1				
2. Larne,	4	9,119	30,395 1 18	26,516 11 0	21	1	-	-	-	-				
3. Ballymure,	5	5,634	20,305 3 27	15,027 0 0	15	1	-	-	-	-				
4. Ballycarry,	5	4,950	14,157 1 24	16,641 9 0	15	1	-	-	-	-				
5. Carrickfergus,	1	9,432	16,702 0 34	23,355 7 0	21	1	-	-	-	1				
	13	35,037	117,723 3 3	92,286 11 0	87	5	-	-	-	2				

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Popu- lation: 1851.	Area: in Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1851.			No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Medical Appointees.	Number of Midwives.							
					Column 1.	2.	3.										
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—continued.																	
COUNTY OF ANTRIM—cont.																	
LISBURN UNION.					A.	B.	C.	E.	S.	d.							
1. Lisburn, .	4	14,671	11,035	1 35	30,336	6	0	23	1	—							
2. Hillsborough, .	4	11,347	16,746	2 32	24,263	0	0	17	1	—							
3. Knocknacross, .	4	6,763	16,525	0 27	20,662	0	0	15	1	—							
4. Glenavy, .	4	6,812	18,173	0 6	19,422	0	0	17	1	—							
5. Downpatrick, .	3	7,848	12,639	2 15	20,466	0	0	21	1	—							
6. Ballynahinch, .	2	6,107	12,033	1 31	15,417	0	0	13	1	—							
7. Saintfield, .	3	5,411	12,568	0 13	13,305	0	0	19	1	—							
8. Annalong, .	3	7,923	17,629	0 19	15,306	0	0	13	1	—							
	27	66,882	119,842	2 18	167,767	0	0	138	8	—							
COUNTY OF ARMAGH.																	
ARMAGH UNION.																	
1. Armagh, .	3	14,684	13,764	1 21	40,246	7	0	29	1	—							
2. Blackwaterstown, .	3	8,276	16,819	1 11	22,049	0	0	15	1	—							
3. Caledon, .	1	2,482	7,869	1 5	9,429	0	0	9	1	—							
4. Tynan, .	3	7,396	19,761	1 24	24,506	7	0	20	1	—							
5. Keady, .	5	16,047	35,930	3 2	32,644	17	0	17	1	—							
6. Markethill, .	4	11,652	25,361	2 37	28,576	12	0	15	1	—							
7. Rich Hill, .	3	9,398	16,889	0 5	25,110	5	0	15	1	—							
8. Loughgall, .	4	10,585	16,057	0 36	21,904	13	0	15	1	—							
	26	69,810	154,253	0 21	293,667	1	0	135	8	—							
LURGAN UNION.																	
1. Lurgan, .	4	20,340	18,449	3 23	38,024	0	0	29	2	—							
2. Aghalee, .	3	4,283	12,317	1 27	13,992	0	0	15	1	—							
3. Moira, .	3	8,596	13,903	2 15	20,529	0	0	19	1	—							
4. Waringstown, .	3	11,074	11,856	2 32	17,399	0	0	17	1	—							
5. Portadown, .	3	15,676	11,939	3 21	33,350	0	0	17	1	—							
6. Tullyaghagan, .	3	11,558	13,266	3 39	15,427	0	0	18	1	—							
	19	73,930	73,464	1 37	158,592	0	0	115	7	—							
COUNTY OF CAVAN.																	
BAILEBOROUGH UNION.																	
1. Baileborough, .	5	10,956	31,514	0 2	10,063	2	0	19	1	—							
2. Shanesk, .	2	4,125	11,275	1 5	6,470	17	0	11	1	—							
3. Kingscourt, .	3	4,550	13,106	3 6	9,110	7	0	13	1	—							
4. Crossbans, .	1	1,788	8,212	2 39	2,523	5	0	9	1	—							
5. Terman, .	1	1,660	4,000	1 18	2,602	6	0	9	1	—							
	12	23,079	65,900	0 59	39,569	17	0	61	5	—							
BAWNBURY UNION.																	
1. Ballymenagh, .	7	7,718	30,700	0 26	14,868	19	0	36	1	—							
2. Ballinamore, .	6	7,894	26,498	1 25	10,477	11	0	26	1	—							
3. Swanlinbar, .	6	5,922	25,500	1 19	6,508	3	0	19	1	—							
4. Newtowngate, .	6	5,274	18,404	2 30	7,775	6	0	19	1	—							
	25	26,908	104,563	2 20	39,629	19	0	100	4	—							
CAVAN UNION.																	
1. Arvagh, .	4	6,294	17,971	3 13	10,091	15	0	19	1	—							
2. Bellanagh, .	4	6,139	16,602	2 25	10,699	7	0	19	1	—							
3. Ballyhaise, .	5	7,659	18,791	3 9	13,733	17	0	27	1	—							
4. Belcarbet, .	5	7,670	21,550	1 30	16,138	15	0	26	1	—							
5. Cavan, .	4	10,625	26,251	2 14	23,462	19	0	27	1	—							
6. Killeshinagh, .	3	5,559	16,556	2 9	11,595	0	0	18	1	—							
7. Kilnaleek, .	4	7,770	21,111	2 4	13,559	10	0	17	1	—							
8. Stradone, .	4	6,946	21,243	2 32	11,264	2	0	17	1	—							
	33	58,662	160,662	0 16	111,246	5	0	170	8	—							

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Medical Officers and Dispensaries open,	Popu- lation: 1861,	Area in Square Acres	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.			No. of Members of Committee of Management,	No. of Medical Officers,	Number of Appointees,	Number of Members,								
					1.	2.												
Column 1.																		
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—continued.																		
COUNTY OF CAVAN—con-					s.	m.	r.	d.										
CONTINUED UNION.																		
1. Coalisland,	4	11,883	27,031	2 14	19,522	7	0	19	1	—								
2. Dawson Grove,	4	7,643	22,424	2 35	17,386	10	0	19	1	—								
3. Drum,	6	10,683	29,737	3 6	21,029	3	0	19	1	—								
4. Tullyvin,	5	8,942	26,653	3 27	14,170	19	0	19	1	—								
	19	35,461	105,848	0 2	72,158	19	0	76	6	—								
COUNTY OF DONEGAL.																		
BALLYSHANNON UNION.																		
1. Ballyshannon,	4	10,849	25,452	2 10	17,838	10	0	21	1	—								
2. Bellhook,	5	6,779	21,630	0 1	16,037	14	0	23	1	—								
3. Cragh Hill,	2	2,004	26,727	0 23	6,075	5	0	11	1	—								
4. Kinlough,	5	8,152	32,416	1 25	8,735	12	0	17	1	—								
5. Ballintra,	2	3,497	16,056	1 22	5,881	1	0	11	1	—								
	21	32,181	132,352	2 11	50,568	10	0	83	5	—								
DONEGAL UNION.																		
1. Pettigo,	3	3,568	26,006	2 10	4,235	15	0	11	1	—								
2. Laby,	3	5,736	29,475	0 14	7,912	13	0	11	1	—								
3. Donegal,	5	7,767	43,429	2 19	9,724	1	0	16	1	—								
4. Meencharles,	4	8,215	33,926	3 23	6,624	14	0	15	1	—								
5. Dunginnesy,	3	5,862	17,560	3 12	5,581	17	0	15	1	—								
	18	31,258	169,411	0 3	34,130	0	0	68	5	—								
DUNFANAGHY UNION.																		
1. Dunfanaghy,	5	5,767	32,212	0 25	5,772	12	0	17	1	—								
2. Crossroads,	5	11,559	33,437	3 28	5,660	4	0	17	1	—								
	10	17,326	125,650	0 13	11,432	16	0	34	4	—								
GLENSTIES UNION.																		
1. Dungfons,	3	12,828	72,223	0 37	4,264	2	0	15	1	—								
2. Gleaties,	5	7,084	72,325	3 27	4,239	14	0	15	1	—								
3. Carrick,	6	8,481	51,128	2 12	3,690	13	0	13	1	—								
4. Ardara,	5	7,294	44,764	0 6	4,281	13	0	15	1	—								
5. Killybegs,	3	4,222	16,913	3 25	3,328	16	0	13	1	—								
	27	39,309	257,429	2 27	10,024	18	0	71	5	—								
INISHOWEN UNION.																		
1. Ardara,	4	6,431	35,325	3 31	7,379	12	0	18	1	—								
2. Clonmany,	3	5,658	23,375	3 30	4,376	1	0	11	1	—								
3. Moville,	6	10,329	38,688	2 10	12,521	12	0	17	1	—								
4. Malin,	4	8,100	26,269	0 25	7,374	0	0	15	1	—								
5. Buncrana,	4	6,694	35,618	1 20	7,023	16	0	14	1	—								
	21	37,292	150,407	3 36	38,675	1	0	75	5	—								
LETTERKENNY UNION.																		
1. Letterkenney,	3	7,451	22,459	0 4	13,106	11	0	23	1	—								
2. Maghereshulisham,	5	4,650	18,611	2 0	10,361	2	0	15	1	—								
3. Church Hill,	6	6,837	60,136	1 37	6,376	9	0	21	1	—								
	14	32,932	101,907	0 1	30,944	2	0	59	3	—								

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Elector- al Districts in each.	Popu- lation: 1851.	Area: In Square Miles.	Poor Law Valuation: 1851.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	No. of Apotropaic.	No. of Registers.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—continued.								
COUNTY OF DOWN—con.								
MILFORD UNION.			A. B. P.	L. s. d.				
1. Rathmelfort, .	3	6,268	19,567 1 18	11,081 5 0	17	1	—	—
2. Rathmallan, .	3	3,343	11,434 3 15	3,540 5 0	15	1	—	—
3. Kilmazrenan and Milford, .	4	5,977	20,655 1 15	5,621 8 0	15	1	—	—
4. Fannet, .	5	7,015	20,812 3 27	6,024 6 0	19	1	—	—
5. Roughty, .	4	5,583	24,464 1 11	5,375 1 0	11	1	—	—
	19	28,226	111,334 3 4	29,642 5 0	77	5	—	1
STRABANE UNION,								
1. Killygordon, .	4	6,130	36,757 2 31	11,413 17 0	19	1	—	1
2. Strabane, .	3	7,567	39,425 5 1	13,681 0 0	18	1	—	1
3. Cloghan, .	4	6,281	55,967 0 22	5,446 1 0	13	1	—	1
	11	19,978	121,150 2 14	29,940 18 0	50	3	—	3
COUNTY OF DOWN.								
BANBROOK UNION.								
1. Banbridge, .	4	21,547	24,600 1 16	48,257 12 0	29	1	—	—
2. Downe, .	5	10,749	15,002 0 28	21,767 16 0	23	1	—	—
3. Crossgar, .	3	6,067	16,209 0 30	18,255 19 0	14	1	—	—
4. Ballyward, .	4	11,431	24,780 2 19	18,352 0 0	17	1	—	—
5. Loughbrickland, .	5	11,584	26,446 5 14	26,778 2 0	23	1	—	—
6. Tandragee, .	4	10,539	17,713 1 0	26,251 14 0	19	1	—	—
	23	71,918	124,933 1 28	156,663 3 0	130	6	—	—
DOWNSPATRICK UNION.								
1. Downpatrick, .	3	8,925	18,705 3 2	20,033 15 0	21	1	—	—
2. Clogh, .	4	8,550	23,857 2 15	23,576 2 0	17	1	—	—
3. Ballynahinch, .	4	10,492	21,254 1 32	27,199 0 0	17	1	—	—
4. Killyleagh, .	4	11,465	25,665 2 19	31,666 10 0	19	1	—	—
5. Killough, .	3	6,117	17,309 0 38	23,823 12 0	17	1	—	—
6. Strangford, .	3	4,861	17,555 2 2	20,185 15 0	17	1	—	—
7. Portaferry, .	3	7,261	16,032 2 0	20,248 2 0	17	1	—	—
	24	57,969	147,360 2 28	174,592 16 0	125	7	—	—
KILLEEN UNION.								
1. Kilkeel, .	5	18,070	47,002 3 19	20,621 2 0	23	2	—	—
2. Bryansford, .	3	6,162	21,420 0 6	12,430 18 0	17	1	—	—
3. Roscrea, .	2	5,382	12,526 1 8	6,391 5 0	21	1	—	—
	10	29,614	81,629 0 33	41,043 5 0	61	4	—	2
NEWRY UNION.								
1. Newry, .	2	19,759	16,478 2 18	46,166 2 0	23	2	—	—
2. Warrenpoint, .	2	6,917	18,168 3 14	15,215 11 0	17	1	—	—
3. Rathfriland, .	4	11,068	27,850 0 29	20,036 6 0	15	1	—	—
4. Mollaghglass, .	3	9,163	16,129 3 2	19,289 6 0	17	1	—	—
5. Meenmorris, .	3	6,349	17,958 2 12	15,850 19 0	17	1	—	—
6. Magher, .	2	6,955	13,848 3 20	10,337 5 0	11	1	—	—
7. Forkhill, .	2	5,196	11,490 0 2	7,154 13 0	9	1	—	—
8. Donaghmore, .	2	4,843	13,531 1 82	16,540 15 0	11	1	—	—
9. Pointpasse, .	1	5,261	7,505 2 20	10,371 14 0	9	1	—	—
	22	74,311	137,074 3 39	160,562 11 0	120	10	—	2

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts.	No. of Dispensary Districts in each.	Popula- tion: 1881.	Area: In Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.	E. s. d.		No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Appointees.	Number of Midwives.
					4.	5.				
Column 1.	2.	3.								
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—continued.										
COUNTY OF DOWN—con.					A. B. P.	E. s. d.				
NEWTOWNARDLES UNION.										
1. Newtownards, .	3	15,906	17,316	1 1	27,723	2 0	15	2	—	—
2. Comber, .	5	6,918	16,641	0 33	23,855	15 0	13	1	—	—
3. Kilnaan, .	6	5,738	14,594	1 34	16,807	10 0	13	1	—	—
4. Grey Abbey, .	4	9,345	18,678	2 21	23,007	7 0	17	2	—	—
5. Donaghadee, .	6	7,499	8,593	0 7	15,133	7 0	15	1	—	—
6. Bangor, .	1	8,022	17,026	3 31	27,057	13 0	17	1	—	—
	16	53,426	93,850	2 7	133,694	14 0	90	6	—	—
COUNTY OF FERMANAGH.										
ENNISKILLEN UNION.										
1. Enniskillen, .	7	13,621	30,640	2 32	35,130	8 0	49	1	—	1
2. Temple, .	6	8,398	30,913	2 17	14,634	3 0	26	1	—	—
3. Lisbellaw, .	3	2,791	10,634	0 9	7,333	16 0	15	1	—	—
4. Ely, .	8	6,895	40,261	1 26	19,611	2 0	35	1	—	—
5. Holywell, .	10	9,215	49,599	3 20	11,302	14 0	26	1	—	—
6. Florencecourt, .	8	8,600	41,578	0 23	17,032	12 0	36	1	—	—
	42	49,715	203,627	3 7	105,114	15 0	189	6	—	—
IRVINESTOWN UNION.										
1. Irvinestown, .	7	11,711	36,134	3 16	28,014	16 0	35	2	—	—
2. Ederney, .	8	8,730	31,824	3 17	16,426	0 0	38	1	—	—
3. Clonelly, .	2	2,287	7,967	2 18	4,099	19 0	13	1	—	—
	17	22,728	75,927	1 11	48,540	15 0	81	4	—	—
LISNAHREA UNION.										
1. Brookeborough, .	6	7,676	35,196	2 11	17,631	9 0	21	1	—	1
2. Lisnaskea, .	5	6,704	25,432	3 25	17,351	13 0	15	1	—	—
3. Derrylin, .	6	7,070	26,884	0 8	15,822	4 0	15	1	—	—
4. Maguinashbridge, .	3	3,582	11,131	0 5	8,992	8 0	13	1	—	—
	20	26,832	98,744	2 9	57,796	14 0	64	4	—	3
COUNTY OF LONDONDERRY.										
COLERAINE UNION.										
1. Coleraine, .	3	10,780	13,961	3 4	29,001	15 0	29	1	—	—
2. Bushmills, .	4	8,217	21,341	0 6	25,862	10 0	27	2	—	—
3. Artclare, .	4	5,280	24,072	3 24	11,409	18 0	15	1	—	—
4. Aghadowey, .	5	8,558	28,040	2 37	18,932	2 0	23	1	—	—
5. Garvagh, .	4	7,427	25,079	3 12	11,842	18 0	20	1	—	—
	20	40,562	112,396	1 13	97,099	3 0	114	6	—	—
LONDONDERRY UNION.										
1. City of Londonderry, .	9	20,886	5,059	2 34	57,653	0 0	29	1	—	1
2. Glenternot, .	5	8,673	16,844	3 5	19,486	0 0	19	1	—	1
3. Eglington, .	3	6,630	25,250	1 31	16,961	0 0	15	1	—	1
4. Claudy, .	4	7,162	30,302	3 34	9,783	0 0	19	1	—	1
5. Killyleavy, .	4	7,137	28,237	0 33	17,061	0 0	17	1	—	1
6. Port, .	5	4,361	19,931	1 8	11,768	0 0	13	1	—	1
7. Killen, .	3	5,043	16,370	0 6	14,312	0 0	15	1	—	1
	22	59,392	143,996	1 31	147,714	0 0	127	7	1	6

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICT.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Popu- lation: 1861.	Area: In Statute Acres.	Fair Law Valuation: 1871.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	No. of Apothecaries.	No. of Midwives.
COLUMN I.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—continued.								
Co. of LONDONDERRY—cont. MAGHERAFETT UNION.								
1. Magherafelt, . . .	5	12,943	22,497 0 20	18,776 0 0	25	1	—	—
2. Bellaghy, . . .	6	15,374	26,353 1 37	19,104 15 0	25	1	—	—
3. Maghera, . . .	5	13,965	34,766 2 4	18,758 16 0	27	1	—	—
4. Draperstown, . . .	6	9,850	41,065 1 22	12,815 15 0	13	1	—	—
5. Moneymore, . . .	6	11,630	32,066 3 24	20,757 10 0	17	2	—	—
	25	63,852	156,721 1 27	91,313 16 0	167	5	—	—
NEW Tn. LIMAVADY UNION.								
1. Newtownlimavady, . .	4	7,415	24,371 0 34	18,803 6 0	21	1	—	—
2. Ballykelly, . . .	4	7,334	20,329 3 0	15,157 13 0	17	1	—	—
3. Bellarena, . . .	4	5,363	26,040 0 31	15,812 18 0	19	1	—	—
4. Dungiven, . . .	4	6,831	42,517 2 18	12,039 2 0	15	1	—	—
5. Feeny, . . .	3	3,874	29,653 2 4	6,454 17 0	13	1	—	—
	19	30,907	132,712 1 2	66,267 16 0	25	5	—	1
COUNTY OF MONAGHAN. CARRICKMACROSS UNION.								
1. Carrickmacross, . . .	5	9,268	22,720 1 32	21,273 4 0	21	1	—	1
2. Doaghmore, . . .	5	6,847	20,357 0 16	17,178 8 0	19	1	—	1
3. Raphoe, . . .	4	6,239	17,586 3 28	11,519 12 0	15	1	—	1
	14	22,354	60,664 1 28	49,971 4 0	55	5	—	3
CASTLEREAGH UNION.								
1. Castlelough, . . .	5	12,865	27,381 2 11	24,207 10 0	21	1	—	1
2. Ballybay, . . .	6	10,580	25,064 0 12	21,285 0 0	23	1	—	1
3. Crossmaglen, . . .	5	8,950	19,535 3 36	14,300 10 0	23	1	—	1
4. Newtownhamilton, . .	5	9,017	23,231 3 0	14,325 0 0	21	1	—	—
	21	41,813	94,213 1 19	74,026 0 0	66	4	—	3
CLOONE UNION.								
1. Cloone, . . .	4	11,298	23,030 0 25	23,032 9 0	31	1	—	—
2. Newtownbutler, . . .	7	7,832	24,158 2 51	19,928 6 0	25	1	—	—
3. Rosslare, . . .	5	7,568	27,313 1 37	14,012 6 0	19	1	—	—
	16	26,699	75,592 1 3	55,673 1 0	73	3	—	—
MONAGHAN UNION.								
1. Monaghan, . . .	5	10,998	17,683 3 26	24,789 7 0	27	1	—	—
2. Glasslough, . . .	5	8,025	23,323 3 20	20,981 2 0	23	1	—	—
3. Castleblane, . . .	4	9,067	25,848 0 13	18,707 12 0	19	1	—	—
4. Sootstown, . . .	5	9,048	29,558 2 11	15,585 0 0	25	1	—	—
5. Kilmore, . . .	4	7,435	18,924 1 21	18,633 3 0	23	1	—	—
	21	45,674	112,738 3 11	93,606 3 0	113	5	—	—
COUNTY OF TYRONE. CASTLEDENG UNION.								
1. Castledeng & Killeter, . .	10	13,869	68,061 2 31	21,048 3 0	29	2	—	—
2. Drumquin, . . .	4	5,608	22,753 2 26	5,031 19 0	9	1	—	—
	14	17,478	91,793 1 17	26,081 2 0	33	3	—	—

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts,	No. of Electoral Divisions in each,	Popula- tion : 1851.	Area : in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation : 1851.		No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.			
				Column I.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.			
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—continued.												
COUNTY OF TYRONE—con.												
CLOONER UNION.				A.	R.	P.	L.	s.	d.			
1. Firemountown, .	4	5,126	25,396	1	23		11,331	2	0			
2. Cloher, .	5	8,297	31,018	0	2		17,931	0	0			
3. Ballygawley, .	4	6,843	22,494	2	5		11,630	12	0			
4. Aughnasley, .	5	7,487	22,569	3	7		15,247	5	0			
	18	27,738	101,676	2	37		56,147	19	0			
COOKSTOWN UNION.												
1. Cookstown, .	6	14,129	32,379	1	10		27,799	9	0			
2. Pomeroy, .	5	9,897	36,523	3	39		11,372	4	0			
3. Cough, .	2	6,110	11,179	3	10		8,426	11	0			
4. Stranorlstown, .	3	7,817	16,036	3	32		15,410	7	0			
	16	37,953	96,720	0	11		63,008	11	0			
DUNGANNON UNION.												
1. Dungannon, .	5	15,553	22,168	1	29		30,333	9	0			
2. Beaburk, .	3	7,754	17,359	1	18		17,430	4	0			
3. Coal Island, .	4	13,648	20,392	0	18		18,361	13	0			
4. Clonavaddy, .	5	11,534	31,374	2	29		16,290	0	0			
5. Ballymagree, .	3	8,283	11,922	3	34		8,436	10	0			
	19	51,892	102,547	2	18		92,912	4	0			
GORTIN UNION.												
1. Gortin, .	6	9,138	55,596	1	28		11,795	12	0			
2. Plumbridge, .	7	7,488	55,604	3	21		7,631	15	0			
	13	16,626	111,291	1	9		18,427	7	0			
OVALL UNION.												
1. Omagh, .	13	22,362	75,030	3	3		36,309	0	0			
2. Fintona, .	7	9,385	27,162	0	32		17,911	12	0			
3. Dromore, .	4	6,126	21,145	1	12		12,978	7	0			
4. Drumquin, .	4	5,224	20,698	1	14		8,376	0	0			
5. Ballymiceron, .	5	9,799	29,129	3	35		15,694	12	0			
	33	52,836	174,216	2	14		92,401	11	0			
STRABANE UNION.												
1. Dungansburgh, .	5	7,692	32,091	1	10		16,025	3	0			
2. Strabane, .	4	11,260	19,971	1	17		23,170	17	0			
3. Newtown Stewart, .	5	8,045	20,265	0	24		16,377	16	0			
4. Castledine, .	5	8,875	28,549	0	24		23,385	7	0			
5. Raphoe, .	5	7,732	24,494	2	8		18,369	3	0			
	24	43,604	134,371	2	3		96,329	6	0			
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.												
COUNTY OF CLARE.												
BALLYVAGHAN UNION.												
1. Ballyvaghan, .	11	6,819	71,062	2	36		19,362	11	0			
	11	6,819	71,062	2	36		19,362	11	0			
COROFIN UNION.												
1. Corofin, .	9	7,866	61,836	0	19		20,410	8	0			
	9	7,866	61,836	0	19		20,410	8	0			

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Electoral Divisions or Districts	Popu- lation : 1861.	Area : in Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation : 1871.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.		No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.
					No. 6.	No. 7.			
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued.									
COUNTY OF CLARE—con-									
ENNIS UNION.									
1. Ennis, . . .	6	13,463	25,268 0 4	24,536 14 0	25	2	—	—	1
2. Crushane, . .	5	4,572	24,015 1 24	11,378 3 0	19	1	—	—	—
3. Killanney, . .	5	4,843	33,230 1 1	10,676 2 0	11	1	—	—	—
4. Newmarket, . .	6	7,937	29,191 1 1	26,694 14 0	21	1	—	—	—
	20	30,007	112,504 3 30	72,685 18 0	76	5	—	—	1
ENNISTYMEAN UNION.									
1. Readford, . .	6	7,107	30,197 0 37	12,423 2 0	17	1	—	—	—
2. Yenistymen, . .	6	8,728	33,613 1 7	12,478 15 0	25	1	—	—	—
3. Miltown Malbay, . .	6	9,183	35,230 1 37	11,423 3 0	15	1	—	—	—
	20	25,028	95,281 0 1	35,625 0 0	57	3	—	—	—
KILLADYSERT UNION.									
1. Labasheeda, . .	5	5,849	26,022 2 36	10,640 8 0	20	1	—	—	—
2. Ballynacally, . .	6	7,416	36,296 1 8	14,709 14 0	25	1	—	—	—
	11	13,265	62,519 0 4	25,341 2 0	43	2	—	—	—
KIERUS UNION.									
1. Kierus, . . .	3	9,504	29,540 1 21	13,156 18 0	23	1	—	—	1
2. Kilrush, . . .	6	6,478	31,923 0 19	8,729 0 0	15	1	—	—	—
3. Cratloe, . . .	7	9,639	27,310 0 4	11,921 3 0	24	1	—	—	—
4. Kilkee, . . .	6	8,539	24,415 1 24	10,776 17 0	27	1	—	—	—
5. Carrigholt, . . .	5	6,529	22,568 3 24	7,503 12 0	14	1	—	—	—
	27	41,150	136,787 3 12	82,057 10 0	103	5	—	—	1
SCARIFF UNION.									
1. Mountshannon, . .	5	5,857	32,273 3 28	8,563 18 0	15	1	—	—	—
2. Fenkle, . . .	8	5,455	34,829 0 6	9,261 2 0	15	1	—	—	—
3. Annskeeragh, . .	4	4,601	18,226 0 25	7,378 12 0	15	1	—	—	—
	17	15,611	86,320 0 14	25,728 12 0	45	3	—	—	—
TULLA UNION.									
1. Tulla, . . .	7	6,539	38,063 1 29	10,856 12 0	17	1	—	—	—
2. Quin, . . .	6	4,755	25,463 2 33	12,013 11 0	17	1	—	—	1
3. Kilruane, . . .	5	4,465	21,196 0 15	9,380 6 0	17	1	—	—	—
	10	15,750	84,723 0 37	32,650 9 0	51	3	—	—	1
COUNTY OF CORK.									
BANBON UNION.									
1. Banbon, . . .	3	10,791	21,143 1 22	25,266 15 0	23	1	1	—	—
2. Inishannon, . .	4	3,730	17,107 3 26	12,104 15 0	15	1	—	—	—
3. Tomplemarie, . .	4	4,763	24,587 2 13	13,195 0 0	23	1	—	—	—
4. Murragh, . . .	5	4,075	12,402 1 30	11,779 15 0	13	1	—	—	—
5. Kilbrittain, . . .	4	3,297	16,093 2 4	8,249 15 0	13	1	—	—	—
	20	27,256	101,344 3 15	72,596 0 0	87	5	1	—	—
BANTRY UNION.									
1. Bantry, . . .	6	6,834	24,406 0 0	10,486 5 0	25	1	—	—	—
2. Glengariff, . .	5	4,762	58,515 3 25	6,177 17 0	17	1	—	—	—
3. Darras & Killarney, . .	5	4,368	24,130 3 25	4,607 10 0	13	1	—	—	—
	14	15,964	106,834 3 12	21,273 12 0	55	3	—	—	—

{continued.}

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Popula- tion; 1871.	Area; in Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation; 1871.			No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Appropriations.	Number of Members.
					4.	5.				
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.		
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued, COUNTY OF CORK—cox, CASTLETOWN UNION.			A. R. P.	A. R. P.						
1. Castletown, .	4	6,822	30,628 1 24	6,155 17 0	15	1	—	—		
2. Kileatherine, .	3	8,234	33,021 3 29	9,733 3 0	11	1	—	—		
	7	15,076	73,645 1 13	15,889 0 0	26	2	—	—		
CLOONAKILTY UNION.										
1. Boscarbery, .	6	9,085	27,358 1 38	15,622 0 0	25	1	—	—		
2. Cloonakilty, .	7	10,062	28,602 0 7	18,993 5 0	25	1	—	—		
3. Timoleague, .	7	9,180	24,509 1 4	15,865 15 0	21	1	—	—		
	20	28,238	80,464 3 9	50,481 0 0	71	3	—	—		
CORK UNION.										
1. Dringsy, .	3	4,722	18,230 1 30	10,321 14 0	12	1	—	—		
2. Blarney, .	4	3,808	22,448 0 26	17,254 1 0	10	1	—	—		
3. Carrigaover, .	6	8,134	42,332 3 27	25,767 2 0	21	—	—	—		
4. Whitechurch, .	4	4,470	15,311 1 16	16,277 12 0	21	—	—	—		
5. Cork, .	12	93,309	13,615 1 24	169,400 10 6	71	9	—	—		
6. Carrigaline, .	6	6,706	8,052 3 1	20,012 10 0	26	—	—	—		
7. Douglas, .	10	2,050	10,081 0 26	12,768 18 0	15	—	—	—		
8. Ballygarvan, .	6	2,063	13,928 0 14	11,656 3 0	11	1	—	—		
9. Ballincollig, .	6	5,718	17,718 1 16	16,501 18 9	11	—	—	—		
10. Queenstown, .	7	14,607	7,913 0 20	27,514 16 0	23	1	—	—		
	26	147,572	163,731 3 14	327,486 7 3	221	19	3	1		
DUNMANWAY UNION.										
1. Dunmanway, .	4	5,238	28,382 2 19	9,712 0 0	15	1	—	—		
2. Coalmountain, .	6	5,655	46,342 0 16	10,129 10 0	18	1	—	—		
3. Ballinane, .	5	5,965	20,192 1 29	13,008 0 0	15	1	—	—		
	15	17,496	163,917 0 24	32,929 10 0	43	3	—	—		
FERMOT UNION.										
1. Fermoy, .	3	12,200	19,028 3 9	27,174 10 0	25	1	—	—		
2. Ratheskerne, .	4	5,114	32,151 0 35	15,548 15 0	13	1	—	—		
3. Ballyhooly, .	6	6,543	32,026 2 18	20,879 0 0	15	1	—	—		
4. Kilworth, .	6	7,048	31,652 0 9	18,297 10 0	22	1	—	—		
5. Ballynoe, .	5	6,265	33,409 1 35	21,167 15 0	17	1	—	—		
	24	37,960	148,208 0 26	163,067 10 0	92	5	—	—		
KANTURK UNION.										
1. Newmarket, .	8	7,997	63,497 3 16	14,098 0 0	19	1	—	1		
2. Kanturk, .	11	11,380	47,820 2 7	28,397 5 0	27	1	1	1		
3. Millford, .	2	8,210	40,052 3 35	21,043 15 0	19	1	—	1		
4. Boherbey, .	2	6,803	25,152 0 37	11,424 5 0	18	1	—	1		
	33	34,430	186,525 2 18	76,263 5 0	83	4	1	3		
KINSALE UNION.										
1. Courseys, .	4	3,375	13,484 3 36	8,560 10 0	9	1	—	—		
2. Kinsale, .	1	8,335	12,811 1 37	16,612 15 0	21	1	—	—		
3. Ballymardle, .	4	3,347	19,112 1 27	12,155 0 0	13	1	—	—		
4. Carrigaline, .	4	4,431	15,077 5 2	10,824 5 0	11	1	—	—		
5. Ballyfeard, .	6	4,849	19,454 2 37	10,995 0 0	14	1	—	—		
	19	23,837	78,651 1 19	58,168 10 0	68	5	—	—		

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Popu- lation: 1881.	Area: in Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.	% of Medics of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued.								
COUNTY OF CORK—cox.								
MACHROOM UNION.			A. D. P.	S. d.				
1. Macroom, . . .	5	3,728	38,415 1 33	16,833 12 0	29			
2. Clonmeyle, . . .	5	6,579	35,354 1 21	14,109 15 0	21			
3. Silveragh, . . .	5	5,444	45,430 0 21	9,950 5 0	19			
4. Inchigeelagh, . . .	5	4,186	32,257 0 39	7,433 0 0	19			
5. Camsway, . . .	5	5,153	26,643 0 13	15,292 0 0	21			
	25	31,090	179,106 0 33	62,927 12 0	100	5	—	—
MALLOW UNION.								
1. Kilshaneen, . . .	6	6,708	37,650 0 24	16,914 0 0	12	1	—	—
2. Mallow, . . .	6	7,455	12,779 0 25	22,012 15 0	19	1	—	—
3. Rahan, . . .	6	3,970	23,466 2 17	11,169 0 0	15	1	—	—
4. Buttevant (a), . . .	6	6,581	33,773 2 8	27,717 10 0	25	2	—	—
5. Ballydough, . . .	6	3,122	16,504 1 33	11,650 0 0	15	1	—	—
6. Donessale, . . .	6	5,944	29,786 1 23	19,642 0 0	21	1	—	—
	21	35,761	154,557 3 10	109,466 5 0	107	7	1	1
MISHLTON UNION.								
1. Midleton, . . .	3	10,572	27,448 3 11	29,577 10 0	25	9	—	—
2. Walshlowmire, East, . . .	5	3,038	26,161 1 27	13,173 5 0	16	1	—	—
3. Castlemarys, . . .	4	4,826	29,582 3 35	15,844 5 0	20	1	—	—
4. Agadina, . . .	4	7,492	19,045 2 11	17,371 15 0	17	1	—	—
5. Ogtane, . . .	3	7,346	16,026 3 24	17,482 15 0	21	1	—	—
	19	34,086	109,265 2 28	93,849 10 0	96	6	—	—
MILLSTREET UNION.								
1. Cullen, . . .	6	6,193	20,392 3 36	11,560 5 0	21	1	—	—
2. Millstreet, . . .	6	8,604	46,512 2 14	15,772 0 0	19	1	—	—
	12	14,797	74,905 2 10	27,532 5 0	40	8	—	—
MITCHELSTOWN UNION.								
1. Mitchelstown, . . .	6	9,682	36,831 3 17	19,140 5 0	16			
2. Killarney, . . .	6	6,958	24,531 3 34	15,900 5 0	16			
3. Galbally, . . .	6	6,967	25,582 3 35	14,055 5 0	16			
	18	23,747	56,956 3 6	49,056 15 0	46	3	—	1
SKIBBEREN UNION.								
1. Skibbereen, . . .	4	9,829	23,826 3 13	13,621 16 0	35	1	1	—
2. Union Hall, . . .	6	8,331	27,293 0 12	13,033 4 0	21	1	—	—
3. Dromdaleague, . . .	6	7,050	43,125 0 33	10,489 0 0	21	1	—	—
4. Tullagh, . . .	5	7,352	20,978 2 5	8,475 6 0	21	1	—	—
	23	32,412	115,023 2 23	45,619 6 0	98	4	1	—
SKULL UNION.								
1. Skull, . . .	6	7,956	34,291 1 12	9,101 13 0	17	1	—	—
2. Geleen, . . .	5	5,946	23,087 3 18	5,687 13 0	17	1	—	—
	11	13,902	57,169 0 30	14,789 6 0	34	2	—	—

(a) This district has since been altered by the transfer of the Ardskeagh Electoral Division to the Killaloe Union.

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Districts and Divisions each.	Popu- lation: 1881.	Area, in Statute Acres,	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.		No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Nurses.	Number of Midwives.
					2.	3.			
COLUMN I.									
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued.									
COUNTY OF CORK—cox.					A.	B. P.	L.	s. d.	
Youghal UNION.									
1. Youghal, . . .	1	8,575	4,830	2 22	16,958	10 0	25	2	—
2. Killeagh, . . .	2	5,839	18,795	1 8	16,907	0 0	19	1	—
3. Templemichael, . . .	5	2,925	21,236	2 4	8,850	0 0	17	1	—
4. Ardmore, . . .	4	5,697	13,275	1 11	8,439	15 0	17	1	—
5. Clashmore, . . .	5	4,014	12,694	1 1	5,906	0 0	15	1	—
14	34,701	70,624	0	6	60,641	5 0	93	5	—
COUNTY OF KERRY.									
CABERGIVEEN UNION.									
1. Caher, . . .	4	7,232	46,740	2 21	6,459	5 0	19	1	—
2. Glanbally, . . .	5	3,585	30,459	3 14	5,027	5 0	15	1	—
3. Valencia, . . .	2	3,205	10,451	0 18	2,791	0 0	15	1	—
4. Ennagh, . . .	7	7,235	65,169	2 3	6,250	15 0	19	1	—
5. Darrynane, . . .	6	3,946	24,732	3 31	3,168	0 0	15	1	—
23	25,204	197,545	0	8	23,327	5 0	63	5	—
DINGLE UNION.									
1. Dingle, . . .	2	6,058	23,033	3 31	6,852	15 0	13	1	1
2. Castlegregory, . . .	6	5,374	41,049	3 0	5,533	0 0	15	1	—
3. Awarascale, . . .	5	3,714	28,251	0 38	4,623	15 0	15	1	—
4. Ventry, . . .	6	5,333	32,943	2 23	5,674	15 0	15	1	—
19	20,539	129,278	2	15	22,633	5 0	53	4	10
KENMARE UNION.									
1. Kenmare, . . .	4	5,209	31,687	2 26	5,000	10 0	19	1	—
2. Kilgarvan, . . .	4	3,677	32,381	3 0	4,481	0 0	11	1	—
3. Teelin, . . .	4	4,310	55,727	0 0	5,847	5 0	9	1	—
4. Soseem, . . .	4	5,579	38,355	2 32	4,678	10 0	11	—	—
16	18,757	196,152	0	18	18,767	5 0	50	4	—
KILLARNEY UNION.									
1. Killarney, . . .	6	12,821	56,420	2 26	22,360	10 0	55	12	—
2. Molahife, . . .	3	7,774	25,743	1 39	16,838	15 0	27	2	—
3. Milltown, . . .	4	6,891	25,870	3 16	12,298	15 0	27	1	—
4. Killorglin, . . .	6	9,119	58,835	3 3	10,176	10 0	27	1	—
5. Coom, . . .	1	8,172	77,315	3 11	13,360	0 0	27	1	—
31	43,987	251,206	2	15	75,530	10 0	163	6	—
LISTROWEL UNION.									
1. Ballylongford, . . .	9	9,259	36,474	1 20	12,262	15 0	30	1	—
2. Listowel, . . .	12	12,030	45,261	3 10	16,473	5 0	30	1	2
3. Ballyduff, . . .	8	8,385	29,135	2 9	11,206	15 0	30	1	—
4. Ballyhorgan, . . .	8	6,837	42,246	2 16	12,104	0 0	30	1	—
32	36,531	151,208	1	17	52,946	15 0	129	4	1
TRALEI UNION.									
1. Tralee, . . .	9	21,818	48,235	3 13	35,968	15 0	53	2	—
2. Castleisland, . . .	6	6,799	36,124	2 11	14,369	10 0	32	1	—
3. Kilgobban, . . .	7	5,799	38,110	2 4	9,815	5 0	23	1	—
4. Brosna, . . .	9	7,628	60,422	1 22	9,374	15 0	23	1	—
5. Ardfern, . . .	8	10,042	38,753	1 16	10,258	5 0	19	1	—
39	52,068	221,846	2	26	84,877	10 0	149	6	—

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Districts in Union.	Popula- tion: 1871.	Area: in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.				
					No. of Members of Committees of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued.								
COUNTY OF LIMERICK.								
CHURCH UNION.								
1. Crook, . . .	8	8,335	29,910 3 5	25,246 10 0	25	1	1	—
2. Castletown, . . .	6	6,901	26,161 3 7	16,013 5 0	18	1	—	—
3. Adare, . . .	6	5,935	23,251 0 5	21,341 10 0	21	1	—	—
	20	21,172	83,323 2 17	63,301 5 0	65	3	1	—
GLEN UNION.								
1. Shanagolden, . . .	6	5,820	21,955 3 30	13,655 15 0	15	1	—	—
2. Tarbert, . . .	7	9,820	33,710 1 14	14,587 0 0	21	2	—	—
	13	15,750	60,666 1 4	28,242 15 0	36	3	—	—
KILMALLOCH UNION.								
1. Kilmalloch, . . .	4	6,195	19,475 0 21	23,450 0 0	25	1	—	—
2. Beauf, . . .	4	6,905	20,729 2 21	22,500 0 0	17	1	1	—
3. Hospital, . . .	4	6,145	16,926 0 17	21,650 0 0	17	1	—	—
4. Killimane, . . .	7	9,032	37,489 3 16	25,060 0 0	31	1	1	—
5. Charleville(s), . . .	4	6,492	20,615 2 16	20,334 5 0	17	1	1	—
6. Bruree, . . .	4	4,732	23,029 1 14	21,633 0 0	17	1	—	—
	27	39,539	140,856 2 25	132,727 5 0	124	6	3	3
LIMERICK UNION.								
1. Clarina, . . .	5	6,832	22,079 3 10	24,051 5 0	23	1	—	—
2. Cabraonish, . . .	5	6,965	27,543 1 24	24,733 5 0	19	1	—	—
3. Annoearty, . . .	3	7,376	22,272 2 19	20,900 15 0	24	1	—	—
4. Murroe, . . .	5	6,542	28,046 2 13	15,652 5 0	15	1	—	—
5. City of Limerick, . . .	1	50,050	8,566 3 33	76,495 0 0	32	4	—	—
6. Bridgetown, . . .	0	7,823	41,153 0 1	15,981 10 0	21	1	—	—
7. Coolmasey, . . .	7	5,150	27,544 2 33	16,657 5 0	25	1	—	—
	34	80,755	177,361 0 21	191,003 5 0	179	10	1	—
NEWCASTLE UNION.								
1. Ardfagh, . . .	5	5,296	30,173 0 31	9,020 0 0	15	1	—	—
2. Abbeyfeale, . . .	7	8,151	36,825 1 1	8,291 15 0	25	1	—	—
3. Newcastle, . . .	4	6,578	17,896 0 23	14,258 15 0	20	1	1	—
4. Feenagh, . . .	5	4,851	20,912 2 21	11,058 0 0	29	1	—	—
5. Bradford, . . .	7	6,748	37,156 1 83	16,756 15 0	25	1	—	—
	26	51,524	143,023 2 34	61,243 5 0	114	5	1	—
RATHKEALE UNION.								
1. Askeaton, . . .	6	5,703	28,163 1 23	18,813 5 0	17	1	—	—
2. Pallaskenry, . . .	5	5,703	19,944 2 2	13,983 5 0	19	1	—	—
3. Rathkeale, . . .	7	10,649	37,804 0 0	27,961 0 0	25	2	1	—
	18	22,065	79,931 3 31	55,739 10 0	61	4	1	—
COUNTY OF TIPPERARY. BOBBISKANE UNION.								
1. Terryglass, . . .	4	4,514	28,745 0 2	14,983 2 0	17	1	—	—
2. Ballykane, . . .	5	4,059	25,142 3 17	12,611 10 0	15	1	—	—
3. Cloghjordan, . . .	4	4,357	26,961 3 32	13,950 10 0	15	1	—	—
	13	13,740	81,849 3 10	41,551 2 0	47	3	—	—

(so This district has since been altered by the addition of the Ardkeen Electoral Division from the Mallow Union.)

[continued.
P]

No. 1.—STATEMENT of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAMES OF UNIONS AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Electoral Divisions taken.	Popu- lation: 1881.	Area: in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.					
					Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued. Co. of TIPPERARY—con.					A.	B.	P.	E.	s. d.
CARICK-ON-Suir UNION.									
1. Carrick-on-Suir, . . .	5	12,116	23,245	0 31	24,569	17	0	23	1
2. Garrangibbon, . . .	5	1,552	9,061	0 36	4,355	5	0	15	1
3. Pilltown, . . .	5	7,332	32,119	3 34	22,108	15	0	21	1
4. Rathgormock, . . .	6	4,342	37,067	1 25	17,062	10	0	21	1
5. Portlaoise, . . .	2	4,971	11,197	3 24	9,802	5	0	9	1
	23	30,294	112,628	2 30	78,879	12	0	87	5
CASHEL UNION.									
1. Kilpatrick, . . .	5	5,965	31,849	2 31	22,162	11	0	20	1
2. Cashel, . . .	5	9,646	32,836	0 10	25,468	16	0	37	1
3. Tullamore, . . .	5	5,085	33,954	0 31	21,989	18	0	29	1
4. Fethard, . . .	5	6,903	29,670	1 31	20,884	9	0	25	1
5. Killaville, . . .	4	5,923	28,511	1 35	17,236	10	0	25	1
	24	33,527	156,821	3 18	107,673	13	0	130	5
CLOOHEEN UNION.									
1. Caher, . . .	4	8,812	33,899	1 7	23,029	5	0	23	1
2. Ardlinnan, . . .	6	7,306	42,569	0 34	25,079	15	0	23	1
3. Clogheen, . . .	4	8,451	42,167	1 13	15,454	0	0	21	1
	14	25,546	118,426	3 14	63,571	0	0	67	3
CLONMEL UNION.									
1. Clonmel and St. Mary's	3	15,789	16,845	1 29	26,937	2	0	40	2
2. Marlfield, . . .	2	3,493	12,240	1 51	13,576	0	0	21	1
3. Kilinan, . . .	2	1,671	11,159	1 3	7,921	10	0	16	1
4. Kilkeshla, . . .	4	4,319	31,010	0 3	14,394	5	0	21	1
5. Ballymacarbry, . . .	3	2,582	16,974	3 20	6,464	6	0	11	1
	14	23,039	80,519	0 6	69,703	3	0	109	6
NENAGH UNION.									
1. Nenagh, . . .	6	12,300	35,503	3 29	31,117	12	0	85	2
2. Newport, . . .	6	7,793	44,909	1 32	16,618	0	0	21	1
3. Portroe, . . .	5	6,240	30,434	2 34	16,244	18	0	19	1
4. Silvermines, . . .	5	4,664	30,739	3 13	8,593	13	0	17	1
5. Temevara, . . .	6	6,603	41,504	1 29	20,816	15	0	19	1
	23	30,277	183,908	1 17	93,290	18	0	111	6
Roscrea UNION.									
1. Roscrea, . . .	7	11,576	45,872	3 14	30,202	18	0	25	2
2. Shinrone, . . .	8	7,218	37,195	1 14	22,158	12	0	26	2
3. Bourne, . . .	6	5,672	35,418	2 21	19,393	8	0	15	1
	23	24,606	118,487	3 9	71,663	10	0	66	5
THURLES UNION.									
1. Thurles, . . .	6	8,812	20,409	2 17	22,009	0	0	25	1
2. Holycross, . . .	5	4,176	18,894	2 31	12,008	19	0	15	1
3. Littleton, . . .	6	4,570	33,459	2 30	12,805	17	0	20	1
4. Moyne, . . .	5	5,971	25,729	1 18	13,978	19	0	15	1
5. Templemore, . . .	6	6,259	12,722	1 17	14,942	2	0	19	1
6. Borrisoleigh, . . .	6	7,264	32,063	3 16	18,272	19	0	21	1
	23	86,152	143,350	2 9	89,087	16	0	115	6

[continued]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Electoral Divisions Recd.	Popula- tion: 1871.	Area: in Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.	No. of Members of Committees of Management.	No. of Officers.	No. of Applica- tions.	Number of Medicines.
	2.							
Columns 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—continued. Co. of TIPPERARY—con. TIPPERARY UNION.								
1. Bansha, . . .	5	6,890	41,771 3 33	19,077 0 0	25	1	—	—
2. Golden, . . .	5	4,529	22,678 3 6	17,961 5 0	23	1	—	—
3. Tipperary, . . .	4	2,077	22,698 2 37	32,547 5 0	25	1	—	—
4. Cappagh, . . .	6	3,287	41,942 2 27	14,723 16 0	25	1	—	—
5. Tivron, . . .	4	7,704	26,322 3 10	25,292 5 0	20	1	—	—
6. Emly, . . .	6	6,811	24,682 3 15	30,304 15 0	25	1	—	—
	30	47,286	179,967 3 6	129,966 6 0	142	6	—	1
COUNTY OF WATERFORD, DUGARVAN UNION.								
1. Ringville, . . .	4	4,325	22,477 1 34	7,413 15 0	13	1	—	—
2. Sesskinane, . . .	5	3,681	30,492 3 29	8,581 5 0	15	1	—	—
3. Whitechurch, . . .	5	4,310	17,632 3 25	11,753 5 0	17	1	—	—
4. Dungarvan, . . .	4	11,830	25,440 3 3	25,117 5 0	28	1	—	1
	18	24,946	94,044 0 31	58,870 10 0	78	4	—	1
KILMACTHOMAS UNION.								
1. Kilmacthomas, . . .	8	7,350	40,839 0 21	18,558 5 0	23	1	—	—
2. Ballymalon, . . .	8	8,144	25,638 3 15	16,180 0 0	25	1	—	—
	16	15,494	64,477 3 39	34,738 5 0	46	2	—	—
LISMORE UNION.								
1. Ballyduff, . . .	5	3,920	28,764 2 12	10,835 15 0	21	1	—	—
2. Caspoquin, . . .	4	6,196	26,293 3 8	13,516 5 0	21	1	—	—
3. Lismore, . . .	3	6,240	26,021 3 29	13,576 0 0	17	1	—	1
4. Tallow, . . .	4	4,459	16,143 2 32	11,801 7 0	15	1	—	—
	16	20,845	97,140 0 1	49,729 7 0	74	4	—	1
WATERFORD UNION.								
1. Waterford, . . .	4	50,570	17,208 0 28	59,845 5 0	45	1	—	—
2. Ullist, . . .	6	7,813	24,856 3 15	23,303 0 0	27	1	—	—
3. Kilmakeveye, . . .	8	6,542	30,769 3 16	10,661 17 0	27	1	—	—
4. Woodstown, . . .	5	6,356	26,986 2 57	17,135 5 0	21	1	—	1
5. Tramore, . . .	3	4,790	18,135 0 38	18,834 15 0	17	1	—	—
6. Kilmender, . . .	4	3,991	19,399 3 31	13,556 5 0	20	1	—	—
	30	68,063	125,719 3 5	148,235 7 0	157	7	—	2
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER, COUNTY OF CARLOW, CARLOW UNION.								
1. Carlow, . . .	7	18,855	29,074 2 10	56,505 7 0	49	1	—	—
2. Tullow, . . .	8	8,082	33,134 1 35	20,090 15 0	51	1	—	—
3. Borris, . . .	6	6,571	25,354 3 26	16,415 15 0	27	1	—	—
4. Fennagh & Myshall,	7	6,146	31,681 2 0	21,482 15 0	27	1	—	—
5. Leighlinbridge, . . .	4	5,161	29,164 3 31	12,029 13 0	19	1	—	—
6. Bagenalstown, . . .	4	5,011	16,834 0 29	16,346 1 0	21	1	—	1
7. Baltinglass and Newtown, . . .	9	6,936	29,672 0 4	16,404 10 0	26	1	—	1
	45	51,892	185,856 2 15	150,035 16 0	230	7	—	4

[continued.
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No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts.	No. of Medical Districts in each	Popu- lation: 1851.	Area: in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1851.			No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Appropriations.	Number of Medical Districts.				
					Colours 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.				
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.														
COUNTY OF DUBLIN.														
BALROTHERRY UNION.					A.	B.	C.	D.	E.					
1. Balbriggan, . . .	36	5,772	18,250	0 22	21,653	15 0	25	1	—					
2. Holmpatrick, . . .		3,737	7,123	0 37	10,625	15 0	14	1	—					
3. Lusk, . . .		8,917	12,049	1 36	15,200	3 0	15	1	—					
4. Swords, . . .		3,721	13,973	1 26	18,630	5 0	22	1	—					
5. Kilmailagh, . . .		2,027	16,243	0 12	15,743	5 0	17	1	—					
6. Malahide, . . .	2	2,642	7,469	1 11	16,684	0 0	14	1	—	1				
	12	22,016	75,130	2 26	94,819	5 0	107	6	—	5				
DUBLIN, NORTH, UNIONS.														
1. North City, . . .	1	109,143	3,097	1 10	230,162	0 0	50	6	3	—				
2. Blanchardstown and Castleknock,	2	7,064	13,246	0 26	25,394	15 0	10	1	—					
3. Finglas & Glasnevin,	2	6,045	12,867	1 24	29,116	5 0	12	1	—					
4. Clontarf and Howth,	2	5,297	5,739	0 12	22,972	0 0	18	2	—					
5. Coolock & Drumcondra	2	6,376	7,158	2 29	23,620	5 0	19	2	—	1				
	9	134,755	40,768	2 23	321,265	5 0	117	12	3	3				
DUBLIN, SOUTH, UNION.														
1. South City, . . .	1	145,663	1,835	2 13	341,214	0 0	55	8	4	—				
2. Donnybrook, . . .	1	16,736	1,945	1 8	74,834	0 0	19	2	—					
3. Rathmines, . . .	1	15,747	1,389	2 37	67,180	0 0	18	1	—					
4. Rathfarnham, . . .	2	8,350	11,332	3 29	46,150	0 0	22	2	—					
5. Tallaght, . . .	1	3,749	21,405	5 34	15,484	0 0	14	1	—	1				
6. Clandalkin, . . .	1	2,032	5,902	0 7	12,405	0 0	12	1	—	1				
7. Palmerstown, . . .	1	6,856	3,606	2 19	15,848	0 0	13	1	—					
	0	201,953	48,069	0 27	567,235	0 0	152	16	4	2				
RATHDOWN UNION.														
1. Duntrum and Glen- ullen, . . .	2	6,396	11,828	1 24	26,015	15 0	15	2	—					
2. Blackrock & Stillorgan	2	10,444	4,073	1 20	46,593	5 0	16	2	—					
3. Killiney, . . .	1	4,241	4,795	2 18	25,210	5 0	14	1	—					
4. Kingstown, . . .	1	10,090	1,647	0 31	74,869	10 0	22	2	—					
5. Bray & Rahmichael,	2	8,330	8,340	2 4	36,237	0 0	22	2	—					
6. Powerscourt, . . .	1	2,813	22,331	0 1	7,064	0 0	12	1	—					
7. Delgany, . . .	1	2,906	8,483	2 9	9,296	10 0	14	1	—					
	10	53,290	61,513	2 27	225,876	5 0	115	11	—	7				
COUNTY OF KILDARE.														
ATHY UNION.														
1. Athy, . . .	6	8,740	20,531	2 16	25,245	9 0	26	1	1					
2. Moanacarrow, . . .	7	6,654	31,700	3 36	29,718	15 0	21	1	—					
3. Ponsstown, . . .	6	3,751	26,279	2 23	14,609	6 0	18	1	—					
4. Castledermot, . . .	7	4,140	25,714	0 24	16,281	19 0	19	1	—					
5. Sallaghally, . . .	5	5,340	26,260	2 28	17,300	6 0	19	1	—					
6. Ballylyman, . . .	6	4,577	21,753	1 0	13,949	12 0	19	1	—					
	30	33,210	160,234	1 7	109,155	7 0	121	6	1	6				
CELSKIDGE UNION.														
1. Lucan, . . .	5	3,043	11,838	2 34	24,266	13 0	15	1	—	1				
2. Celbridge, . . .	3	4,769	16,639	0 15	23,325	15 0	15	1	—	1				
3. Mayneeth, . . .	2	3,265	15,669	1 36	19,991	18 0	13	1	—					
4. Rathcoole, . . .	3	3,370	16,937	0 11	20,693	5 0	13	1	—					
5. Kilcock, . . .	4	4,532	25,753	1 18	20,614	7 0	17	1	—					
	15	19,590	95,837	2 34	114,601	18 0	73	5	—	5				

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts.	No. of Districts in each	Popula- tion: 1871.	Area: in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.				No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Appointees.	Number of Midwives.
					Colours 1.	2.	3.	4.			
Colours 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.			
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.											
COUNTY OF KILDARE—con.											
NAAS UNION.											
1. Blessington & Bally-					A.	B.	C.	E.	S.	d.	
more, .	6	6,760	60,723	2 39	21,552	7	0	21	1	—	1
2. Robertstown & Kil-					9,412	9	0	15	1	—	—
meege, .	5	4,219	29,470	2 18	17,790	1	0	17	1	—	—
3. Rathmore, .	4	2,841	19,094	1 29	22,651	9	0	17	1	—	—
4. Kilcullen, .	5	11,967	29,733	3 15	25,943	8	0	17	1	—	—
5. Naas and Carragh, .	5	6,930	24,454	3 27	15,905	3	0	15	1	—	—
6. Cavan and Timahoe,					16	—	—	—	—	—	—
North, .	5	4,649	28,080	0 25	22,494	8	0	16	1	—	—
7. Kildare, .	4	4,030	19,397	2 2	17,062	3	0	15	1	—	—
8. Newbridge, .	3	6,282	14,073	2 5	15,905	3	0	15	1	—	—
	37	47,560	216,621	2 27	151,591	8	0	133	8	—	4
COUNTY OF KILKENNY.											
CALLAN UNION.											
1. Ballingarry, .	4	5,562	20,373	5 30	14,109	1	0	17	1	—	—
2. Mullinahone, .	4	5,183	21,484	1 24	13,001	18	0	15	1	—	—
3. Kilmaganny, .	6	6,144	30,303	0 9	21,250	1	0	19	1	—	—
4. Callan, .	6	6,080	31,030	2 6	24,334	8	0	25	1	—	—
	20	24,959	104,010	3 29	73,405	6	0	76	4	—	1
CASTLECOMER UNION.											
1. Castlecomer, .	4	11,372	33,264	3 30	21,310	10	0	26	2	—	—
2. Ballytagget, .	3	4,565	18,555	1 24	10,912	5	0	17	1	—	—
	7	15,937	57,820	1 14	32,222	15	0	43	3	—	—
KILKENNY UNION.											
1. Kilkenny, .	5	19,563	20,414	3 27	42,376	11	0	32	2	1	1
2. Gowran, .	4	5,076	22,387	3 4	16,942	0	0	15	1	—	—
3. Tiscallin, .	4	4,141	22,762	0 28	13,444	0	0	16	1	—	—
4. Freshford, .	4	4,063	18,302	1 2	13,509	15	0	13	1	—	—
5. Tullaroan, .	4	2,636	10,956	1 11	11,503	0	0	13	1	—	—
	21	35,489	110,943	1 52	100,245	6	0	95	6	1	2
THOMASTOWN UNION.											
1. Grange, .	6	5,966	20,183	1 23	15,747	4	0	23	1	—	—
2. Inistioge, .	6	4,100	25,105	0 11	16,928	0	0	23	1	—	—
3. Thomastown, .	7	5,391	25,930	1 17	20,318	10	0	23	1	—	—
4. Knocktopher, .	8	5,448	20,387	1 16	18,948	15	0	23	1	—	—
	27	21,405	167,577	0 27	65,842	9	0	92	4	—	—
URINGFORD UNION.											
1. Balteen, .	4	3,017	17,991	1 1	12,060	15	0	17	1	—	—
2. Johnstown, .	4	3,590	20,432	0 6	12,345	15	0	17	1	—	—
3. Uringford, .	4	4,332	19,030	1 21	11,126	3	0	17	1	—	—
4. Kilcooly, .	4	4,308	10,255	3 10	9,936	7	0	17	1	—	—
	16	15,253	76,149	1 38	45,469	0	0	60	4	—	—

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Popu- lation: 1861.	Area: in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.			No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medall Obtained.	Number of Applications.	Number of Medallists.
					Column I.	2	3.	4.	5.	6.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.										
KING'S COUNTY.					A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.
EDENSHERRY UNION.										
1. Johnstown,	4	2,754	19,270	1 6	13,329	10	0	13	1	-
2. Carbury,	5	3,265	34,050	3 2	17,945	1	0	21	1	-
3. Rathangan,	5	3,945	25,183	1 21	14,127	13	0	17	1	-
4. Edenderry,	5	5,728	33,811	2 35	17,974	9	0	19	1	-
5. Rhode,	5	5,827	29,691	2 18	16,527	16	0	13	1	-
6. Ballyboggen,	4	3,526	21,063	3 32	15,524	15	0	13	1	-
	39	25,384	173,466	2 35	95,429	4	0	96	6	-
PARSONSTOWN UNION.										
1. Parsonstown,	9	9,777	11,327	1 38	14,112	12	0	26	1	-
2. Killyon,	3	2,325	17,111	0 17	8,909	7	0	22	1	-
3. Kinnity,	6	3,105	33,360	3 20	13,676	17	0	24	1	-
4. Frankford,	5	5,930	26,681	0 15	12,930	4	0	23	1	-
5. Bansha,	7	7,384	49,023	2 39	19,862	11	0	30	1	-
6. Ferbane,	10	6,723	62,511	0 38	20,260	4	0	27	1	-
7. Riverstown,	6	3,525	27,427	3 4	12,761	6	0	13	1	-
	39	30,336	220,437	1 19	102,513	3	0	172	7	-
TULLAMORE UNION.										
1. Killoughy,	7	6,725	42,912	3 14	15,962	19	0	23	1	-
2. Phillipstown,	6	5,377	33,630	3 25	15,898	17	0	19	1	-
3. Kilbeggan,	5	4,550	21,820	2 23	14,251	14	0	21	1	-
4. Clara,	5	6,140	23,963	1 27	15,064	12	0	19	1	-
5. Tullamore,	5	10,386	33,196	3 32	21,652	2	0	27	1	-
	26	33,067	135,334	3 1	82,825	4	0	109	5	-
COUNTY OF LONGFORD.										
BALLYMAHON UNION.										
1. Abbeyshrule,	5	7,163	30,734	0 18	20,749	12	0	21	1	-
2. Ballymahon,	5	9,064	30,935	0 10	30,352	7	0	21	1	-
3. Ballymore,	3	5,803	30,459	0 23	30,075	14	0	23	1	-
	18	22,689	100,126	1 10	61,977	13	0	65	3	-
GRANARD UNION.										
1. Granard,	8	8,121	26,824	0 37	20,458	17	0	23	1	-
2. Street,	7	6,314	29,527	0 11	19,931	6	0	21	1	-
3. Ballinalee,	6	6,014	22,969	2 4	13,005	16	0	19	1	-
4. Scrabby,	5	7,521	21,566	0 1	10,505	10	0	17	1	-
5. Finner,	5	6,004	24,493	1 15	12,035	1	0	17	1	-
6. Coole,	3	1,929	11,521	0 38	8,200	2	0	11	1	-
	36	86,043	134,003	1 26	84,934	12	0	108	6	-
LONGFORD UNION.										
1. Longford,	6	13,569	34,906	1 34	28,728	12	0	25	1	-
2. Drumlish,	7	11,328	35,825	3 13	13,000	15	0	21	1	-
3. Killashen,	6	7,560	39,816	0 10	17,448	10	0	23	1	-
	19	32,757	100,961	1 17	89,777	18	0	69	3	-

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Popula- tion: 1861.	Area: in Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.			No. of Masters of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.
					Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.				A. B. P. L. s. d.						
COUNTY OF LOUTH.										
ANTRIM UNION.										
1. Ardee,	5	9,174	27,947	1 39	31,575	5 0	24	—	—	—
2. Dunscondra,	5	4,214	23,800	1 34	21,007	15 0	15	—	—	—
3. Collo,	5	2,030	13,431	2 0	8,561	0 0	11	—	—	—
4. Dunleer,	5	4,745	16,790	3 22	15,836	10 0	15	—	—	—
5. Castlebellingham,	5	4,301	14,232	0 38	17,115	2 0	17	1	—	—
	13	25,284	96,210	2 4	94,085	12 0	82	5	—	9
DROGHEEDA UNION.										
1. Stannullen,	2	3,609	21,338	2 34	25,582	0 0	21	1	—	1
2. Duleek,	2	3,832	20,703	3 37	19,934	5 0	15	1	—	—
3. St. Mary's,	1	7,344	9,733	1 0	17,511	5 0	15	1	—	—
4. Drogheen,	1	15,193	10,080	0 32	20,934	2 0	25	2	—	—
5. Ternanfeelin,	3	6,265	19,221	3 25	16,912	0 0	19	1	—	—
6. Monasterboice,	3	3,573	17,911	0 10	13,874	15 0	17	1	—	—
	12	39,821	95,045	0 18	124,768	7 0	112	7	—	9
DUNDALK UNION.										
1. Dundalk,	5	16,430	17,123	0 16	39,306	10 0	33	—	1	1
2. Louth,	4	6,830	20,063	1 26	17,998	15 0	18	—	—	—
3. Barronstown,	4	7,168	18,062	3 11	15,606	3 0	15	—	—	—
4. Deomishkin,	2	3,162	10,579	1 27	12,463	12 0	11	—	—	—
5. Ravensdale,	3	5,282	17,818	3 20	9,682	7 0	11	1	—	—
6. Carlingford,	3	8,032	19,564	1 31	11,905	19 0	15	1	—	—
	19	46,850	104,434	0 21	105,069	6 0	103	6	1	1
COUNTY OF MEATH.										
DUNLAUGHLIN UNION.										
1. Dauboyne,	3	3,611	32,592	1 29	33,329	0 0	27	1	—	—
2. Rathend,	3	3,692	20,801	0 18	27,143	0 0	30	1	—	—
3. Killon,	3	3,412	23,909	2 0	23,176	0 0	19	1	—	—
4. Garrison,	3	3,394	24,046	1 4	21,973	10 0	17	1	—	—
	12	14,109	106,339	1 9	105,820	10 0	83	4	—	—
KELLS UNION.										
1. Kells,	6	7,200	27,063	2 7	32,517	19 0	27	1	—	—
2. Moynalty,	6	6,615	26,180	3 29	19,520	5 0	21	1	—	—
3. Kilskeer,	7	4,891	25,460	1 10	20,974	13 0	21	1	—	1
4. Nobber,	6	5,406	30,267	2 18	23,420	0 0	17	1	—	—
	25	24,462	106,902	1 24	95,634	17 0	86	4	—	2
NAYAN UNION.										
1. Navan,	4	12,113	37,086	3 7	42,354	15 0	23	1	—	1
2. Phoenixdown,	4	4,718	27,648	2 36	20,124	15 0	17	—	—	—
3. Castletown,	4	5,157	29,730	1 34	29,442	15 0	17	1	—	1
	12	21,988	94,465	3 37	97,922	5 0	57	3	—	2
OLDECASTLE UNION.										
1. Crossakel,	4	3,010	19,569	0 12	15,734	15 0	17	1	—	—
2. Oldcastle,	4	5,667	24,855	0 8	19,813	4 0	19	1	—	—
3. Virginia,	3	7,773	24,433	3 0	13,245	3 0	15	1	—	—
4. Ballyjamesduff,	3	7,297	19,049	0 10	13,341	0 0	17	1	—	—
	14	23,857	85,911	3 30	62,204	2 0	68	4	—	—

(continued.)

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Dispensary Districts.	Popula- tion : 1861.	Area : In Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation : 1871.	No. of Members of Committees of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	No. of Apothecaries.	No. of Midwives.
COLUMN I.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued, COUNTY OF MEATH—con. TOWN UNION.								
1. Athboy,								
1. Athboy,	6	7,392	37,046 0 9	31,096 10 0	21	1	—	—
2. Trim,	5	6,402	26,593 1 11	25,669 5 0	17	1	—	—
3. Summerhill,	5	5,085	20,763 0 0	27,854 5 0	17	1	—	1
4. Innishad,	4	3,969	25,117 0 23	24,283 0 0	15	1	—	—
	20	22,918	119,518 2 3	105,843 0 0	70	4	—	1
QUEEN'S COUNTY. ASBESTELEX UNION.								
1. Asbestelex,	4	5,365	18,877 2 24	12,332 13 0	19	1	—	—
2. Ballyroan,	4	3,947	20,012 1 33	11,189 18 0	13	1	—	—
3. Dungow,	5	5,169	24,043 2 22	15,334 3 0	20	1	—	1
4. Castletown,	4	3,327	18,630 2 18	12,206 17 0	15	1	—	1
5. Ballinaskill,	5	4,592	25,802 1 13	15,013 12 0	20	1	—	—
	22	22,400	107,166 2 32	66,947 3 0	87	5	—	2
DONAGHMORE UNION.								
1. Ballynahinch-in-Osney,	7	3,731	23,760 1 27	20,673 7 0	27	1	—	—
2. Rathdowney,	6	5,713	27,350 1 18	19,625 1 0	23	1	—	1
	13	9,504	51,030 3 5	40,200 8 0	50	2	—	1
MOUNTMELLICK UNION.								
1. Mountmellick,	7	8,331	27,460 0 28	16,087 2 0	29	1	—	—
2. Cloghane,	6	4,727	36,330 1 28	10,523 15 0	17	1	—	—
3. Coalmine,	6	2,712	20,968 1 12	8,159 18 0	22	1	—	—
4. Mountrath,	5	6,820	25,925 1 37	11,866 11 0	17	1	—	—
5. Maryborough,	6	7,302	23,730 1 18	17,675 4 0	25	1	—	—
6. Ratoe,	6	5,778	32,533 5 32	21,689 18 0	30	1	—	—
7. Clonygowan,	6	6,519	25,536 0 31	15,933 1 0	23	1	—	—
	42	42,184	200,632 3 27	101,091 7 0	163	7	—	—
COUNTY OF WESTMEATH.								
ATHLONE UNION.								
1. Athlone,	5	13,924	27,612 1 18	22,312 0 0	35	2	—	—
2. Brideswell,	7	6,834	38,330 1 6	14,333 0 0	25	1	—	—
3. Kilmore,	6	5,507	27,503 1 14	12,571 5 0	21	1	—	—
4. Glasson,	6	5,438	24,601 0 27	15,000 8 0	19	1	—	—
5. Moate,	7	7,620	32,653 1 7	24,100 0 0	30	1	—	—
	31	38,323	150,768 1 33	85,332 1 0	131	6	—	—
DELVIN UNION.								
1. Castlepollard,	6	5,280	23,490 1 32	17,425 16 0	21	1	—	—
2. Delvin,	7	4,125	27,692 2 37	18,446 3 0	21	1	—	—
3. Cloghlin,	6	4,158	23,602 0 12	17,139 4 0	21	1	—	—
	19	13,561	74,775 1 1	53,911 3 0	63	3	—	—
MULLINGAR UNION.								
1. Mullingar,	8	11,816	31,766 3 32	32,449 19 0	31	1	—	1
2. Multyfarnham,	6	4,124	22,302 1 12	17,037 0 0	19	1	—	—
3. Ballynacraghy,	7	6,237	34,441 0 37	25,046 15 0	23	1	—	—
4. Castletown Geoghegan,	7	5,707	35,225 0 19	26,711 16 0	29	1	—	—
5. Tyrrellspass,	7	5,813	31,180 2 26	17,420 10 0	21	1	—	1
6. Milltown,	6	3,820	27,491 2 6	16,195 7 0	19	1	—	—
7. Killucan,	7	5,036	25,973 0 1	21,338 12 0	21	1	—	—
	48	42,708	203,400 3 13	157,227 19 0	163	7	—	2

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

Names of Unions and Dispensary Districts.	No. of Dispensary Districts in each.	Popula- tion: 1851.	Area: In Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation: 1851.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.				
					2.	3.	4.	5.	
Column 1.		2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.									
COUNTY OF WEXFORD.					A.	S.	P.	L.	s. d.
EMISCORTHY UNION.									
1. Newtownbarry, . . .	5	6,033	31,101	3 25	15,347	0	0	32	1
2. Killane, . . .	5	5,629	34,375	0 14	11,693	0	0	15	1
3. Ferns, . . .	6	4,134	23,602	3 35	13,042	0	0	17	1
4. Eamscorthy, . . .	5	12,404	35,732	2 16	30,139	0	0	35	1
5. Oulart, . . .	6	8,541	36,481	1 33	21,431	0	0	19	1
6. Clogroche, . . .	5	6,345	35,281	1 32	18,106	0	0	19	1
	32	42,086	196,689	1 33	109,748	0	0	137	7
GOREY UNION.									
1. Gorey, . . .	5	8,324	31,573	0 39	22,986	5	0	23	1
2. Cosligraney, . . .	5	4,560	30,600	3 11	15,874	10	0	15	1
3. Camolin, . . .	7	5,253	33,045	0 6	16,024	10	0	19	1
4. Killenagh and Wells,	8	6,720	35,072	3 9	23,921	5	0	25	1
	25	24,837	129,704	3 25	79,216	10	0	82	4
New Ross UNION.									
1. New Ross, . . .	1	7,845	4,400	1 30	11,972	6	0	19	1
2. Old Ross, . . .	3	5,745	31,545	3 3	19,619	15	0	35	1
3. Dysertown, . . .	7	5,788	28,478	2 30	14,911	12	0	28	1
4. St. Mullins, . . .	5	5,336	25,134	3 13	9,966	2	0	21	1
5. Templedigan, . . .	4	3,154	17,218	0 19	7,253	10	0	21	1
6. Carrigbyrne, . . .	8	6,474	36,091	3 25	17,130	12	0	29	1
7. Fethard, . . .	6	9,801	34,300	3 19	21,471	7	0	23	1
	39	44,141	177,250	2 19	104,325	6	0	169	8
WEXFORD UNION.									
1. Wexford, . . .	3	15,250	10,323	1 24	25,544	10	0	35	1
2. Broadway, . . .	6	5,710	21,611	1 14	18,179	5	0	31	1
3. Bridgetown, . . .	7	7,767	23,261	3 16	19,793	15	0	35	1
4. Bannew, . . .	5	5,505	24,244	2 4	16,425	10	0	25	1
5. Taghmon and Glynn,	7	4,945	25,687	2 24	14,986	17	0	33	1
6. Crossabeg, . . .	4	4,532	16,172	1 27	12,696	15	0	21	1
	35	43,727	126,301	0 29	107,168	12	0	160	6
COUNTY OF WICKLOW.									
BALTINGLASS UNION.									
1. Ballyglass, . . .	7	6,573	26,569	3 17	22,419	15	0	30	1
2. Kiltegan, . . .	8	5,165	44,642	3 7	15,491	11	0	25	1
3. Daalahe, . . .	8	6,131	43,834	2 36	18,768	5	0	25	1
4. Rathvilly, . . .	5	3,563	29,060	0 25	17,118	5	0	16	1
	26	22,632	138,107	2 5	73,732	16	0	96	6
RATHDRUM UNION.									
1. Newcastle, . . .	4	5,081	23,585	1 10	20,309	0	0	21	1
2. Ashford, . . .	3	8,330	24,725	0 20	25,751	10	0	21	1
3. Annanes, . . .	7	4,794	50,583	0 18	11,021	15	0	21	1
4. Dungantown, . . .	4	3,544	21,104	3 37	19,678	15	0	17	1
5. Arklow, . . .	1	7,758	16,793	1 14	12,256	17	0	13	1
6. Newbridge, . . .	4	5,484	18,327	0 23	19,119	7	0	18	1
7. Rathdrum, . . .	4	5,518	36,954	2 6	10,377	0	0	17	1
8. Aughrim, . . .	3	2,724	24,367	0 13	7,070	0	0	15	1
	30	43,402	227,540	2 21	127,634	4	0	143	8

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Electoral Districts each	Popu- lation : 1861.	Area; in Square Acres.	Poor Law Valuation : 1861.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.			No. of Medical Officers.	No. of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.
					4.	5.	6.			
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.		
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—continued.										
COUNTY OF WICKLOW—cox.										
SHILLELAGH UNION.										
1. Coalclon & Glengall,	8	6,750	38,366	0 15	20,412	12 0	29	1	-	-
2. Cooldown and Hack-										
estown,	7	6,626	31,127	2 37	17,045	11 0	21	1	-	-
3. Tinnahely,	6	5,777	40,527	2 32	12,623	12 0	21	1	-	-
	21	19,143	110,121	2 4	50,081	13 0	71	3	-	-
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.										
COUNTY OF GALWAY.										
BALLINASOE UNION.										
1. Ahascragh,	2	9,479	17,921	1 20	7,304	0 0	20	1	-	-
2. Ballinasoe,	3	10,234	19,173	1 5	16,062	0 0	29	1	1	-
3. Killasser,	4	5,841	27,617	3 7	15,941	0 0	20	1	-	-
4. Creagh,	6	6,305	36,625	5 37	12,358	0 0	16	1	-	-
5. Laurencetown,	5	4,131	31,848	1 35	13,426	0 0	15	1	-	-
6. Kiltormer,	5	4,232	27,919	1 28	14,541	0 0	18	1	-	-
	25	28,222	160,567	1 7	78,712	0 0	118	6	1	-
CLIFDEN UNION.										
1. Clifden,	7	12,007	43,892	2 37	7,163	5 0	19	2	-	-
2. Kinvara,	4	4,791	44,754	0 8	4,448	13 0	15	1	-	-
3. Roundstone,	8	8,122	104,818	1 39	5,785	4 0	15	2	-	-
	19	25,000	192,065	1 4	17,357	2 0	49	5	-	-
GALWAY UNION.										
1. Galway,	3	24,890	21,558	0 25	31,750	17 0	51	2	1	-
2. Oranmore,	6	6,319	30,341	1 12	13,323	5 0	21	1	-	-
3. Tuam	3	7,618	45,255	1 33	11,495	13 0	27	1	-	-
4. Aran,	1	3,266	11,267	3 17	1,604	4 0	2	1	-	-
5. Spiddal,	5	5,820	43,304	1 29	3,998	15 0	20	1	-	-
6. Moyallen,	3	3,005	24,949	2 34	3,244	16 0	15	1	-	-
	26	50,821	197,467	0 0	65,227	10 0	136	7	1	-
GLENSARADDY UNION.										
1. Danmore,	3	3,027	17,837	1 4	5,890	2 0	16	1	-	-
2. Glensaraddy,	7	8,914	40,161	2 28	11,838	5 0	21	1	-	-
3. Williamstown,	8	10,328	42,789	2 36	14,623	1 0	23	1	-	-
	18	22,469	100,318	2 28	31,901	15 0	60	3	-	-
GORT UNION.										
1. Gort,	6	7,768	34,798	0 2	17,194	0 0	20	1	1	-
2. Kinvara,	6	7,721	36,308	0 25	13,406	0 0	20	1	-	-
3. Ardahan,	8	5,012	36,821	0 6	13,358	15 0	20	1	-	-
	20	20,501	107,919	0 33	43,293	15 0	60	3	1	-
LOUGHREA UNION.										
1. Loughrea,	6	7,299	29,641	0 10	17,649	15 0	26	1	-	-
2. Ballinam.,	10	6,108	55,814	3 30	22,933	9 0	31	1	-	-
3. Athlone,	11	8,799	56,431	0 87	21,444	10 0	20	1	-	-
4. Woodford,	8	6,933	56,944	2 38	13,434	10 0	23	1	-	-
	34	29,139	196,831	3 35	75,462	4 0	108	4	-	-
MOUNT BELLEW UNION.										
1. Killoran,	4	6,894	31,924	0 87	10,219	5 0	15	1	-	-
2. Glenbrook,	5	5,816	25,957	1 17	13,521	18 0	21	1	-	-
3. Mount Bellew,	5	7,426	40,501	3 7	16,719	1 0	21	1	-	-
	14	19,936	102,383	1 21	40,460	4 0	57	3	-	2

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Pastoral Districts.	Popu- lation: 1861.	Area: In Square Acres.	Fine Tax Valuation: 1871.	No. of Mem- bers of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	No. of Apothecaries.	No. of Millions.
COLUMNS 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—continued. COUNTY OF GALWAY—con. OUGHTERARD UNION.			A. B. F.	£ s. d.				
1. Cloonbur, . . .	5	5,749	50,996 2 2	6,009 10 0	13	2	—	1
2. Oughterard, . . .	4	6,079	69,638 5 23	5,450 14 0	15	1	—	—
3. Lettermara, . . .	5	6,633	44,239 3 37	3,457 16 0	13	1	—	—
	14	18,472	172,745 1 22	14,833 0 0	41	4	—	1
PORTUMNA UNION.								
1. Portumna, . . .	8	8,761	45,628 0 34	18,844 9 0	35	2	—	1
2. Myrecomy, . . .	7	6,178	31,417 1 33	16,601 3 0	27	1	—	—
	15	14,939	77,045 2 32	35,325 12 0	62	3	—	1
TEAN UNION.								
1. Tuam, . . .	13	19,319	73,235 2 39	30,537 8 0	37	2	—	—
2. Dunmore, . . .	5	9,790	36,442 0 39	14,628 1 0	23	1	—	—
3. Headford, . . .	9	9,393	46,490 0 29	18,587 0 0	23	1	—	—
4. Abbey, . . .	7	5,852	34,481 0 12	11,865 8 0	21	1	—	—
	34	44,449	190,849 0 30	75,717 17 0	104	5	—	—
COUNTY OF LEITRIM.								
CARRICK-ON-SHANNON UNION.								
1. Drumshanbo, . . .	8	8,970	33,787 1 22	8,956 18 0	21	—	—	1
2. Leitrim, . . .	6	7,957	23,119 1 21	10,492 18 0	19	—	—	—
3. Jamestown, . . .	5	8,721	21,973 2 5	14,585 12 0	27	2	—	1
4. Aughrim, . . .	6	6,022	21,255 3 35	14,066 15 0	19	1	—	—
	25	31,677	100,726 1 3	48,100 3 0	86	4	—	2
MANGHAMONTION UNION.								
1. Moneranahes, . . .	6	10,163	36,701 0 26	11,238 2 0	19	1	—	—
2. Lurganboy, . . .	6	6,895	45,300 0 6	10,782 18 0	31	1	—	—
3. Deumahare, . . .	5	8,490	31,285 2 28	12,698 6 0	11	1	—	—
4. Deumkeegan, . . .	5	7,895	30,900 0 12	8,093 2 0	11	1	—	—
	29	33,443	144,947 0 34	43,319 8 0	52	4	—	—
MOHILL UNION.								
1. Mohill, . . .	6	9,537	26,257 2 16	13,014 18 0	19	1	—	—
2. Ryns, . . .	7	8,718	29,105 0 6	11,508 3 0	13	1	—	—
3. Rowan, . . .	5	5,390	19,052 2 14	7,129 10 0	11	1	—	—
4. Cartigallen, . . .	5	6,246	18,540 1 1	7,862 8 0	11	1	—	—
	23	30,191	92,955 1 37	39,514 17 0	54	4	—	—
COUNTY OF MAYO.								
BALLINA UNION.								
1. Ballina, . . .	11	25,329	73,848 1 10	39,704 15 0	37	2	1	—
2. Crossmolina, . . .	9	9,324	76,566 1 17	15,719 9 0	27	1	—	—
	20	32,653	150,414 2 27	46,424 4 0	61	2	1	—
BALLINROBE UNION.								
1. Ballinrobe, . . .	8	14,815	72,247 1 7	23,055 3 0	35	2	—	—
2. Cong, . . .	4	7,453	51,560 2 34	14,917 1 0	23	1	—	—
3. Hollymount, . . .	6	9,310	41,098 1 25	21,925 12 0	21	1	—	—
	18	31,556	144,894 1 24	59,397 16 0	79	4	—	—

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Dis- trictsof each.	Popu- lation: 1861.	Area : In Statute Acres,	Poor Law Valuation: 1871.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.			No. of Medical Officers.	Number of Appointees.	Number of Malewives.
					4.	5.	6.			
Column 1.	2.	3.								
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—continued.										
COUNTY OF MAYO—cox.										
BELMULLET UNION.										
1. Binghamstown, .	3	8,075	31,941	2 7	5,235	11 0	19	1	—	—
2. Bangor, .	12	9,021	146,041	0 14	5,597	13 0	24	1	—	—
	15	17,096	177,932	2 21	10,933	4 0	43	2	—	—
CASTLEREA UNION.										
1. Castlebar, .	12	20,689	97,809	1 16	26,003	0 0	36	2	—	—
2. Balla, .	6	11,091	45,103	0 27	18,067	0 0	34	1	—	—
	18	31,780	140,907	2 3	45,070	0 0	67	3	—	—
CLAREMORE UNION.										
1. Cleromoris, .	7	9,821	34,941	0 28	14,539	9 0	39	1	—	—
2. Ballindine, .	6	9,442	34,350	3 16	15,761	9 0	26	1	—	—
3. Ballyhaunis, .	6	12,067	41,295	3 33	11,535	14 0	25	1	—	—
	19	32,070	110,787	3 37	41,936	12 0	90	3	—	—
KILLEA UNION.										
1. Killain, .	3	5,318	25,198	1 26	12,066	7 0	25	1	—	—
2. Ballycastle, .	5	6,511	79,613	2 29	8,437	10 0	19	1	—	—
	8	11,029	104,082	0 14	20,503	17 0	44	2	—	—
NEWPORT UNION.										
1. Newport, .	5	8,462	63,988	8 39	8,506	7 0	21	1	—	—
2. Achill, .	6	8,190	105,423	2 21	4,343	8 0	23	2	—	—
	11	16,650	170,412	2 20	12,929	15 0	44	3	—	—
SWINEFORD UNION.										
1. Swinford, .	4	11,924	30,695	1 6	10,337	0 0	21	1	—	—
2. Foxford, .	5	7,452	21,914	0 19	6,779	10 0	15	1	—	—
3. Kilnough, .	5	8,490	22,699	5 13	8,462	1 0	10	1	—	—
4. Lowpark, .	4	11,362	55,265	2 12	4,758	17 0	11	1	—	—
5. Kilkelly, .	5	12,577	41,330	3 13	8,161	14 0	17	1	—	—
	21	52,004	152,593	2 23	40,459	2 0	82	5	—	—
WESTPORT UNION.										
1. Westport, .	6	12,550	62,478	2 14	15,634	4 0	30	2	—	—
2. Louisburgh, .	9	7,265	30,450	3 12	6,991	14 0	15	2	—	—
3. Islandsaddy, .	5	6,325	32,578	2 8	8,190	1 0	19	2	—	—
	20	26,868	175,507	3 34	30,815	19 0	64	5	—	—
COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON. BOYLE UNION.										
1. Boyle, .	9	16,375	52,042	2 18	28,567	12 0	36	2	1	1
2. Ballinasmene, .	7	8,108	28,768	2 31	12,612	16 0	28	—	—	—
3. Gurteen, .	6	10,610	32,749	0 12	13,632	13 0	24	1	—	—
4. Keadue, .	6	7,197	21,369	0 13	7,209	9 0	17	1	—	—
5. Ballyfarman, .	5	5,550	24,706	1 36	9,308	15 0	22	1	—	—
	35	47,750	180,685	3 30	72,681	5 0	127	6	1	—

[continued.]

No. 1.—STATEMENT OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS—continued.

NAME OF UNION AND DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Popula- tion in 1851.	Area : In Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation : 1871.				
					No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	No. of Apothecaries.	No. of Midwives.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—continued.								
Co. or Roscommon—con.					A. R. P.	E. s. d.		
CASTLECREA UNION.								
1. Ballaghaderreen, .	5	16,632	46,227 3 30	14,581 2 0	20	1	—	—
2. Freshport, .	5	10,393	36,899 3 12	17,180 9 0	21	1	—	—
3. Castlecrea, .	5	15,943	51,011 3 34	18,735 9 0	21	1	—	—
4. Castlepunket, .	4	4,525	21,423 2 39	21,232 12 0	21	1	—	—
Roscommon UNION.	19	46,703	162,363 1 35	71,739 12 0	63	4	—	—
1. Athleague, .	6	7,232	36,366 2 29	20,531 9 0	13	—	—	—
2. Roscommon, .	5	9,492	36,194 1 15	23,608 16 0	19	—	—	—
3. Ballyleague, .	7	9,760	41,185 1 34	20,252 7 0	19	—	—	—
STROKESTOWN UNION.	18	26,504	114,056 1 38	64,392 12 0	53	5	—	—
1. Strokestown, .	7	10,488	31,614 1 15	18,371 3 0	21	1	—	—
2. Rossky, .	7	9,346	33,279 2 3	12,338 19 0	23	1	—	—
3. Elphin, .	6	6,561	25,151 2 0	19,020 10 0	31	1	—	—
COUNTY OF SLIGO.	29	26,325	90,036 1 18	50,738 12 0	75	3	—	—
DUNMORE, WEST, UNION.								
1. Eskey, .	6	8,472	42,291 0 3	12,589 4 0	19	—	—	—
2. Skeer, .	6	6,291	32,734 1 6	13,562 18 0	21	—	—	—
3. Castlecounse, .	3	5,845	21,960 0 30	10,175 6 0	11	—	—	—
SALIGO UNION.	17	18,008	95,985 1 39	36,727 8 0	51	6	—	—
1. Carney, .	9	12,905	44,554 1 39	16,634 11 0	21	—	—	—
2. Sligo, .	6	20,493	30,835 0 27	38,484 2 0	41	—	—	—
3. Collooney, .	5	7,059	23,443 0 19	13,983 17 0	23	—	—	—
4. Ballymote, .	4	6,724	18,138 3 22	12,017 10 0	15	1	—	—
5. Riverstown, .	5	6,030	23,551 2 25	13,535 9 0	19	1	—	—
Tubbercurry UNION.	29	53,901	143,523 1 12	97,475 9 0	119	7	1	3
1. Tubbercurry, .	7	10,691	45,316 0 16	16,712 3 0	23	—	—	—
2. Coolaney, .	8	5,424	34,300 0 19	12,570 12 0	23	1	—	—
3. Aclare, .	6	11,342	46,157 1 5	11,210 15 0	23	1	—	—
	21	27,657	125,773 2 0	46,523 10 0	69	3	—	—

SUMMARY OF FOREGOING TABLE, No. 1.

PROVINCES.	No. of Unions.	No. of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions.	Population in 1851.	Area : In Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation : 1871.				
							No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers.	No. of Apothecaries.	No. of Midwives.
ULSTER, .	44	213	875	1,907,264	5,316,688 2 7	4,021,863 5 0	4,073	251	3	66
MUNSTER, .	50	204	1,023	1,528,577	6,065,463 1 1	3,360,392 15 0	4,229	229	19	22
LEINSTER, .	40	203	944	1,493,009	4,940,319 1 27	4,503,527 17 0	4,247	229	31	70
CONNAUGHT,	23	99	596	869,414	4,050,232 0 21	1,353,009 19 0	2,141	113	6	15
TOTAL, .	163	719	3,430	5,798,554	20,322,613 1 16	13,239,393 16 3	14,700	801	39	160

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No. 2.—**FINANCIAL and RELIEF RETURNS.**—List, in pursuance of § 20 of the Medical Charities Act (1 & 15 Vict., c. 68), of all Dispensaries Districts in the several Unions in Ireland (arranged in Provinces and Counties);—showing the Number of Dispensaries in each, and the EXPENSES of each Dispensary District for the Year ended 29th September, 1871; with a Return,—for the Year ended 30th September, 1871,—of the Number of Cases of MEDICAL RAILER afforded to Patients at the Dispensary and at their own Homes, respectively; the Number of TICKETS for Medical Relief OXONIZED by the Committee of Management, under § 9 of the Act; Number of Cases of VACCINATION; Number of DANGEROUS LUSTATIVES certified; of Patients attended in PRIMEWELLS, &c.

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No. 2.—TOPSY-MARY Divers, with the EXPRESSIONS, and ANGELS of MAMMALIA REPRODUCED, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF DISPENSARY UNION, DISTRICT.	NAME OF DISPENSARY SUBDIVISION, DISTRICT.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDING 23RD SEPTEMBER, 1871.																			
		Column 4. 4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—CONTINUED—																					
COUNTY OF ANTRIM—CONTINUED—																					
Lisburn, - 1. Lisburn, 2. Lisburneeshop,	1. Lisburn, 2. Lisburneeshop,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Keadyhead, - 1. Keadyhead,	1. Keadyhead,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Glenavy, - 1. Glenavy,	1. Glenavy,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dunmurry, - 1. Dunmurry,	1. Dunmurry,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ballymena, - 1. Ballymena,	1. Ballymena,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Schullabeg, - 1. Schullabeg,	1. Schullabeg,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Annadale, - 1. Annadale,	1. Annadale,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COUNTY OF ARMAGH—																					
Aghawhore, - 1. Aghawhore,	1. Aghawhore,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Blackaderdore, 2. Blackaderdore,	2. Blackaderdore,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Clones, - 1. Clones,	1. Clones,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tynan, - 1. Tynan,	1. Tynan,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kenly, - 1. Kenly,	1. Kenly,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Monaghan, - 1. Monaghan,	1. Monaghan,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Magheralin, - 1. Magheralin,	1. Magheralin,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COUNTY OF DOWN—																					
Larne, - 1. Larne,	1. Larne,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Applais, - 2. Applais,	2. Applais,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Moira, - 1. Moira,	1. Moira,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Watlingsdown, - 1. Watlingsdown,	1. Watlingsdown,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Festerton, - 1. Festerton,	1. Festerton,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
K. Tastanghain, - 1. K. Tastanghain,	1. K. Tastanghain,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COUNTY OF DOWN—CONTINUED—																					
Lisburn, - 1. Lisburn,	1. Lisburn,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COUNTY OF DOWN—CONTINUED—																					
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COUNTY OF DOWN—CONTINUED—																					
COUNTY OF DOWN—CONTINUED—																					

* Hawley Train : Between two Dairies.—The appointment of Mid-Wife nurses not yet to have been made.

[Continued.]

No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF DISPENSARY UNION.	NAME OR DISTRICT.	Estimates of Year ended Sept. 30th, 1871.										Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1871.												
		3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.		
Column I.																								
PROVINCE OF ULMSTER— continued.																								
County of Donegal.— 1. Pettigo,	1.	2	—	1	44	13	7	5	6	—	48	0	0	—	4	4	9	0	0	43	4	0		
2. Lather,	2.	1	—	1	78	9	11	10	0	—	88	0	0	—	11	19	111	6	39	10	10	178	4	11
3. Donegal,	3.	1	—	1	10	0	0	10	0	—	130	0	0	—	11	9	—	37	5	11	233	5	—	
4. Monaghan,	4.	1	—	1	60	0	8	1	0	—	150	0	0	—	94	10	0	533	3	8	331	5	—	
5. Cavan,	5.	1	—	1	39	17	6	6	0	—	190	0	0	—	15	17	—	4	0	0	164	14	8	
DONEGAL.		6.	0	—	3	228	16	10	36	10	—	431	0	0	—	60	3	111	6	68	6	1	1,495	
NANAU,	7. Dunfanaghy,	2.	1	—	10	12	2	9	5	0	6	68	17	5	—	8	15	1	6	7	7	0	273	
	8. Crossmolony,	3.	1	—	63	4	6	10	0	0	10	12	0	0	—	22	1	0	4	2	3	135		
		4.	9	—	—	80	16	8	19	5	3	1	4	16	17	8	—	30	14	7	8	0		
GLENFIFE,	1. Dunleer,	2.	1	—	26	9	0	10	0	0	8	11	0	0	—	25	14	2	8	0	177	9	1	
	3. Glenties,	3.	2	—	26	8	2	10	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	—	17	—	—	—	126	9	7	
	4. Carrick,	4.	2	—	13	14	3	14	13	0	0	1	3	108	0	0	—	12	0	0	157	14	3	
	5. Ardara,	5.	2	—	17	9	10	0	0	0	1	4	90	0	0	—	8	10	1	0	182	1	3	
	6. Killybegs,	6.	2	—	1	3	8	6	0	0	1	4	80	0	0	—	7	10	—	9	0	0	156	
		7.	1	—	91	1	2	87	14	0	14	7	70	0	0	—	59	4	3	8	0	1,457		
Donegal.	1. Carrickfergus,	2.	1	—	1	16	4	1	12	0	0	9	10	0	0	—	8	8	—	10	0	0	122	
	3. Clansay,	3.	1	—	41	2	1	30	0	0	3	0	4	50	0	0	—	10	14	—	127	18	5	
	4. Morelly,	4.	1	—	30	7	0	9	12	0	0	6	11	120	0	0	—	27	14	—	13	0	0	
	5. Malin,	5.	2	—	15	15	2	16	0	0	0	6	6	10	0	0	—	9	12	—	203	19	11	
	6. Buncrana,	6.	1	—	10	0	11	10	0	0	0	6	12	5	0	—	9	0	0	144	1	—		
		7.	0	—	4	81	7	3	22	13	0	5	7	428	8	0	—	68	17	3	167	515	1	

LUTHER- KIRCHE,	1	-	41 10 5 6 2 0 6 0 0 6 0 0	12 8 0 2 2 0 2 0 0 2 0 0	0 0 13 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13 14 7 3 4 1 0 0	1 1 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
St. Mausserdienst, S. Church Hall,	1	-	88 9 7 6 0 0 6 0 0 6 0 0	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 3 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
MITFORD,	3	-	85 11 2 31 16 0 31 16 0 31 16 0	36 2 0 6 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 6 0 0 0	111 0 0 4 11 0 0 5 11 0 0 5 11 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26 17 7 0 10 5 10 5	6 3 0 7 0 0 0 0 0	439 19 3 115 0 268 9 0 268 9 0	1,367 546 - 350 - 350	568 2 2 17 - 17 - 17	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
MITFORD, - J. Ballmelton, 2. Rathmireton, 3. Elmwood, and Millord,	1	-	17 19 6 16 2 2 16 2 2 16 2 2	8 0 0 1 6 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 6 0 0 0	3 6 10 0 4 2 10 0 4 2 10 0 4 2 10 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 10 6 3 6 3 6 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
MITFORD, - J. Ballmelton, 2. Rathmireton, 3. Elmwood, and Millord,	1	-	4 7 26 12 0 31 16 0 31 16 0	10 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 6 0 0 0	4 9 0 0 4 11 0 0 5 11 0 0 5 11 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 4 7 16 16 8 16 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
MITFORD, - J. Ballmelton, 2. Rathmireton, 3. Elmwood, and Millord,	1	-	1 16 17 8 57 10 1 41 1 41 1	16 0 0 0 12 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 6 0 0 6 1 0 0 4 5 0 0 4 5 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26 4 0 13 0 16 8 16 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
MITFORD, - J. Ballmelton, 2. Rathmireton, 3. Elmwood, and Millord,	1	-	1 16 17 8 57 10 1 41 1 41 1	16 0 0 0 12 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 6 0 0 6 1 0 0 4 5 0 0 4 5 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26 4 0 13 0 16 8 16 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
COUNTY OF DOW N., BASSETT, 1. Bremerton, 2. Dromedary, 3. Groggy, 4. Halden, 5. Langdonknot, 6. Tadzagee,	6	-	59 8 6 31 13 2 41 1 1 32 13 1 7 13 1 31 1 0	41 0 0 24 0 0 20 0 0 8 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 6 0 0 0	1 15 8 0 1 18 8 0 1 19 0 0 1 19 0 0 1 19 0 0 1 15 8 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	16 3 13 9 13 9 11 3 11 3 11 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
DIXON, PARSONS,	6	-	138 5 16 32 1 9 32 1 9 32 1 9 32 1 9 32 1 9	48 8 0 31 1 9 31 1 9 31 1 9 31 1 9 31 1 9	8 14 6 0 11 7 0 11 7 0 11 7 0 11 7 0 11 7 0	0 16 0 0 0 16 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	16 3 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
DOWNSIDE, 1. Coughes, 2. Dromedary, 3. Groggy, 4. Halden, 5. Langdonknot, 6. Tadzagee,	1	-	22 1 9 32 1 9 32 1 9 32 1 9 32 1 9 32 1 9	21 1 9 11 7 0 11 7 0 11 7 0 11 7 0 11 7 0	1 6 0 0 1 6 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	21 0 34 15 33 15 32 15 31 15 30 15	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7 139 2 7 139 2 7 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154 130 154 130 154 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -
DOWNSIDE, - J. Kilkenny, 2. Heywood, 3. Roskruze,	4	-	74 1 3 14 18 6 14 18 6	20 10 0 19 0 0 19 0 0	7 15 0 0 5 16 11 5 16 11	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15 17 0 13 15 6 13 15 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	130 10 8 140 6 5 139 2 7	436 170 630 118 130 154	540 141 2 141 - 202 - 202	231 2 122 2 - 148 - 148	4 4 - -

[continued]

No. 2.—DISEASE AND DISASTERS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

LAWRENCE- TOWNS,		1. Princeton, 2. Edinburg, 3. Classics,		12 5 0 0 17 5 0 0 10 114 138 5 0 0 3 54 9		188 2 0 114 138 54 9		14 16 0 114 138 54 9		8 7 3 8 9 0 9 0 0		280 12 7 282 12 7 60 16 0		4 431 1 2 4 432 1 2 2 433 1 2						
LAWNSIDE,		1 Broadmoor	1	122 16 11	10 0 0 1 11 3	115 0 0	-	10 10 0 0 10 6	6 3 8	166 19 4	234	185 142	437	438 1 2	4 431 1 2					
		2 Llanwales,	1	14 14 7	6 0 0 0 9 0	103 0	-	18 0 0 0 10 6	2 1 0	154 0 7	219	142 191	-	431 1 2	-					
		3 Berrydale,	1	26 0 0 7	6 0 0 0 9 0	100 0	-	19 0 0 0 10 6	0 2 9	163 1 7	287	131 416	1	191 1	-					
		4. Magunedds,	1	19 17 6	10 0 0 0 9 0	80 0	-	41 10 0 10 6	0 3 8	115 11 8	183	122 366	-	83 1	-					
LAWNSIDE,	4	3	96 7 9	33 0 0 2 19 9	285 0 0	-	50 4 0 0 2 0	26 16 10	589 11 9	943	560 1,348	1	947 9	-						
County of LON- DONSHIRE.		Cockfield,		1. Cockfield,		18 10 0 18 10 0 29 14 7 25 2 4 25 2 4		23 0 0 1 16 0 18 6 6 3 9 0 10 0 6 2 3 6 13 0 2 3 6 10 0 2 3 6		140 0 0 142 0 0 156 0 0 128 0 0 100 0 0		411 0 9 9 0 510 0 9 2 0 7 1 0		269 3 8 4 15 8 1 9 0 1 2 0 1 0		182 9 8 207 19 8 166 19 7 183 9 146 3 4		738 641 1,386 241 215 586 448 120 3316 448 120 828 357 147 547		3 811 4 3 823 1 - 189 1 1 188 4 - 190 1
County of LOX- DISTON-		1. City of Lond- onderry,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of MEL- BURY.		2. Glendarroch,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		3. Kildalton,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		4. Kilkeery,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		5. Kirkby,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		6. Rathlin,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		7. R. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		8. T. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		9. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		10. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		11. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		12. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		13. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		14. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		15. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		16. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0 100 0 0		34 3 6 9 9 0 17 5 6 6 13 2 11 1 7		170 9 8 31 16 2 17 5 6 6 13 2 17 0 0		581 7 3 620 19 2 165 4 5 111 4 5 166 16 4		802 1,258 477 1,399 507 163 500 1104 371 1,104		1 426 3 1 266 1 - 211 3 - 211 3 - 140 1		
County of NEL- SON.		17. W. Killins,		102 16 2 83 19 7 24 6 8 29 11 11 42 7 8		22 10 1 7 9 17 10 0 1 4 16 3 10 0 0 10 4 11 0 0 0 11 5 22 0 0 10 4		230 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0 100												

* Lincoln, Ute, Darryl's District — No appointment of Meldrich appears to have been made.

Centaur

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

[continued.]

Minnishaw, ¹	1	1	-	22 4 5	15 0 0	0 14 11	780 0 0	-	11 4 0	2 0 0	9 1 6	169 4 0	204
Glenelgton, ²	2	2	-	41 16 7	15 0 0	0 15 5	198 0 0	-	8 6 0	-	3 7 6	131 8 0	230
Coldenhurst, ³	2	2	-	16 13 3	9 0 0	0 14 1	158 0 0	-	11 12 5	146 1 5	110	810	134
Brenton, ⁴	2	2	-	35 7 3	12 0 0	0 14 1	266 2 0	-	12 12 5	162 19 7	436	370	417
Kilmore, ⁵	2	2	-	38 10 10	10 0 0	0 13 10	300 0 0	-	6 0 0	157 14 8	367	465	324
Corlett, ⁶	2	2	-	142 18 4	81 10 6	3 13 0	1066 2 0	-	26 8 0	4 0 0	44 14 0	818 19 4	2466
Corlett's Tysons, ⁷	2	2	-	27 18 8	12 0 0	-	180 0 0	-	12 5 0	-	12 13 10	233 14 1	396
Castlereagh, ¹ and Kiltearn, ⁸	1	1	-	-	4 0 0	-	48 0 0	-	4 13 0	-	4 15 0	53 6 0	62
Drumquin, ⁹	2	2	-	27 15 3	16 0 0	-	300 0 0	-	34 16 0	-	38 8 10	387 2 1	406
Fivemiletown, ¹⁰	1	1	-	16 1 0	6 0 0	0 17 7	100 0 0	-	8 7 0	-	21 19 7	163 5 2	120
Clishter, ¹¹	1	1	-	17 2 9	8 0 0	0 19 9	110 0 0	-	19 10	-	19 0 0	167 3 0	463
Judysweety, ¹²	1	1	-	18 21 11	6 0 0	0 17 1	100 0 0	-	7 15 0	-	6 0 0	115 13 0	119
Aughnacloy, ¹³	1	1	-	25 4 5	10 0 0	0 14 1	100 0 0	-	11 18 6	-	21 18 0	170 1 6	457
Gortin, ¹⁴	6	6	-	3 71 8 1	38 0 0 5 0 11	450 0 0	-	33 2 0	-	68 12 7	694 3 7	1229	
Gortin, ¹⁵	1	1	-	36 13 1	9 15 0 11 4	135 0 0	-	35 17 5	136 6 0	5 5 8	154 19 1	628	
Pennetts, ¹⁶	1	1	-	24 19 2	8 8 0 0 8	100 0 0	-	11 12 5	11 0 0	4 18 6	159 15 7	417	
Cough, ¹⁷	1	1	-	15 2 11	7 0 0 0 5	4 75 0	-	7 3 0	0 0 0	1 0 0	166 7 2	422	
Hesketown, ¹⁸	1	1	-	23 7 5	10 0 0 0 10	80 0 0	-	5 0 0	0 0 0	4 18 0	252 2 8	352	
Dunraggan, ¹⁹	4	4	-	160 2 9	33 3 0 1 15 4	328 0 0	-	39 16 0	3 6 6	16 1 8	576 3 1	1739	
Dunraggan, ²⁰	1	1	-	20 14 1	4 0 0 0 11 11	136 19 8	-	21 13 0	-	16 5 0	203 3 9	338	
Glenther, ²¹	1	1	-	53 2 1	7 0 0 0 11 11	120 0 0	-	26 8 4	217 11 4	36 8	379	1	
Coal Island, ²²	1	1	-	44 16 3	5 5 0 0 4 10 11	130 0	-	11 11 5	21 13 0	908 13 4	675	229	
Clonaraddy, ²³	1	1	-	45 10 3	9 0 0 0 2 0	193 0	-	13 19 9	16 10 0	295 2 8	561	188	
Holyragan, ²⁴	1	1	-	10 8 7	9 0 0 0 2 0	59 0	-	4 4 0	2 1 3	75 16 4	196	37	
Gortin, ²⁵	1	1	-	4 159 10 6	34 5 0 6 16 9	348 19 0	-	38 18 9	-	64 17 0	603 9 5	2,980	
Gortin, ²⁶	1	1	-	41	19 13 4	10 0 0 1 19 6	160 0 0	-	10 7 0 2 0 0	4 19 11	148 10 9	277	111
Plumb Bridge, ²⁷	2	2	-	20 14 6	11 0 0 1 3 0	160 0 0	-	15 18 6	-	2 19 0	151 7 6	286	
Gortin, ²⁸	2	2	-	1 43 7 10	21 0 0 3 4 6	590 0 0	-	30 5 6 2 0 0	7 0 12	299 10 3	565	894	

* Cramondcross Union.—Midwives—One person sets for the three Districts.

¹ 1.

² 2.

³ 3.

⁴ 4.

⁵ 5.

⁶ 6.

⁷ 7.

⁸ 8.

⁹ 9.

¹⁰ 10.

¹¹ 11.

¹² 12.

¹³ 13.

¹⁴ 14.

¹⁵ 15.

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¹⁸ 18.

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²² 22.

²³ 23.

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²⁵ 25.

²⁶ 26.

²⁷ 27.

²⁸ 28.

No. 2.—Dispensary Distincts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OR UNION.	NAME OF DISPENSARY.	NUMBER OF OFFICERS AND STAFF EMPLOYED.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1871.	MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 1871.																						
				COL. I.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.			
PROVINCE OF U.S.T.E.R.—continued.																										
Caribou or Tyrone—39.																										
Orono, 1.	Quinch,	3	—	1	84	3	6	24	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
Orono,	Finston,	1	—	1	18	8	5	27	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
Orono,	Dromore,	1	—	1	15	6	2	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Orono,	Brunswick,	1	—	1	12	16	7	7	10	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Orono,	Sandusky,	1	—	1	7	1	0	6	0	0	18	2400	0	0	—	8	80	1	0	0	0	0	0			
Orono,	—	8	6	—	137	17	19	48	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
STRATFORD.																										
Stratford—1.	Stratford—2.	2	—	2	23	0	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
Stratford—2.	Stratford—3.	2	—	2	39	14	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Stratford—2.	Gasto Flinn,	2	—	2	39	14	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Stratford—2.	Raplos,	2	—	2	12	3	10	14	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Stratford—2.	—	2	—	20	159	14	4	47	16	0	4	3	6588	14	0	—	19	70	8	18	0	886	2	0		
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.																										
COUNTY OF GLASS.																										
L. Ballaghagan,	L. Ballaghagan,	3	1	—	93	12	1	12	0	0	7	100	0	0	—	19	11	0	—	1	16	0	151	4	7	
L. Ballaghagan,	L. Ballaghagan,	3	1	—	93	12	1	12	0	0	7	100	0	0	—	19	11	0	—	1	16	0	151	4	7	
L. Coroflin,	L. Coroflin,	2	1	—	55	19	8	4	0	0	0	7	6200	0	0	—	8	4	0	—	2	13	0	151	5	2
L. Coroflin,	L. Coroflin,	2	1	—	55	19	8	4	0	0	0	7	6200	0	0	—	8	4	0	—	2	13	0	151	5	2

—through Union; **Silesian District**—No appointment of Magistrate appears yet to have been made.
† **Silesian Union**; **Silesian District**—One ans Sheriff appears to have been appointed for the **Silesian**
Union; **Kalmar District**—No appointment of a Sheriff appears to have been made.

and the *U.S. News & World Report* has named it one of the top 100 medical schools in the country.

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FIG. 2.—Despensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of MEDICAL REVENUE afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION, BUREAU, BUREAUS,	Column I.	EXPENSES FOR YEAR ENDING 25TH SEPTEMBER, 1871.												MATERIAL RELEAS'D ARRIVED IN YEAR									
		PROVINCE OF MONSTER			SOMERSET			WORCESTERSHIRE			YORKSHIRE												
		No. of officers assigned to field duty.	No. of officers assigned to head quarters.																				
COUNTY OF CORK—CON-																							
BURKE,	1	—	36	12	4	0	11	2	150	0	0	46	5	2	14	6							
S. Glenparc M.R.	1	—	14	9	8	5	4	0	0	2	8	15	2	174	—	—							
S. Durrow and Kilkedane,	1	—	16	3	8	4	0	0	2	300	0	6	10	0	346	2	—						
3	—	63	5	8	9	0	0	0	16	5	300	0	27	40	12	323	14	0					
CARLTON TOWN, CARLTON, 2. KILKENNETH,	2	1	—	92	13	5	18	0	1	3	9	100	0	21	60	2	174	6	14				
3	1	—	45	11	0	4	11	0	1	3	9	100	0	16	50	0	154	3	0				
4	2	—	33	6	5	16	11	6	2	7	6	260	0	4	—	8	311	—	—				
CLONAKILTY 1. ROSESBERRY, 2. CLONAKILTY, 3. TRAMONAGH,	1	—	25	0	10	5	0	0	—	85	0	—	16	11	0	210	1	—	—				
3	1	—	33	13	2	3	16	0	—	85	0	—	14	15	0	19	12	14	0				
4	1	—	41	14	5	3	10	0	—	93	13	0	11	11	0	38	2	192	0				
5	3	—	87	0	6	10	16	0	—	270	15	0	92	17	0	19	11	4	93	14			
6	1	—	31	14	2	6	0	0	18	10	120	0	0	11	3	0	170	0	170	1			
7	2	—	39	9	3	58	0	0	18	10	120	0	0	10	11	0	187	737	—	—			
8	3	—	40	9	2	52	0	0	15	8	150	0	—	10	11	0	630	298	—	—			
9	4	—	11	9	3	12	0	0	18	10	150	0	—	94	10	0	394	450	—	—			
10	5	—	63	9	0	84	0	0	15	0	150	0	—	93	14	0	175	311	—	—			
11	6	—	28	12	0	12	0	0	17	500	10	280	0	0	105	0	307	19	11	0			
12	7	—	28	12	0	12	0	0	17	500	10	280	0	0	105	0	307	19	11	0			
13	8	—	29	13	1	8	0	0	18	10	150	0	—	10	7	0	321	1	93	—			
14	9	—	29	13	1	8	0	0	18	10	150	0	—	10	7	0	321	1	93	—			
15	10	—	29	13	2	8	0	0	18	10	150	0	—	10	7	0	321	1	93	—			
16	11	—	54	13	11	19	0	0	7	48	12	0	73	0	33	6	340	907	1	—			
17	12	—	54	13	11	19	0	0	7	48	12	0	73	0	33	6	340	907	1	—			
18	13	—	54	13	11	19	0	0	7	48	12	0	73	0	33	6	340	907	1	—			
19	14	3	1	688	4	0	340	10	0	62	11	7	4035	11	2	0	234	10	3	2468	4035	25	10

DUNIHAWAY, Dunihaway,	1	1	-	3	3	11	7	6	-	67	12	9	-	610	14	7	1	422	108	646	108	6	108	6						
2. Goodcoatsdale,	2	1	-	20	5	0	5	0	-	99	3	4	-	94	2	0	0	155	12	9	248	104	4	108	2					
3. Ballymena,	1	1	-	25	10	11	5	0	-	99	3	4	-	92	0	0	0	183	2	3	345	104	-	108	2					
4. Ballymena,	4	3	-	69	17	10	18	0	-	296	16	1	-	2916	2	0	0	34	9	2	1486	106	6	560	3					
ZENONI, * 1. Fenwick,	2	1	-	84	7	6	11	0	0	412	450	0	0	1676	0	4	0	815	17	6	1,677	551	1,685	2	232					
2. Rathcornameath,	2	1	-	96	15	3	16	13	0	4115	113	0	-	8116	-	9	112	9	109	0	449	303	653	-	129					
3. Ballyholly,	3	1	-	19	14	7	16	13	0	4152	0	0	-	78	0	0	0	302	9	5	388	113	536	108	-					
4. Kilkeel,	2	1	-	95	3	4	13	4	0	4150	0	0	-	1436	-	7	6	159	5	1	329	154	753	215	-					
5. Rathfriland,	2	1	-	63	11	2	15	6	0	4150	0	0	-	7146	-	16	7	3	101	14	8	664	152	809	148	-				
6. Rathfriland,	10	5	-	211	11	10	25	9	2	17	368	19	0	-	4910	0	4	6	36	1	1	927	13	0	3,487	1,638				
KARTRUM, * 1. Newcastle,	2	1	-	25	4	8	16	0	0	211	10	369	0	0	-	7916	0	6	1	179	11	11	754	191	945	1	-			
2. Knockard,	2	1	-	69	1	4	6	19	0	3	450	0	0	-	868	1	15	0	211	16	5	352	165	1,396	348	-				
3. Allford,	2	1	-	83	11	3	22	0	0	311	340	0	-	1916	-	9	17	0	855	14	0	729	165	241	348	-				
4. Ballyholly,	2	1	-	23	10	11	14	0	0	211	10	160	0	9	-	8116	-	3	13	0	168	14	0	537	146	685	-			
5. Ballyholly,	9	4	-	3	207	11	2	40	0	11	3	10	459	0	0	-	200	0	7617	19	1	59	1	2	841	18	11	3,689	1,677	
KINSALE, * 1. Corryea,	1	1	-	16	12	0	8	0	0	210	10	68	10	4	-	4150	-	6	19	4	127	15	3	70	162	1,031	1	-		
2. Kinsealy,	1	1	-	15	4	0	4	3	4	6	6	99	16	0	-	1546	-	7	11	0	193	15	0	748	202	939	91	-		
3. Ballymarthy,	1	1	-	15	4	1	4	0	10	68	10	0	-	39	0	0	-	321	16	0	317	16	71	-	-					
4. Carrigaline,	1	1	-	617	1	4	0	13	0	9	88	10	0	-	4150	-	4	16	3	117	0	115	113	-	113	-				
5. Ballyfeard,	1	1	-	615	9	0	2	3	0	10	11	69	10	0	-	6140	-	0	10	11	107	1	6	265	106	369	150	-		
6. Ballyfeard,	5	3	-	87	13	11	22	0	0	6489	10	0	-	25126	-	-	-	26	3	3	382	9	9	1,537	632	2,192	-			
MACNOSH, * 1. Moatseem,	1	1	-	32	4	2	26	0	2	3	340	0	0	-	4150	-	17	50	-	10	6	2	171	13	7	656	348			
2. Clonmoyla,	2	1	-	29	0	6	6	0	2	3	410	0	0	-	940	-	6	4	6	143	13	19	916	145	1,661	-				
3. Silvercross,	2	1	-	39	8	7	4	0	2	3	340	0	0	-	3230	-	6	10	0	155	11	11	796	127	935	-				
4. Inchigeeshish,	2	1	-	11	19	19	4	25	0	3	4100	0	0	-	6150	-	4	0	0	389	13	2	200	95	146	-				
5. Cuaneaghy,	1	1	-	32	6	1	5	0	2	3	4100	0	0	-	9150	-	4	0	0	155	4	5	417	353	656	-				
6. Cuaneaghy,	6	5	-	186	20	3	29	15	0	10	15	8500	0	0	-	650	9	6	31	32	21	3,291	989	4,919	1,003	-				
MALLOW, * 1. Killabegs,	2	1	-	79	10	11	2	5	0	15	100	0	0	-	7213	6	-	-	815	0	3	191	0	3	1,023	111	1,001	-		
2. Mallow,	2	1	-	61	6	6	12	0	0	24	4100	0	0	-	1230	-	11	6	6	137	10	0	1,633	858	2,030	-				
3. Bally-	3	1	-	27	9	2	25	0	0	14	4140	0	0	-	526	2	0	0	419	6	144	14	6	303	146	489	-			
4. Bally-	4	2	-	41	55	16	3	12	6	10	2126	10	5	4	2126	0	-	-	9,832	-	28127	17	1,683	336	1,913					
5. Ballyholly,	2	1	-	63	1	1	9	36	0	1	3	5150	0	0	-	4150	-	-	-	1911	9	159	18	3	799	166	985	1		
6. Dungnally,	3	1	-	31	4	7	8	20	0	0	14	4120	0	0	-	99	8	4	2170	0	-	316	8	163	4	11	988	1241	-	
7. Dungnally,	12	7	1	342	1	8	57	1	15	9	6	5650	0	0	-	429	2	4	2163	8	6	62	1	5	1,172	9	11	6,605	1,685	
																									7,626	10	1,676	3	43	49

[continued.]

* Kinsale Union : Newmarket District.—No appointment of Midwife appears to have been made for this District.

† Mallow Union : Ballyduff District.—Offices of Midwife vacant.

No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	NAME OF DISPENSARY DISTRICT.	No. OF DISPENSARIES OR SALARIED MEDICAL OFFICERS.	EXPENSE OF YEAR ENDING 22nd SEPTEMBER, 1871.												MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 22nd SEPTEMBER, 1871.																			
			2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.													
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.																																		
COURT OF CORK—contd.																																		
MUNSTER,	1. Athlone-	2.	-	-	70	0	0	8	0	0	3	7	300	0	-	30	0	1	0	0	38	249	3											
	2. Westport-																					1,200	626	1,054										
	3. Cork, East	1	1	-	13	2	7	4	10	0	0	3	0	100	0	-	5	10	1	0	0	144	36	1										
	4. Castlemartyr	1	1	-	24	0	4	7	0	0	3	0	100	0	-	510	0	0	9	2	0	145	11	10										
	5. Aghada	1	1	-	25	16	5	7	0	0	3	0	135	0	-	12	90	0	7	0	610	15	5											
	5. Clonakilty	1	1	-	48	6	9	8	0	0	1	15	0	-	110	0	0	12	9	0	193	15	3											
	6. Cobh	0	-	-	170	6	1	34	10	0	2	7	450	0	-	4470	0	3	14	0	0	7	0	903	6	0								
MULLINGAR.																																		
MILLINGAR,	1. Mullingar	1	1	-	10	3	9	5	15	0	1	12	4	00	0	-	34	50	1	15	6	310	0	116	0	490	143	634						
	2. Mullingar	1	1	-	68	4	10	9	10	0	0	1	13	1	0	-	14	13	0	2	6	7	14	0	804	15	5	1,510	183	1,087				
	3. Mullingar	2	2	-	78	8	4	15	15	0	3	5	10	100	0	-	410	9	4	5	10	11	2	300	0	244	1,268	1,039	0					
MITCHELL-TOWNS.																																		
MITCHELL-TOWNS,	1. British Is.	2	1	-	91	30	14	3	19	0	0	12	1	368	13	11	-	2180	0	-	16	5	5	160	3	7	9,598	385	2,654					
	2. Killaloe	2	2	-	8	6	3	20	0	0	1	11	2	368	2	0	-	0	-	17	18	9	149	18	9	608	177	1,075						
	3. Killaloe	2	2	-	95	3	8	15	0	0	1	7	3	360	0	-	-	0	11	0	153	19	0	962	211	916	-	-	-					
	4. Galbally	2	2	-	74	4	9	51	0	0	10	9	368	13	11	-	9180	0	5	45	5	2	494	1	0	3,658	753	4,035	-	-	-			
SUMMERSIDE.																																		
SUMMERSIDE,	1. Ribbleton	2	1	-	58	39	4	9	0	0	4	12	2	100	0	0	14,360	0	1	100	0	0	255	18	1	1,339	361	1,450	-	-	-			
	2. Union Hall	2	2	-	25	17	10	8	0	0	4	1	16	1	100	0	-	13	90	0	100	0	82	27	6	150	0	11	558	93	650	-	-	-
	3. Grandisborough	2	2	-	39	22	8	5	0	0	5	7	100	0	-	19	90	0	100	0	82	14	6	153	14	9	457	146	869	-	-	-		
	4. Tulliggy	2	2	-	12	7	10	0	0	0	1	4	100	0	-	24	80	0	100	0	8	10	3	152	16	3	911	220	9	-	-	-		
	5. Tulliggy	4	4	-	104	8	8	31	0	0	10	19	6	403	0	0	202	0	0	74	10	0	115	16	10	755	10	0	9,655	703	3,036	0	1,005	0

86015x	1. Ballynahinch,	1	-	1417 3	6 0 0	0 17 6	103 0 0	-	1413 0	3 3 3	142 13 0	1297	1000	-	
	2. Crossgar,	1	-	841 5	6 0 0	0 20 9	103 0 0	-	314 0	-	255 15 1	2025	1035	-	
	3. Donaghadee,	2	9	29 8 8	18 0 4	1 16 6	203 0 0	-	21 3 5	-	819 9	1000	9	-	
Total 9x	1. Tonagh,	1	-	JL 4 11	10 0 0	1 0 2	120 0 0	-	719 0 10 6	14 18 3	185 10 0	1299	1000	-	
	2. Killough,	1	-	93 9 6	7 0 0	1 12 7	109 0 0	-	6 60	0 9 3	345 17 4	521	1000	-	
	3. Complimont,	2	-	9 9 4	5 0 0	0 15 9	209 0 0	-	5 40	-	249 19 4	143	1000	-	
	4. Antrim,	1	-	39 1 0	6 0 0	0 15 2	116 16 9	-	33 6 0	5 16 4	369 19 7	484	1000	-	
	5. Cloughmore,	1	-	39 0 0	6 0 0	1 0 0	109 0 0	-	419 0 10 6	5 15 8	169 11 7	376	1000	-	
	6. Carrickfergus,	1	-	126 11 3	35 0 6	4 18 11	446 16 0	-	87 1 9 1	0 44 13 11	773 2 16	2382	900	3015	
	7. Larne,	1	-	126 11 3	35 0 6	4 18 11	446 16 0	-	87 1 9 1	0 44 13 11	773 2 16	2382	900	3015	
	COUNTY OF KERRY.														
CHURCH-C- VRIES.	1. Caher,	1	-	80 10 5	0 0 0	1 0 3	80 0 0	-	1 1 0	4 0 0	166 10 10	124	900	-	
	2. Glanmire,	2	-	817 9 2	1 0 0	50 0 0	-	-	1 1 0	4 0 0	166 0 0	438	1000	-	
	3. Valentia,	1	-	1110 5 16 4	130 13 11	-	7 1 0	1 0 0	11 5 10	2017 1 4	355 9	800	-		
	4. Tralee,	2	-	1110 5 16 4	110 0 7	10 0	68 1 0	-	4 6 0 1	5 19 3	171 4 8	352	1000	-	
	5. Dingle,	2	-	265 27 11	16 0 7	1 14 7	165 16 0	-	4 6 0 1	4 0 0 0	165 0 0	265	800	-	
	6. Killarney,	1	9	-	-	-	-	-	19 5 0 5 11	-	19 5 0 5 11	10 0 0 2	404	1000	-
	7. Dingle,	1	1	51 11 2	14 -	1 16 3	160 0 0 8	13 3 14 8	0 10 6	53 7 9 2	212 7 11	212 7 11	1000	2	-
	8. Castleisport,	2	-	49 17 11	4 0 0	0 19 8	100 0 0	-	81 1 0	-	129 12 9	801	800	-	
	9. Avernares,	2	-	47 0 5	7 0 0	0 8 3	100 0 0	-	11 9 0 1	0 0 0	40 10 5	802	1116	4	
	10. Ventry,	4	-	91 3 10 10	14 0 0	2 16 5	100 0 0	-	11 8 0 1	0 0 0	169 18 1	803	1116	4	
	11. Killarney,	1	6	4 1 2	35 0 8 4	38 0 0 0	5 6 11	400 0 5 18	13 3 16 6	3 0 0	707 8 4	10 0 0 2	404	1000	-
	12. Killarney,	1	1	35 15 5	20 0 0	0 7 0	103 0 0	-	7 1 8 0	-	10 10 6	176	1000	-	
	13. Killarney,	1	1	22 7 0	4 0 0	0 19 8	100 0 0	-	7 10 0	-	8 2 11	146	1000	-	
	14. Killarney,	2	1	0 0 5	7 0 0	0 5 0	100 0 0	-	9 10 0	-	7 11 0	134	1000	-	
	15. Killarney,	1	1	10 11 11	6 0 0	0 5 0	100 0 0	-	7 16 0	-	9 2 5	134	1000	-	
	16. Killarney,	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	20 15 0	0 16 6	12 17 9	88	1000	-	
	17. Killarney,	1	6	70 6 7	20 10 0	1 17 3	400 0 9 0	-	20 6 6 0	-	36 3 5	379 12 2	2000	450	3045
	18. Killarney,	1	75 9 9	-	0 15 0	205 0 0	-	35 1 0 0	0 20 6	21 2 0	329 4 3	1456	1000	-	
	19. Killaloe,	1	7 7 10	7 0 0	0 2 0	100 0 0	-	13 10 2 0	0 10 6	117 12 6	246	0 7	441	-	
	20. Killaloe,	1	30 3 5	8 0 0	0 2 0	125 0 0	-	35 4 0 0	0 3 0	8 3 6	197 17 11	1404	4 53	1537	-
	21. Killaloe,	1	34 16 5	11 0 0	0 15 0	100 0 0	-	16 6 0 0	0 10 6	174 16 5	246	0 7	347	4	
	22. Crossgar,	1	14 91 16 0	3 0 0	0 7 0	108 0 0	-	162 30 3	0 7 8	167 8 2	413	200	643	-	
	23. Killaloe,	1	7 6	-	109 16 11	39 0 0 0 12 0	449 3 0	-	162 30 3	0 7 8	167 8 2	413	200	643	-
	24. Killaloe,	1	18 1 11	2 0 0	2 1 0	100 0 0 0	0 0 0	17 18 0	-	3 5 0	148 4 5	410	1000	-	
	25. Killaloe,	2	80 10 0	2 0 0	3 1 4	109 0 0 0	0 0 0	20 15 0	0 10 0	3 3 10	253	1000	531	-	
	26. Killaloe,	1	59 9 8	4 0 0	1 0 4	100 0 0 0	-	26 15 0	0 10 0	0 2 0	157 7 1	543	335	1117	-
	27. Killaloe,	2	53 11 11	10 0 0	1 11 2	105 0 0	-	-	-	-	157 7 1	543	335	1117	-
	28. Killaloe,	6	4 1	-	114 19 0	14 10 6 7 12 4	460 0 0 0 10 0	0 0 0 0 0 10 0	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 10 0	719 16 2	2079	1401	6 7 6

* Mitchelstown District—Office of Mitchell's result.
† Donaghmore District and Youghal District—A Midwife authorized for each district; but one person acts for both Districts.

[continued.]

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, WITH THE EXPENSES, AND AMOUNT OF MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, IN THE SEVERAL UNIONS—continued.

NAME OF UNION, OR DISPENSARY DISTRICT,	NAME OR DISPENSARY DISTRICT, DISEASE,	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1871.												MANUAL INCOME APPROVED IN YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1871.																		
		No. of GATES authorised for Standard Districts.			No. of GATES authorised for Districts.			No. of GATES authorised for Districts.			No. of GATES authorised for Districts.			No. of GATES authorised for Districts.			No. of GATES authorised for Districts.			No. of GATES authorised for Districts.			No. of GATES authorised for Districts.									
		Column I.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.								
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER																																
COUNTY OF KINVARA—contd.																																
1. Tralee.	1	2	—	129	14	3	14	0	6	4	13	3200	0	0	—	34	94	—	45	8	1	970	1477	3446	—	350	4	5				
2. Castle Island.	1	1	—	61	4	7	4	0	4	8	3100	0	0	—	10	13	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10				
3. Killorglin.	3	4	0	21	10	4	2	10	4	2	0	0	0	—	—	29	3	6	188	19	0	338	203	3	1	1	1	1				
4. Ballylongford.	3	3	—	55	14	3	30	5	3	2	9100	0	0	—	17	59	—	0	8	3	186	15	2	943	250	1	—	—				
5. Aford.	2	1	—	5	6	7	16	0	4	5	1000	0	0	—	8150	—	10	9	6	149	19	1	386	124	0	—	—					
10. 8	—	—	885	3	7	75	15	0	18	14	0	600	0	0	—	84	65	—	115	18	0	1,210	411	6	6,964	2,182	8,985	—	1,216	7	6	0
COUNTY OF LEINSTER.																																
1. Croom.	9	1	—	32	13	1	14	0	0	—	146	16	630	0	0	8	90	—	10	10	10	259	12	5	8,327	160	2,680	—	87	—	—	
2. Castletown.	9	1	—	35	6	5	14	0	0	—	300	0	0	—	9150	—	8	13	6	161	9	11	343	132	5	1,922	2	—	—	—	—	
3. Adare.	9	1	—	34	13	6	18	0	0	—	150	0	0	—	640	—	4	18	7	163	10	1	344	174	5	1,123	4	—	—	—		
5. 3	1	—	239	16	0	43	0	0	—	346	11	630	0	0	34	30	—	23	16	11	291	18	5	2,046	486	3,865	—	302	3	—		
GATE,	1. Shanagolden.	2	1	—	—	23	0	8	16	0	0	0	2	2	290	11	5	—	16140	—	410	19	4	571	338	600	—	171	1	—		
	2. Turbert.	2	1	—	—	44	19	3	13	0	0	2	1	3	199	0	0	—	63130	—	3	210	947	479	1,320	—	572	2	—			
	4. 3	—	—	66	19	11	29	0	0	2	4	639	11	0	—	24	76	—	7	12	16	410	15	8	1,226	610	2,388	—	444	3	—	
KILMAGEE.	1. Kilnaflock.	1	1	—	38	10	2	6	0	0	21	0	0	—	816	0	2	15	3	16	10	4	147	24	9	14,489	2,930	1,438	—	160	—	—
2. Routh.	1	1	—	62	4	4	8	0	0	2	100	0	0	—	0	0	7	8	2	1	0	31	17	1	1,072	182	1,212	—	151	—	—	
3. Hospital.	1	1	—	98	25	9	5	0	1	3	100	0	0	—	0	0	0	150	8	1	0	13	15	1	178	17	94,9	—	158	9	—	
4. Killiney.	1	1	—	32	11	11	6	0	0	27	3	110	0	0	—	0	0	0	151	6	9	34	16	4	9,128	325	8,444	—	365	—	—	
5. Chedeville.	1	1	—	13	13	7	—	0	12	0	160	0	0	—	0	0	2	90	1	1	0	12	0	0	2,861	1,129	1,444	—	144	—	—	
6. Nurse.	1	1	—	17	14	6	6	0	0	0	160	0	0	—	0	0	5	150	3	1	11	9	2	1,365	1,056	1,455	—	165	—	—		
8.	2	3	3	377	8	3	31	0	0	3	11	5	610	0	0	639	0	0	311	12	13	11	1,072	1,520	8,377	—	1,077	9	—			

LINCOLN.	1. Gainsborough,	1	1	-	9 16 1	4 0 0	0 14	3103 8	0	-	3 4 0	1	0	3 17 8	334 4 11	357	170	444	1	120	-	
	2. Gainsborough,	1	1	-	39 2 5	15 0 0	1 1	6100 13	2	-	7 10	5	-	9 16 3	345 5 15	545	275	694	-	168	1	
	3. Ammanford,	1	1	-	42 15 6	22 0 0	0 8	7100 0	0	-	6 17 0	1	-	17 16 9	346 6 20	626	310	646	1	177	1	
	4. Marston,	1	1	-	82 6 11	41 0 0	4 17	3410 16	0	0 1619 0	7 0	-	6 17 0	0 0	525	219	622	-	168	-		
	5. Other Limerick,	1	1	-	825 9 11	41 0 0	4 17	3410 16	0	0 1619 0	873 15 1	1	7 25 4	5 342	9 856	-	851	3	-	-		
	6. Bridgetown,	1	1	-	15 15 11	14 0 0	0 6	5123 4	0	-	11 14 0	-	3 20 8	170 7	170	362	946	-	164	-		
	7. Coalissey,	1	1	-	15 3 2	16 0 0	0 8	5103 0	0	-	9 9 0	-	5 3 8	144 15 3	144 15 3	441	172	836	-	96	-	
		14 10 1	-	397 18 9	116 0 0	0 10	6102 3	0	0 1619 0	1 0	0 0 149 16 4	1529 1 0	10 472	3 682 16 314	9	1 787	6	-	-	-		
NEWCASTLE.	1. Arlegh,	2	1	-	29 16 4	16 4 0	-	110 0	0	-	6 0 0	0	2 25 4	137 7 10	205	108	434	-	197	-	-	
	2. Aberystwyth,	2	1	-	35 13 9	15 4 0	-	100 0	0	-	10 3 0	4	0 0	7 8 1	177 7 10	432	318	753	-	346	2	-
	3. Kenwynn,	2	1	-	35 6 4	19 0 0	-	102 0	0	0 45 0	9	0 7 10 7	4 1	169 3 8	556	217	816	1	154	6	-	
	4. Fowney,	2	1	-	12 10 10	13 16 0	-	93 10 8	0	-	114 2	0	3 12 3	149 9 9	322	197	435	-	99	-	-	
	5. Broadford,	2	1	-	11 14 0	10 18 0	-	127 9 0	-	-	5 1 1	-	161 8 1	451	122	568	-	132	-	-		
		9 5 1	-	97 8 3	63 2 0	-	629 0	0	0 845 0	6317 0	0 0	0 16 4 2	802 17 2	2 105	862	2 990	-	162	4	-		
RUTHIN.	1. Asleton,	1	1	-	39 9 11	7 0 0	1 11	4100 0	0	-	6 0 0	2 12 0	1615 5	143 7 3	265	210	751	-	135	-	-	
	2. Poldenbury,	1	1	-	17 12 6	4 10 0	1 6	2100 0	0	-	8 14 0	1 11 0	12 13 0	144 7 1	569	255	819	-	165	5	-	
	3. Ruthin,	1	1	-	39 13 1	10 0 0	0 1	3200 0	0	0 113 0	3 7 11	17 3 6	356 17 0	1 348	547	1 342	1	247	2	1		
		8 4 1	-	86 15 6	21 10 0	7 18	929 0	0 70	0 28 0	7 11 11	0 0 7 11	0 0 145	1 047 1 000	1	1 047	1 000	1	251	7	1		
COUNTY OF CLIFFORD.	1. Clifford-and-Saint-Bonifacius,	1	1	-	28 18 1	10 0 0	1 4	90 0	0	-	0 180 0	0 39 0	0 13 4 10	146 11 9	329	146	365	-	102	2	-	
	2. Bonifacius,	1	1	-	19 16 0	10 0 0	1 6	99 0	0	-	7 190 0	1 10 0	0 3 11 0	146 11 9	199	99	285	-	83	3	-	
	3. Clifford-and-Saint-Gregorian,	1	1	-	33 0 7	0 0 1	1 5 4	99 0	0	-	3 8 0 1	1 0 6	6 10 0	141 4 3	630	154	601	-	94	1	-	
		4 0	-	81 15 5	95 0 0	0 216 0	930 0	0	-	17 5 0	3 11 0	0 28 0	4 29 14 3	978	358	1 238	-	279	6	6		
CARLISLE-ON-	BECKS.	1. Carlisle-and-Saint-Gerangafahan,	1	1	-	73 13 2	1 1	0 18 0	10 0 40 0	0 12 5 0	0 6 19 0	4 11 19 5	669 13 7	2 768	413	3 282	1	392	4	1		
	2. Philorth,	1	1	-	14 1 6	3 0 0	-	69 0	0	-	1 18 0	0	3 4 0	17 4 0	136	62	347	-	139	-	-	
	3. Balderstone,	1	1	-	6 9 11	10 0 0	-	160 0	0	-	7 14 0	0 10 0	4 12 1 0	11 15 5	394	193	437	-	622	-	-	
	4. Balderstone,	1	1	-	7 9 4	13 0 0	-	99 0	0	-	2 36 0	0 10 0	4 12 1 4	10 16 5	430	515	515	-	74	-	-	
	5. Parlaty,	1	1	-	15 0 0	-	-	99 0	0	-	7 16 0	0 10 0	4 12 1 4	10 16 5	370	160	470	-	290	-	-	
		8 0 1	-	116 6 11	26 0 0	1 1	4 0 78 19	0 10 0 6	0 33 8 2	0 6 14 0	0 3	7 17 8 8	3 987	889	4 956	4	1 038	4	1			
CASWELL.	1. Kilpatrick,	2	1	-	33 12 2	16 0 0	1 10	6110 0	0	-	12 14 0	1 1	0 33 6 0	501 4 3	650	93	932	-	264	-	-	
	2. Caswell,	2	1	-	31 9 6	10 0 0	0 18	6110 0	0	-	31 4 0	1 1	0 22 1 5	197 7 0	701	479	1 030	-	343	1	-	
	3. Tolfaenau,	1	1	-	49 13 9	6 0 0	0 17	6114 0	0	-	7 12 0	3 11 0	0 6 12 9	169 15 9	237	129	383	-	164	3	-	
	4. Torddau,	1	1	-	58 10 6	8 0 0	0 16	6110 0	0	-	9 8 0 2	1 0	8 8 9	169 12 6	830	416	1 239	-	366	-	-	
	5. Milwales,	1	1	-	69 10 4	65 0 0	0 5	6 0 254 4	0	-	8 17 0	1 1	0 6 7 4	163 6 4	379	146	536	-	1 68	4	24	
		7 3	-	3	69 10 4	65 0 0	0 5	6 0 254 4	0	-	70 10 6	8 15 0	0 7 6 16 9	163 6 7	2 650	1 411	4 031	-	1 68	4	24	

* Cashel Union: Fethard District.—No appointment of Clerk appears to have been made.

No. 2.—Dispensary Distraints, with the Expenses, and Amount of MEDICAL RETIREMENT afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	NAME OF DISPENSARY DISTRICT.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1871.												MEDICAL RETIREMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1871.							
		Salaries.			Vaccination, Inoculation, and Other Dispensary Expenses.			Medicinal Offices.			Appropriations and Disbursements to Dispensaries.			Number of Dispensaries Established and Regulated during the year.			Number of Dispensaries Established and Regulated during the year.				
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Column I.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
PROVINCE OF MÜNSTER																					
COUNTY OF TÜRENBURG—600.																					
1. Cölnhausen, -	1	-	-	16.11.8	16.0.0	3.4	100.0	0	10.59.1	0.0	9.6.10	138.7.9	754.285	1,046.	-	100.1	6	2			
2. Arntmann,	2	1	-	12.9.1	17.10.0	0.3	100.0	0	13.79.1	0.0	14.14.8	139.1.2	339.139	681.	-	231.1	-	-			
3. Gleichen,	3	1	-	47.12.11	19.0.0	0.5	100.0	0	0.30.	0.0	4.6.7	269.11.4	1,079.	253.1,364	-	292.1	-	-			
4. 3.	1	-	54.13.8	40.10.0	0.12.9	300.0	0	-	28.159.8	0.0	21.8.1	638.0.3	9,189.	700.2,838	-	685.1	6	3			
General, -																					
1. St. Mary's, -	1	2	1	-	58.16.3	4.13.2	234.16.45	0.0	0.17.11.0	0.12.0	77.1.7	415.11.3	3,910.1,191	5,110.	-	310.4	-	-			
2. Minden,	2	1	-	19.9.3	15.0.0	0.12.12.	130.0	4.	42.9.0	-	12.9.0	879.14.9	648.100.	-	912.1	-	-				
3. Xanten,	3	1	-	3.11.1	8.0.0	0.2	34.0	0	-	21.0.0	0	79.13.9	369.39	946.	1	21.2	-	-			
4. Xanten, -	4	1	-	12.3.8	5.0.0	0.0	4.120.0	0	-	5.29.2	0	4.17.0	151.2.6	539.	779.	-	156.1	-	-		
5. Boffelshausen,	5	1	-	7.6.6	6.10.0	0.2	75.1	0	-	30.29.	-	5.7.4	864.7.0	145.	61.	806.	-	172.	-		
6. 6.	1	-	90.0.7	36.10.0	6.7	3.0	284.1.93	0.0	0.46.18.9	2.12.	0.11.3.0	304.0.7	5,444.	1,715.	7,158.	1	680.	9	-		
Newgate, -																					
1. Newgate,	1	2	1	-	39.7.5	16.16.8	0.17.6	500.0	0	-	18.89.3	1.0	22.9.2	360.0.0	1,281.	413.	1,734.	-	-		
2. Newport,	2	1	-	18.4.9	6.0.0	0.16.0	100.0	0	-	9.90.1	5.6	4.0.0	141.14.9	1,456.	167.	1,042.	-	1,148.	7	3	
3. Portman,	3	1	-	19.13.5	16.0.0	0.16.0	360.0	0	-	21.0.0	0	1.0.0	139.19.1	449.	156.	942.	-	932.	-	-	
4. Shrewsbury,	4	1	-	0.36.6	6.0.0	0.15.6	360.0	0	-	5.163.2	0	6.0.0	128.18.3	304.	77.	641.	-	1,105.	-	-	
5. Worcester,	5	1	-	0.10.6	10.0.0	0.14.8	368.8	0	-	0.10.0.3	16.6	0.3.3	135.2.11	611.	203.	810.	-	147.	-	-	
6. 7.	4	1	-	78.6.2	56.16.8	3.16.8	588.8.0	0	-	41.170.16.4	7.	62.17.6	816.6.0	3,263.	1,013.	4,376.	1	860.	-	3.	
Gloucester, -																					
1. Gloucester,	1	2	1	-	73.8.2	5.0.0	3.6	100.0	0	-	22.70.1	1.13	5.98.7.6	272.1.8	794.	300.	1,046.	-	541.4	1	1
2. Shrewsbury,	2	1	-	65.6.2	30.10.2	3.11.0	116.0	0	-	11.116.8	0	13.6.8	215.1.3	548.	151.	694.	-	143.1	-	-	
3. Worcester,	3	1	-	48.9.0	18.9.0	1.10.0	990.0	0	-	-	1.1	1.0.3	159.17.10	545.	111.	273.	6	146.3	-	-	
4. 7.	5	1	-	171.3.4	30.10.0	0.10.6	203.0	0	-	34.10.4.15.0	43.0.8	680.0.9	1,479.	365.	2,011.	0	498.	7	1		

TRINITY,	1. Thurlow,	1	1	-	18 20 11	6 12 2	-	120 0 0	-	10 4 0	-	9 6 9	323 26 11	(916	222	1	-	
3. Holycross,	2	1	-	-	3 0 0	5 0 0	-	120 0 0	-	11 0 0	-	114 17 0	917 0 0	917	222	-	-	
3. Littleton,	2	1	-	-	12 0 0	10 0 0	0 11	120 0 0	-	11 0 0	-	12 11 1	114 17 0	917	222	-	-	
3. St. Helens,	2	1	-	-	12 0 0	12 0 0	0 15	120 0 0	-	11 0 0	-	12 11 1	114 17 0	917	222	-	-	
3. Templemore,	2	1	-	-	11 0 0	12 0 0	0 15	100 0 0	-	10 0 0	-	11 0 0	114 17 0	917	222	-	-	
3. Boranagh,	2	1	-	-	11 0 0	12 0 0	0 15	100 0 0	-	10 0 0	-	11 0 0	114 17 0	917	222	-	-	
9	6	1	2	93 12 2	65 3 3	3 1 2	660 0 0	-	41110	-	31 0 0	693 7 11	979 3210	4	167	4	4	
TRENTON,	1. Ballynahinch,	2	1	-	36 11 0	14 0 6 1	13 0	315 10 0	-	6 8 0	-	16 17 6	325 0 7	651 155 1022	-	313	1	-
2. Golden,	2	1	-	-	46 9 6	6 0 0 5	0 5	310 0 0	-	3 6 0	-	16 17 6	325 0 7	651 155 1022	-	99	-	-
3. Tipperty,	2	1	-	-	62 12 5	12 0 0	2 1 0	310 0 0	-	14 0 0	-	16 17 6	325 0 7	651 155 1022	-	99	-	2
4. Cappagh,	2	1	-	-	32 9 5	9 0 0	0 16 8	310 0 0	-	13 4 0	-	16 17 6	325 0 7	651 155 1022	-	99	-	-
5. Grange,	2	1	-	-	17 0 0	11 0 0	0 16 0	310 0 0	-	8 10 0	-	16 17 6	325 0 7	651 155 1022	-	99	-	-
6. Rinnity,	2	1	-	-	95 3 6	13 0 0	0 15 9	160 0 0	-	8 10 0	110 0	12 2 4 0	160 4 5	699 184 699	-	123	-	-
8	6	-	1	201 0 6	77 0 0 15 2	2 045 10 0	7	55 3 6	110 0	47 9 5	1,033 10 5	5,738 1,442 5,960	-	1,040	3	2	2	
COURT OF WATERFORD.																		
BESSAWATTAH, ¹ Ringville, ²	1	1	-	-	93 1 0	2 0 0	0 11 8	100 0 0	-	4 9 0	115 0 15	9 16 4	145 6 5	641 911 840	-	89	-	-
3. Sallinsdale, ¹	1	1	-	-	92 14 0	6 0 0	0 11 8	100 0 0	-	10 0 0	110 0 0	21 2 8	183 19 4	206 70 466	-	56	-	-
4. Dunguaire, ¹	1	1	-	-	65 0 0	6 0 0	0 11 8	100 0 0	-	14 0 0	12 0 0	13 10 7	13 10 7	197 710 109	-	101	-	-
KINMAG-	5	4	-	1	105 1 9	58 0 0 11 8	450 0 0	-	35 17 0	6 5	83 0 0	943 4 5	4,240 913 735	-	234	-	-	
THOMAS, ¹	3	1	-	-	59 1 1	16 0 0 19 5	126 16 5	-	1215 6	1 3 0	12 11 2	178 13 4	1,901 134 2,013	-	329	9	2	
2. Lummethon, ¹	3	1	-	-	77 19 8	99 10 0	0 19 6	123 9 0	-	15 8 0 1	3 0	12 11 2	178 13 4	1,901 134 2,013	-	329	-	-
6	2	-	-	-	33 0 0	36 10 0 1 19 0	935 18 6	-	25 3 0 1	3 0	14 13 8	370 8 5	9,944 420 3314	-	580	-	-	
LISMORE, ¹	1	1	-	-	20 16 10	3 0 0 19 6	105 17 0	-	14 4 0	1 0	63 16 8	216 14 1	796 132 600	-	3 165	1	-	
2. Cappoquin, ¹	1	1	-	-	41 14 3	4 0 0 5	0 5	105 0 0	-	7 0 0 1	0	6 4 1 4	7	694 230 1,114	-	123	0	-
3. Killaloe, ¹	1	1	-	-	35 14 0	3 17 0	0 5	105 0 0	-	6 9 0 0	0	7 15 8	147 16 7	1,655 230 1,887	-	190	1	1
4. Tallow, ¹	1	1	-	-	11 0 0	9 0 0 0	0 4	160 0 0	-	5 5 9 0	0	5 4 0	133 13 5	470 134 398	-	114	-	-
5	4	-	1	114 8 2	36 0 0 4 7	0 465 17 6	-	31 9 0 1	4 0	87 0 0	659 7 1	3,020 709 4,699	-	602	4	1	1	
WATERFORD, ¹	2	1	-	-	303 17 5	23 0 0 5 18	3 234 13 0	-	23 1 0	0	64 9 8	719 10 4	3,039 1,250 5,632	-	1,283 209 23	-	-	
2. UCC, ¹	2	1	-	-	30 2 0	18 10 0 2 2 0	0 135 17 0	-	11 16 0	0	2 18 0	120 19 9	847 314 1,043	-	1,166 2	-	-	
3. Kilmaine, ¹	2	1	-	-	11 0 1	32 0 0 1 3	4 115 18 6	-	4 6 0	-	16 19 0	109 7 1	657 408 1,062	-	111 1	1	1	
4. Goodtown, ¹	2	1	-	-	168 5 0	22 19 0	0 109 0	-	9 9 0	-	15 9 0	0	204 13 6	597 311 906	-	224	3	-
5. Trumore, ¹	2	1	-	-	60 5 3	45 0 0 3 4	0 144 26 0	-	13 16 0	0	3 2 4	943 5 7	696 289 975	-	64	-	-	
6. Elliskilleen, ¹	2	1	-	-	41 18 11	8 15 0 2 11 2	0 169 8 10 0	-	17 0 11	0	168 17 11	529 186 4	401 401 401	-	2,950 303 34	-	-	
11	7	-	2	311 8 8	148 18 0 16 10 0	528 14 3	-	102 8 0	-	138 0 3	1,069 4 0	6,075 3,029 10,022	-	5,950 303 34	-	-		

* Clashleen Union & Cappagh District.—No appointment of Midwife appears to have been made.
 ↑ Tuam, Union, Moyne and Tuamptown District.—No appointment of Midwife appears to have been made.
 ▲ Appartry Union, Cappagh District.—No appointment of Midwife appears to have been made.

[continued.]

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RETIREES afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION, DISTRICT,	NAME OF DISPENSARY,	EXPENSES OF YEAR FROM 25TH SEPTEMBER, 1871.												MEDICAL RETIREES AFFORDED IN UNION AND DISTRICTS WITH SURVEYORS, 1871.												
		Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.				
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.																										
COUNTY OF CAVELLO.																										
1. Carlow.	1.	£	2.	17	75	14	9	16	0	216	746	15	4	-	6	7	0	-	30	4	30	333	19	6		
2. Tallow.	1.	1	1	41	55	9	6	-	1	12	9	240	0	0	-	7	8	0	-	23	6	340	9	9		
3. Borris.	1.	1	1	1	12	16	11	9	0	0	1	12	8260	0	0	-	38	15	10	113	1	5	0	0		
4. Fermoy and Mysell.	2	1	1	1	1	16	15	9	18	0	1	12	8360	0	0	-	6	10	0	11	19	0	254	146		
5. Lismorebridge.	1	1	1	1	22	9	0	20	0	5	2356	0	0	-	29	12	0	-	11	0	173	17	5			
6. Bagenalstown, and Newmarket.	1	1	1	1	36	9	3	9	0	13	17	3	360	0	0	-	39	0	0	54	3	244	19	0		
7. Badminton,	1	1	1	91	47	6	6	15	0	1	12	253	0	0	-	4	11	0	-	19	18	0	936	3		
8.	2	1	4	482	6	6	77	0	35	8	8758	15	4	-	104	19	0	-	163	15	5	1,266	311			
COUNTY OF DUBLIN.																										
SOUTHERN PROVINCE.																										
1. Ballyfermot.	2	2	1	126	10	4	9	0	0	7	100	0	0	-	59	13	2	10	6	29	10	0	392	11		
2. Holmpatrick.	1	1	1	11	11	9	-	-	-	100	0	0	-	4	8	0	1	10	6	38	14	0	140	2		
3. Lusk.	1	1	1	12	26	9	13	0	0	-	100	0	0	-	5	8	0	10	6	38	5	181	17			
4. Swords.	2	1	1	34	13	2	12	0	0	-	100	0	0	-	6	4	0	10	6	37	16	5	188	4		
5. Ratoath.	2	1	1	20	36	4	11	0	0	-	100	0	0	-	5	0	0	0	0	193	16	4	43	65		
6. Malahide.	2	1	1	36	17	4	16	0	0	-	100	0	0	-	37	0	3	20	6	28	15	3	495	106		
7.	11	6	6	118	3	7	60	0	0	7	600	0	0	-	56	10	3	6	10	148	1	2	1,657	15		
DUBLIN, NORTH.																										
1. North City.	3	6	3	-	769	28	11	101	15	3	91	1	5	868	7	9362	32	92	0	-	389	11	0	2251	0	
2. Blanchardstown.	2	1	1	-	31	7	3	32	0	1	15	11	35	15	1	-	32	2	-	9	19	2	213	19		
3. Castleknock.	2	1	1	8	40	1	10	14	10	0	2	0	10	1	-	6	13	0	14	10	0	867	473			
4. Glasnevin.	2	1	1	-	31	18	5	56	0	0	5	922	9	1	-	7	4	0	-	6	5	0	1,024	-		
5. Clontarf and Howth.	3	2	1	-	41	42	3	30	0	0	5	177	13	2	-	6	19	0	-	6	5	0	202	7		
6. Brundun.	3	2	1	-	41	42	3	30	0	0	5	145	0	2	598	53	1611	1	16	17	203	14	4	7355	49	
7.	11	12	3	3	875	9	4	591	5	590	5	61	145	0	2	598	53	1611	1	16	17	203	14	4	7355	49

in Franklin, Wilson, Tolson and Tammamour and Newmarket Districts.—No consideration of Midwife appears to have been made in these Districts.

Cards Used: Tewksbury and West Town Districts—No appointment of Almon W. appears to have been made, Young Dublin Union Center and Brummana District—No appointment of Miles W. appears to have been made.

At the Union: Franklin District.—No appointment of Midwife up to date has been made.

Continued.

FIG. NO. 2.—DRESSING DASHERS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL REBATE afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

Excesses of Year ended 25th September, 1871.												Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 20th September, 1871.															
NAME OF COUNCIL.	NAME OF DISTRICTS BUREAUS.	No. of Offices and authorised Sub-Offices.			Balance, Medical Officers.			Age-between 15 & 60. and below 15.			Balance, Medical Officers.			Age-between 15 & 60. and below 15.			Balance, Medical Officers.			Age-between 15 & 60. and below 15.							
		4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.					
Colony 1.	2.																										
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER —continued.																											
COUNTY OF KILDARE—contd.																											
Kildaretown & Newtown.	3.	1.	—	1.	0	20	6	15	0	620	12	4,100	0	0	—	53	0	0	1,670	10	10	734	102	924	—		
Hannington & and Kilmore.	4.	1.	—	—	18	4	6	4	0	2	1,13	9,214	0	0	—	8	0	0	1,631	16	10	359	145	566	—		
Hanmore.	5.	1.	—	—	14	2	11	16	0	0	2	35	0	0	—	109	14	1	334	08	—	482	—	682	—		
Kilcock.	6.	1.	—	—	7	13	5	13	0	0	12	4,600	0	0	—	5	0	0	1,201	11	11	131	04	104	—		
Kilcock.	7.	1.	—	—	31	5	8	10	0	0	1	9	0	0	—	620	0	0	1,603	1	5	643	280	100	—		
Kilcock.	8.	1.	—	—	9	39	7	9	36	0	0	3	13	1,158	2	1	—	173	8	2	447	107	604	7			
Kilcock.	9.	1.	—	—	11	7	6	0	16	0	0	10	180	0	0	—	4	0	0	150	19	2	373	165	721	—	
Kilcock.	10.	1.	—	—	49	18	4	12	0	0	2	3	1,000	0	0	—	6	0	8	270	13	2	433	182	573	7	
Kilcock.	11.	1.	—	—	4,150	16	7	169	0	0	13	5	9,813	7	1	—	344	0	0	2,140	6	6	3,016	1,690	5,664	14	
COUNTY OF KILKENNY.																											
Carlow.	1.	1.	—	—	16	16	8	8	9	0	1	0	2,060	0	0	—	5	40	1	119	6	4,10	9	137	311		
Carlow.	2.	1.	—	—	9	16	7	4	16	0	0	11	0	0	—	4	60	1	116	6	4,10	9	283	131			
Carlow.	3.	1.	—	—	23	19	3	11	0	0	3	9	11,112	12	0	—	5	00	0	2,910	1	194	1	982	—		
Carlow.	4.	1.	—	—	24	4	6	8	0	0	19	10,222	1	0	—	11	06	0	3,117	0	4,16	2	174	1			
Carlow.	5.	4.	—	—	79	2	3	31	19	0	6	9	3,004	13	0	—	25,806	0	0	43	12	9	619	11	3	2,410	
CARLTON, CONN.	1.	1.	—	—	39	6	5	27	10	0	—	234	10	6	—	17	90	0	18	1	4	329	10	0	1,517		
CARLTON, CONN.	2.	1.	—	—	10	12	10	8	10	0	—	112	7	6	—	4	76	2	9	7	19	1	145	13	8	0	
CARLTON, CONN.	3.	—	—	—	43	19	3	30	0	0	—	369	4	3	—	21,130	0	0	21	19	5	475	6	2	2,438		
CARLTON, CONN.	4.	2.	1.	—	77	2	3	16	0	0	5	7	9,200	0	0	—	6,933	3	10	5	4	0	44,37	0	6,919	701	
CARLTON, CONN.	5.	2.	1.	—	41	32	6	7	0	0	5	7	9,100	0	0	—	16,091	1	10	0	7	11	9	161	11	30	240

3. Westfield,	-	229 7 5	10 0 0	1.12	0.10	0	-	2.56	0	7	1.16	54	178	-	
4. Freshford,	-	15 8 6	0 0 0	0.00	0.00	0	-	3.15	0	7	1.16	54	178	-	
5. Tallacross,	-	6 10 3	0 0 0	0.00	0.00	0	-	3.46	0	7	1.16	54	178	-	
Treasur-	er,	8 0 1 9	159 15 4	48 0 0	13 4	0.60	0	0.01	2	0.01	149 7 16	6	71 4	1014 2 0	
towns,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.83	0.06	1	794 2 -	
1. Origins,	-	-	6 11 9	0 0 0	0.2	0.10	0	-	6.30	0	9	1.27	5	9	-
2. Luttrell,	-	-	11 10 2	0 0 0	0.10	0.00	0	-	6.10	0	3	1.18	8	1.11	-
3. Thomastown,	-	-	9 9 1	0 0 0	0.11	0.00	0	-	5.70	2	3	1.17	1	1.11	-
4. Kinskeagh,	-	-	15 17 6	0 0 0	0.5	0.00	0	-	5.70	1	0	1.16	3	1.16	-
6	-	-	42 9 1	29 0 0	1 0	1.35	0	0	-	21 1.0	0	16	0	2.00	2.412 -
Ullswater and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00 5 -
1. Ballintubber,	-	1	-	17 3 5	3 0 0	0	5	0.20	0	0	0.7	0	0.01	70 458 -	
2. Killaloe,	-	1	-	23 17 9	0 0 0	0.5	0.20	0	0	4.40	0	10	1.00	1.00 540 -	
3. Ullinibal,	-	1	-	26 19 6	0 0 0	0.5	0.20	0	0	3.20	-	1.00	4.61 108 424 -		
4. Kilteely,	-	1	-	11 8 7	0 0 0	0.5	0.20	0	0	4.30	-	1.00	1.63 424 -		
4	-	-	20 9 3	23 0 0	1 2 0	4.00	0	0	-	14.11	1	1	17 0.11	572 15 0	
Kilkenny County,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.20 1 1 -
Enniskerry,	-	1	-	14 4 0	11 0	0	-	119 13 0	0	-	2.40	1	1	0	145 5 0
2. Cahir,	-	1	-	9 15 2	10 0	0	-	100 0 0	0	-	9.70	1	1	0	129 16 0
3. Rathangan,	-	1	-	4 12 10	10 0	0	-	106 13 4	0	-	5.20	1	1	0	127 0 0
4. Edenderry,	-	1	-	21 3 11	15 0	0	-	103 0 0	0	-	5.40	1	1	0	126 13 2
5. Ratoath,	-	1	-	9 12 5	6 0	0	-	100 0 0	0	-	5.10	1	1	0	125 13 2
6. Mullingan,	-	1	-	13 4 10	10 0	0	-	109 0 0	0	-	3.40	1	1	0	124 0 0
7. Riverstown,	-	0	-	25 5 2	62 10 0	0	-	677 5 4	0	-	22 3.0	6	6	0	17 7 2
Panno-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.82 1 1 -
Power,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	798 4.00 1 -
1. Presstown,	-	1	-	19 5 6	1 4 0	0	-	1.4 2 32 0	0	-	6.24	0	10	0	126 5 5
2. Killoughty,	-	1	-	9 5 0	6 0	0	-	1.2 5 5 0	0	-	4.50	4	10	0	125 5 5
3. Killanney,	-	1	-	19 10 10	3 0	0	-	2 5 10 0	0	-	6.05	0	10	0	124 5 5
4. Freshford,	-	1	-	27 19 10	3 0	0	-	1.2 5 10 0	0	-	2.40	2	10	0	123 5 5
5. Daingheit,	-	1	-	44 0 8	6 0	0	-	1.0 7 10 0	0	-	10.00	0	10	0	122 5 5
6. Fethard,	-	1	-	27 11 1	6 0	0	-	1.2 6 10 0	0	-	8.50	0	10	0	121 5 5
7. Riverstown,	-	0	-	4 0 10 10	0	0	-	1.3 1 10 0	0	-	3.40	0	10	0	120 5 5
Tullamore,	-	0	7	-	151 19 9	39 0 0	9	9	0.050	0	-	63 4.6	9 15 0	0	50 0 9
1. Killoughty,	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	924 12 8 -
2. Piltown,	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.020 0.15 0 -
3. Killanney,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	913 6 10 -
4. Clash,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Tallacross,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Nass Union: Chase and Timbush, South Districts.—No appraisement of Michael's agents to have been made.

† Killenny Union: Kilberry and Uverna Districts.—No appraisement of Michael's agents to have been made.

[continued.]

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION, DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	NAME OF DISPENSARY	No. of Officers authorized by District Council.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDING MAY TWENTY-EIGHT, 1871.												NATIONAL RELIEF APPROVED IN YEAR ENDING MAY TWENTY-EIGHT, 1871.							
			Apportionments to Dispensaries and Medical Offices.	Salaries.	Apportionments to Dispensaries and Medical Offices.	Salaries.	Apportionments to Dispensaries and Medical Offices.	Salaries.														
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER																						
1. Curragh,	1. Curragh,	57	6	5	8	9	0	9	4	100	0	0	9	40	11	30	6	8	9	6	106	
2. Athystronan,	2. Athystronan,	50	4	8	13	9	0	9	4	198	0	0	5	50	15	0	193	15	0	175	0	
3. Ballinlough,	3. Ballinlough,	50	13	4	9	0	0	9	0	200	0	0	7	70	14	0	190	0	0	141	0	
4. Ballymore,	4. Ballymore,	50	11	10	10	0	0	0	0	200	0	0	11	50	6	16	0	165	7	257	181	
COUNTY OF CORK.																						
1. Glanmire,	1. Glanmire,	57	6	5	8	9	0	9	4	100	0	0	9	40	11	30	6	8	9	6	106	
2. Street,	2. Street,	50	4	8	13	9	0	9	4	198	0	0	5	50	15	0	193	15	0	175	0	
3. Ballincollig,	3. Ballincollig,	50	13	4	9	0	0	9	0	200	0	0	7	70	14	0	190	0	0	141	0	
4. Scrabagh,	4. Scrabagh,	50	17	8	8	0	0	9	4	200	0	0	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	153	0	
5. Finucane,	5. Finucane,	50	15	2	8	0	0	9	4	200	0	0	7	70	3	4	534	208	234	194	0	
6. Cork,	6. Cork,	50	13	11	7	0	0	9	4	200	0	0	7	70	3	17	0	82	4	9	257	
COUNTY OF LIMERICK.																						
1. Limerick,	1. Limerick,	50	13	11	68	6	2	16	0	256	0	0	62	30	34	7	4	41	0	7	1034	
2. Donoughish,	2. Donoughish,	50	13	4	22	26	1	1	5	90	0	0	94	110	1	10	0	98	7	242	1486	
3. Killaloe,	3. Killaloe,	50	11	7	19	0	0	1	5	97	9	0	97	110	0	97	0	98	11	309	6	
COUNTY OF TIPPERARY.																						
1. Ardagh,	1. Ardagh,	55	3	3	5	0	0	1	17	10	147	12	6	49	60	1	10	0	42	14	3	
2. Drimnagh,	2. Drimnagh,	50	12	4	11	10	0	0	13	0	111	8	6	92	0	1	0	35	4	102	0	
3. Galloway,	3. Galloway,	50	11	12	12	0	0	0	18	2	100	0	0	79	80	1	0	5	15	6	272	
4. Domane,	4. Domane,	50	11	12	12	0	0	0	19	2	100	0	0	77	80	1	0	4	15	7	226	
5. Coalisland, Lough-	5. Coalisland, Lough-	50	1	0	12	1	0	0	19	10	0	0	0	17	4	1	0	149	19	11	407	
6.	6.	50	1	0	12	1	0	0	19	10	0	0	0	13	36	1	0	163	8	7	482	
7.	7.	50	8	4	55	0	0	4	26	9	562	5	7	14619	5	0	74	1	9	917	17	8
8.	8.	50	8	4	55	0	0	4	26	9	562	5	7	14619	5	0	74	1	9	917	17	8

[continued.]

Durham,	1. Bishop Auckland,	19 0 0 1 23 0	110 0 0	-	24 2 0 1 1	0 31 5 0	160 0 0	110 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	
2. Darlington,	19 5 10	10 0 0 4 0	110 0 0	-	13 18 0 3	0 1 0 0	161 13 10	150 0 0	160 13 10	150 0 0	150 0 0	150 0 0	150 0 0	
3. St. Mary's,	19 12 6	10 0 0 3 11	90 0 0	-	25 3 0 0 9	0 1 0 0	124 19 11	6000 1411	1411 9464	1411 9464	1411 9464	1411 9464	1411 9464	
4. Desmonds,	19 12 6	10 0 0 2 13 4	189 0 0	-	25 3 0 0 9	0 1 0 0	124 19 11	6000 1411	1411 9464	1411 9464	1411 9464	1411 9464	1411 9464	
5. Levenshaw,	19 14 6	14 0 0 1 15 1	129 0 0	-	23 17 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	
6. Morland,	19 14 6	14 0 0 1 15 1	111 19 9	-	23 17 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	
7. Monkwearmouth,	19 10 3	19 0 0 1 18 1	111 19 9	-	23 17 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	
8. Cotherstone,	19 10 3	19 0 0 1 18 1	111 19 9	-	23 17 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	117 5 0 2	
12. 7 -	19 5 7	34 16 0 9 9 4	711 19 5	-	12919 8 3 8 6	76 14 6	12919 13 8	3 214	2 609 5 3 995	2 609 5 3 995	2 609 5 3 995	2 609 5 3 995	2 609 5 3 995	
Durham,	1. Boldon,	33 6 3	90 0 0 4 14 6	120 0 0 0 90 0	0 9614 0	0 10 0	40 15 3	323 17 11	1 214	366 3 649	366 3 649	366 3 649	366 3 649	
2. Louth,	25 15 4	8 0 0 5 14 10	150 0 0	-	37 5 6 0	0 13 0	5 19 0	171 34 11	3 511	3 511 1	3 511 1	3 511 1	3 511 1	
3. Hartlepool,	29 19 7	8 0 0 3 7 6	102 0 0	-	16 8 0	0 13 0	5 19 0	241 38 3	4 491	3 486 1	3 486 1	3 486 1	3 486 1	
4. Brinsford,	18 10 8	5 0 0 3 7 4	100 0 0	-	3 5 0	0 13 0	6 1 0	131 9 4	131 9 4	131 9 4	131 9 4	131 9 4	131 9 4	
5. Newcastle,	13 8 11	10 0 0 3 14 20	131 13 0	-	7 85	1 10 0	9 2 7	137 6 5	635 112	810 1	485 1	485 1	485 1	
6. Cramlington,	16 6 5	14 0 0 3 14 20	149 0 0	-	15 7 0	3 9 0	1 7 0	152 15 3	630 583	741 1	329 2	329 2	329 2	
7. Coldingham,	16 6 5	14 0 0 3 14 20	149 0 0	-	15 7 0	3 9 0	1 7 0	152 15 3	630 583	741 1	329 2	329 2	329 2	
8. 9 1	131 9 0	64 0 0 22 19 1	632 13 9 40 9 4	12850	5 15 4	75 3 4	110 11 1	4 837 2 173 7456	1 3 277 7	-	-	-	-	
Durham,	Courts of Justice,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1. Dunbyside,	9 1	-	28 19 6	11 10 0 3 7 1	95 8 8	-	6 1 0	1 10 0	0 34 4 4	224 11	447	109 4553	109 4553	
2. Hartlepool,	9 1	-	11 1 10 0 3 7 1	95 8 8	-	3 14 0	-	0 3 8 2	192 9 9	546 232	750 1	750 1	750 1	
3. Kilburn,	9 1	-	12 0 0 3 18 1	65 0 0	-	-	-	24 8 2	184 7 7	433 281	567 1	567 1	567 1	
4. Garsdale,	9 1	-	12 0 0 3 11 1	95 0 0	-	3 7 0	0 13 0	42 16 16	165 14 3	1110 97	816 1	415 2	415 2	
5. 0 4 -	23 4 0	45 10 0 9 11 4	350 0 0	-	13 26	3 13 0 102 2 4	452 2 8	1 575 9	634 2 161	-	-	-	-	
Durham,	County of Durham,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1. Kelloe,	67 19 9	32 3 0 2 1 0	115 0 0	-	27 17 0	4 7 6	99 16 10	319 37 1	1 321	429 1	1 744	1 744	1 744	
2. Morland,	43 5 2	13 0 0 0 9 10	115 0 0	-	11 0 0	3 1 0	1 14 7 11	119 16 5	493 341	546 232	546 1	546 1	546 1	
3. Kilburn,	18 3 0	4 0 0 0 10 3	315 0 0	-	11 16 0	0 11 6	2 3 2	161 0 6	647 166	703 2	942 1	942 1	942 1	
4. Niddfoot,	59 6 9	14 0 0 0 7 2	115 0 0	-	39 16 0	2 7 6	84 11 3	303 8 8	5325 607	607 2	415 2	415 2	415 2	
5. 4 -	178 7 8	45 3 0 9 8 3	460 0 0	-	69 11 15 14	0 308 17 6	931 1 5	979 1 5	1 982 4 0001	2 1 011	2 1 011	2 1 011	2 1 011	
SAYAN,	1. Navan,	1 1 1 1 1	36 4 4 4	-	120 0 0	7 94 0 11 15 0	4 0	85 0 0	217 7 10	1 442	411 1 8307	3 329 9	3 329 9	
2. Pithavaram,	1 1 1 1 1	7 9 2 11 0 0	1 14 0 0	110 0 0	-	9 13 0 1 1	1 0	12 0 0	155 7 9	1 182	331 9113	1 255 1	1 255 1	
3. Chaitanya,	1 1 1 1 1	28 14 8	11 0 0 3 2 0	115 0 0	-	9 14 0 3 1	4 0	10 1 11	155 18 7	601 601	-	-	-	
5. 4 1 8	72 8 3	28 0 0 7 4 6	355 9 0 7 10 0 0	20 7 2 0	33 1 1 11	225 6 8	2 169	372 3 101	-	-	740 10	1 1	1 1	
Obuse,	1. Crossesk,	18 8 0	8 0 0 0 1 10	90 0 0	-	3 20 2 5 6	7 17 9	129 13 10	383 131	484 1	-	77 1	77 1	77 1
2. Orlaissie,	17 0 2	5 0 0 0 1 10	20 0 0	-	6 16 0 2 10	0	9 3 1	131 13 1	483 131	-	110 1	110 1	110 1	
3. Virzins,	13 13 0	8 0 0 0 1 15 7	30 0 0	-	11 6 0 1 0	0	4 5 1	132 13 11	221 13 11	-	176 1	176 1	176 1	
4. Balgryansdaff,	73 4 9	12 10 0 1 4 1	80 0 0	-	3 11 0 2 0	0	12 3 5	173 13 3	435 267	-	162 2	162 2	162 2	
5. 4 -	96 10 11	23 10 0 2 3 4	350 0 0	-	22 15 0 8 0	0	22 10 10	377 10 1	1 463 635	-	217 4	217 4	217 4	

* Draycote Union; Ternetlock District—No appointment of Midwife appears to have been made.

No. 2.—Dispensary Dispenses, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	NAME OR DESCRIPTION OF DISPENSARY.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDING 22nd SEPTEMBER, 1871.												MANAGERS' RELIEF APPROPRIATED IN YEAR ENDING 22nd SEPTEMBER, 1871.																							
		DISPENSATION AND APPLIANCE DEPARTMENT.			MEDICAL OFFICERS.			AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.			INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.			EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.			RELIEF DEPARTMENT.			DISPENSATION AND APPLIANCE DEPARTMENT.			MEDICAL OFFICERS.			AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.			INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.			EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.			RELIEF DEPARTMENT.		
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.														
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER continued.																																					
COUNTY OF MOUNTAIN, TOWNS,	1. Athboy, 2. Trim, 3. Arvagh, 4. Innishannon, 5. Rathdrum,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
QUEEN'S COUNTY, COUNTY KILDARE, CARRICKFERGUS, DOWN, AND MOUNTAIN, L. Monmouthshire, Monmouthshire, Cardiff, - Montgomery, Shropshire,	1. Athboy, 2. Trim, 3. Arvagh, 4. Innishannon, 5. Rathdrum, 1. Ballyroan, 2. Innishannon, 3. Castlecomer, 4. Ballinakill, 5. Borris-in- Ossory, 2. Ilchester, 1. L. Monmouth- shire, - 2. Shropshire,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
MOUNTAINS.																																					
1. Monmouthshire, 2. Glamorgan, 3. Gwent, 4. Montgomery, 5. Shropshire,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								

(continued.)

6. Ernes-	12 14 6	10 0 0	0 13 0	0 100 0	0 0	-	6 70	-	1 7	1 10	852	862	1,062	-	111		
7. Glengarrett,	14 6 0	0 13 0	0 100 0	0 0	0 0	-	6 10	-	0 16	1	145	8 10	714	3115	1,062		
8. -	12 13 1	76 12 0	4 13 1	705 4 0	-	-	31 40	2 0 0	18 3 10	645 15 0	4,288	1,474	5,932	-	939		
9. -	109 12 5	4 0 0	2 10 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	17 20	6 1 0	10 10 4	344 13 3	2,453	705	3,439	-	231		
10. Ardmore,	31 17 8	4 0 0	0 10 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	9 12	2 1 0	9 15 0	1,022 10 8	4,611	104	6,653	-	104		
11. Bridgeman,	18 2 6	7	0 10 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	7 10	6 1 0	7 2 0	241 9 0	620	131	618	1	133		
12. Etchells,	18 6 11	0 0 0	0 12 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	18 9	3 1 0	7 10 0	1,633 16 11	3,569	121	4,589	-	186		
13. Glanstan,	93 5 2	0 0 0	0 13 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	11 18	4 1 0	11 10 9	173 14 4	4,500	149	4,500	-	149		
14. Morris,	5 0	0 0 0	209 6 0	260 0 0	3 7 6	680 14 1	-	34 16	4 2 0	5 0	44 8 7	1,016 16 9	4,701	1,235	5,713	3	924
15. -	29 12 0	10 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	67 11 0	-	4 10 0	135 13 5	345	130	459	-	162		
16. Devlin,	31 9 3	13 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	67 2 0	-	8 50	-	365 19 1	149	144	353	-	145	
17. Gartell,	93 12 1	17 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
18. Compton,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
19. -	144 16 2	48 0 0	-	-	201 13 0	-	21 90	-	4 10 0	454 9 2	895	420	1,200	-	400		
20. Mullingar,	20 19 0	8 0 0 0	0 14 0	0 15 0	0 29 11 8	-	10 19	6 0	30 12 0	235 7 0	705	230	915	-	905		
21. Multyfarnish,	14 6 1	0 0 0 0	0 15 0	0 29 11 8	-	-	8 11	0 0	5 9 0	137 6 7	381	130	611	-	130		
22. Ballintubber,	12 16 2	8 0 0 0	0 15 0	0 50 11 8	-	-	9 12	0 0	8 16 0	141 11 4	361	80	807	-	811		
23. Castlebar,	10 9 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
24. Gortlough,	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
25. Turlough,	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
26. Milltown,	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
27. Killala,	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
28. -	33 19 4	4 0 0 0	0 3 4 1 0	0 50 0 0	0 0	-	11 0 0 0 0	10 0 0	10 6 9	179 1 0	508	99	508	-	946		
29. -	135 5 9	40 0 0	25 4 2	75 1 6	-	-	49 120	6 3 6	93 4 7	1,169 15 11	3,771	1,169	4,066	-	946		
30. -	2 2 18 2 11	68 0 0	14 11 4	650 0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
31. County of Westmeath.	12 14 6	10 0 0	0 13 0	0 100 0	0 0	-	35 260	3 15 0	1 9 10	165 14 9	591	937	830	1	830		
32. Athlone,	14 6 0	0 13 0	0 100 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	-	3 15 0	2 10 0	19 5 0	259 10 9	1,170	371	1,170	-	1,170		
33. Kilcock,	12 18 7	6 0 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 93 11 8	-	30 19	2 10 0	3 5 0	187 14 6	558	138	610	-	939		
34. Foxrock,	10 10 0	10 10 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 111 11 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
35. Enniskerry,	11 4 7	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 111 11 8	-	5 0 0 1	0 0	2 4 6	140 13 6	103	152	327	-	951		
36. Oughterard,	13 3 10	6 4 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 109 11 6	-	7 16	0 0	7 2 3	147 2 5	1,193	229	1,250	-	182		
37. Connolly,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
38. -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
39. County of Wicklow.	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
40. Glendalough,	42 7 0	12 0 0	0 2 6 0 0	0 53 0 0	0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
41. Kilcoole,	16 8 4	6 0 0	0 11 6 5	0 140 0 0	0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
42. Roundwood,	12 18 7	6 0 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 93 11 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
43. Farnham,	10 10 0	10 10 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 111 11 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
44. Arklow,	11 4 7	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 109 11 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
45. Glanmire,	13 3 10	6 4 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 109 11 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
46. -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
47. County of Cork.	218 2 11	68 0 0	14 11 4	650 0 0	-	-	35 16	0 25 5 0	1 25 12 1	1,020 9 7	2,354	4,267	4,267	1	4,267		
48. Glanmire,	87 10 1	7 0 0	-	-	118 18 0	-	35 0 7	2 8 0	5 7 4	239 4 0	816	348	1,088	2	1,088		
49. Glanmire,	39 14 10	17 0 0	-	-	100 0 0	-	6 11 0	2 10 0	3 10 0	157 12 4	475	235	607	-	607		
50. Glanmire,	31 14 10	10 0 0	-	-	100 0 0	-	12 3 0	1 18 0	0 18 10	155 12 4	378	150	583	-	172		
51. Killenagh and Walls,	61 17 6	13 0 0	-	-	100 0 0	-	14 5 0	1 16 0	1 4 6	464	229	706	-	176			
52. -	210 17 0	47 0 0	-	-	118 18 0	-	18 0 1	7 16 0	9 19 8	712 8 0	2,912	803	9,920	2	722		
53. -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

• Enniskerry Union : Newtowbarry District.—On appointment of Michael Hayes, Just to have been made

No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

Name or Union.	Name of Dispensary District.	No. of Offices opened during Year.	Expenditure of Year ended 31st September, 1871.												Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1871.																		
			Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.								
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER																																	
COUNTY OF WEXFORD—(see New Ross.)	1. New Ross,	1	1	16	3	4	0	0	12	16	100	0	0	—	111	16	4	—	172	0	0	659	583	1,114	—	328	—						
2. Old Ross,	—	1	1	25	16	3	3	10	0	1	100	0	0	—	22	3	9	—	94	4	0	295	6	6	1,454	—	177	1					
3. Dunguaire,	—	1	1	22	12	9	18	2	6	3	1	0	0	—	13	4	0	18	12	1	9	170	1	1	134	415	—	181	2				
4. St. Mullins,	—	1	1	9	12	9	4	17	0	9	0	70	0	0	—	9	1	0	29	9	0	113	38	7	131	97	—	189	—				
5. Templeogue,	—	1	1	5	9	7	9	2	5	0	12	4	50	0	0	—	3	16	3	0	1	0	150	2	4	209	62	331	—	189	—		
6. Goresbridge,	—	1	1	9	11	6	0	6	0	11	0	160	0	0	—	14	3	0	0	27	0	0	911	1,101	—	174	1	—	189	—			
7. Youghal,	—	1	9	8	19	3	36	10	0	11	0	0	160	0	0	—	16	36	0	0	35	0	0	319	205	332	—	189	0				
13. —	6	113	10	3	67	0	6	7	11	4	665	0	0	—	339	16	0	2	18	6	163	9	6	117	15	1	3,260	1,469	4,812	—	1,923	9	
Wexford.	1. Wexford,	1	1	34	12	6	15	0	0	0	14	0	350	0	40	0	331	4	0	2	16	3	258	11	7	754	470	1,201	—	1,031	4		
2. Broadstone,	—	1	1	34	5	5	12	1	0	10	0	150	0	0	—	23	14	0	1	0	0	10	0	0	149	150	319	—	233	—			
3. Ballyedmond,	—	2	1	18	16	10	9	9	1	0	0	350	0	0	—	22	13	3	2	33	14	0	135	4	1	687	318	877	—	326	3		
4. Rosslare,	—	1	1	27	9	5	6	9	0	0	0	250	0	0	—	6	13	3	0	90	10	4	163	5	0	675	284	889	—	150	1		
5. Tullow,	—	1	1	9	12	0	11	0	0	0	0	350	0	0	—	29	16	0	2	9	0	19	15	3	817	197	1,016	—	894	—			
6. Crossacreeve,	—	1	1	29	16	6	10	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	—	15	16	0	2	0	41	18	0	179	1	6	211	126	589	—	875	—	
9. 0	1	6	163	10	10	0	7	0	2	10	0	250	0	0	0	137	18	0	11	0	0	145	11	4	1,167	1	10	3,346	1,203	4,089	—	1,203	8
COUNTY OF WATERFORD.																																	
Ballymaloe, Ballynahinch,	3. Killoggan,	3	1	—	49	16	11	26	0	0	16	4	190	0	0	—	816	0	0	10	0	2	16	0	205	19	11	469	942	731	—	123	1
4. Dunlavin,	—	3	1	—	19	18	2	20	0	0	16	4	97	3	10	—	5	6	0	10	0	0	128	6	10	521	115	880	—	92	10		
5. Rathvilly,	—	3	1	—	13	18	7	19	0	0	11	11	80	14	8	—	6	11	0	10	0	0	160	16	2	520	139	866	—	134	1		
10. 0	—	—	83	13	8	60	0	0	4	1	5	463	18	1	—	38	10	0	4	2	0	23	0	6	834	6	6	1,027	607	2,114	—	1,000	2

BARTEDON, 1. Senechal,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	8 3 0 6 4 6 21 31 7	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
2. Adjutor,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	83 15 6 11 3 7	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
3. Amoner,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	10 10 0 7 17 7 0	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
4. Dunguaire,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	10 9 0 0 20 0 7 1 3	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
5. Arklow,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	10 12 6 2 10 6 0 4	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
6. Newbridge,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	5 8 0 3 9 2 8 0 4	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
7. Rathdown,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	7 2 8 7 9 16 6 9 11 11	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
8. Anglesea,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	2 0 0 2 20 0 8 0 7	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
9. Ballymena,	-	12 10 11	10 0 0 1 8 1	100 0 0 1 100 0 0 1	-	145 15 4 300 9 97	163 2 1	479 1	110 2	-
10. B. -	-	839 0 5	67 0 0 8 16 0	833 0 8 -	-	242 17 9 23 16 2 74 15 3	1,260 0 3	3,128 1,656 4	4,432 7	1,656 4
SUMMER 1. Gaollain, and	-	18 4 1	15 10 0 4 6	100 0 0 -	-	7 15 0 -	7 0 0	163 13 7	588 176	702 -
2. Coolemane and	-	10 12 4	14 0 0 4 0	100 0 0 -	-	8 17 0 -	5 0	163 19 10	748 937	960 -
3. Hockstetown,	-	10 16 6	12 0 0 -	100 0 0 -	-	6 11 0 -	5 0	163 7 4	151 194	222 -
4. Timahy,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 -	12 0 0	422 34 11	1,060 312	1,034 -
5. Kilmacrennan,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 -	12 0 0	422 34 11	1,060 312	1,034 -
PROVINCE OF CON-										
KAUGHLA,										
COUNTY OF GALWAY,										
BALINTON-										
1. Athlone,	-	35 7 8	6 0 0 0 2 2	60 0 0 -	-	2 10 0 0 25 4	4 11 8	100 14 6	540 445	445 -
2. Ballintubber,	-	35 4 3	10 0 0 0 2 2	120 0 0 -	-	6 10 0 3 21 6	10 11 3	199 18 7	720 550	550 -
3. Killala,	-	43 15 7	10 0 0 0 2 2	100 0 0 -	-	1 10 0 6 25 4	1 11 4	184 4 11	379 181	346 -
4. Gough,	-	37 8 2	10 0 0 0 2 2	100 0 0 -	-	4 11 0 5 0 0	3 7 4	140 6 6	328 197	197 -
5. Loughmore-	-	14 13 0	10 0 0 0 2 2	95 3 3 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
6. Loughmore-	-	33 0 5	10 0 0 0 2 2	100 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
7. Kilmacrennan,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
8. Kilmacrennan,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
9. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
10. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
11. Clogher,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
12. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
13. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
14. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
15. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
16. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
17. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
18. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
19. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
20. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
21. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
22. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
23. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
24. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
25. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
26. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
27. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
28. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
29. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
30. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
31. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
32. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
33. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
34. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
35. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
36. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
37. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
38. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
39. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
40. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
41. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
42. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
43. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
44. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
45. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
46. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
47. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
48. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
49. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
50. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
51. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
52. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
53. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
54. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
55. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
56. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
57. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
58. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
59. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
60. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
61. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
62. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
63. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
64. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
65. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
66. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
67. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
68. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
69. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
70. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
71. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
72. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
73. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
74. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 190	190 -
75. Ballymena,	-	10 13 11	41 10 0 9 0	300 0 0 -	-	3 12 0 5 4 6	8 17 8	138 10 5	361 19	

No. 2.—DISTRESS DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	NAME OR DISTRICT.	No. of Offices active in District.	Number of Districts.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDED 25th DECEMBER, 1871.												MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 25th SEPTEMBER, 1871.													
				Column I. £. s. d.	Column II. £. s. d.	Column III. £. s. d.	Column IV. £. s. d.	Column V. £. s. d.	Column VI. £. s. d.	Column VII. £. s. d.	Column VIII. £. s. d.	Column IX. £. s. d.	Column X. £. s. d.	Column XI. £. s. d.	Column XII. £. s. d.	Column XIII. £. s. d.	Column XIV. £. s. d.	Column XV. £. s. d.	Column XVI. £. s. d.	Column XVII. £. s. d.	Column XVIII. £. s. d.	Column XIX. £. s. d.	Column XX. £. s. d.	Column XXI. £. s. d.	Column XXII. £. s. d.				
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—cont'd.																													
COUNTY OF GALWAY—cont'd.																													
GALWAY.— County.—	1. Birrane, 2. Clonmany, 3. Wallinstown,	1 1 1	1 1 1	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	13 3 0	
GORE.— County.—	1. Gort, 2. Ballindereen,	2 3	1 1	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	30 16 3	
LONDONDERRY.— County.—	1. Londonderry, 2. Bellary, 3. Athlone, 4. Westford,	2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	13 6 0	
MOUNTBATTEN.— County.—	1. Kilkeel, 2. Cobh, 3. Moira Ballin,	1 1 1	1 1 1	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	42 11 11	

COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER											
1. Gloucester,	2. Tiverton,	3. Cheltenham,	4. Cirencester,	5. Stroud,	6. Tewkesbury,	7. Evesham,	8. Pershore,	9. Worcester,	10. Hereford,	11. Monmouth,	12. Brecon.
1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *	1. Gloucester, * 2. Tiverton, * 3. Cheltenham, * 4. Cirencester, * 5. Stroud, * 6. Tewkesbury, * 7. Evesham, * 8. Pershore, * 9. Worcester, * 10. Hereford, * 11. Monmouth, * 12. Brecon, *
Peartree,	2. 1 -	3. 2 -	4. 3 -	5. 4 -	6. 5 -	7. 6 -	8. 7 -	9. 8 -	10. 9 -	11. 10 -	12. 11 -
Town,	1. Town, * 2. Dunmore, 3. Headless, 4. Abberley,	2. Town, * 3. Dunmore, 4. Headless, 5. Abberley,	3. Town, * 4. Dunmore, 5. Headless, 6. Abberley,	4. Town, * 5. Dunmore, 6. Headless, 7. Abberley,	5. Town, * 6. Dunmore, 7. Headless, 8. Abberley,	6. Town, * 7. Dunmore, 8. Headless, 9. Abberley,	7. Town, * 8. Dunmore, 9. Headless, 10. Abberley,	8. Town, * 9. Dunmore, 10. Headless, 11. Abberley,	9. Town, * 10. Dunmore, 11. Headless, 12. Abberley,	10. Town, * 11. Dunmore, 12. Headless, 13. Abberley,	11. Town, * 12. Dunmore, 13. Headless, 14. Abberley,
Country of Leominster,	1. Ledbury,	2. Linton,	3. Leominster,	4. Newent,	5. Auguston,	6. Craven Arms,	7. Dymock,	8. Eardisley,	9. Hereford,	10. Monnow,	11. Ross-on-Wye,
MAYORSHIP-MILTON,	1. Monmouthshire,	2. Llangattock,	3. Llanidloes,	4. Breconshire,	5. Abergavenny,	6. Usk,	7. Monmouth,	8. Usk,	9. Monmouth,	10. Monmouth,	11. Monmouth,
Morrells,	1. M. Morrells,	2. R. Rymer,	3. R. Bowen,	4. Carrigallen,	5. 6. 7.	8. 9. 10.	11. 12. 13.	14. 15. 16.	17. 18. 19.	20. 21. 22.	23. 24. 25.
COUNTY OF MARSHALL,	1. Marshall,	2. Ballin,	3. Crossmollin,	4. Ballin,	5. 6. 7.	8. 9. 10.	11. 12. 13.	14. 15. 16.	17. 18. 19.	20. 21. 22.	23. 24. 25.

Carl Uebel—*An Order dated 10 September, 1911, directing the Under Secretary of State to forward to the Medical Officer.*

† Great Union : Beldingtown District—A military discontinuous—city government of several smaller districts.

Partum Utia: Pekura District.—No appointment of Minnifia appears to have been made.

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OR UNION- DISTRICT,	NAME OF DISPENSARY DISTRICT,	No. of diseases treated in each District.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1871.												MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 30th SEPTEMBER, 1871.						
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
Column 1.																					
PROVINCE OF CON- NAUGHT—continued. COUNTY OF MAYO—con- tinued.	BALLINMORE, 2. Carr., 3. Headmount.,	2 1 1 5	45,181 11 33,124 31,59 100,770	8,000 0,015 0,015 0,015 34,000	260 0 0 0 2,500	0 0 0 0 0	22,150 1,100 33,290 1,000 460	0 0 0 0 0	35,180 14,100 1,100 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	305 17 171 13 13	1,632 110 110 0 0	407 730 629 629 630	2,012 176 166 629 630	— 1 1 — 1	401 935 935 — 654	5 1 1 — 1	— — — — —			
BLENHEIM, 1. Hinghamstown 2. Ranger.,																					
CARRARAH, 1. Castlebar, 2. Ball.,																					
CLARE- MORRIS.,																					
KILALA.,																					

Newport, 1. Newport,	1	1	46	16	8	10	0	6	1	16	9	303	18	2	-	30	6	11	3	0	171	11	-	207	-						
2. Achill,	2	2	-	-	-	91	9	11	24	0	1	3	8	303	0	-	8	13	11	1	0	316	6	0	207	-					
3. Achill,	3	3	-	-	-	236	0	7	34	0	0	219	5	203	15	2	-	36	19	22	4	0	317	10	1	1,000	-				
4. Achill,	4	4	-	-	-	95	1	1	24	0	1	3	8	303	0	-	8	13	11	1	0	316	6	0	207	-					
5. Achill,	5	5	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
BALBRIGGAN, 1. Balbriggan,	1	1	-	-	-	31	4	5	0	0	0	212	0	100	0	0	-	15	9	8	3	0	310	17	3	459	866				
2. Foxford,	2	2	-	-	-	48	9	9	8	0	0	135	4	166	15	4	-	10	9	6	3	0	310	9	11	552	1,032				
3. Killiney,	3	3	-	-	-	21	8	7	11	0	0	2	4	36	0	0	-	13	13	0	3	0	310	7	7	554	1,034				
4. Loughrea,	4	4	-	-	-	30	0	4	10	0	0	11	9	100	0	0	-	26	5	0	210	0	310	7	7	556	1,036				
5. Kilkeel,	5	5	-	-	-	48	14	9	10	0	0	2	3	4	160	0	-	35	16	0	211	10	0	311	14	3	558	1,038			
6. 6	6	-	-	-	-	180	9	10	65	0	0	16	10	1	98	13	4	-	101	14	0	209	10	0	15	9	4	560	1,040		
WESTPORT, 1. Westport,	1	1	-	-	-	31	0	5	-	-	-	517	26	102	10	0	-	18	12	0	15	2	9	0	0	175	13	11	796	116	
2. Lanchurch,	2	2	-	-	-	35	9	3	12	-	-	317	5	118	10	0	-	13	15	0	9	15	0	211	13	5	1,030	269			
3. Islandery,	3	3	-	-	-	96	3	5	6	0	0	219	3	93	14	0	-	92	80	3	19	0	14	13	6	137	6	2	653	1,045	
4. 4	4	-	-	-	-	78	13	1	13	0	0	12	14	4	314	14	0	-	42	50	30	7	2	65	6	5	569	0	7	3,465	-
5. 5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
General on Recession.																															
BORRIS, 1. Ballynahinch,	1	1	1	1	1	93	9	10	-	-	-	6	6	9	150	0	0	411	0	0	411	0	0	411	5	1	457	982			
2. Ballinlough,	2	2	2	2	2	91	5	2	5	0	0	5	0	160	0	0	-	11	10	0	9	0	16	3	8	160	1,040				
3. Oranmore,	3	3	3	3	3	37	11	1	10	0	0	19	1	116	0	0	-	11	15	0	15	4	119	0	0	344	1,047				
4. Keadue,	4	4	4	4	4	34	3	8	34	0	0	16	1	115	0	0	-	11	4	0	216	0	165	13	2	554	1,048				
5. Ballindarron,	5	5	5	5	5	37	8	3	5	0	0	16	0	15	0	0	-	11	18	0	210	0	169	11	9	575	1,052				
6. 6	6	6	6	6	6	213	18	4	20	0	0	8	10	10	0	0	103	0	112	2	6	69	0	6	1074	11	2	1,071	2,024		
CARLISLA, 1. Baldraggartin,	1	1	-	-	-	37	14	11	14	10	0	4	2	110	0	0	-	14	17	0	10	2	113	11	4	1,068	1,068				
2. Frenchpark,	2	2	-	-	-	29	13	1	16	0	0	3	5	0	100	0	0	-	43	17	0	310	2	115	1	0	1,069	1,069			
3. Cuchlae,	3	3	-	-	-	6	19	5	6	0	0	2	0	0	75	0	0	-	2	10	0	210	0	116	11	1	1,070	1,070			
4. Castleplunkett,	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
5. 5	5	-	-	-	-	111	0	0	46	10	0	13	7	6	209	0	0	-	53	11	6	2	0	72	9	8	313	5,419			
6. 6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
RESCUE, 1. Athleague,	1	1	-	-	-	91	0	4	12	0	0	-	-	100	0	0	-	9	0	0	1	7	0	16	14	8	142	0	4	117	4
2. Buncrana,	2	2	-	-	-	50	1	5	8	0	0	-	-	100	0	0	-	9	10	3	1	7	0	16	14	8	142	0	4	117	4
3. Bundoran,	3	3	-	-	-	103	11	0	29	8	0	-	-	396	0	0	-	32	33	1	7	0	26	17	8	463	311	2,776	-	671	

[continued.]

* Newport Union: X represents Achill Districts.—No appointment of Midwife appears to have been made.

No. 2.—Dispenser Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	NAME OF DISTRICT.	No. of dispensers and solid oilers employed, in each district.	EXPOSURE OF YEAR ENDING 28TH SEPTEMBER, 1871.												Number of New Cases arisen and registered during the year.	Number of new cases arising during the year.	Number of new cases arising during the year.								
			Column I.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	
PROVINCE OF CON-																									
NAUGHT—continued,																									
COUNTY OF BESONNEN—con-																									
STRONK- TOWN,																									
1. Strelakowitz, 2. Hookey, 3. Eglint.,																									
100 18 2 100 10 0 100 10 0 100 10 0																									
COAST OF ST. L.																									
DECKEWE, WATER,																									
1. Eglint., 2. Strelak., 3. Calloosunie,																									
100 18 2 100 10 0 100 10 0 100 10 0																									
SHILOH,																									
1. Claret., 2. Sime., 3. Callaway., 4. Ballintown., 5. Revertown.,																									
100 18 2 100 10 0 100 10 0 100 10 0 100 10 0																									
TOMAHAWK,																									
1. Tolbert., 2. Colbeck., 3. Achens.,																									
100 18 2 100 10 0 100 10 0																									

* Diseases, W. & U. : Basky and Eastern Districts.—No appointment of Medical officer to have been made.

SUMMARY OF FOREGOING TABLE, No. 2,

PROVINCES, Districts or Divisions of Districts.	EXPENSES OF YEAR ENDED June 30, 1871.		MEDICAL RELIEF APPROVED IN THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 1871.									
	Number of Officers or Quarantine Agents.	Number of Medical Apparatus.	Relief.		Vaccination Percent.		Total Number of Inhabitants and Inhabitants in the Districts and Districts in which the Inhabitants are employed.		Number of New Cases attested and reported during the year.		Number of New Cases attested and reported during the year.	
			Tools, Forms, Stationery and Printing.	Medical Uriments.	Apoth- ecaries.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Column 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
QUEBEC.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
QUEBEC, -	46	31	30	3	65	5,434	7	4,200	13	629	9	4,200
MONTREAL, -	50	304	303	19	30	71,653	38	5	50,700	47	1	50,700
LEVIS, -	49	30	30	22	629	13	8	5,435	4	36,505	3	37,500
QUEBEC CITY, -	35	30	12	7	12	3,230	18	9	3,012	6	10	3,478
TOTAL,	160	716,160	200	40,777	25,639	9	11	1,264	1	1,264	1	1,264
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.
QUEBEC.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
QUEBEC, -	46	31	30	3	65	5,434	7	4,200	13	629	9	4,200
MONTREAL, -	50	304	303	19	30	71,653	38	5	50,700	47	1	50,700
LEVIS, -	49	30	30	22	629	13	8	5,435	4	36,505	3	37,500
QUEBEC CITY, -	35	30	12	7	12	3,230	18	9	3,012	6	10	3,478
TOTAL,	160	716,160	200	40,777	25,639	9	11	1,264	1	1,264	1	1,264

No. 3.—GENERAL SUMMARY of previous TABLES, in Provinces:—containing, 1. Dispensary Districts formed under § 6 of the Medical Charities Act, 14 & of Dispensaries, Officers, &c.:—2. FINANCIAL STATEMENT; showing the 1870, to 29th September, 1871:—and 3. RELIEF RETURN; showing the Home, respectively; the Number of Cases in which Tickets for Medical Vaccination performed; Number of Cases of Dangerous Lunatics certified; year ended 30th September, 1871.

HEADS OF PARTICULARS In foregoing Tables.	ULSTER.		MUNSTER.	
	Column 1.	2.	3.	4.
STATISTICS OF UNIONS AND DISTRICTS:				
Population of Unions, in Provinces,—1861,	.	1,907,584	.	1,528,817
Area of Unions and Dispensary Districts, in statute acres,	.	5,316,680	.	6,000,403
Poor Law Valuation of Unions, in Provinces,—1871,	.	£4,021,843	.	£3,360,808
Number of Unions,	.	44	.	60
" Electoral Divisions,	.	875	.	1,023
" Dispensary Districts,	.	215	.	204
" Dispensaries or Dispensary Stations therein,	.	282	.	322
" Medical Officers authorized to be appointed for Dispensary Districts,	.	222	.	229
" Apothecaries,	.	2	.	10
" Midwives,	.	68	.	98
EXPENDITURE IN YEAR ended 29th September, 1871:—				
Medicines and Medical Appliances,	£	6,484	£	7,164
Cost of Dispensary Buildings,	£	2,030	£	2,044
Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising,	£	339	£	306
Salaries of Medical Officers,	£	22,080	£	23,291
" Apothecaries,	£	378	£	848
Vaccination Expenses,	£	2,576	£	2,373
Fuel, Attendance, and Incidental Expenses,	£	2,707	£	2,653
Total Expenditure in year ended 29th September, 1871,	£	£30,880	£	£30,813
RELIEF RETURN, AND DUTIES OF MEDICAL OFFICERS for year ended 30th September, 1871:—				
Number of Cases attended on Dispensary Tickets,	110,783	.	135,726	.
" " on Visiting Tickets,	55,009	.	55,008	.
Total New Cases in the year,	.	174,791	.	200,734
Number of Cases in which Tickets for Medical Relief were cancelled in the year,	.	302	.	98
Number of Cases of Vaccination under Medical Charities Act in the year,	.	53,850	.	45,741
Number of Cases of dangerous Lunatics certified in the year,	.	284	.	224
Number of Patients attended in Bridewells or Houses of Correction during the year,	.	45	.	101

STATISTICAL STATEMENT; showing the number of Unions, Electoral Divisions, and 15 Vic., c. 68; the total and average Population, Area, and Valuation; Number Expenditure under the Medical Charities Act for the year from 29th September, Number of Cases of Medical Relief afforded at the Dispensary and at the Patient's Relief have been Cancelled by the Dispensary Committee; the Number of Cases of Number of Patients attended at Bridewells or Houses of Correction, &c.; during the

LEINSTER.		CONNAUGHT.		TOTAL FOR IRELAND.		AVERAGE.			
						For UNION.	For ELECTORAL DIVISIONS.	For MEDICAL OFFICERS.	
£.	s.	£.	s.	£.	s.	£.	s.	£.	s.
1,480,000		859,414		5,708,564		35,574	8,009	7,377	
4,940,319		4,000,232		20,922,843		124,679	28,384	—	
£24,503,928		£1,353,810		£15,239,304		£81,223	£18,480	—	
40		20		103		—	—	—	
944		598		8,498		21	5	4	
203		98		718		4	—	—	
930		190		1,003		0	—	—	
229		112		801		5	—	—	
12		7		40		—	—	—	
68		18		177		1	—	—	
£		£		£		£		£	
6,591		3,181		25,420		143 14	32 12	29 5	
2,568		981		1,562		46 8	10 11	—	
317		142		1,160		7 3	1 12	—	
24,270		11,699		80,720		495 5	112 9	100 16	
1,001		180		2,003		50 1	13 8	62 11	
2,769		1,608		8,827		61 7	18 19	—	
3,172		980		10,001					
£41,151				£16,111		£135,003	£828 5	£168 1	
160,001		71,986		547,491		3,350	702	683	
64,102		10,005		103,784		1,180	270	242	
244,100		90,901		741,375		4,548	1,032	935	
97		61		508		—	—	—	
51,672		28,619		179,880		1,104	251	225	
546		110		967		—	—	—	
17		18		230		—	—	—	

No. 4.—VACCINATION:—RETURN of the Number of Persons VACCINATED in the Workhouses and Auxiliary Establishments of the several Unions in Ireland, by the Medical Officers of those Institutions; and of the Number VACCINATED in the several Dispensary Districts, by the Medical Officers of Dispensaries under the Medical Charities Act, in the Year ended 30th September, 1871:—abstracted from Returns made by the respective Medical Officers.—Also a Return of the EXPENSES incurred in each Union for Vaccination in the several Dispensary Districts, under the Act 21 & 22 Vic., cap. 64.

NAME OF UNION.	No. Vaccinated in Workhouses by the Medical Officers thereof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in the Dispensary Districts of each Union.						
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.			Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.			Total Vaccination Expenses.
	Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.												
Co. of ANTRIM.												
Antrim, . . .	9	—	9	1,028	1,037	47 12 0	1 14 0	49 6 0				
Ballycastle, . . .	7	—	7	784	791	35 2 0	3 18 0	39 0 0				
Ballymena, . . .	13	14	27	2,344	2,371	105 6 8	9 3 0	114 9 8				
Ballymoney, . . .	17	—	17	896	913	46 15 0	—	46 15 0				
Belfast, . . .	42	9	43	5,240	5,291	284 11 0	19 10 0	324 1 0				
Larne, . . .	9	1	10	904	914	47 0 0	0 15 0	51 1 0				
Lisburn, . . .	5	—	5	1,050	1,064	73 0 0	8 0 0	63 0 0				
Co. of ARMAGH.												
Armagh, . . .	29	2	31	1,763	1,794	82 11 0	11 10 0	94 1 0				
Lurgan, . . .	38	9	41	3,188	3,220	97 13 0	11 12 0	109 5 6				
Co. of CAVAN.												
Baileborough, . . .	24	1	25	651	676	27 12 0	13 16 0	41 8 0				
Bawnboy, . . .	3	1	4	555	560	35 11 0	—	35 11 0				
Cavan, . . .	9	—	9	1,528	1,537	79 0 0	10 0 0	89 0 0				
Cooteshill, . . .	8	5	13	1,010	1,023	63 15 0	—	63 15 0				
Co. of DONEGAL.												
Ballyshannon, . . .	7	—	7	1,068	1,065	34 8 0	3 2 0	37 10 0				
Donegal, . . .	5	12	17	791	808	60 2 0	1 11 0	61 18 6				
Dunfanaghy, . . .	1	—	1	687	688	30 14 0	7 8 0	38 2 0				
Glenins, . . .	5	1	6	1,157	1,163	59 4 0	3 8 8	62 12 8				
Inishowen, . . .	3	—	3	983	986	65 17 0	1 10 0	67 7 0				
Letterkenny, . . .	3	—	3	528	531	26 17 0	6 3 0	33 0 0				
Milford, . . .	2	3	5	836	841	38 0 0	0 13 0	38 13 0				
Stranorlar, . . .	4	2	6	674	680	26 3 0	—	26 3 0				
Co. of Down.												
Banbridge, . . .	20	—	20	1,520	1,540	53 17 0	13 13 0	67 10 0				
Downpatrick, . . .	31	8	39	2,420	2,450	130 14 0	10 17 0	147 11 0				
Kilkheel, . . .	4	—	4	508	602	25 8 0	6 6 0	31 14 0				
Newry, . . .	21	—	21	1,826	1,857	91 11 0	4 10 0	96 7 0				
Newtownards, . . .	23	15	38	1,506	1,544	67 0 0	4 6 0	71 5 0				
Co. or FERMANAGH.												
Enniskillen, . . .	6	—	6	1,410	1,416	61 5 0	1 0 0	62 5 0				
Irvinstown, . . .	4	—	4	837	841	51 15 0	—	51 15 0				
Lisnaskeen, . . .	5	—	5	927	932	33 6 0	2 2 0	35 8 0				

[continued.]

No. 4.—RETURN OF NUMBER OF PERSONS VACCINATED, &c.—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	No. Vaccinated in Workhouses by the Medical Officers thereto.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in the Dispensary districts of each Union.		
	Succes- sful Cases.	Un- success- ful Cases.	Total.			Amount paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Total Vaccination Expenses.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSSTER—con.								
Co. of LONDONDERRY.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Coleraine, . . .	3	—	7	946	963	40 13 0	—	40 13 0
Londonderry, . . .	19	—	19	1,553	1,572	57 13 6	0 7 0	58 0 6
Magherafelt, . . .	16	2	18	1,900	1,978	103 11 0	13 12 6	117 3 0
Newtownlimavady, . . .	3	—	3	708	771	44 11 0	—	44 11 0
Co. of MONAGHAN.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Carrickmacross, . . .	3	—	3	551	554	56 10 3	0 11 6	43 7 0
Castleblayney, . . .	16	11	27	1,041	1,068	50 12 0	11 16 2	82 8 2
Clones, . . .	14	7	21	689	708	33 9 0	5 8 6	38 15 6
Monaghan, . . .	7	—	7	1,013	1,020	56 8 0	4 0 0	60 8 0
Co. of TYRONE.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Castlederg, . . .	—	0	6	486	492	24 18 0	—	24 18 0
Clogher, . . .	8	—	8	975	983	39 2 0	—	39 2 0
Cookstown, . . .	7	3	10	917	927	59 10 0	3 4 0	43 0 6
Dungannon, . . .	16	—	16	1,215	1,231	58 10 0	—	58 10 0
Gortin, . . .	4	—	4	378	382	26 5 0	2 0 0	28 5 0
Omagh, . . .	25	2	27	1,260	1,287	60 8 0	0 10 0	75 18 0
Strabane, . . .	12	—	12	1,059	1,071	49 7 0	8 12 0	57 19 0
Total of Ulster,	514	102	616	53,850	54,406	2,648 5 9	227 15	42,870 0 0
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.								
Co. of CLARE.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Ballyvaughan, . . .	6	—	6	141	147	13 11 0	—	13 11 0
Corofin, . . .	—	—	—	178	178	8 4 3	—	8 4 3
Karris, . . .	20	5	25	822	847	40 17 0	2 2 0	42 10 0
Ennislymon, . . .	—	—	—	629	629	31 8 0	2 1 0	33 9 0
Killadysert, . . .	3	—	3	288	291	—	1 0 0	1 0 0
Kilrush, . . .	—	—	—	849	849	61 10 0	6 5 0	67 15 0
Scarrif, . . .	—	—	—	611	611	20 6 9	3 10 0	29 10 9
Tulla, . . .	0	1	7	437	434	26 0 9	5 11 0	33 12 3
Co. of CORK.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Bandon, . . .	5	—	5	637	642	37 17 0	0 12 0	44 0 0
Bantry, . . .	3	9	11	703	714	27 4 0	0 12 0	27 10 0
Castletown, . . .	10	—	10	780	790	38 16 0	—	38 16 0
Cloudyhill, . . .	4	3	7	851	858	43 17 0	2 16 0	45 13 0
Cork, . . .	78	—	78	3,045	3,118	154 19 0	2 0 0	156 19 0
Dundalkway, . . .	3	—	3	567	570	29 19 0	2 0 0	31 19 0
Fermoy, . . .	6	—	6	909	975	40 10 0	0 4 0	40 14 0
Kanturk, . . .	18	2	20	1,734	1,754	70 17 0	1 15 0	78 13 0
Kinsale, . . .	11	2	13	640	651	26 13 0	—	26 13 0
Macroom, . . .	17	—	17	1,003	1,110	65 2 0	—	55 2 0
Mallow, . . .	10	—	10	1,566	1,585	71 16 3	2 0 0	78 16 3
Middleton, . . .	11	—	11	906	919	44 15 0	3 15 0	48 10 0
Millsstreet, . . .	11	—	11	1,050	1,070	40 12 0	4 3 0	53 15 0
Mitchelstown, . . .	15	0	20	996	916	9 18 0	0 5 0	10 3 8
Skibbereen, . . .	7	17	24	1,406	1,432	72 12 0	3 13 0	70 5 0
Skull, . . .	2	—	2	460	463	21 3 0	—	21 3 0
Youghal, . . .	9	9	11	618	624	27 1 0	1 1 0	28 2 0

(continued.)

No. 4.—RETURN of Number of Persons VACCINATED, &c.—continued.

Names of Unions.	No. Vaccinated in Workhouses by the Medical Officers thereof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in the Dispensary districts of each Union.			Total Vaccination Expenses.
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.		
			Column 1.			2.	3.	4.	5.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—con.									
Co. of KERRY.									
Cahersiveen, . . .	21	23	44	1,589	1,632	10 5 0	5 5 0	24 10 0	
Dingle, . . .	5	—	5	862	867	42 16 0	3 0 0	46 2 0	
Kennmare, . . .	3	—	3	1,150	1,102	32 6 0	—	32 6 0	
Killarney, . . .	15	—	15	1,606	1,621	100 16 3	2 12 0	163 8 9	
Listowel, . . .	7	—	7	1,140	1,147	75 13 0	0 10 0	76 3 0	
Tralee, . . .	12	1	13	1,515	1,629	81 5 0	—	81 5 0	
Co. of LIMERICK.									
Croom, . . .	5	—	5	303	307	24 3 0	—	24 3 0	
Glin, . . .	3	—	3	444	447	24 7 0	—	24 7 0	
Kilmallock, . . .	17	—	17	1,075	1,092	50 19 0	11 10 3	62 9 3	
Limerick, . . .	73	17	90	1,787	1,877	65 14 9	1 0 0	66 14 0	
Newcastle, . . .	11	—	11	982	963	43 17 0	6 0 0	49 17 0	
Rathkeale, . . .	9	—	9	551	560	26 6 0	7 11 11	33 17 11	
Co. of TIPPERARY.									
Borrisokane, . . .	10	—	10	279	289	17 5 0	3 11 0	20 16 6	
Carrik-on-Suir, . . .	21	10	31	1,029	1,050	33 2 0	8 2 0	41 4 0	
Cashel, . . .	26	—	26	1,018	1,044	70 15 0	8 15 0	79 10 6	
Clogheen, . . .	10	—	10	688	698	32 15 9	2 0 0	34 15 9	
Clounsel, . . .	23	5	28	880	909	46 18 0	2 12 0	49 10 0	
Nenagh, . . .	13	—	13	880	899	41 17 0	10 4 7	58 1 7	
Roscrea, . . .	5	—	5	493	498	34 1 0	4 15 0	38 16 0	
Thurles, . . .	35	37	72	161	839	41 11 0	—	41 11 0	
Tipperary, . . .	14	—	14	1,161	1,175	55 5 0	1 10 0	56 15 0	
Co. of WATERFORD.									
Dungarvan, . . .	19	—	19	540	559	58 17 0	6 5 0	65 2 0	
Kilmethomas, . . .	0	—	0	321	327	20 3 0	1 3 0	27 6 0	
Lismore, . . .	13	—	13	642	655	33 9 2	1 4 0	34 14 3	
Waterford, . . .	56	20	84	2,250	2,334	102 2 0	—	102 2 0	
Total of Munster,	600	167	857	45,741	46,596	2,228 2 6	145 0 5	2,373 8 11	
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.									
Co. of CARLOW.									
Carlow, . . .	17	2	19	2,132	2,151	104 18 0	—	104 18 0	
Co. of DUBLIN.									
Balrothery, . . .	0	—	0	2,611	2,617	95 10 3	5 12 0	101 2 9	
Dublin, North, . . .	89	—	89	3,353	3,322	146 11 0	1 10 0	148 1 0	
Dublin, South, . . .	88	26	116	5,279	5,393	214 18 0	3 15 0	218 13 0	
Rathdown, . . .	36	—	36	1,750	1,780	71 19 0	5 0 0	76 19 0	
Co. of KILDARE.									
Athy, . . .	29	20	58	976	1,034	30 14 0	4 0 0	34 14 0	
Colfbridge, . . .	0	—	0	676	701	29 13 0	5 5 0	34 18 0	
Nass, . . .	8	17	25	1,037	1,062	94 5 0	2 16 6	67 1 0	

[continued.]

No. 4.—RETURN OF NUMBER OF PERSONS VACCINATED, &c.—continued.

NAME OF UNION.	No. Vaccinated in Workhouses by the Medical Officers therof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in the Dispensary districts of each Union.		
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses incurred on the Vaccination Act.	Total Vaccination Expenses.
	Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—cont.								
Co. of KILKENNY.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Callan, . . .	19	24	43	451	464	25 10 0	9 0 0	34 11 0
Castlecomer, . . .	16	—	16	444	460	21 13 0	2 10 0	24 3 0
Kilkenny, . . .	28	63	91	794	885	40 14 0	7 16 0	48 11 0
Thomastown, . . .	9	1	4	636	640	21 1 0	5 15 0	26 10 0
Urkingford, . . .	3	14	17	308	320	14 11 0	1 1 0	15 12 0
King's County.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Edenderry, . . .	14	—	14	575	580	22 3 0	6 6 0	28 9 0
Parsonstown, . . .	9	—	9	913	922	43 4 0	0 13 0	52 18 0
Tullamore, . . .	14	4	18	661	670	36 2 0	9 2 0	45 4 6
Co. of LIMERICK.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Ballymahon, . . .	2	—	2	477	479	35 8 0	3 13 0	39 2 3
Granard, . . .	8	1	9	943	952	42 3 0	34 7 0	76 10 6
Longford, . . .	8	10	18	1,209	1,227	68 17 0	5 0 0	73 17 0
Co. of LOUTH.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Ardee, . . .	26	37	63	2,470	2,511	116 1 0	5 5 0	121 0 0
Drogheda, . . .	11	—	11	3,360	3,410	172 12 0	8 8 0	181 0 6
Dundalk, . . .	12	9	21	3,377	3,398	126 8 0	5 15 0	132 8 0
Co. of MEATH.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Dunshaughlin, . . .	9	—	9	373	381	13 2 0	2 15 0	15 17 0
Kells, . . .	0	—	0	1,717	1,723	69 11 0	15 14 0	85 5 0
Navan, . . .	16	—	16	746	762	31 2 0	7 2 0	38 4 0
Oldestate, . . .	0	4	10	517	527	23 15 0	8 0 0	31 15 0
Trim, . . .	14	—	14	679	688	15 16 0	7 4 0	23 0 0
QUEEN'S COUNTY.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Abbeyleix, . . .	2	5	7	563	570	43 1 0	2 2 0	45 3 0
Donsaghmore, . . .	—	—	—	184	184	11 11 0	1 1 0	12 12 0
Mountrath, . . .	21	10	31	926	937	31 4 0	2 0 0	33 4 0
Co. of WESTMEATH.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Athlone, . . .	14	35	49	924	973	64 10 4	22 5 0	86 15 4
Delvin, . . .	6	—	6	400	400	21 9 0	—	21 9 0
Mullingar, . . .	17	16	33	940	970	49 12 0	5 3 0	54 15 0
Co. of WEXFORD.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Banagher, . . .	19	2	15	1,736	1,751	98 14 0	26 5 0	124 16 0
Gorey, . . .	8	—	8	722	730	48 0 1	7 16 0	55 16 1
New Ross, . . .	49	54	103	1,523	1,636	130 15 0	2 18 6	133 19 6
Wexford, . . .	34	111	145	2,709	2,854	137 18 6	11 0 0	148 18 6
Co. of WICKLOW.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Baltinglass, . . .	11	—	11	400	407	28 10 0	4 2 0	32 12 0
Rathdrum, . . .	20	1	20	1,656	1,680	93 17 0	23 16 2	110 16 11
Shillelagh, . . .	9	—	9	490	490	22 3 0	—	22 3 0
Total of Leinster,	715	477	1,192	51,679	52,871	3,478 4 11 291	1 2	2,700 0 1

[continued.]

No. 4.—RETURN of Number of Persons VACCINATED, &c.—continued.

NAME OF UNION,	No. Vaccinated in Workhouses by the Medical Officers thereof.			Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in the Dispensary districts of each Union.					
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.		No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	£	s.	d.
			4.		5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.										
Co. of GALWAY.										
Ballinlacken, . . .	20	-	20	583	607	25 0 0	21 19 0	47 8 0		
Clifden, . . .	12	-	12	1,443	1,455	41 0 0	8 10 0	50 0 0		
Galway, . . .	23	3	26	1,314	1,300	35 8 0	5 15 0	41 3 8		
Glenmonmaddy, . . .	24	10	34	606	630	33 3 0	5 3 0	38 6 0		
Gort, . . .	10	-	10	650	660	34 17 0	1 0 0	35 17 0		
Loughrea, . . .	9	-	8	727	735	50 16 0	—	50 16 0		
Mountbellew, . . .	6	-	6	614	650	35 19 0	5 6 0	41 0 0		
Oughterard, . . .	4	-	4	605	690	36 17 0	1 10 0	32 7 0		
Portumna, . . .	8	-	8	319	367	28 2 0	4 14 0	32 16 0		
Tuam, . . .	9	-	8	2,004	2,012	89 9 0	8 15 0	88 4 0		
Co. of LEITRIM.										
Carrick-on-Shannon	50	11	61	775	836	45 13 0	—	45 13 0		
Manorhamilton, . . .	9	4	13	1,144	1,157	48 11 0	0 3 2	54 14 2		
Mohill, . . .	1	-	1	838	839	34 16 0	8 14 0	63 10 0		
Co. of MAYO.										
Ballina, . . .	18	13	31	1,068	1,113	20 0 3	0 0 6	31 9 9		
Ballinrobe, . . .	3	-	8	921	924	53 4 0	2 10 0	54 14 6		
Belmullet, . . .	3	-	3	670	673	50 5 0	4 0 0	60 5 0		
Castlebar, . . .	2	-	2	819	821	36 14 0	7 14 0	44 9 6		
Claremorris, . . .	-	17	17	1,150	1,173	58 7 0	10 1 6	68 8 6		
Killala, . . .	2	--	2	302	364	14 6 0	0 8 0	23 14 0		
Newport, . . .	3	-	3	574	577	18 10 0	22 4 0	41 3 0		
Swineford, . . .	-	-	-	2,003	2,005	103 14 0	20 10 0	133 4 0		
Westport, . . .	2	-	2	907	900	42 5 0	20 7 2	62 12 2		
Co. of ROSCOMMON.										
Boyle, . . .	20	50	66	1,387	1,475	103 2 0	12 2 6	115 4 6		
Castlerea, . . .	12	1	13	1,349	1,350	58 14 6	6 2 0	64 16 0		
Roscommon, . . .	9	5	14	670	684	32 8 3	1 7 6	33 10 9		
Strokestown, . . .	3	-	3	606	609	33 18 0	4 9 0	38 7 0		
Co. of Sligo.										
Dromore, West, . . .	1	-	1	547	549	30 18 6	3 3 0	33 16 6		
Sligo, . . .	17	-	17	2,815	2,932	100 14 0	26 2 0	126 16 0		
Tobercurry, . . .	2	1	3	792	790	37 13 0	—	37 13 0		
Total of Connacht,	289	124	413	28,619	29,032	1,305 11 6	6 242 14 0	9,609 6 9		

SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.

ULSTER, . . .	514	102	616	53,850	54,460	2,648 5 2	227 15 4	2,876 0 6
MUNSTER, . . .	600	167	837	43,741	46,008	2,238 2 6	145 6 5	2,373 8 11
LEINSTER, . . .	715	477	1,192	51,679	52,571	2,478 4 11	291 1 2	2,769 6 1
CONNAGHT, . . .	289	124	413	28,619	29,032	1,305 11 6	6 242 14 0	9,609 6 9
Total of Ireland,	2,208	870	3,076	170,889	182,967	9,720 4 1	900 17 8	9,627 1 9

No. 5.—NUMBER of CASES of SCARLATINA, SMALLPOX, and FEVER, reported by Medical Officers of Dispensaries in Ireland, as having been attended in the Quarters ended 31st December, 1870, 31st March, 30th June, and 30th September, 1871.

PROVINCE,	Quarters ended	Scarlatina.	Smallpox.	Fever.
ULSTER, .	December 31st, 1870, . . .	485	45	771
	March 31st, 1871, . . .	285	99	1,012
	June 30th, 1871, . . .	221	71	1,082
	September 30th, 1871, . . .	100	122	1,042
MUNSTER, .	December 31st, 1870, . . .	554	2	906
	March 31st, 1871, . . .	397	6	1,152
	June 30th, 1871, . . .	519	11	1,532
	September 30th, 1871, . . .	723	11	1,123
LEINSTER, .	December 31st, 1870, . . .	870	1	1,184
	March 31st, 1871, . . .	554	93	1,265
	June 30th, 1871, . . .	709	157	1,334
	September 30th, 1871, . . .	588	124	1,083
CONNAUGHT, .	December 31st, 1870, . . .	76	11	320
	March 31st, 1871, . . .	103	4	614
	June 30th, 1871, . . .	147	7	611
	September 30th, 1871, . . .	109	9	513
SUMMARY.				
IRELAND, .	December 31st, 1870, . . .	1,085	50	3,301
	March 31st, 1871, . . .	1,379	302	4,043
	June 30th, 1871, . . .	1,056	216	4,460
	September 30th, 1871, . . .	1,740	200	3,770
	Total, . . .	8,760	773	15,574

No. 6.—INDEX LIST OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS; with NAMES of UNIONS in which they are situate, and REFERENCES to PAGES in which the Districts are to be found in the Appendix.

NAME of DISPENSARY DISTRICT.	UNION in which situate.	References to		NAME of DISPENSARY DISTRICT.	UNION in which situate.	References to	
		Dispensary Trustee's Statuted Table App. B., No. 1.	Dispensary Trustee's Statuted Table App. B., No. 2.			Dispensary Trustee's Statuted Table App. B., No. 1.	Dispensary Trustee's Statuted Table App. B., No. 2.
		PAGE	PAGE			PAGE	PAGE
Abbey,	Tralee,	235	250	Ballyntra,	Ballyshannon,	216	241
Abbeydale,	Newcastle,	225	265	Ballybay,	Castleblayney,	219	246
Abbeydick,	Abbeyleix,	232	264	Ballybegges,	Edenderry,	230	263
Abbeyshrule,	Ballynahon,	230	262	Ballycarry,	Larne,	214	232
Acaill,	Newport,	230	271	Ballycastle,	Ballyreadle,	214	239
Aclare,	Tolkaury,	237	273	Ballycastle,	Killala,	216	270
Aclare,	Groom,	235	254	Ballyclogh,	Mallow,	213	261
Aghada,	Midleton,	223	252	Ballycomell,	Bawnboy,	215	261
Aghadowney,	Coleraine,	218	245	Ballydeff,	Lismore,	227	257
Aghalee,	Lurgan,	215	240	Ballyduff,	Listowel,	224	255
Ahaneagh,	Ballymacos,	234	267	Ballyduff,	Boyle,	215	251
Ahoghill,	Ballymena,	214	239	Ballyfeard,	Kinsale,	222	251
Annan,	Ballydrum,	233	267	Ballygarvan,	Cork,	222	250
Annsacurraga,	Scoifit,	291	349	Ballygarvey,	Cloher,	220	247
Annsacoty,	Limerick,	235	255	Ballyhaise,	Cavan,	215	241
Annsault,	Lisburn,	215	243	Ballyhaunis,	Claremorris,	216	270
Antrim,	Antrim,	214	238	Ballyhooly,	Fermoy,	220	251
Ardagh,	Newcastle,	225	263	Ballyhongan,	Listowel,	224	253
Ardara,	Glenries,	215	242	Ballyhearnaduff,	Oldcastle,	220	250
Ardes,	Ardee,	231	262	Ballykelly,	Newtown-Lismahady,	229	251
Ardfert,	Tralee,	234	254	Ballymaghera,	Roscommon,	223	271
Ardinman,	Clogheen,	235	256	Ballymaghera,	Lisburn,	215	250
Ardinore,	Youghal,	261	265	Ballymaghera,	Listowel,	224	253
Ardiranian,	Gort,	231	267	Ballymaghera,	Arky,	228	250
Ardlow,	Ballydrum,	239	267	Ballymaghera,	Clooneel,	226	250
Armagh,	Armagh,	215	243	Ballymaghera,	Dungannon,	220	247
Arras,	Glasway,	234	267	Ballymaghera,	Ballymaghera,	220	245
Artistave,	Colcaine,	218	245	Ballymaghera,	Kingsale,	222	251
Arvagh,	Cavan,	215	241	Ballymaghera,	Ballymaghera,	216	242
Ashford,	Ballynahon,	235	267	Ballymaghera,	Ballymaghera,	214	239
Askeaton,	Ballykeale,	235	265	Ballymaghera,	Ballymaghera,	214	239
Athaboy,	Tully,	232	264	Ballymaghera,	Ballymaghera,	214	239
Athceny,	Loughrea,	234	268	Ballymoe,	Ballymalon,	220	262
Athleague,	Hanoverian,	237	271	Ballymoe,	Sligo,	227	272
Athlone,	Athlone,	223	255	Ballymoe,	Kilballyseri,	222	240
Athy,	Athy,	231	259	Ballymoe,	Mullingar,	222	263
Aughnacloy,	Clogher,	230	247	Ballymoe,	Dowanpatrick,	217	245
Aughrim,	Carick-on-Shannon,	235	269	Ballymoe,	Fermoy,	222	251
Aughrim,	Ballydrum,	233	267	Ballymure,	Larne,	214	239
Awensons,	Dingle,	234	253	Ballymure,	Castlecomer,	220	259
Bagenalstown,	Culow,	237	258	Ballymuren,	Abbeyleix,	222	254
Ballyborrough,	Ballyborrough,	215	241	Ballymuren,	Ballyhamon,	216	241
Ballyboges,	Ballybally,	235	258	Ballymuren,	Ballymaghera,	220	248
Ballybally,	Castlebar,	236	270	Ballyward,	Banbridge,	217	249
Ballyhadereson,	Castlerea,	237	271	Ballyward,	Ballymaghera,	223	265
Ballyheen,	Urtingford,	229	261	Ballyward,	Banagher,	220	261
Ballykeeltyer	Urtingford,	230	261	Ballyward,	Banbridge,	217	243
and Newtown,	Carlow,	227	258	Bandon,	Bandon,	221	249
Ballyheen,	Ballyheen,	235	260	Bangor,	Banmullet,	216	270
Ballykeeltyer	Ballyheen,	232	264	Bangor,	Newtownards,	218	214
Ballyheen,	Abbeyleix,	230	262	Bangor,	Wexford,	214	266
Ballyheen,	Granard,	230	262	Bansha,	Tipperary,	227	257
Ballyheen,	Boyle,	235	271	Bantony,	Bantony,	221	250
Ballyheen,	Ballyboy,	215	241	Bantony,	Dundalk,	221	263
Ballyheen,	Ballyheen,	235	261	Belfast,	Belfast,	214	239
Ballyheen,	Ballyheen,	234	257	Ballymaghera,	Magherafelt,	219	245
Ballyheen,	Corke,	222	250	Ballymaghera,	Cavan,	215	241
Ballyheen,	Gort,	235	270	Ballymaghera,	N.-T.-Limaivady,	219	246
Ballyheen,	Claremorris,	235	270	Ballymaghera,	Ballymaghera,	216	241
Ballyheen,	Dromoranway,	222	251	Ballymaghera,	Cavan,	215	241
Ballygarry,	Gallan,	230	250	Ballymaghera,	Duncannon,	220	247
Ballymaghera,	Ballymaghera,	235	270	Ballymaghera,	Duncannon,	220	247

{continued.}

Name of Dispensary District	District in which situated.	References to		Names of the various Districts.	Districts in which situated.	References to	
		Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 1.	Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 2.			Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 1.	Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 2.
		Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 3.	Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 4.			Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 1.	Dispensary District Tablet App. B, No. 2.
Binghamstown, Blackrock and Suffolk,	Belmullet,	Page 232	Page 230	Castledermot, Castle Finn, Castle Gregory, Castle Island, Castleknock, Castlematthy, Castleplunket,	Athy, Strabane, Dingle, Tralee, Midleton, Cathcart,	Page 225 230 230 234 230 237	Page 229 230 234 233 234 231
Blackdown, Ballymote, Ballynure, Ballyvourney, Barry,	Rathdown, Armagh,	Page 228	Page 230	Cashelpollard, Castle Quarter, Castlereagh, Castlereavy, Castletown, Castletown, Gao-	Dalvin, Ballymoney, Castlereagh, Bellfort, Monaghan, Athboy, etc., Castletown,	Page 212 214 212 214 210 212	Page 205 210 212 214 210 212
Blarney, Blessington and Ballymote, Ballyvourney, Barry,	Cork,	Page 228	Page 220	Castletown,	Gaoth, etc., Navan,	Page 225 221	Page 205 210
Borris-in-Ossory,	Ness,	Page 229	Page 200	Castletown,	Navan,	Page 211	Page 203
Borris,	Kastark,	Page 229	Page 201	Castletown,	Navan,	Page 214	Page 203
Borris,	Carlow,	Page 227	Page 208	Castletown,	Navan,	Page 210	Page 207
Borris-in-Ossory,	Donaghmore,	Page 222	Page 204	Castletown,	Castletown,	Page 228	Page 200
Borrisokane,	Borrisokane,	Page 225	Page 215	Castletown,	Gaoth, etc., Navan,	Page 225 221	Page 204 203
Borrisoleigh,	Fethard,	Page 223	Page 203	Castletown,	Gaoth, etc., Navan,	Page 225 221	Page 204 203
Borrisokane,	Hawkes,	Page 228	Page 206	Castletown,	Gaoth, etc., Navan,	Page 221	Page 203
Boyle,	Boyne,	Page 226	Page 201	Castletown,	Gaoth, etc., Navan,	Page 222	Page 203
Bray and Rath-	Rathdown,	Page 228	Page 220	Castletown,	Gaoth, etc., Navan,	Page 215	Page 200
michael,	Athlone,	Page 227	Page 202	Charleville,	Kilmallock,	Page 222	Page 204
Bridgetown,	Limerick,	Page 225	Page 200	Charleville,	Ballymannon,	Page 216	Page 201
Brentstown,	Wexford,	Page 223	Page 206	Church Hill,	Churchill,	Page 216	Page 203
Broadford,	Newcastle,	Page 225	Page 203	Clane and Tis-	Letterkenny,	Page 216	Page 203
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Bronkborough,	Lismasken,	Page 228	Page 215	Clane North,	Ness,	Page 219	Page 200
Bronagh,	Tralee,	Page 224	Page 208	Clane, etc.,	Fallomore,	Page 210	Page 201
Bronagh,	Ballymote,	Page 214	Page 209	Claremorris,	Claremorris,	Page 226	Page 204
Bruce,	Kilmallock,	Page 225	Page 205	Claremorris,	Limerick,	Page 225	Page 205
Burges,	Kilmallock,	Page 225	Page 204	Clashmore,	Youngb.,	Page 224	Page 203
Bryansford,	Kilkeel,	Page 217	Page 203	Clansay,	Lansdowne,	Page 215	Page 203
Bullane,	Loughrea,	Page 224	Page 208	Clifden,	Cliffden,	Page 224	Page 207
Buncrana,	Leitrimown,	Page 216	Page 242	Clough,	Ballymona,	Page 214	Page 209
Bunmahon,	Kilmethomas,	Page 217	Page 207	Cloughan,	Strandford,	Page 217	Page 203
Burt,	Londonderry,	Page 218	Page 245	Cloughan,	Cloughan,	Page 228	Page 215
Bushmills,	Coleraine,	Page 218	Page 245	Clougher,	Clougher,	Page 229	Page 217
Buttavent,	Mallow,	Page 223	Page 251	Cloughordan,	Burriskane,	Page 225	Page 225
Caher,	Cahircreeve,	Page 224	Page 203	Clonakilty,	Clonakilty,	Page 222	Page 220
Caher,	Cloghern,	Page 225	Page 256	Clonmel,	Clonmel,	Page 222	Page 204
Caher,	Limerick,	Page 225	Page 255	Clonowley,	Mount Belvoir,	Page 224	Page 208
Caledon,	Armagh,	Page 215	Page 210	Clonowley,	South Dublin,	Page 228	Page 209
Callan,	Callan,	Page 220	Page 200	Clonowley,	Irishistown,	Page 218	Page 205
Caragh,	Oorey,	Page 223	Page 255	Clones,	Clones,	Page 210	Page 211
Caragh,	Macroom,	Page 223	Page 251	Clonmany,	Inishowen,	Page 216	Page 242
Cappagh,	Tipperary,	Page 227	Page 257	Clonmel & St. Mary's,	Dungannon,	Page 226	Page 247
Cappagh,	Lismore,	Page 227	Page 257	Clonmel,	Dublin,	Page 226	Page 205
Carbury,	Edenderry,	Page 220	Page 261	Clonmel,	Mount Belvoir,	Page 226	Page 205
Carlingford,	Dundalk,	Page 211	Page 223	Clonmel,	South Dublin,	Page 228	Page 209
Carlow,	Carlow,	Page 227	Page 223	Clonreache,	Irishistown,	Page 223	Page 205
Carndonagh,	Inishowen,	Page 216	Page 212	Clonreache, and Hewitt,	North Dublin,	Page 226	Page 248
Carney,	Sligo,	Page 227	Page 279	Clonreache, and Hewitt,	North Dublin,	Page 226	Page 248
Carrick,	Glenass.,	Page 216	Page 242	Clonryowan,	Mountmellick,	Page 226	Page 205
Carrikhyne,	New Ross,	Page 223	Page 243	Clonryowan,	Oughterard,	Page 226	Page 205
Carrichfergus,	Larne,	Page 214	Page 239	Clough,	Oughterard,	Page 217	Page 203
Carrikmacross,	Carrikmacross,	Page 219	Page 241	Clough,	Drumpatrick,	Page 223	Page 218
Carrik-on-Suir,	Carrik-on-Suir,	Page 225	Page 255	Clough,	Magheron.,	Page 226	Page 247
Carraigbol,	Kilrush,	Page 221	Page 249	Coagh,	Cookstown,	Page 226	Page 247
Carraigbol,	Cork,	Page 222	Page 250	Coagh,	Dungannon,	Page 226	Page 217
Carraigbol,	Castel,	Page 223	Page 251	Coagh Island,	Castledermot,	Page 226	Page 217
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Carraigbol,	Mohill,	Page 225	Page 260	Castledermot,	Sligo.,	Page 227	Page 272
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(continued.)

NAME of DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR.	OFFICES in which situated.	References to		NAME of DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR.	OFFICES in which situated.	References to	
		DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR'S OFFICES BOSTON, MASS.	DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR'S OFFICES BOSTON, MASS.			DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR'S OFFICES BOSTON, MASS.	DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR'S OFFICES BOSTON, MASS.
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Coolock and Drumcondra,	North Dublin,	226	238	Dunglavin,	Ballyinglass,	223	235
Coolran,	Mountshock,	222	264	Dungleer,	Ardoe,	231	232
Coom,	Killarney,	224	250	Dungmanway,	Dalmanway,	222	231
Coonagh,	Coolahil,	216	261	Dungmore,	Glenasmadly,	224	238
Cork,	Cork,	222	250	Dunmore,	Tuam,	235	260
Corofin,	Corofin,	220	248	Duntrony,	Lisburn,	215	249
Comays,	Easdale,	226	251	Dunsannah,	Strahane,	220	248
Craganmore,	Kilrush,	221	249	Durrow,	Abbeyleix,	220	234
Cregagh,	Ballinalacke,	214	267	Durus and Kil- creahan,	Banty,	221	250
Croagh,	Ballycally,	214	235	Dysartmoon,	New Ross,	223	266
Cross,	Croom,	225	254	Easky,	Dromore, West,	227	272
Croogar,	Banbridge,	217	243	Ecclesiastical,	Kildarey,	226	261
Crossabeg,	Wexford,	236	260	Edenerry,	Irvinestown,	228	245
Crossakelvin,	Oughterard,	221	263	Elphin,	Stroketown,	227	232
Crossbans,	Ballinasloe,	215	261	Ely,	Enniskillen,	218	244
Crossmaglen,	Castledalyney,	229	260	Eglinan,	Leitrimaderry,	218	235
Crossmolina,	Ballina,	225	260	Emet,	Glanavreen,	224	233
Crossroads,	Dunfanaghy,	216	249	Enagh,	Tipperty,	220	257
Crumlin,	Antrim,	214	238	Ennis,	Mountshock,	222	265
Craughwell,	Ennis,	221	249	Ennisorthy,	Easis,	221	240
Cullen,	Milledstreet,	223	263	Ennisorthy,	Enniscorthy,	223	265
Cushendall,	Holycastle,	214	232	Enniskillen,	Enniskillen,	218	244
Derrybane,	Collooney,	221	263	Enniskymon,	Enniskymon,	221	249
Dawson's Grove,	Cootehill,	215	241	Enniscourt,	Fortanna,	223	269
Delgany,	Rathdown,	220	250	Enniscurt,	Kilkiffon,	217	263
Delsin,	Delvin,	212	266	Enniskill,	Serifil,	221	249
Derryhn,	Lisnaske,	213	245	Enniscragh,	Newcastle,	226	263
Dersark,	Ballymoney,	214	239	Enniscragh,	N.T.-Lismeady,	219	240
Dingle,	Dingle,	224	257	Fenagh and	Carlow,	227	246
Dinner,	Ballymoney,	214	239	Finan,	Paisontown,	220	241
Doagh,	Antrim,	214	238	Finnar,	Portney,	224	251
Donaghadee,	Newtownards,	218	244	Foan,	Kinnsorthy,	223	265
Donaghmore,	Nearby,	217	243	Fordhead,	Cashed,	220	251
Doneaghmorey,	Garrisonacross,	219	216	Fethard,	New Ross,	223	260
Donegal,	Donegal,	216	212	Finglas and	Finglas,	223	266
Donegalle,	Mallow,	223	261	Glanengrin,	North Dublin,	228	266
Doneghybrook,	South Dublin,	220	250	Flinnes,	Greentown,	220	262
Downes,	Cork,	222	250	Fintona,	Omagh,	229	248
Downpatrick,	Downpatrick,	217	245	Fivemiletown,	Clegher,	220	247
Dragertown,	Magherafelt,	219	245	Florbetown,	Enniskillen,	218	244
Dripsey,	Cork,	220	252	Fontenstown,	Athy,	226	249
Drogheda,	Drogheda,	221	261	Foylehill,	Kerry,	217	248
Dromaleague,	Skibbereen,	220	242	Foxford,	Brinsford,	220	271
Dromiskin,	Dundalk,	221	263	Foxford,	Paisontown,	220	261
Dromore,	Banbridge,	217	243	Fitzwilliam,	Clogher,	220	247
Dromore,	Omagh,	220	248	Fitzwilliam,	Fitzwilliam,	227	271
Druim,	Cootehill,	216	241	Gallagher,	Castlere,	227	271
Druimhshire,	Monaghan,	226	250	Fitzwilliam,	Kilkenny,	229	261
Druimislaugh,	Monaghan,	221	262	Glanengrin,	Monaghan,	223	269
Druimiskin,	Monaghan,	225	253	Glanengrin,	Monaghan,	214	250
Druimore,	Longford,	220	262	Glanengrin,	Galway,	224	263
Druimore,	Longford,	220	262	Glanengrin,	Glenmalough,	220	247
Druimquin,	Castlederg,	219	247	Garristown,	Glenmalough,	220	245
Druimquin,	Omagh,	220	248	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	220	247
Druimshane,	Car-on-Shanore,	225	269	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	220	247
Duleek,	Drogheda,	221	263	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	214	260
Dunbegs,	Dunshaughlin,	221	263	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	220	247
Dundalk,	Dundalk,	221	254	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	214	260
Dundrum and Glenellan,	Rathdown,	228	250	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	215	240
Dunfanaghy,	Dunfanaghy,	216	242	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	218	245
Dungannon,	Dungannon,	220	247	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	211	265
Dungannon,	Gothard,	223	267	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	224	265
Dungannon,	Gangarvan,	227	257	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	216	240
Dungannon,	N.T.-Lismeady,	219	248	Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	214	239
Dungiven,				Glenmalough,	Glenmalough,	227	257

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Name of Dispensary District.	Urban in which situated.	Reference to		Name of Dispensary District.	Urban in which situated.	Reference to	
		Dispensary District Standard Table; App'd in, No. 1.	Dispensary District Standard Table; App'd, No. 2.			Dispensary District Standard Table 1; App'd in, No. 1.	Dispensary District Standard Table 1; App'd, No. 2.
Gorey,	Gorey,	242	245	Killygordon,	Strausier,	Page	Page
Gort,	Gort,	224	233	Millyleagh,	Dempsterick,	217	240
Gortin,	Gortin,	229	247	Killyon,	Paisontown,	230	242
Gowran,	Kilkenny,	229	250	Kilmethotane,	Kilmacthomas,	227	247
Grange,	Thomastown,	239	261	Kilmacthomas and Milford,	Milford,	217	243
Granard,	Granard,	230	249	Kilmakovoge,	Waterford,	217	257
Grean,	Tipperary,	227	237	Kilmallock,	Kilmallock,	235	254
Grey Abbey,	Newtownards,	218	244	Kilmalton,	Waterford,	237	257
Gurteen,	Royle,	230	221	Kilmihil,	Kilmihil,	221	219
Hawfield,	Fawn,	233	249	Kilmoganny,	Callan,	239	260
Hillborough,	Leaburn,	216	240	Kilmood,	Newtownards,	218	244
Holymount,	Ballykroze,	206	270	Kilmurred,	Monaghan,	219	247
Holmpatrick,	Bethrothery,	228	252	Kilmleck,	Cavan,	213	241
Holyroos,	Thruse,	233	257	Kilpatrick,	Cashel,	226	255
Holywell,	Emetville,	218	241	Kilrea,	Ballymoney,	214	243
Hospital,	Kilmallock,	223	254	Kilkeelaghan,	Kilkeelaghan,	228	255
Inchigeelagh,	Macroom,	223	251	Kilkeanulig,	Mallow,	223	244
Inishannon,	Bandon,	221	242	Kilkeelana,	Clonmel,	223	246
Inishtrone,	Theastown,	229	261	Kilkeel,	Kells,	231	263
Imagold,	Felin,	232	254	Kilkeelagh,	Bunford,	235	271
Irvinstown,	Irvinstown,	218	245	Kilkeelagh,	Ballyinglass,	233	260
Islandisley,	Westport,	220	271	Kilkegan,	Clonmel,	225	256
Janscown,	Cor-on-Slaughton	238	269	Kilkeean,	Athlone,	232	265
Johndstown,	Edenderry,	230	261	Kilkeen,	Ballyshadel,	234	267
Johndstown,	Urkingford,	229	261	Kilkeevor,	Urkingford,	226	251
Kanterk,	Kanterk,	223	251	Kilkeevor,	Fernoy,	222	251
Keadue,	Boyle,	236	271	Kilkeevoragh,	Ballyborough,	215	241
Keady,	Armagh,	215	240	Kilkeevoragh,	Bethdorn,	229	249
Kells,	Kells,	231	255	Kilkeevoragh,	Hallyshannon,	215	261
Kemare,	Kemare,	224	253	Kilkeevoragh,	Parsonstown,	220	251
Killeegan;	Tullamore,	230	261	Kilkeevoragh,	Kinsale,	222	251
Kilbritain,	Bandon,	221	249	Kilkeevoragh,	Gort,	234	-
Kilcatherine,	Cooltown,	223	250	Kilkeevoragh,	Lisburn,	915	249
Kilcock,	Coleridge,	228	252	Kilkeevoragh,	Threecastles,	219	261
Kilcooly,	Urtingford,	229	251	Kilkeevoragh,	Killadisert,	221	249
Kilcullen,	Nan,	219	259	Kilkeevoragh,	Donegal,	216	219
Kilclogh,	Nan,	220	260	Kilkeevoragh,	Larne,	214	259
Kilderry,	Londonderry,	218	245	Kilkeevoragh,	Ballynaboe,	224	267
Kilmurry,	Mitchelstown,	223	258	Kilkeevoragh,	Carlow,	227	256
Kilmulane,	Kilmallock,	205	251	Kilkeevoragh,	Car-on-Shannon,	235	263
Kilmurred,	Kemare,	224	258	Kilkeevoragh,	Letterkenny,	216	253
Kilgoahan,	Tealce,	224	254	Kilkeevoragh,	Oughterard,	230	259
Kilkee,	Kilrush,	221	249	Kilkeevoragh,	Limerick, City of,	225	255
Kilkeel,	Kilkeel,	227	243	Kilkeevoragh,	Limerick,	225	255
Kilkelly,	Swinesford,	236	271	Kilkeevoragh,	Bundskille,	218	244
Kilkenny,	Kilkenny,	223	259	Kilkeevoragh,	Lisburn,	915	249
Kiltichen,	Talle,	221	249	Kilkeevoragh,	Lismore,	227	259
Killasee,	Ballynasoe,	234	267	Kilkeevoragh,	Lisnakea,	218	245
Killala,	Killala,	226	259	Kilkeevoragh,	Lisnanev,	224	253
Killane,	Eamscorthy,	223	245	Kilkeevoragh,	Tharries,	226	257
Killaner,	Ennis,	221	249	Kilkeevoragh,	Londonderry,	218	245
Killaner,	Killaner,	226	253	Kilkeevoragh,	Langford,	233	252
Killaner,	Longford,	230	262	Kilkeevoragh,	Langbridge,	217	243
Killashee,	Londonderry,	218	245	Kilkeevoragh,	Armagh,	215	240
Killashee,	Loughgall,	224	253	Kilkeevoragh,	Langhorne,	234	258
Killeshaugh,	Dunshaughlin,	231	273	Kilkeevoragh,	Westport,	236	271
Killeshaugh & Wells,	Gorey,	213	235	Kilkeevoragh,	Dundalk,	211	263
Killeshaugh,	Cashel,	226	273	Kilkeevoragh,	Swansea,	236	271
Killeshaugh,	Noast Below,	234	269	Kilkeevoragh,	Coleridge,	228	259
Killeshaugh,	Cavan,	215	241	Kilkeevoragh,	Lurgan,	218	249
Killeshaugh,	Brahdown,	228	250	Kilkeevoragh,	Lurgan,	218	249
Killeshaugh,	Killeshaugh,	204	253	Kilkeevoragh,	Mansfieldton,	225	250
Killeshaugh,	Dungaparick,	213	243	Kilkeevoragh,	Bethrothery,	229	254
Killeshaugh,	Tullamore,	220	251	Kilkeevoragh,	Marrow,	223	251
Killeshaugh,	Mullingar,	219	263	Kilkeevoragh,	Maghernafelt,	219	245
Killeshaugh,	Glentress,	216	242	Kilkeevoragh,	Maghernafelt,	219	245

(continued.)

NAME of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	UNION in which situated.	Reference to		NAME of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	UNION in which situated.	Reference to	
		Dispensary District No. 1 and Dispensary District No. 2 A.P.S. D. No. 1	Dispensary District No. 1 and Dispensary District No. 2 A.P.S. D. No. 2			Dispensary District No. 1 and Dispensary District No. 2 A.P.S. D. No. 1	Dispensary District No. 1 and Dispensary District No. 2 A.P.S. D. No. 2
Magnesiabridge,	Lismore,	218	243	Oldcastle,	Oldcastle,	231	253
Malahide,	Balrothery,	228	258	New Ross,	New Ross,	220	260
Malin,	Inishowen,	216	242	Omagh,	Omagh,	229	248
Mallow,	Mallow,	223	254	Oranmore,	Galway,	234	267
Masorteng-				Oughterard,	Oughterard,	225	269
ham,	Letterkenny,	216	243	Oughterard,	Oughterard,	233	255
Misnorhamilton,	Manorhamilton,	225	256	Oughterard,	Oughterard,	233	255
Markethill,	Armagh,	215	240	Palmerstown,	Nirvan,	231	261
Mazfield,	Glenmal,	225	255	Pallaskenry,	Rathkeale,	226	263
Maryborough,	Monmallock,	222	254	Palmersdown,	South Dublin,	228	260
Messona,	Caherbridge,	228	259	Parestown,	Parsonstown,	230	261
Messuti,	Nawry,	217	244	Pattigeo,	Dongal,	216	242
Middleton,	Middleton,	223	252	Piltown,	Carrick-on-Suir,	226	255
Miford,	Kastek,	222	251	Philipstown,	Tullamore,	230	261
Millstreet,	Millskeet,	223	259	Plumbbridge,	Gortin,	220	261
Millsown,	Killarney,	224	253	Poultase,	Neary,	217	244
Milkown,	Mulligan,	224	253	Pomeroy,	Cookstown,	225	247
Miltown Malbay,	Ennistymon,	221	249	Portaferry,	Lurgan,	215	249
Mitchelstown,	Mitchelstown,	223	252	Portaferry,	Brownpatrick,	217	243
Moate,	Athlone,	202	225	Portglenone,	Ballymena,	214	239
Mohill,	Mohill,	225	255	Portlow,	Carrick-on-Suir,	220	256
Moira,	Loughg.,	215	240	Portroe,	Naogha,	226	248
Mochabille,	Killarey,	224	253	Portumna,	Portumna,	225	249
Monaghan,	Monaghan,	219	247	Portumna,	Rathdown,	228	250
Monasterboice,	Drogheda,	211	255	Quennetown,	Cork,	222	250
Monasterevin,	Athy,	226	249	Quina,	Tulla,	213	249
Monastymore,	Magherafelt,	219	245	Rafteragh,	Curraghmacross,	219	245
Mount Bellew,	Mount Bellew,	224	259	Rahan,	Mallow,	223	241
Mountshores,	Dengal,	225	242	Randalstown,	Astrim,	214	238
Monomhille,	Monomhille,	222	254	Raphoe,	Strabane,	220	248
Mountnews,	Neary,	217	244	Rathangan,	Edenderry,	220	241
Mountrath,	Monmallock,	222	254	Rathcoole,	Cellbridge,	228	269
Mountrathenau,	Scarrif,	221	249	Rathcornack,	Fermoy,	222	261
Moselle,	Inishowen,	216	242	Rathneway,	Donaghmore,	222	261
Moycallan,	Galway,	224	257	Rathdrum,	Rathdrum,	223	267
Moyalty,	Kells,	221	245	Rathfarnham,	South Dublin,	229	269
Moyne,	Thurles,	226	257	Rathfarnham,	Sans,	229	260
Mullagglass,	Neary,	217	244	Rathfarnham,	Midford,	217	243
Mullaghmore,	Colle,	229	259	Rathgenack,	Corkrick-on-Suir,	226	255
Mulligan,	Mulligan,	222	253	Rathkeale,	Rathkeale,	223	255
Mulhaffreham,	Mullingar,	222	251	Rathkeale,	Midford,	217	243
Murragh,	Bandon,	221	252	Rathkeale,	South Dublin,	228	250
Murros,	Limerick,	220	255	Rathkeale,	Sans,	229	260
Name & Carragh,	Nass,	220	260	Rathkeale,	Midford,	217	243
Nearan,	Nearan,	221	253	Rathkeale,	Rathkeale,	223	255
Nenagh,	Nenagh,	226	250	Rathkeale,	Midford,	217	243
Newbridge,	Ballyhurd,	221	267	Rathkeale,	South Dublin,	228	250
Newbridge,	Nass,	223	260	Rathkeale,	Sans,	229	260
Newcastle,	Newcastle,	225	255	Rathkeale,	Midford,	217	243
Newcastle,	Rathdrum,	223	257	Rathkeale,	Rathkeale,	223	255
Newmarket,	Emine,	221	248	Rathkeale,	Dundalk,	221	263
Newmarket,	Kanturk,	222	251	Rathkeale,	Rathkeale,	223	263
Newport,	Nenagh,	225	258	Rathkeale,	Edenderry,	222	261
Newport,	Newport,	226	272	Rathkeale,	Armagh,	215	240
New Ross,	New Ross,	223	269	Rathkeale,	Dungarvan,	217	247
Newry,	Newry,	217	244	Rathkeale,	Baltinglass,	220	264
Newtownards,	Newtownards,	215	244	Rathkeale,	Dunshaughlin,	221	263
Newtownbarry,	Eamisborough,	223	253	Rathkeale,	Dundalk,	221	263
Newtownbutler,	Clones,	229	246	Rathkeale,	Rathkeale,	222	256
Newtowncarrig,	Bawnboy,	225	241	Rathkeale,	Midford,	217	243
Newtownham-				Rathkeale,	Clonskehy,	222	250
ton,	Castleblayney,	219	245	Rathkeale,	Clones,	229	246
Newtown-Lima-				Rathkeale,	Kilodal,	217	243
vady,	Newtown-Lima-			Rathkeale,	Cliffden,	224	267
	vady,	219	246	Rathkeale,	Midford,	225	269
Newtown Stewart,	Strabane,	220	249	Rathkeale,	Midford,	225	269
North C.	Kells,	221	263	Rathkeale,	Midford,	225	269
North Dublin,	North Dublin,	222	258	Rathkeale,	Lisburn,	215	260

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NAME of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	TOWNS in which situated.	References to		NAME of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	TOWNS in which situated.	References to	
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Scotstown.,	Monaghan,	219	247	Thomastown.,	Thomastown.,	220	261
Scribby.,	Granard.,	219	262	Thurles.,	Thurles.,	222	267
Seakins.,	Dungarvan.,	227	267	Tullow.,	Cloonakilly.,	222	269
Shanagolden.,	Glin.,	228	258	Fethard.,	Shillelagh.,	234	267
Shercock.,	Baileborough.,	216	241	Tipperary.,	Tipperary.,	227	267
Silarow.,	Roscrea.,	226	256	Kilkenny.,	Kilkenny.,	229	261
Silverstones.,	Nenagh.,	226	256	Tubbercurry.,	Tubbercurry.,	217	279
Six Mile Cross.,	Omagh.,	220	248	Toome.,	Ballymena.,	214	250
Skinbereen.,	Skibbereen.,	223	259	Toomoyarra.,	Nenagh.,	233	256
Skreen.,	Dromore West.,	227	272	Tralee.,	Tralee.,	224	254
Skull.,	Skull.,	213	253	Waterford.,	Waterford.,	227	257
Silverough.,	Macroom.,	223	251	Trim.,	Trim.,	232	264
Sligo.,	Sligo.,	217	272	Tuam.,	Tuam.,	225	269
Slane.,	Kinnaree.,	224	278	Tulla.,	Tulla.,	223	240
South City.,	South Dublin.,	226	259	Tullagh.,	Skibbereen.,	223	252
Spiddle.,	Galway.,	234	263	Tullamain.,	Cashel.,	226	255
Sismullen.,	Drogheda.,	221	263	Tullamore.,	Tullamore.,	230	261
Skeerstown.,	Cookstown.,	220	247	Tullaroan.,	Kilkenny.,	229	261
Skelestone.,	Skelestone.,	220	218	Tullow.,	Carlow.,	227	268
Skelenelly.,	Athy.,	228	223	Tullyvin.,	Costellohill.,	216	241
Skeleone.,	Caron.,	216	241	Taoist.,	Keanesart.,	224	257
Strangford.,	Downpatrick.,	217	243	Tastaghmore.,	Galway.,	224	267
Strawmister.,	Strawmister.,	217	243	Tyuan.,	Armagh.,	215	269
Street.,	Granard.,	209	262	Tyrrellspass.,	Mullingar.,	229	265
Strokestown.,	Strokestown.,	247	272	Uillid.,	Waterford.,	227	257
Summerhill.,	Trim.,	229	264	Union Hall.,	Skibbereen.,	223	253
Swanlinbar.,	Bawnboy.,	215	241	Urtingford.,	Urtingford.,	229	268
Swinstord.,	Swinstord.,	235	271	Valencia.,	Cahirciveen.,	228	253
Swords.,	Balrothery.,	235	258	Venary.,	Dingle.,	224	257
Taghmon and Dylan.,	Wexford.,	223	266	Virginia.,	Oldcastle.,	221	263
Tallagh.,	South Dublin.,	228	259	Walbournemore, East.,	Midleton.,	223	258
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Turbert.,	Glin.,	225	258	Waterford.,	Waterford.,	227	257
Tertangan.,	Foran.,	215	240	Westport.,	Westport.,	225	271
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Templemichael.,	Youghal.,	224	263	Whiteschurch.,	Cork.,	222	259
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Templepatrick.,	Antrim.,	214	238	Willisstown.,	Glennamaddy.,	224	268
Templodigan.,	New Ross.,	223	266	Woodford.,	Loughrea.,	224	268
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